Pyrrole Alkaloids from the Edible Mushroom *Phlebopus portentosus* with Their Bioactive Activities

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Abstract: Seven pyrrole alkaloids, three of which are novel (phlebopines A–C (1–3)), were isolated from the fruiting bodies of the edible mushroom *Phlebopus portentosus*. Their structures were determined on the basis of spectroscopic data. All the isolated compounds were tested for their neuroprotective properties and acetylcholine esterase (AChE) inhibition activities. Compound 7 displayed remarkable neuroprotective effects against hydrogen peroxide (H₂O₂)-induced neuronal-cell damage in human neuroblastoma SH-SY5Y cells.

Keywords: Phlebopus portentosus; edible mushroom; pyrrole alkaloids; neuroprotection

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Figure S1. ¹H-NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) spectrum of the new compound 1.



Figure S2. ¹³C-APT (150 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) spectrum of the new compound 1.



Figure S3. HSQC spectrum of the new compound 1.



Figure S4. HMBC spectrum of the new compound 1.



Figure S5. ¹H-¹H COSY spectrum of the new compound **1**.



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Figure S10. ¹H-NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of the new compound 3.



Figure S11. ¹³C-APT (150 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of the new compound **3**.



Figure S12. HSQC spectrum of the new compound 3.



Figure S13. HMBC spectrum of the new compound 3.