

Book Review

Symmetry in Science: An Introduction to the General Theory. By Joe Rosen (E-mail rosen@mail.uca.edu, University of Central Arkansas). Springer Verlag: New York. 1996. 234pp. \$29.95. ISBN 0-387-94836-8.

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Received: 7 September 1999 / Published: 30 September 1999

This is the most fascinating book on symmetry I have ever read. Everyone who applies the symmetry concept should read it. There are many books on symmetry. Many of them simply treat symmetry as a mathematical attribute. Rosen is the first one who firmly treats symmetry as a property of a system (very similar to a thermodynamic property). Many authors apply symmetry to structures. The author mainly discusses the symmetry evolution of processes here.

Rosen substantially develops the Curie symmetry principle: *the effect is at least as symmetric as the cause*. He puts the principle on a conceptual/theoretical foundation (bases it on the existence of causal relations in science) and applies it to processes. P. Curie's original work was published 100 years ago and not in English [1]. Rosen's symmetry principle states that *the symmetry group of the cause is a subgroup of the symmetry group of the effect*. He puts it into several forms at the end of the book on page 191. The one most closely related to the second law of thermodynamics regarding entropy is that "for a quasi-isolated physical system the degree of symmetry cannot decrease as the system evolves, but either remains constant or increases".

This book's first edition published in 1983 is also good [2]. I did not read it [2] before because I thought it was one of many symmetry books on structures. There are a number of changes in the new edition.

I recommend to my colleagues to read it. You will enjoy it!

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References and Notes

- 1. It was translated into English also by Rosen. The English translation is collected in Rosen, J. *Symmetry in Physics: Selected Reprints*, American Association of Physics Teachers: Stony Brook, New York, 1982.
- 2. Rosen, J. A Symmetry Primer for Scientists, Wiley, New York, 1983.

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