

Figure S1. Flow cytometry gating strategy for measuring PD-L1 expression on leukocytes with or without bound platelets. (A) Monocytes and neutrophils were initially gated based on CD14 expression and SSC with monocytes being CD14⁺ cells and neutrophils being CD14⁻. **(B)** Lymphocytes were initially gated according to FSC-SSC and then classified into CD4⁺ and CD8⁺ T cells based on CD3 and CD8 expression. NK cells were identified as CD3⁻ CD8⁺ cells. Leukocyte-platelet aggregates were determined by the positivity of the platelet-specific marker CD41a. Expression of PD-L1 was measured in both CD41a⁺ and CD41a^{neg} cells.

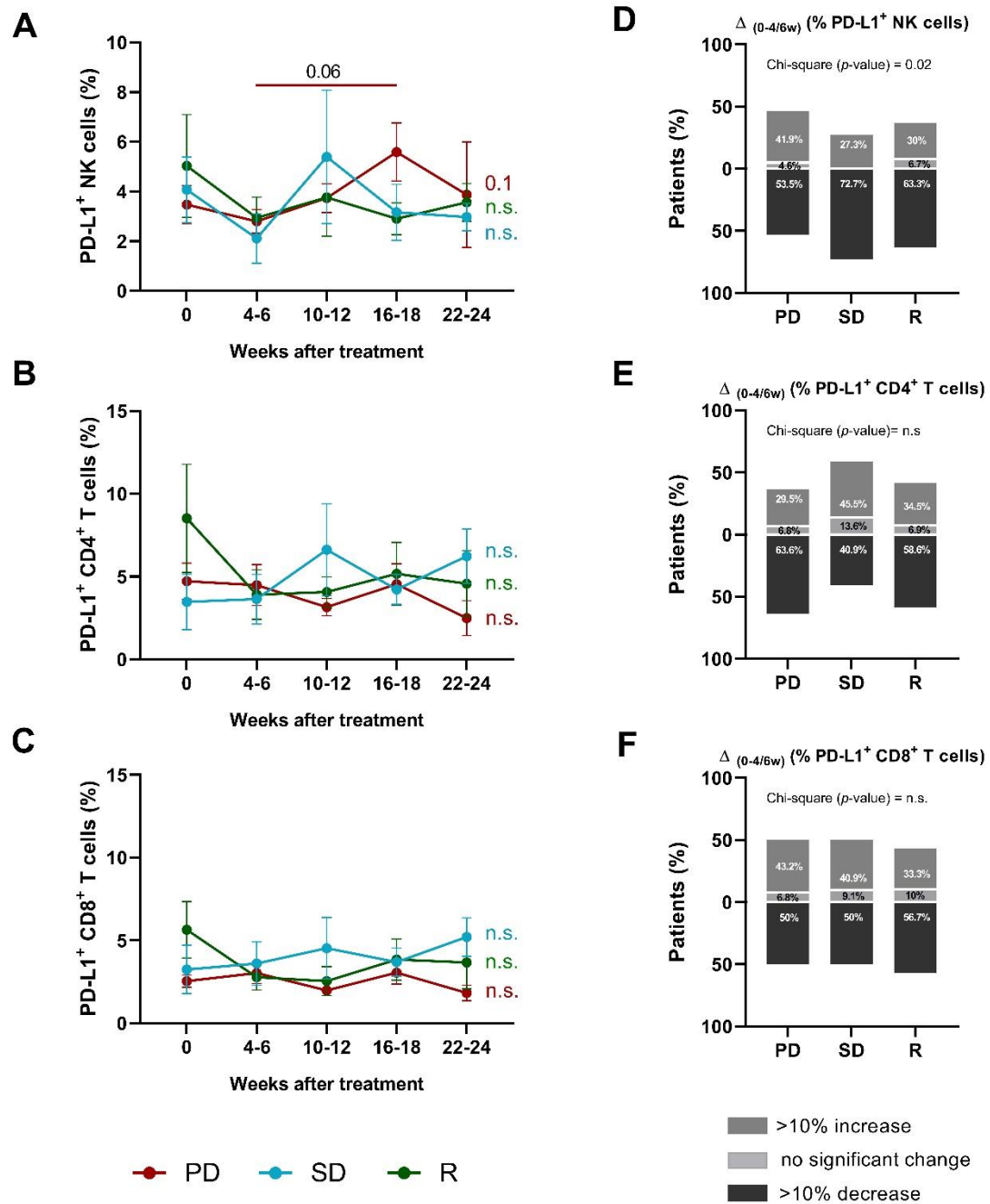


Figure S2. Kinetics of PD-L1⁺ NK cells and T lymphocytes in NSCLC patients based on anti-PD-(L)1 response. Longitudinal monitoring of PD-L1⁺ (A) NK, (B) CD4⁺ and (C) CD8⁺ T cells percentages during 24 weeks of anti-PD-(L)1 treatment in PD (red line), SD (blue line) and R patients (green line). Changes (>10% decrease (black), no significant change (with less than 10% change) (light grey), and >10% increase (dark grey) in the percentages of PD-L1⁺ (D) NK, (E) CD4⁺ and (F) CD8⁺ T cells in the first 4-6 weeks of treatment. P-values are shown in graphs. n.s. is not significant. NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer; PD, progressors; R, responders; SD, stable disease.

Table S1. Model fitting information of the multinomial logistic regression (obtained by SPSS).

Model Fitting information				
Model	Model Fitting Criteria	Likelihood Ratio Tests		
	-2 Log Likelihood	Chi-Square	df	Sig.
Intercept only	94.76			
Final	59.35	35.41	8	0.000

Df, degrees of freedom; Sig. Significance.