

Supplementary Materials

Comparative Molecular Transporter Properties of Cyclic Peptides Containing Tryptophan and Arginine Residues Formed through Disulfide Cyclization

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Figures S1-S4: MALDI-TOF Mass Data of Synthesized Compounds

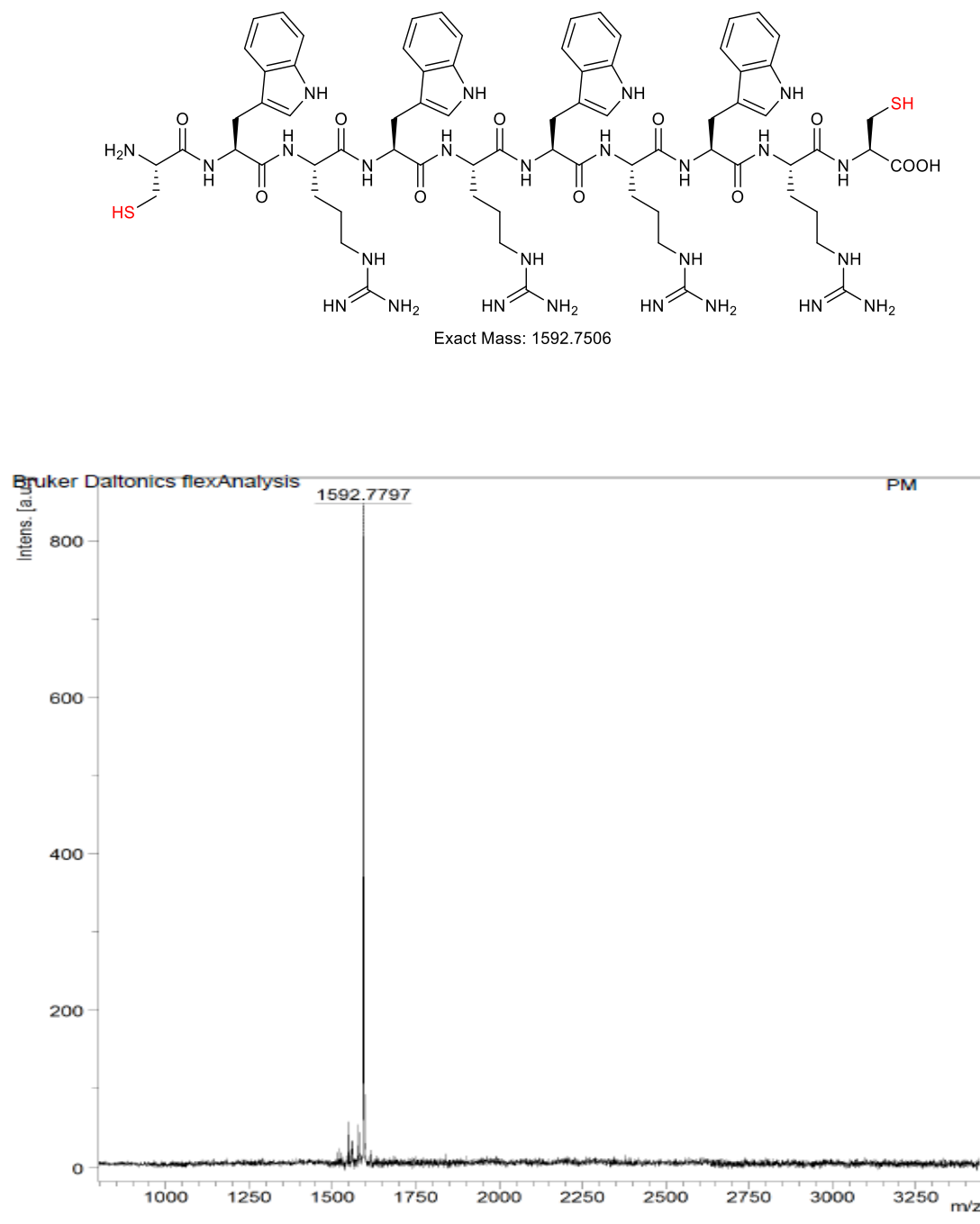


Figure S1. MALDI-TOF (m/z) for (C(WR)₄C).

