

Supplementary Materials

Physicochemical and Spectroscopic Data of Seven Known Compounds 2 and 4–9:

Pinocembrin-7-O-β-D-glucopyranoside (2): White crystalline powder (MeOH), m.p. 130–132 °C, $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –78.5° (c 0.2, Me₂CO), showing a brown coloration with ferric chloride reagent. Positive ion ESI-MS m/z : 419 [M+H]⁺, 441 [M+Na]⁺, 457 [M+K]⁺; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ: 12.04 (1H, s, 5-OH), 7.53 (2H, d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2', 6'-H), 7.43 (3H, m, 3'-H~5'-H), 6.20 (1H, d, J = 2.0 Hz, 6-H), 6.16 (1H, d, J = 2.0 Hz, 8-H), 5.65 (1H, dd, J = 12.8, 3.4 Hz, 2-H), 4.98 (1H, d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1''-H), 3.13–3.60 (6H, m, 2''-H~6''-H, 3-*H-trans* was overlapped), 2.85 (1H, dd, J = 17.6, 3.4 Hz, 3-*H-cis*); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ: 197.3 (C-4), 165.9 (C-7), 163.5 (C-8a), 163.1 (C-5), 139.0 (C-1'), 129.2 (C-3', 4', 5'), 127.3 (C-2', 6'), 103.8 (C-4a), 100.1 (C-1''), 97.2 (C-6), 96.1 (C-8), 79.2 (C-2), 77.6 (C-3''), 76.8 (C-5''), 73.6 (C-2''), 70.0 (C-4''), 61.1 (C-6''), 42.7 (C-3).

Dihydrokaempferol-7-O-β-D-glucopyranoside (4): White crystalline powder (MeOH), m.p. 152–154 °C, $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –42.0° (c 0.2, MeOH), showing a dark blue coloration with ferric chloride reagent. Positive ion ESI-MS m/z : 451 [M+H]⁺, 473 [M+Na]⁺, 489 [M+K]⁺; Negative ion ESI-MS m/z : 449 [M–H][–]; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ: 7.26 (2H, d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2', 6'-H), 6.73 (2H, d, J = 8.2 Hz, 3', 5'-H), 6.12 (1H, d, J = 2.0 Hz, 8-H), 6.10 (1H, d, J = 2.0 Hz, 6-H), 4.92 (1H, d, J = 11.6 Hz, 2-H), 4.86 (1H, d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1''-H), 4.50 (1H, d, J = 11.6 Hz, 3-H), 3.76 (1H, dd, J = 12.0, 1.6 Hz, 6''-Ha), 3.57 (1H, dd, J = 12.0, 5.2 Hz, 6''-Hb), 3.24–3.38 (4H, m, 2''-H~5''-H); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ: 199.3 (C-4), 167.2 (C-7), 164.7 (C-8a), 164.2 (C-5), 159.2 (C-4'), 130.3 (C-2',6'), 128.9 (C-1'), 116.0 (C-3',5'), 103.4 (C-4a), 101.1 (C-1''), 98.2 (C-6), 96.9 (C-8), 85.0 (C-2), 78.1 (C-3''), 77.6 (C-5''), 74.5 (C-2''), 73.7 (C-3), 71.0 (C-4''), 62.1 (C-6'').

Dihydroquercetin-7-O-β-D-glucopyranoside (5): White crystalline powder (MeOH), m.p. 151.0–153.0 °C, $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ –48.2° (c 0.2, MeOH), showing a dark blue coloration with ferric chloride reagent. Positive ion ESI-MS m/z : 467 [M+H]⁺, 489 [M+Na]⁺, 505 [M+K]⁺; Negative ion ESI-MS m/z : 465 [M–H][–]; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ: 6.96 (1H, d, J = 2.0 Hz, 2'-H), 6.84 (1H, dd, J = 8.2, 2.0 Hz, 6'-H), 6.79 (1H, d, J = 8.2 Hz, 5'-H), 6.21 (1H, d, J = 2.2 Hz, 8-H), 6.19 (1H, d, J = 2.2 Hz, 6-H), 4.55 (1H, d, J = 12.0 Hz, 3-H), 3.86 (1H, dd, J = 12.4, 2.0 Hz, 6''-Ha), 3.66 (1H, dd, J = 12.4, 5.6 Hz, 6''-Hb), 3.32–3.48 (4H, m, 2''-H~5''-H), 2-H and 1''-H were overlapped by water signal. ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ: 199.4 (C-4), 167.4 (C-7), 164.8 (C-5), 164.3 (C-8a), 147.3 (C-4'), 146.4 (C-3'), 129.7 (C-1'), 121.1 (C-6'), 116.1 (C-5'), 116.0 (C-2'), 103.5 (C-4a), 101.3 (C-1''), 98.3 (C-6), 97.1 (C-8), 85.4 (C-2), 78.3 (C-3''), 73.9 (C-3), 77.8 (C-5''), 74.7 (C-2''), 71.2 (C-4''), 62.3 (C-6'').

