

Supporting Information

Platform-Specific Fc N-Glycan Profiles of an Antisperm Antibody

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Table S1. Protein composition of untransfected VK2 culture supernatant.

Protein	Percentage of total sample	Sequence coverage (%)	Molecular weight of unmodified protein (kDa)
Serotransferrin	97	66	77
HCA IgG Lambda Heavy Chain	<1	11.2	48
HCA IgG Lambda Light Chain	<1	9.9	26
Bovine Serum Albumin	1	78.9	66
Trypsin	1	20.8	24

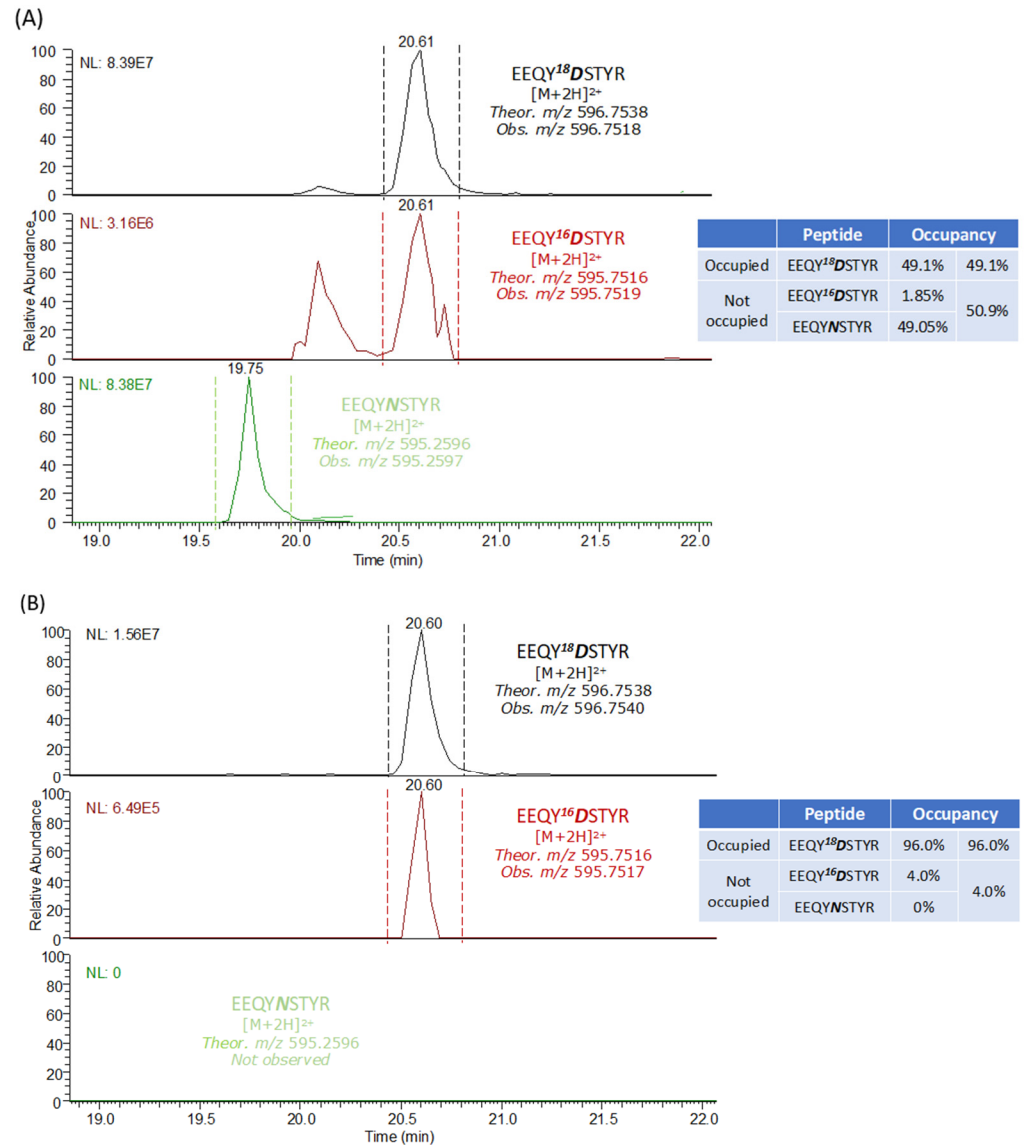


Figure S1. Mass spectrometric relative quantification of unmodified, deamidated, and deglycosylated peptides that contain the IgG Asn²⁹⁷ potential *N*-glycosylation site, after PNGase glycan release in the presence of H₂¹⁸O, determined for (A) HCA-N and (B) HCA_{mRNA}.