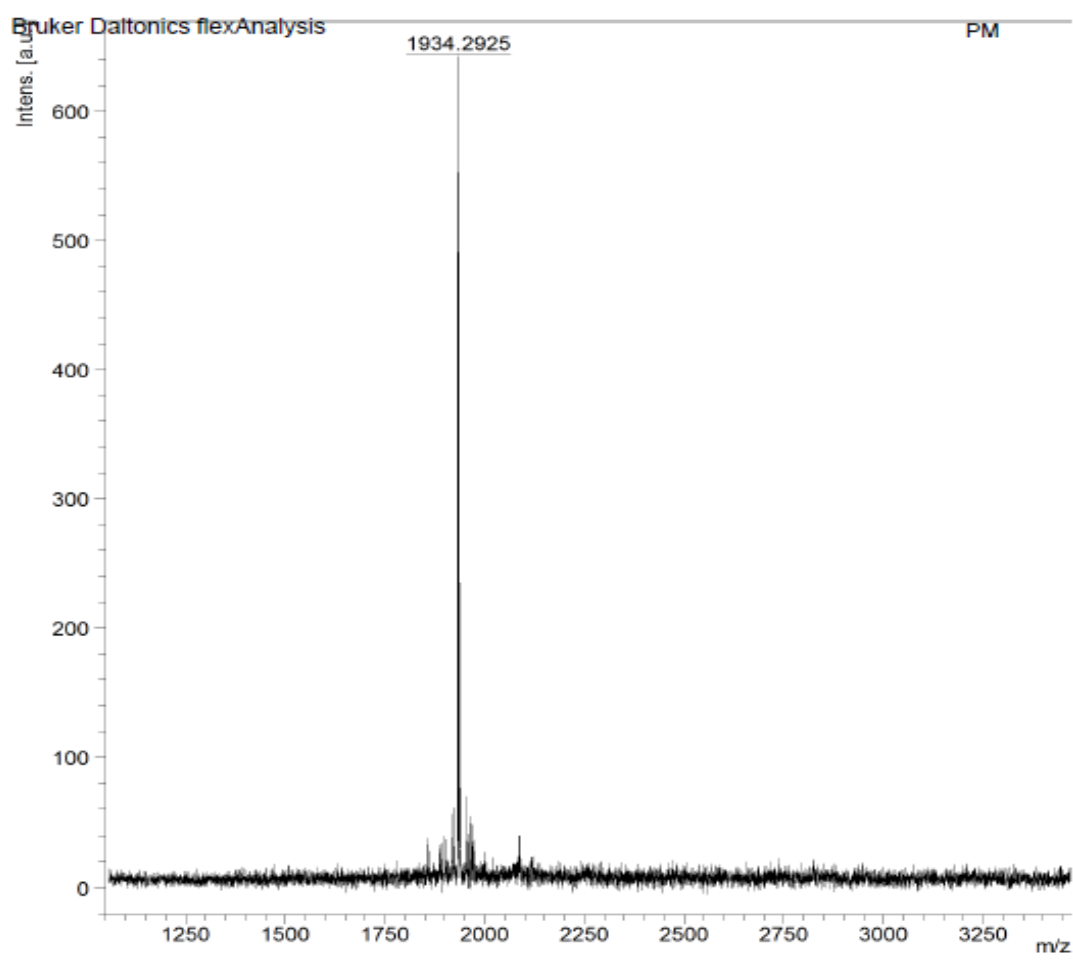
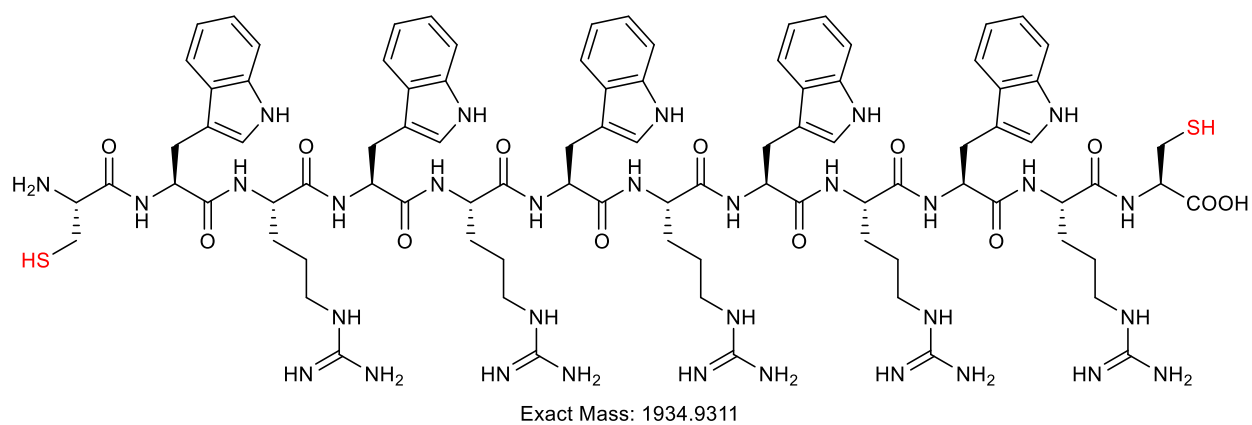
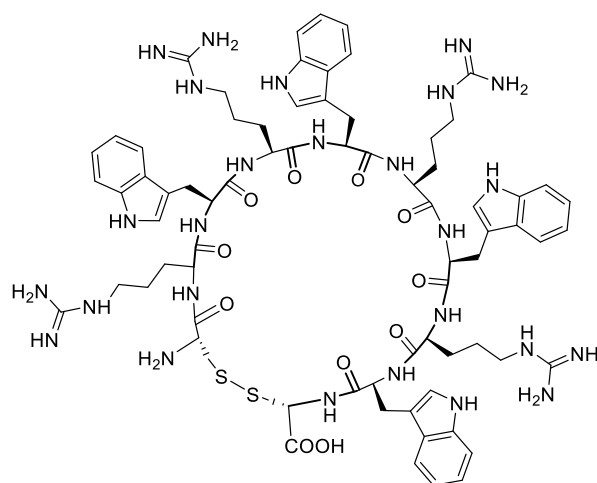


Figure S2. MALDI-TOF (m/z) for (C(WR)₅C).