Quercetin-7-O-β-D-glucopyranoside (6): Yellow crystalline powder (MeOH), m.p. 173–175 °C, showing a dark blue coloration with ferric chloride reagent. Positive ion ESI-MS m/z : 465 [M+H]⁺; Negative ion ESI-MS: 463 [M–H][–]; ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ: 7.65 (1H, br s, 2'-H), 7.56 (1H, d, J = 8.2 Hz, 6'-H), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 8.2 Hz, 5'-H), 6.35 (1H, d, J = 2.0 Hz, 6-H), 6.62 (1H, d, J = 2.0 Hz, 8-H), 4.95 (1H, d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1''-H), 3.84 (1H, dd, J = 12.2, 1.6 Hz, 6''-Ha), 3.63 (1H, dd, J = 12.2, 5.6 Hz, 6''-Hb), 3.30–3.50 (4H, m, 2''-H~5''-H). ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ: 177.4 (C-4), 164.4 (C-7), 162.1 (C-5), 157.6 (C-8a), 148.9 (C-2), 148.7 (C-3'), 146.2 (C-4'), 137.9 (C-3), 123.9 (C-1'), 121.8

(C-6'), 116.2 (C-2'), 116.1 (C-5'), 102.3 (C-4a), 101.6 (C-1'), 100.1 (C-6), 95.5 (C-8), 78.3 (C-3'), 77.8 (C-5'), 74.7 (C-2'), 71.2 (C-4'), 62.4 (C-6').

Gambiriin A₃ (**7**): Light brown crystalline powder (MeOH), m.p. 172–174 °C, $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -8.1° (c 0.5, Me₂CO), showing a dark blue coloration with ferric chloride reagent. Positive ion ESI-MS m/z : 581 $[M+H]^+$, 603 $[M+Na]^+$; Negative ion ESI-MS m/z : 579 $[M-H]^-$. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ : upper unit: 6.78 (1H, d, J = 8.4 Hz, 5'-H), 6.75 (1H, dd, J = 1.6, 6.8 Hz, 6'-H), 6.67 (1H, d, J = 2.0 Hz, 2'-H), 5.90 (2H, s, 3,5-H), 4.83 (1H, d, J = 3.2 Hz, α -H), 4.58 (1H, br s, β -H), 2.90 (1H, dd, J = 4.8, 14.8 Hz, γ -Ha), 2.50 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 14.8 Hz, γ -Hb); terminal unit: 6.87 (1H, d, J = 1.2 Hz, 2'-H), 6.75 (1H, dd, J = 1.6, 6.8 Hz, 6'-H), 6.65 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz, 5'-H), 6.02 (1H, s, 8-H), 4.62 (1H, d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2-H), 4.03 (1H, m, 3-H), 2.90 (1H, dd, J = 4.8, 16.4 Hz, 4-Ha), 2.62 (1H, dd, J = 8.4, 16.4 Hz, 4-Hb). ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ : upper unit: 158.2 (2C, C-2,6), 158.0 (C-4), 146.5 (C-4'), 144.3 (C-3'), 135.5 (C-1'), 120.8 (C-6'), 117.0 (C-2'), 116.2 (C-5'), 106.6 (C-1), 96.2 (2C, C-3,5), 78.1 (C- β), 46.6 (C- α), 29.5 (C- γ); terminal unit: 156.8 (C-7), 156.2 (C-5), 155.4 (C-8a), 146.5 (C-4'), 146.0 (C-3'), 132.6 (C-1'), 120.4 (C-6'), 116.4 (C-5'), 115.6 (C-2'), 108.5 (C-6), 102.1 (C-4a), 95.6 (C-8), 83.0 (C-2), 69.4 (C-3), 30.6 (C-4).

