## Novel uridine glycoconjugates, derivatives of 4aminophenyl 1-thioglycosides, as potential antiviral compounds

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Fig. S1: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of succinic acid mono-2',3'-*O*-isopropylidene-uridin-5'yl ester **1**.



Fig. S2: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of succinic acid mono-2',3'-*O*-isopropylidene-uridin-5'yl ester **1**.



Fig. S3: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of succinic acid mono-2',3'-di-*O-tert*-butyldimethylsilyl-uridin-5'-yl ester **2**.



Fig. S4: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of succinic acid mono-2',3'-di-*O-tert*-butyldimethylsilyl-uridin-5'-yl ester **2**.



Fig. S5: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2',3'-*O*-isopropylideneuridine-5'-carboxylic acid **3**.



Fig. S6: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2',3'-*O*-isopropylideneuridine-5'-carboxylic acid **3**.



Fig. S7: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2',3'-di-*O-tert*-butyldimethylsilyluridine-5'-carboxylic acid **4**.



Fig. S8: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2',3'-di-*O-tert*-butyldimethylsilyluridine-5'-carboxylic acid **4**.



Fig. S9: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 4-aminophenyl 2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-1-thio-β-D-glucopyranoside **5**.



Fig. S10: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 4-aminophenyl 2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-1-thio-β-D-glucopyranoside **5**.



Fig. S11: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 4-aminophenyl 2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-1-thio-β-D-galactopyranoside **6**.



Fig. S12: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 4-aminophenyl 2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-1-thio-β-D-galactopyranoside **6**.



Fig. S13: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of glycoconjugate **7**.



Fig. S14: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of glycoconjugate **7**.



Fig. S15: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of glycoconjugate **8**.



Fig. S16: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of glycoconjugate **8**.



Fig. S17: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of glycoconjugate **9**.



Fig. S18: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of glycoconjugate **9**.



Fig. S19: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of glycoconjugate **10**.



Fig. S20: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of glycoconjugate **10**.



Fig. S21: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of glycoconjugate **11**.



Fig. S22: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of glycoconjugate **11**.



Fig. S23: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of glycoconjugate **12**.



Fig. S24: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of glycoconjugate **12**.



Fig. S25: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of glycoconjugate **13**.



Fig. S26: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of glycoconjugate **13**.



Fig. S27: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of glycoconjugate **14**.



Fig. S28: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of glycoconjugate **14**.



Fig. S29: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of glycoconjugate **15**.



Fig. S30: <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of glycoconjugate **15**.



## 2. Antiviral activity of Sofosbuvir on HCV infection.

**Fig. S31.** Huh7-J20 cells were pre-treated for 1 h and infected with cell culture infectious HCV in the presence of different concentrations of Sofosbuvir or DMSO as a control for 3 h. Then, the inoculum was removed and fresh medium without compound was added for 72 h (Model 1, white bars). Huh7-J20 cells were pre-treated for 1 h, infected with JFH-1 for 3 h in the presence of various concentrations of Sofosbuvir or DMSO and then incubated for 72 h with fresh medium with inhibitor or DMSO (Model 2, grey bars). Huh7-J20 cells were infected for 3 h with JFH-1 and then treated with various concentrations of Sofosbuvir or DMSO for 72 h (Model 3, black bars). All inhibitory effects were determined by measuring SEAP assay performed on infected cell medium. Errors bars represent the SD of the means for 3 experiments.