Chemical Formula: C₇₄H₉₈N₂₆O₁₁S₂

Exact Mass: 1590.7350

[C(WR)₄C]

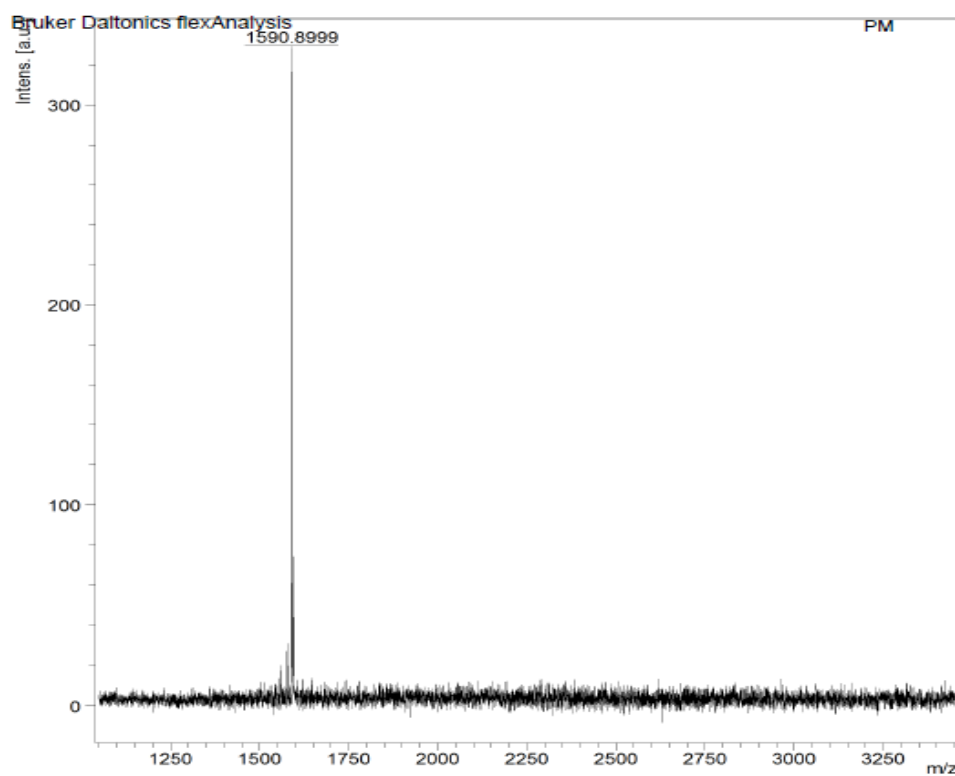
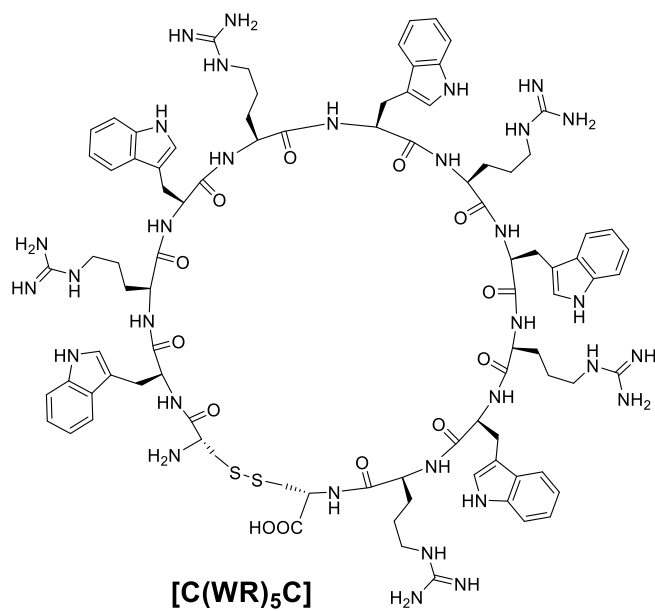


Figure S3. MALDI-TOF (m/z) for [C(WR)₄C].



