

A Mass Spectrometry Strategy for Protein Quantification Based on the Differential Alkylation of Cysteines by Iodoacetamide and Acrylamide

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Supplementary Materials

Table S1. Settings for the extended gradient method A (30 min), B (45 min), C (60 min), D (90 min).

B%	Time (min)			
	Method A	Method B	Method C	Method D
5 → 60	0.00-18.00	0.00-33.00	0.00-48.00	0.00-78.00
60 → 85	18.01-18.50	33.01-33.50	48.01-48.50	78.01-78.50
85	18.51-23.50	33.51-38.50	48.51-53.50	78.51-83.50
85 → 5	23.51-24.00	38.51-39.00	53.51-54.00	83.51-84.00
5	24.01-30.00	39.01-45.00	54.01-60.00	84.01-90.00

Table S2. Settings for the targeted MS/MS experiments.

Signature Peptide Sequence	Time Segment (min)	LM and HM Resolution	Scan Freq (sec)	CE (V)	Precursor Ion		
					z	m/z	
						Light	Heavy
LVRPEVDVMCTAF HDNEETFLK	10.8-11.8	4.7, 15.0	0.3	24	+4	663.6	666.1
QNC ELF EQLGEYK	10.9-11.9	4.7, 15.0	0.3	38	+2	829.4	836.4
SHCIAEVENDEMP ADLPSLAADFVESK	11.9-12.9	4.7, 15.0	0.3	37	+3	992.5	997.2

Figure S1. Evaluating the alkylation efficiency of acrylamide on Peptide01 (A), Peptide02 (B), and Peptide03 (C). Solid red line represents the detector response when monitoring the theoretical m/z values of the AA-labeled peptides with 0.1 unit accuracy at the most abundant charge state, while dashed green line shows the theoretical m/z value of the non-labeled counterpart with 0.1 unit accuracy at the same charge state in a HQC sample.

