

Figure S1. Raman spectra of rat skins before and after skin-on-a-chip with 5h blank cream exposure. The figure shows the mean spectra of 0 μm to 28 μm depths for FP and of 0 to 40 μm for HWN region, $n = 40$. The spectra demonstrate the main characteristic features observed originated from the lipids, nucleic acids, and proteins which are found in the skin (1655, 1440 and 1469 , 1303, and 1005 cm^{-1}) and are present at the same position (no shift) before and after the skin-on-the-chip experiment. These results indicate that chip experiment using blank cream do not impact the skin composition.

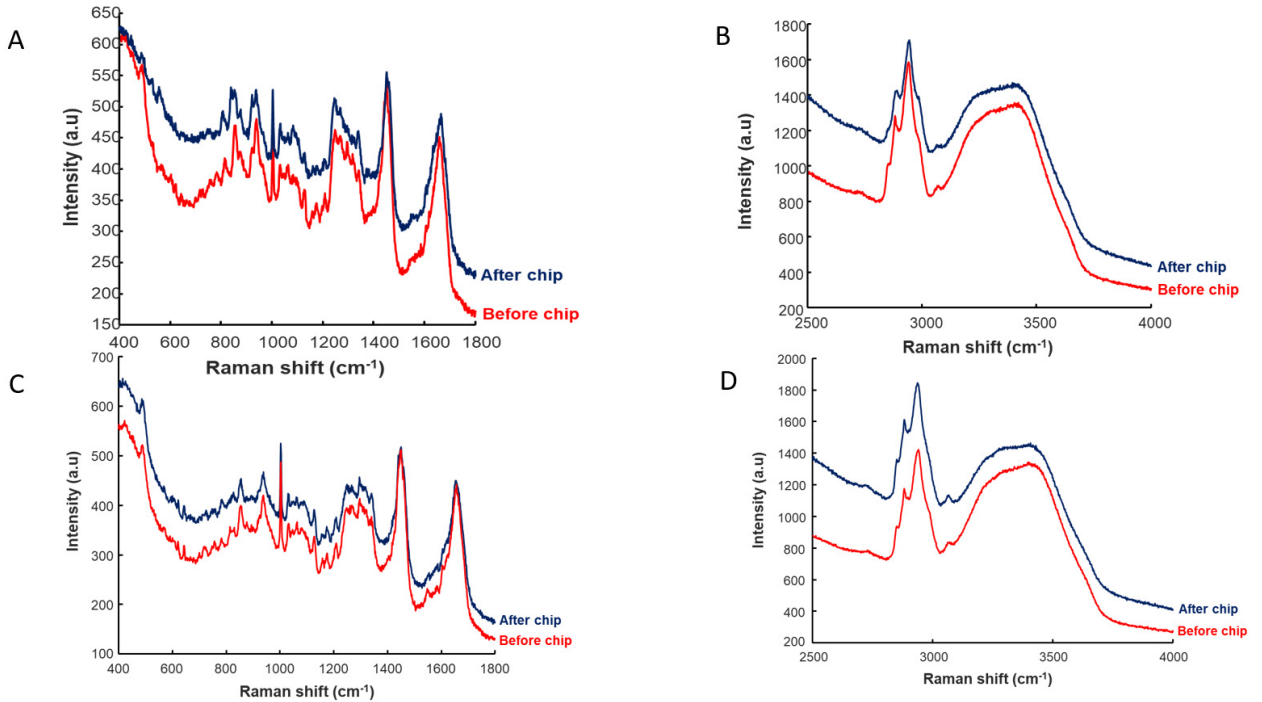


Figure S2. Raman spectra of rat skins before and after skin-on-a-chip and 5h caffeine (A,B) or quinidine (C,D) exposure. The figure shows the mean spectra of 0 μm to 28 μm depths for FP and of 0 to 40 μm for HWN region, $n = 40$. The spectra demonstrate the main characteristic features observed originated from the lipids, nucleic acids, and proteins which are found in the skin (1655, 1440 and 1469 , 1303, and 1005 cm^{-1}) and are present at the same position (no shift) before and after the skin-on-the-chip experiment. These results indicate that chip experiment using caffeine or quinidine creams do not impact the skin composition.