Chemical Formula: C₉₁H₁₂₀N₃₂O₁₃S₂
 Exact Mass: 1932.9154

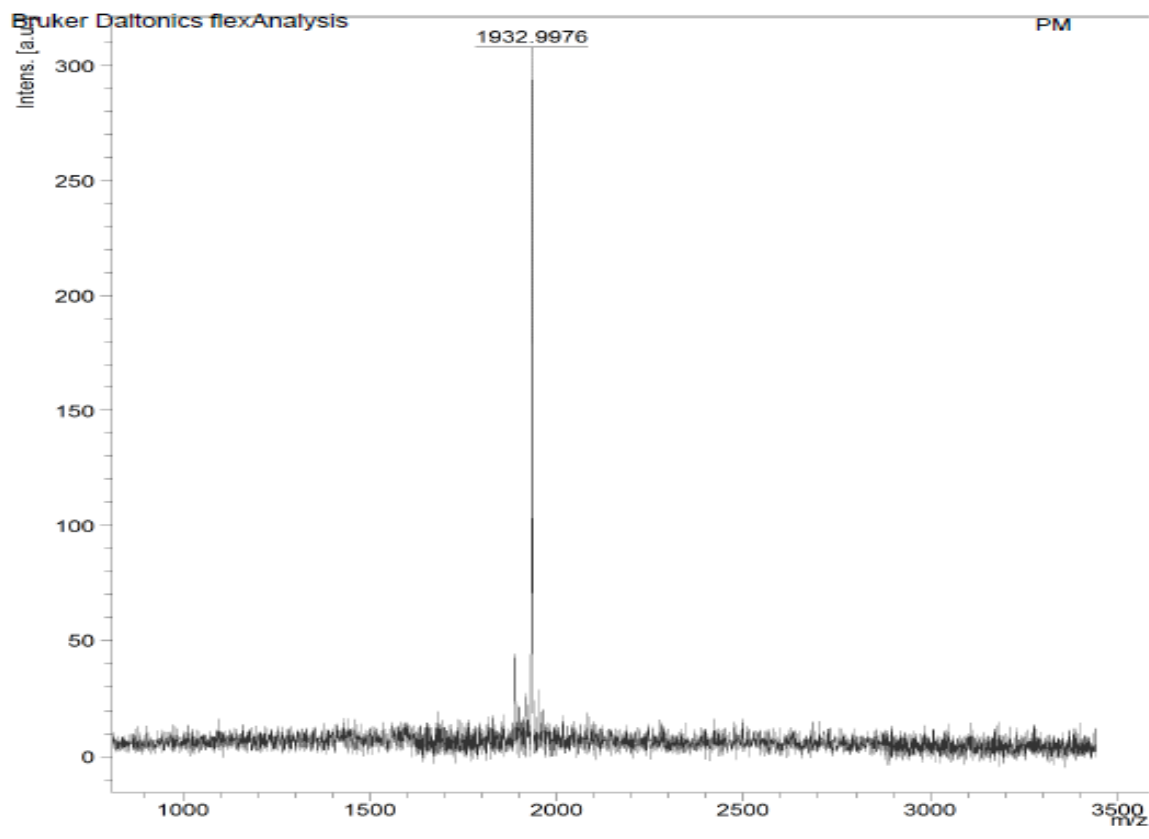


Figure S4. MALDI-TOF (m/z) for [C(WR)₅C]

Figures S5-S8: Zoom MALDI-TOF Mass peak of Synthesized peptides (for more proof of disulfide bridge formation).

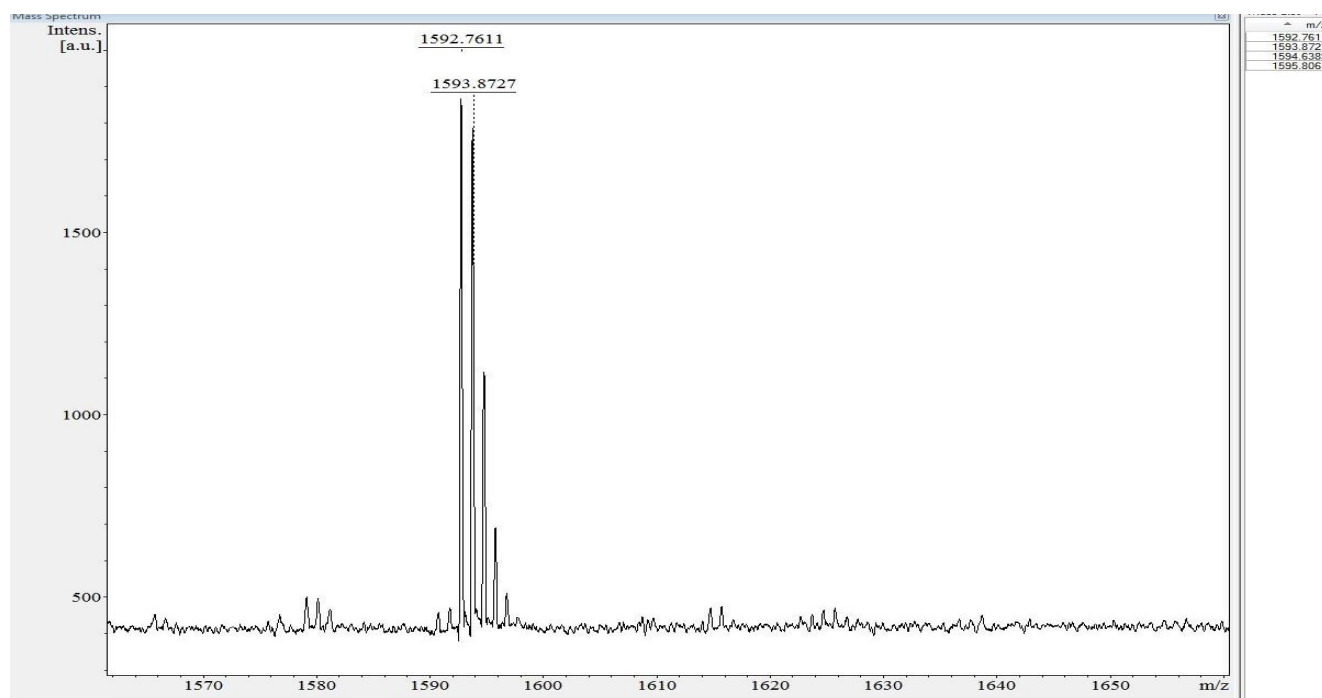


Figure S5. Zoom MALDI-TOF (m/z) for (C(WR)₄C).

