Supplementary Materials: Microbial Glycosylation of Daidzein, Genistein and Biochanin A. Two New Glucosides of Biochanin A

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- NMR spectra of compounds obtained by biotransformation with the use of *Absidia coerulea* AM 93 strain indicating the mixture of products: 7-*O*-β-D-glucopyranosyl-5-hydroxy-4'-methoxyisoflavone (sissotrin) and 5-*O*-β-D-glucopyranosyl-7-hydroxy-4'-methoxyisoflavone (isosissotrin). Figures S1–S2: ¹H-NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra. Figure S3: COSY (150 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra. Figure S4: ¹³C-NMR (150 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra. Figures S5–S7: HSQC (150 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra. Figures S8–S11: HMBC (150 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra. Figures S12: ¹³C-NMR (150 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra. Figures S12: ¹³C-NMR (150 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra.
 Figure S12: ¹³C-NMR (150 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra. Figures S8–S11: HMBC (150 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra.
 Figure S12: ¹³C-NMR (150 MHz, CD₃OD) superimposed spectra of sissotrin and mixture of sissotrin and isosissotrin.
- Negative-ion HR-ESIMS spectra of mixture of 7-*O*-β-D-glucopyranosyl-5-hydroxy-4'methoxyisoflavone (sissotrin) and 5-*O*-β-D-glucopyranosyl-7-hydroxy-4'-methoxyisoflavone (isosissotrin) obtained by biotransformation by *Absidia coerulea* AM 93. Figure S13: HR-ESIMS spectrum.



Figure S1. ¹H-NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra of mixture of sissotrin and isosissotrin obtained by biotransformation by *Absidia coerulea* AM 93.



Figure S2. ¹H-NMR (600 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra of the aromatic region of sissotrin (**A**) and isossisotrin (**B**) mixture obtained by biotransformation by *Absidia coerulea* AM 93.



Figure S3. COSY (150 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra of mixture of sissotrin and isosissotrin obtained by biotransformation by *Absidia coerulea* AM 93.



Figure S4. ¹³C-NMR (150 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra of mixture of sissotrin and isosissotrin obtained by biotransformation by *Absidia coerulea* AM 93.



Figure S5. HSQC (150 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra of mixture of sissotrin and isosissotrin obtained by biotransformation by *Absidia coerulea* AM 93.





Figure S6. HSQC (150 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra of mixture of sissotrin and isosissotrin (correlations of aromatic A-ring protons: H-6 and H-8) obtained by biotransformation by *Absidia coerulea* AM 93.



Figure S7. HSQC (150 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra of mixture of sissotrin and isosissotrin (correlations of H-1" protons) obtained by biotransformation by *Absidia coerulea* AM 93.



Figure S8. HMBC (150 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra of mixture of sissotrin and isosissotrin obtained by biotransformation by *Absidia coerulea* AM 93.



Figure S9. HMBC (150 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra of mixture of sissotrin and isosissotrin (correlations of aromatic A-ring protons-H-6 and H-8) obtained by biotransformation by *Absidia coerulea* AM 93.



Figure S10. HMBC (150 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra of mixture of sissotrin and isosissotrin (correlations of H-1" protons) obtained by biotransformation by *Absidia coerulea* AM 93.



Figure S11. HMBC correlations for sissotrin and isosissotrin obtained by biotransformation by *Absidia coerulea* AM 93.



Figure S12. ¹³C-NMR (150 MHz, CD₃OD) spectra of sissotrin (obtained by biotransformation by *Absidia glauca* AM 177 (1) and by *Rhizopus nigricans* UPF 701 * (2)) and mixture of sissotrin and isosissotrin obtained by biotransformation by *Absidia coerulea* AM 93 (3). Arrows indicated selected carbon signals of sissotrin. On the NMR spectra of products obtained by biotransformation by *Absidia coerulea* AM 93 (3). Arrows indicated selected carbon signals of sissotrin.



Figure S13. Negative-ion HR-ESIMS spectra of mixture of sissotrin and isosissotrin obtained by biotransformation by *Absidia coerulea* AM 93.