

Article

Yeast smell like what they eat: Analysis of Volatile Organic Compounds of

Malassezia furfur in growth media supplemented with different lipids

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SUPPORTING INFORMATION

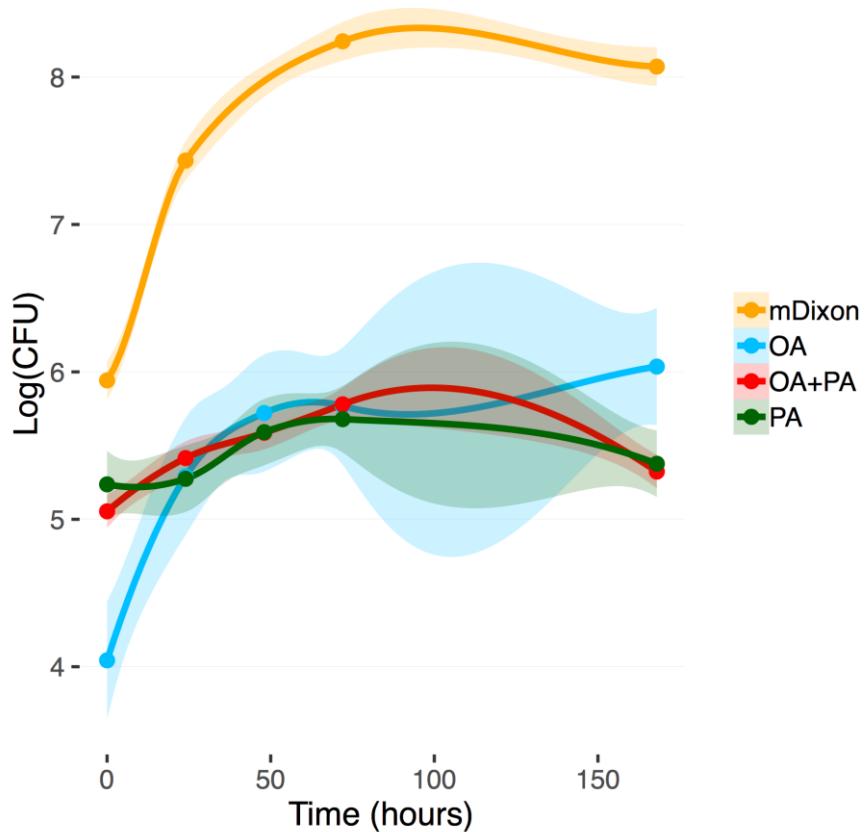


Figure S1. Growth curves of *M. furfur* in mDixon, oleic acid (OA), palmitic acid (PA) and OA+PA medium and their confidence intervals of 99% using a loess method.



3-FigureS2.gif

Figure S2. Animation of rotational distribution of data in the PCA analysis of the volatiles' profiles of *M. furfur* growing in eight different experimental treatments.

Table S1. Significant statistical univariate parameters found on 17 VOCs from *M. furfur* and compounds highlighted by PCA and PLS-DA.

| Compound | Statistics from ANOVA | | Statistics from Kruskal-Wallis | | PCA | PLS-DA |
|--|-----------------------|---------|--------------------------------|---------|-----|--------|
| | F | pval | K | pval | | |
| Carbon dioxide | 16.1 | < 0.001 | 25.8 | < 0.001 | ✓ | ✓ |
| Octane | 36.8 | < 0.001 | 33.8 | < 0.001 | | ✓ |
| 1-Hexan-1-ol | 92.5 | < 0.001 | 34.6 | < 0.001 | ✓ | ✓ |
| Nonane | 13.5 | < 0.001 | 26.7 | < 0.001 | | |
| 2-Pentan-2-one | 13.1 | < 0.001 | 25.7 | < 0.001 | | |
| 3-methyl 4 -butan-1-ol | 6.9 | < 0.001 | 20.3 | 0.0049 | | |
| 1 -Butan-1-ol | 7.2 | < 0.001 | 32.8 | < 0.001 | | ✓ |
| 6 -Hept-6-en-1-ol | 106.8 | < 0.001 | 22.4 | 0.0022 | | ✓ |
| cis 2 NonenePentyl acetate | 132.1 | < 0.001 | 22.4 | 0.0022 | ✓ | ✓ |
| Isomer5 of methyldecane | 56.2 | < 0.001 | 22.0 | 0.0025 | ✓ | ✓ |
| Dimethyl sulfide | 29.9 | < 0.001 | 14.3 | 0.0450 | ✓ | ✓ |
| 5 -Undec-5-ene | 371.0 | < 0.001 | 22.4 | 0.0022 | ✓ | ✓ |
| Isomer2 of methylundecane | 94.5 | < 0.001 | 22.0 | 0.0026 | ✓ | ✓ |
| Isomer1 of methyldecane | 133.7 | < 0.001 | 22.0 | 0.0026 | ✓ | ✓ |
| 1,2-Epoxyundecane2-Nonyloxirane | 51.0 | < 0.001 | 19.0 | 0.0083 | | ✓ |
| Isomer3 of methyldodecane | 4.0 | 0.0030 | 15.9 | 0.0258 | | |
| 2-methyl-tetrahydrofuran | 116.2 | < 0.001 | 22.2 | 0.0023 | ✓ | ✓ |