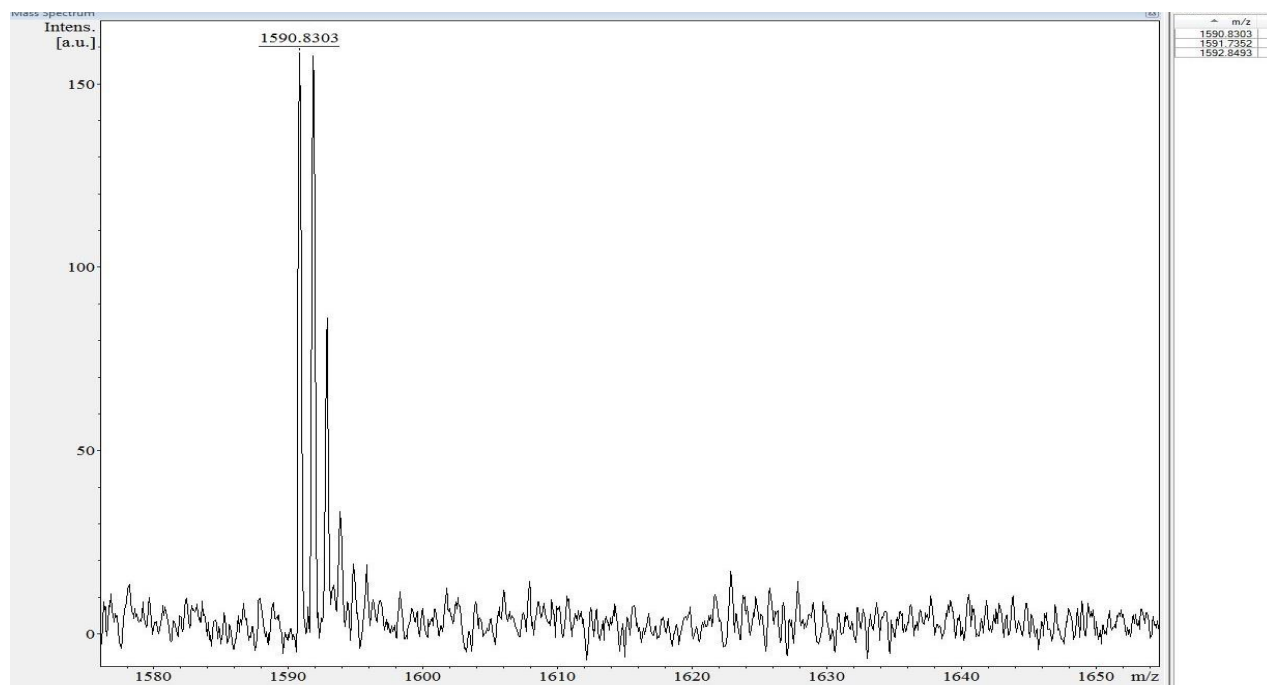


Figure S6. Zoom MALDI-TOF (m/z) for [C(WR)₄C].

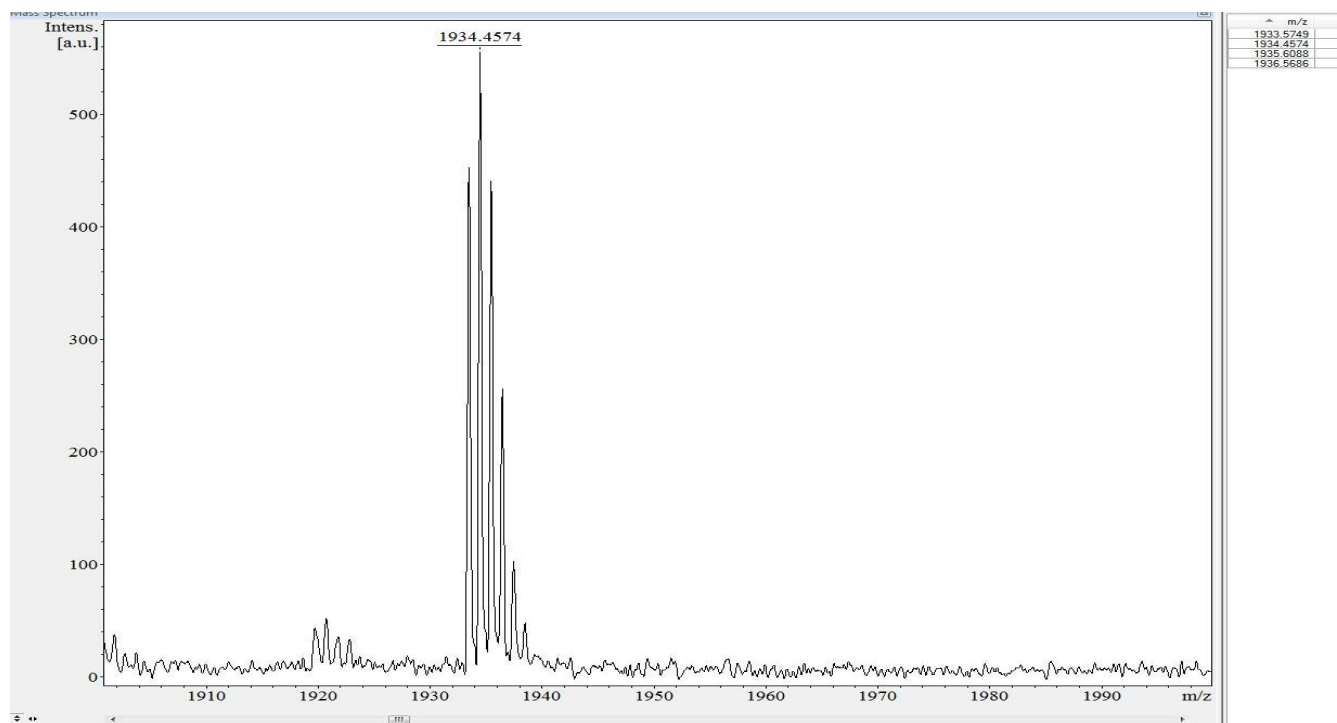


Figure S7. Zoom MALDI-TOF (m/z) for (C(WR)₅C).