Gambiriin A₁ (**8**): Light brown crystalline powder (MeOH), m.p. 167–169 °C, $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -12.7° (c 0.5, Me₂CO), showing a dark blue coloration with ferric chloride reagent. Positive ion ESI-MS m/z : 581 $[M+H]^+$, 603 $[M+Na]^+$; Negative ion ESI-MS m/z : 579 $[M-H]^-$. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ : upper unit: 6.75 (1H, br s, 2'-H), 6.63 (2H, br s, 5', 6'-H), 5.84 (2H, s, 3,5-H), 4.70 (1H, br s, α -H), 4.59 (1H, br s, β -H), 2.90 (1H, m, γ -Ha), 2.49 (1H, m, γ -Hb); terminal unit: 6.78 (1H, d, J = 1.6 Hz, 2'-H), 6.68 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz, 5'-H), 6.63 (1H, br s, 6'-H), 6.04 (1H, s, 6-H), 4.70 (1H, br s, 2-H), 3.93 (1H, m, 3-H), 2.90 (1H, m, 4-Ha), 2.56 (1H, m, 4-Hb); ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ : upper unit: 158.5 (2C, C-2, 6), 158.0 (C-4), 146.0 (C-3'), 144.5 (C-4'), 136.2 (C-1'), 121.4 (C-6'), 117.4 (C-2'), 116.3 (C-5'), 106.6 (C-1), 96.4 (2C, C-3, 5), 77.6 (C- β), 46.9 (C- α), 30.8 (C- γ); terminal unit: 156.3 (C-7), 156.2 (C-5), 155.5 (C-8a), 146.5 (C-3'), 146.4 (C-4'), 132.8 (C-1'), 120.8 (C-6'), 116.5 (C-5'), 115.6 (C-2'), 107.9 (C-8), 101.4 (C-4a), 97.9 (C-6), 83.2 (C-2), 69.3 (C-3), 29.6 (C-4).

Catechin (6' -8) *catechin* (**9**): Brown amorphous powder. $[\alpha]_D^{25}$ -126.7° (c 0.33, MeOH), showing a dark blue coloration with ferric chloride reagent. Positive ion ESI-MS m/z : 579 $[M+H]^+$, 596 $[M+NH_4]^+$; Negative ion ESI-MS m/z : 577 $[M-H]^-$. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ : upper unit: 6.82 (1H, s, 2'-H), 6.64 (1H, s, 5'-H), 5.90, 5.82 (2H, d, J = 2.0 Hz, 6,8-H), 4.78 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2-H), 4.01 (1H, m, 3-H), 2.66 (1H, dd, J = 4.8, 16.0 Hz, 4-Ha), 2.42 (1H, dd, J = 5.8, 16.0 Hz, 4-Hb); terminal unit: 6.71 (1H, d, J = 2.0 Hz, 2'-H), 6.70 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz, 5'-H), 6.59 (1H, dd, J = 2.0, 8.0 Hz, 6'-H), 6.08 (1H, s, 6-H), 4.73 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2-H), 3.97 (1H, m, 3-H), 2.73 (1H, dd, J = 5.2, 16.0 Hz, 4-Ha), 2.60 (1H, dd, J = 5.8, 16.0 Hz, 4-Hb). ¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ : upper unit: 157.3, 156.7 (3C, C-5,7,8a), 145.5 (2C, C-3', 4'), 131.6 (C-1'), 126.2 (C-6'), 119.6 (C-5'), 114.0 (C-2'), 100.1 (C-4a), 96.1, 95.2 (2C, C-6,8), 79.9 (C-2), 67.6 (C-3), 26.3 (C-4); terminal unit: 156.4, 154.6, 153.0 (3C, C-5, 7, 8a), 145.6 (2C, C-3', 4'), 132.2 (C-1'), 119.1 (C-6'), 115.7 (C-5'), 114.3 (C-2'), 108.0 (C-8), 100.5 (C-4a), 95.7 (C-6), 81.7 (C-2), 68.1 (C-3), 27.0 (C-4).

Table S1. 400 MHz ^1H NMR and 100 MHz ^{13}C NMR data of **1** in CD_3OD ^a.

