

Table S1. Hazard Ratios of the association of baseline clinical and demographic characteristics with the adjusted risk of incident fall or incident mortality.

Demographics – <i>n</i> (%)	Incident Fall		Incident Mortality	
	Adjusted Hazard Ratio (95% Confidence Interval), p-value			
Age (years)	1.03 (1.00, 1.05), p=0.048	1.03 (1.00, 1.05), p=0.040	1.08 (1.05, 1.16), p<0.0001	1.09 (1.06, 1.12), p<0.0001
Female sex	1.69 (1.03, 2.80), p=0.039	1.65 (0.99, 2.73), p=0.050	0.84 (0.49, 1.44), p=0.536	0.81 (0.48, 1.39), p=0.452
Non-white race	3.05 (1.33, 6.98), p=0.008	3.30 (1.46, 7.50), p=0.004	2.42 (1.0, 5.84), p=0.050	2.74 (1.17, 6.43), p=0.021
Age-Related Macular Degeneration	0.91 (0.43, 1.95), p=0.818	0.89 (0.42, 1.90), p=0.763	0.76 (0.38, 1.53), p=0.445	0.72 (0.36, 1.45), 0.358
Cataracts	0.33 (0.18, 0.58), p<0.0001	0.33 (0.18, 0.59), p<0.0001	1.18 (0.70, 1.96), p=0.537	1.28 (0.77, 2.11), p=0.336
Diabetic retinopathy	0.69 (0.31, 1.53), p=0.358	0.67 (0.30, 1.50), p=0.327	1.75 (0.81, 3.79), p=0.154	1.74 (0.76, 3.96), p=0.190
Cardiovascular disease	2.50 (1.42, 4.39), p=0.001	2.55 (1.45, 4.51), p=0.001	2.32 (1.34, 4.01), p=0.003	2.38 (1.37, 4.12), p=0.002
Cerebrovascular disease	1.55 (0.92, 2.63), p=0.103	1.51 (0.89, 2.57), 0.129	1.22 (0.71, 2.12), p=0.468	1.21 (0.70, 2.09), p=0.494
Diabetes mellitus	1.32 (0.77, 2.26), p=0.306	1.32 (0.78, 2.26), p=0.303	1.09 (0.60, 1.96), p=0.778	1.06 (0.59, 1.90), p=0.844
Hypertension	2.14 (0.97, 4.72), p=0.060	2.14 (0.97, 4.72), p=0.058	0.68 (0.38, 1.23), p=0.206	0.69 (0.38, 1.24), p=0.217
Dementia	3.09 (1.57, 6.08), p=0.001	3.16 (1.61, 6.23), p=0.001	1.10 (0.50, 2.43), p=0.817	1.12 (0.50, 2.49), p=0.782
Polypharmacy	0.99 (0.44, 2.19), p=0.974	1.07 (0.47, 2.41), p=0.875	1.08 (0.49, 2.41), p=0.847	1.17 (0.54, 2.58), p=0.688
logMAR visual acuity	1.36 (1.06, 1.73), p=0.014	Not applicable	1.44 (1.15, 1.82), p=0.002	Not applicable
Visual acuity >=20/200	Not applicable	1.80 (1.05, 3.07), p=0.032	Not applicable	2.16 (1.29, 3.63), p=0.004