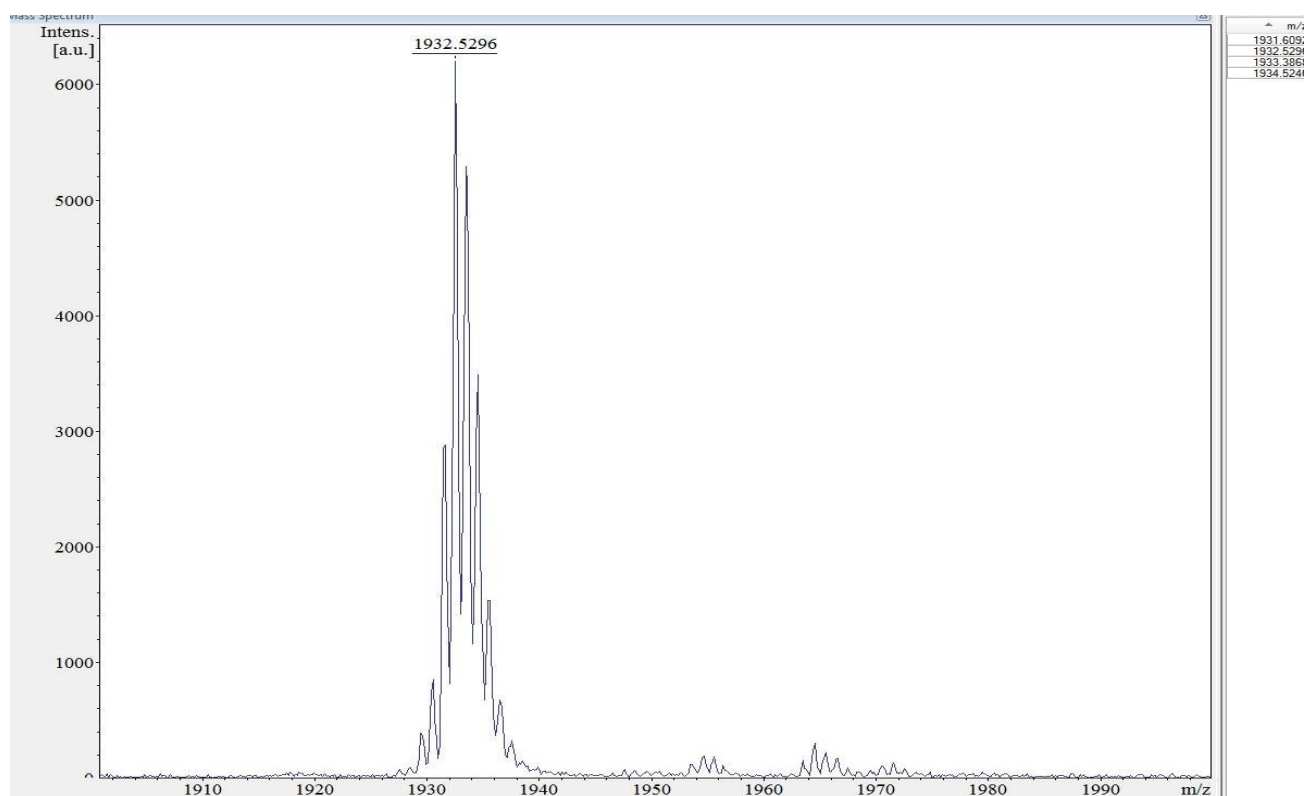


Figure S8. Zoom MALDI-TOF (m/z) for [C(WR)₅C]

Figures S9-S12. Analytical HPLC data of linear peptides (C(WR)₄C and C(WR)₅C) and cyclic peptides ([C(WR)₄C] and [C(WR)₅C]) peptides. The analytical RP-HPLC system from Shimadzu (LC-20ADXR) with a gradient system of acetonitrile and water with 0.1% TFA (v/v) was used using a reversed-phase VyDAC column (218TP54, 5 μ m, 4.60 mm x 150 mm) and flow rate of 1 mL/min with the detection at 220 nm. Analytical HPLC data showed a difference in the retention time (RT). The value between linear and cyclic peptides confirmed the formation of disulfide bridge.

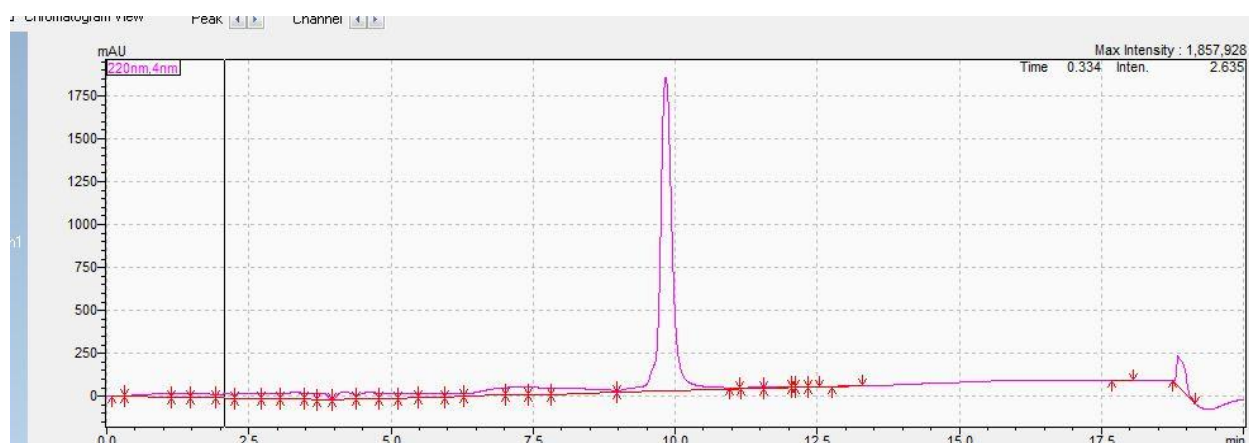


Figure S9. Analytical HPLC chromatogram for linear (C(WR)₄C).