Position	δ_{H}	δ_{C}	HMBC (H→C)
Narigenin			
2	5.31 (1H, dd, $J = 12.8, 2.8$ Hz)	79.7	C-4, 1', 2', 6'
3	3.07 (1H, dd, $J = 16.8, 12.8$ Hz)	43.3	C-2, 4, 1'
	2.66 (1H, dd, $J = 16.8, 2.8$ Hz)		
4		197.3	
4a		102.9	
5		164.9	
6	5.90 (1H, d, $J = 2.0$ Hz)	96.6	C-4a, 5, 7, 8
7		167.6	
8	5.88 (1H, d, $J = 2.0$ Hz)	95.8	C-4a, 6, 7, 8a
8a		164.3	
1'		133.5	
2'	7.29 (1H, d, $J = 8.4$ Hz)	128.4	C-2, 1', 3', 4', 6'
3'	7.06 (1H, d, $J = 8.4$ Hz)	117.1	C-1', 4', 5'
4'		158.5	
5'	7.06 (1H, d, $J = 8.4$ Hz)	117.1	C-1', 3', 4'
6'	7.29 (1H, d, $J = 8.4$ Hz)	128.4	C-2, 1', 2', 5', 4'
glucosyl			
1''	4.91 (1H, d, $J = 7.6$ Hz)	101.5	C-4'
2''	3.49–3.54(1H, m)	74.3	C-1'', 3''
3''	3.49–3.54 (1H, m)	77.5	C-2'', 4''
4''	3.42 (1H, m)	71.5	C-5''
5''	3.78 (1H, m)	75.1	C-4'', 6''
6''	4.38 (1H, dd, $J = 12.0, 8.4$ Hz)	64.4	C-5'', 7''
	4.61 (1H, dd, $J = 12.0, 2.0$ Hz)		
galloyl			
1'''		120.8	
2'''	7.10 (1H, s)	109.8	C-1''', 3''', 4''', 6''', 7'''
3'''		146.0	
4'''		139.4	
5'''		146.0	
6'''	7.10 (1H, s)	109.8	C-1''', 2''', 4''', 5''', 7'''
7''' (C=O)		167.9	

^a The δ_{H} and δ_{C} values were recorded using solvent signals (CD_3OD : δ_{H} 3.31/ δ_{C} 49.0) as references. Signal assignments were based on the results of ^1H – ^1H COSY, HMQC and HMBC experiments.