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Table S2. Chemical composition of mDixon medium.

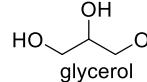
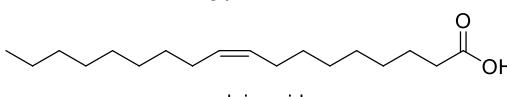
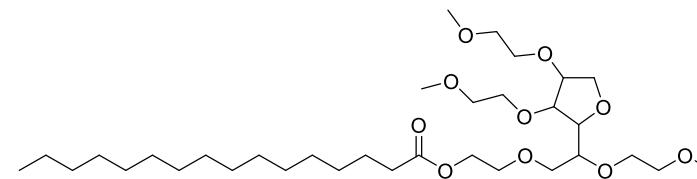
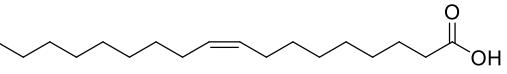
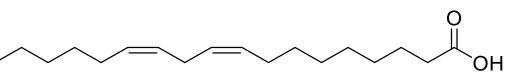
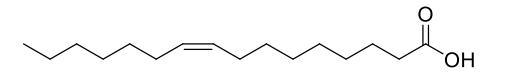
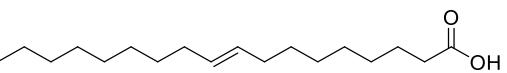
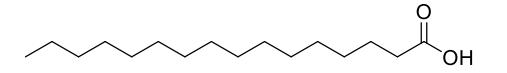
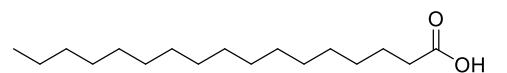
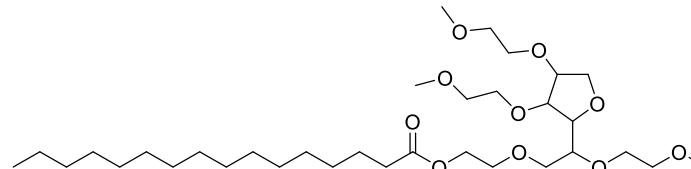
| Component | Description or molecular structure | Percentage |
|----------------------|---|------------|
| malt extract | Bile composition (water 92 g/dL, bile salts 6 g/dL, bilirubin 0.3 g/dL, cholesterol 0.3 to 0.9 g/dL, FA 0.3 to 1.2 g/dL, lecithin 0.3 g/dL and 200 meq/L inorganic salts [1]) | 3.6 |
| desiccated oxbile | Lecithins: phospholipids, glycolipids or triglyceride. Glycerophospholipids as phosphatidylcholine, phosphatidylethanolamine, phosphatidylinositol, phosphatidylserine, and phosphatidic acid [2] | 2.0 |
| peptone | Natural sources of amino-acids, peptides and proteins | 0.6 |
| glycerol |  | 0.2 |
| oleic acid |  | 0.2 |
| Tween 40 |  2-(2-(3,4-bis(2-methoxyethoxy)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy)ethyl palmitate | 1 |

Table S3. Chemical composition of oleic acid (OA), palmitic acid (PA) and OA+PA media. The components of the minimal medium (MM) are listed in Materials and Methods.