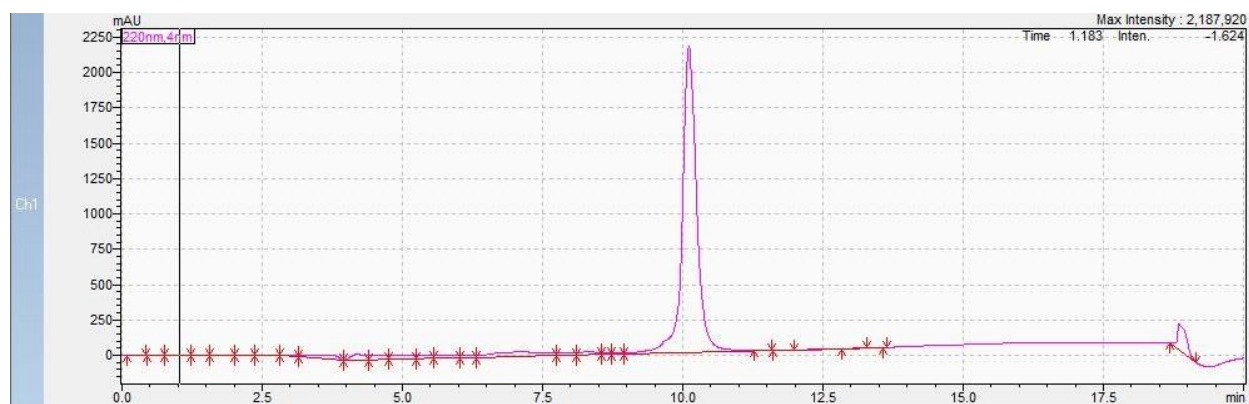


Figure S10. Analytical HPLC chromatogram for cyclic [C(WR)₄C].

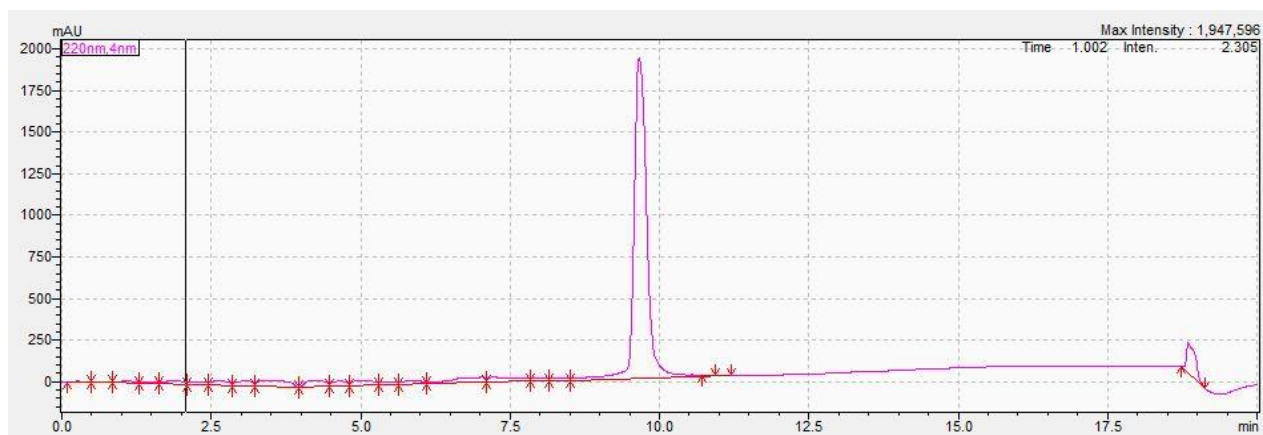


Figure S11. Analytical HPLC chromatogram for linear (C(WR)₅C).

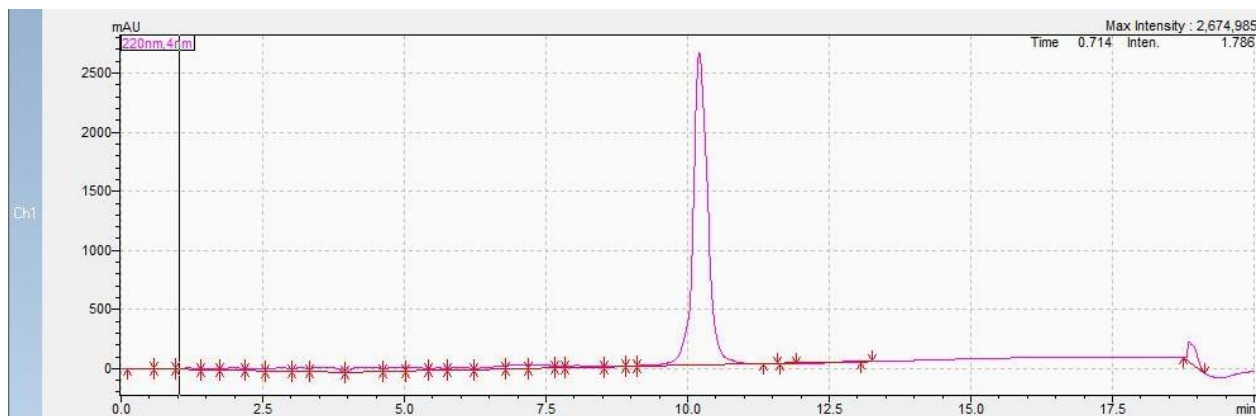


Figure S12. Analytical HPLC chromatogram for cyclic [C(WR)₅C].