For each, the extracted ion chromatograms (EICs) of the unmodified asparagine (N) (lowest panel), the aspartic acid generated by deamidation (¹⁶D) (middle panel), and aspartic acid generated by PNGase-mediated glycosylation in the presence of H₂¹⁸O (¹⁸D) (upper panel) are shown. Only the occupied sites gain an ¹⁸O label. All peptide assignments were confirmed based on charge state and peptide fragment ions in the corresponding MS2 spectrum.

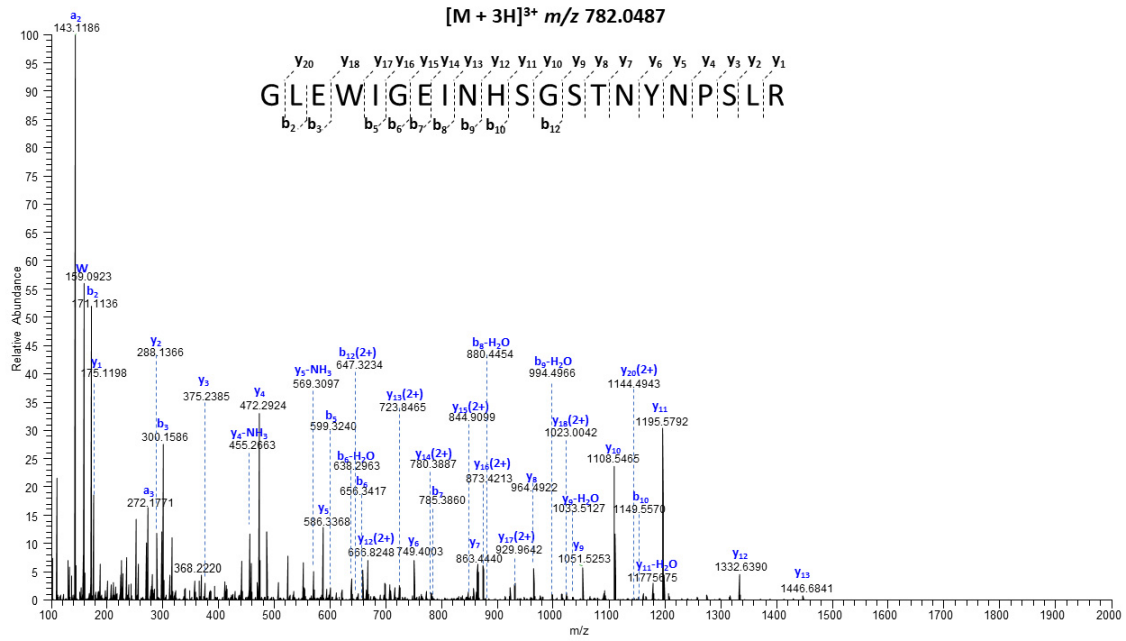


Figure S2. HCD tandem mass spectrum of the $[M + 3H]^{3+}$ precursor ion at m/z 782.0487, $^{63}\text{GLEWIGEINHSGSTNYPNPSLR}^{83}$, obtained from IgG HCA, corresponding to the tryptic peptide containing the unoccupied potential *N*-linked site at N⁷¹ (NHS).

N⁷⁵ is not part of an NXS/T sequon and N⁷⁷ is not a potential glycosylation site, since Pro follows Asn. The blue letters are designations of the fragment ion types, as introduced by Domon & Costello [36] and now the system universally used for this purpose.