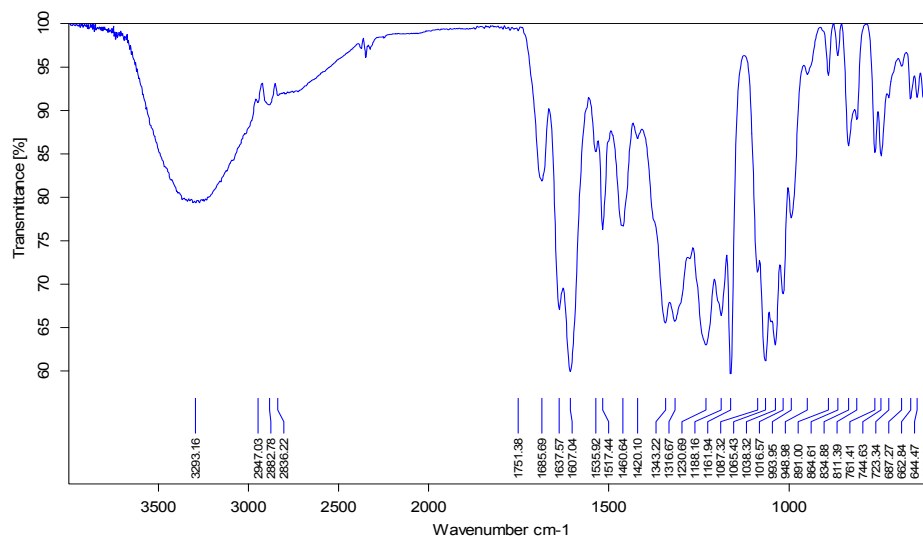
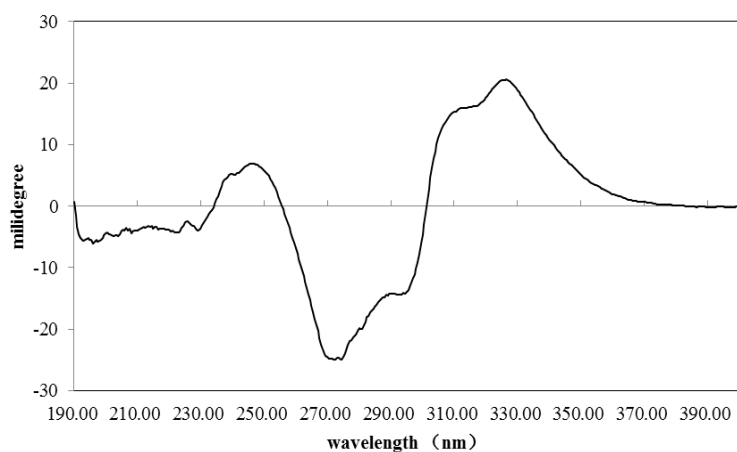
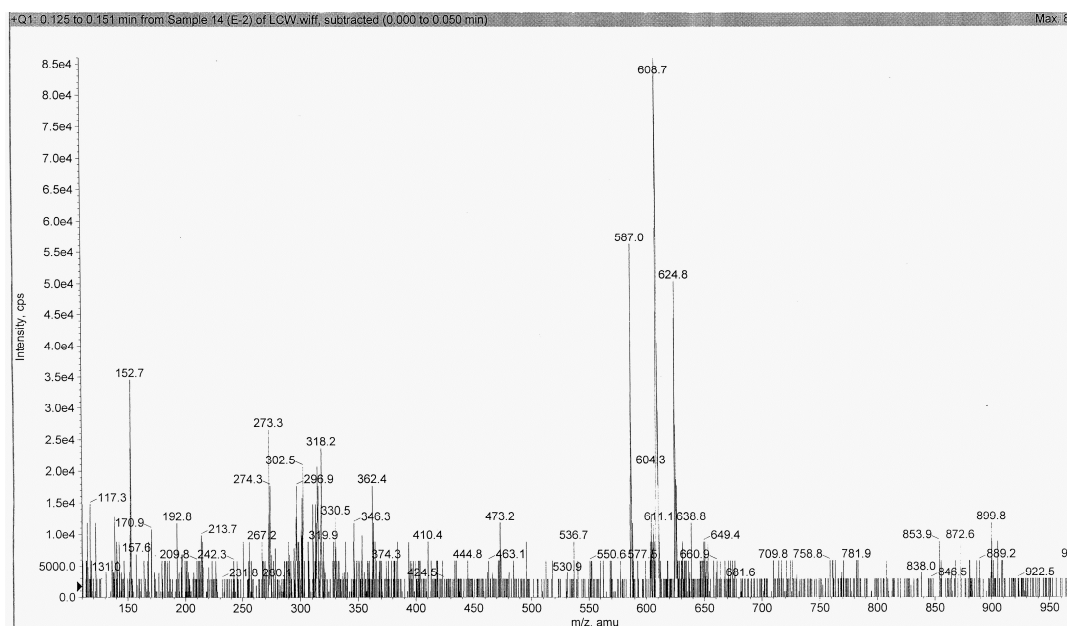
Figure S1. UV Spectrum of 1.**Figure S2. CD Spectrum of 1 in CH₃OH.****Figure S3. ESI-MS of 1.**

Figure S4. HR-ESI-MS of 1.

