

Table S1. Results of the three-way ANOVA applied to leaf photosynthesis (An), stomatal conductance (gs) and transpiration (E), intercellular CO₂ (Ci), pre-dawn leaf water potential (ψ_{pd}), and concentration of proline and total soluble sugars (TSS) in Tempranillo and Cabernet Sauvignon subjected to drought on days 7 and 14 after the onset of water stress. The three main factors were ‘ambient (CATA or CETE, amb)’, ‘arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi, AMF’ and ‘water availability, water’. Table is showing the probability (*p*) values of each main factor and their interactions. Significant values are highlighted in bold.

	Day 7 after the onset of drought							Day 14 after the onset of drought						
	An	gs	E	Ci	ψ_{pd}	Proline	AST	An	gs	E	Ci	ψ_{pd}	Proline	AST
Tempranillo														
<i>Ambient (amb)</i>	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	0.000	< 0.0001	0.127	< 0.0001	0.193	< 0.0001	0.887	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	0.529	0.000	0.036
<i>AMF</i>	0.400	0.000	0.143	0.003	0.568	0.020	< 0.0001	0.120	0.014	0.686	0.017	0.347	0.001	0.902
<i>Water availability (water)</i>	0.024	0.003	0.002	0.000	< 0.0001	0.141	0.076	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	0.067	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	0.181
<i>Amb x AMF</i>	0.119	0.003	0.289	0.052	0.000	0.001	< 0.0001	0.887	0.173	0.736	0.517	0.414	0.822	0.169
<i>Amb x water</i>	0.003	0.622	0.058	0.067	0.662	0.339	0.059	0.879	0.977	0.032	0.091	0.059	0.244	0.565
<i>AMF x water</i>	0.957	0.370	0.303	0.365	0.007	0.046	0.050	0.090	0.004	0.003	0.009	0.694	0.012	0.206
<i>Ambient x AMF x water</i>	0.000	0.328	0.127	0.632	0.000	0.334	0.187	0.000	0.003	0.023	0.146	0.116	0.000	0.443
Cabernet Sauvignon														
<i>Ambient (amb)</i>	< 0.0001	0.911	0.278	< 0.0001	0.608	0.776	0.703	< 0.0001	0.835	0.421	< 0.0001	0.040	0.001	0.182
<i>AMF</i>	0.002	0.047	0.491	0.002	0.141	0.003	0.378	0.001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	0.020	< 0.0001	0.600
<i>Water availability (water)</i>	0.097	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	0.167	0.956	0.339	0.000	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	< 0.0001	0.002	0.243	0.322
<i>Amb x AMF</i>	0.188	0.088	0.584	0.001	0.130	0.001	0.490	0.001	0.024	0.666	0.000	0.285	0.364	0.883
<i>Amb x water</i>	0.216	0.947	0.427	0.908	0.615	0.000	0.272	0.009	0.185	0.161	0.000	0.003	0.355	0.026
<i>AMF x water</i>	0.746	0.057	0.149	0.295	0.021	< 0.0001	0.160	0.496	0.190	0.821	0.018	0.339	0.011	0.240
<i>Ambient x AMF x water</i>	0.274	0.104	0.269	0.008	0.815	0.816	0.424	0.458	0.251	0.676	0.186	0.203	0.976	0.850

Table S2. Results of the two-way ANOVA applied to instantaneous water use efficiency (*WUE*), ratio between intercellular (*Ci*) and ambient (*Ca*) CO₂, plant hydraulic conductance (*Kh*) and leaf water content (*WC*) expressed as percentages of well-watered controls in Tempranillo and Cabernet Sauvignon subjected to drought on days 7 and 14 after the onset of water stress. The two main factors were 'arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi, AMF' and 'ambient (CATA or CETE, amb)'. Table is showing the probability (*p*) values of each main factor and their interaction. Significant values are highlighted in bold.

	Day 7 after the onset of drought				Day 14 after the onset of drought			
	<i>WUE</i>	<i>Ci/Ca</i>	<i>Kh</i>	Leaf <i>WC</i>	<i>WUE</i>	<i>Ci/Ca</i>	<i>Kh</i>	Leaf <i>WC</i>
Tempranillo								
<i>AMF</i>	0.0016	0.0013	0.0079	0.0843	0.0002	< 0.0001	0.0826	0.0079
<i>Ambient (amb)</i>	0.4115	0.6891	0.1169	0.4169	0.0001	0.0120	0.6197	0.1169
<i>AMF × amb</i>	0.0441	0.0411	0.2664	0.8213	0.0300	0.0554	0.946	0.2664
Cabernet Sauvignon								
<i>AMF</i>	0.0277	0.0967	0.3813	< 0.0001	0.0129	0.0028	0.0264	0.0043
<i>Ambient (amb)</i>	0.0201	0.7081	0.0314	0.0025	0.1829	0.0527	0.1544	0.0099
<i>AMF × amb</i>	0.0040	0.0436	0.0293	0.6207	0.5646	0.5386	0.0298	0.6321