Supporting Information: Green hydroselenation of aryl alkynes: divinyl selenides as precursor of resveratrol

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Figure S1. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of bis-(*Z*,*Z*)-styryl selenide **3a**.



Figure S2. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of bis-(*Z*,*Z*)-styryl selenide 3a.



Figure S3. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of bis-(*Z*,*Z*)-4-methylstyryl selenide **3b**.



Figure S4. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of bis-(*Z*,*Z*)-4-methylstyryl selenide **3b**.



Figure S5. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of bis-(*Z*,*Z*)-4-methoxystyryl selenide **3c**.

Figure S6. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of bis-(Z,Z)-4-methoxystyryl selenide **3c**.



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Figure S7. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*6) spectrum of bis-(*Z*,*Z*)-4-cyanostyryl selenide **3d**.



Figure S8. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-*d*6) spectrum of bis-(*Z*,*Z*)-4-cyanostyryl selenide **3d**.



Figure S9. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of bis-(*Z*,*Z*)-3,4-dichlorostyryl selenide **3e**.



Figure S10. ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of bis-(*Z*,*Z*)-3,4-dichlorostyryl selenide 3e.



Figure S11. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of bis-(*Z*,*Z*)-3,5-dimethoxystyryl selenide **3f**.



Figure S12. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of bis-(*Z*,*Z*)-3,5-dimethoxystyryl selenide 3f.



Figure S13. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of bis-(*Z*,*Z*)-styryl telluride **4a**.



Figure S14. ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of bis-(*Z*,*Z*)-styryl telluride **4a**.



Figure S15. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of bis-(*Z*,*Z*)-3,5-dimethoxystyryl telluride **4b**.

Figure S16. ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of bis-(*Z*,*Z*)-3,5-dimethoxystyryl telluride **4b**.







Figure S17. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3,4',5-trimethoxystilbene 6.

Figure S18. ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of 3,4',5-trimethoxystilbene 6.