| Medium | Components | Components found in the GC-FID analysis[3] or molecular structure | Percentage |
|--------|------------------|--|------------|
| OA | 1% of Oleic acid |  oleic acid | 78% |
| | |  linoleic acid | 10% |
| | |  palmitoleic acid | 3% |
| | |  elaidic acid | 2% |
| | |  palmitic acid | 6% |
| | |  heptadecanoic acid | 1% |

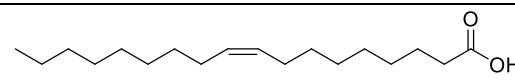
1% Tween 40



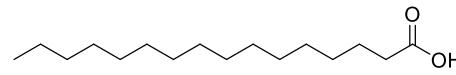
2-(2-(3,4-bis(2-methoxyethoxy)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy)ethyl palmitate

MM

1% of a mixture
50:50 of Oleic acid
and Palmitic acid



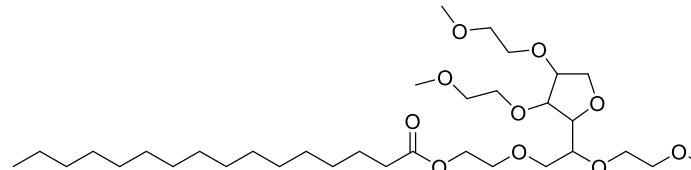
oleic acid



palmitic acid

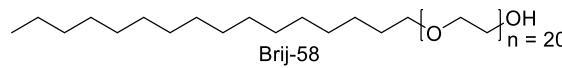
OA+PA

1% Tween 40



2-(2-(3,4-bis(2-methoxyethoxy)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy)ethyl palmitate

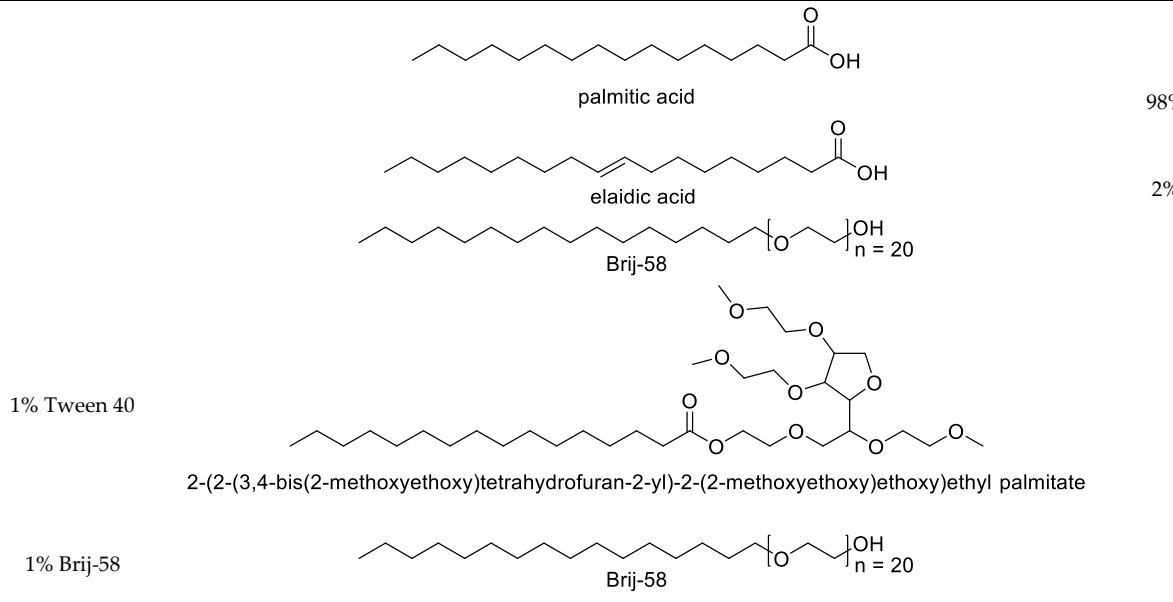
1% Brij-58



MM

PA

1% of Palmitic
acid



References

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3. Triana, S.; de Cock, H.; Ohm, R.A.; Danies, G.; Wösten, H.A.B.; Restrepo, S.; González Barrios, A.F.; Celis, A. Lipid metabolic versatility in Malassezia spp. yeasts studied through metabolic modeling. *Front. Microbiol.* **2017**, *8*, 1–18, doi:10.3389/fmicb.2017.01772.