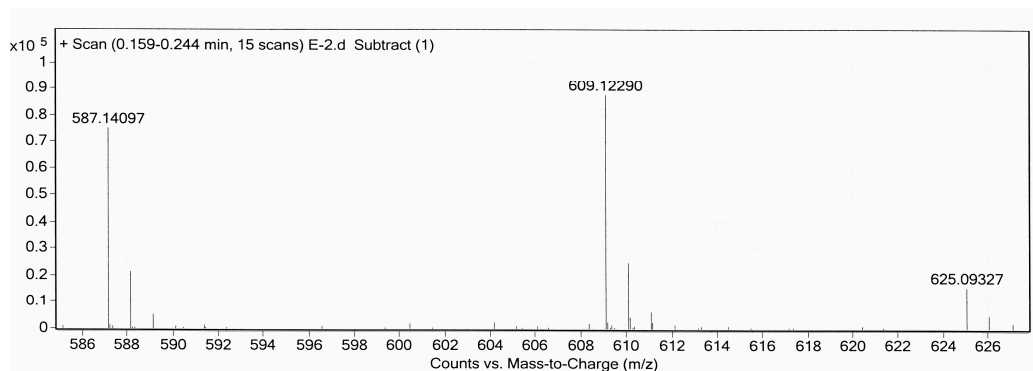
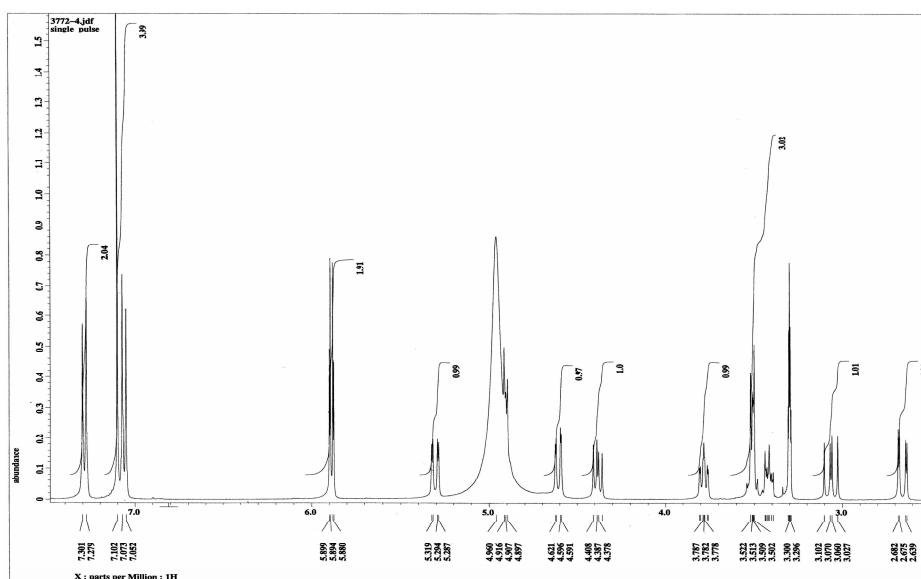
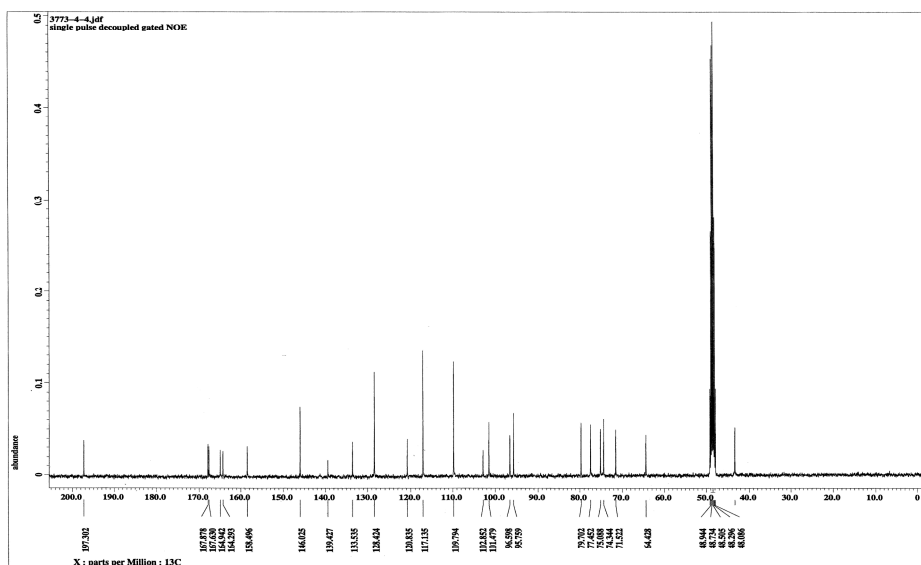
Figure S5. ^1H -NMR spectrum of 1 in CD_3OD .Figure S6. ^{13}C -NMR spectrum of 1 in CD_3OD .

Figure S7. HMBC spectrum of **1** in CD₃OD.