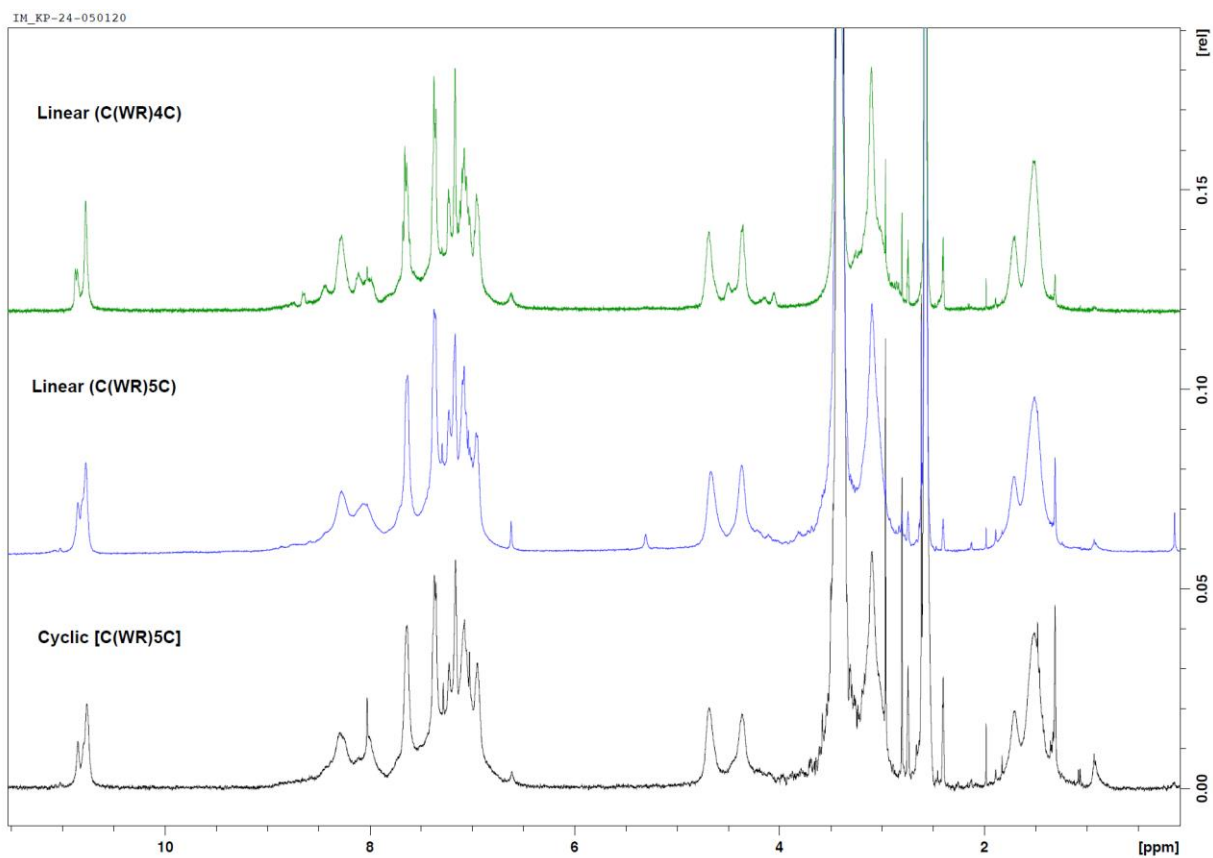


Figure S13. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) of $[\text{C}(\text{WR})_4\text{C}]$, $(\text{C}(\text{WR})_5\text{C})$, and $[\text{C}(\text{WR})_5\text{C}]$.

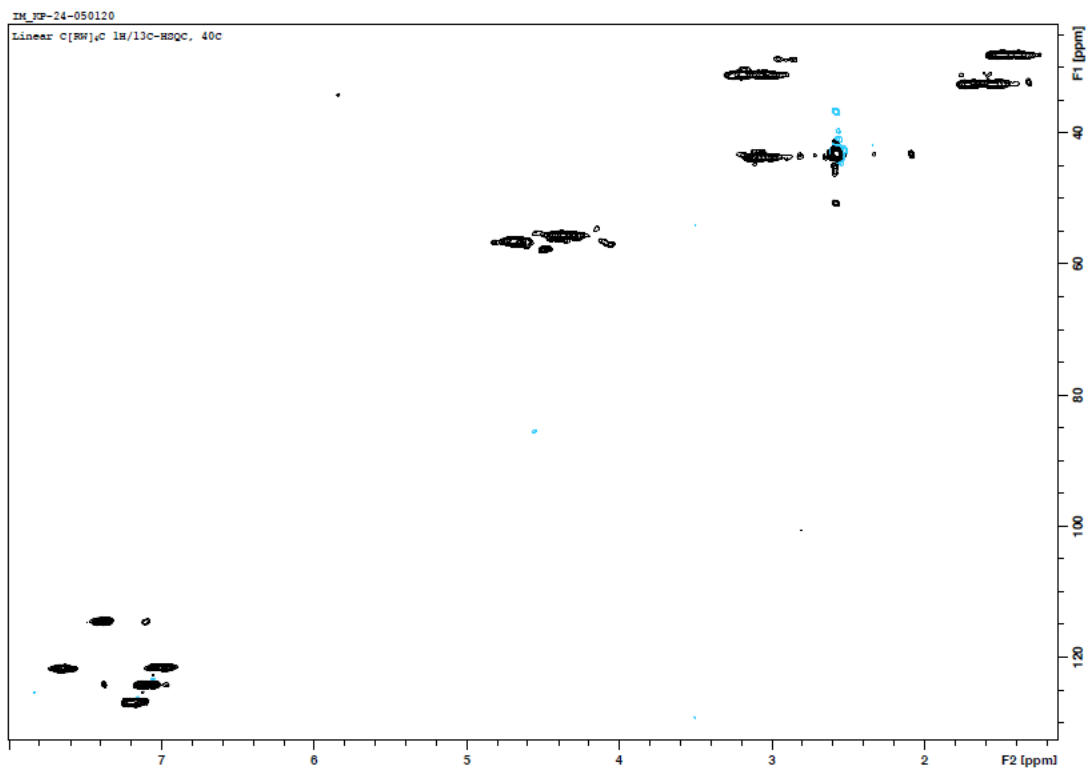


Figure S14. HSQC NMR $^1\text{H}/^{13}\text{C}$ (DMSO- d_6) of linear $(\text{C}(\text{WR})_4\text{C})$.

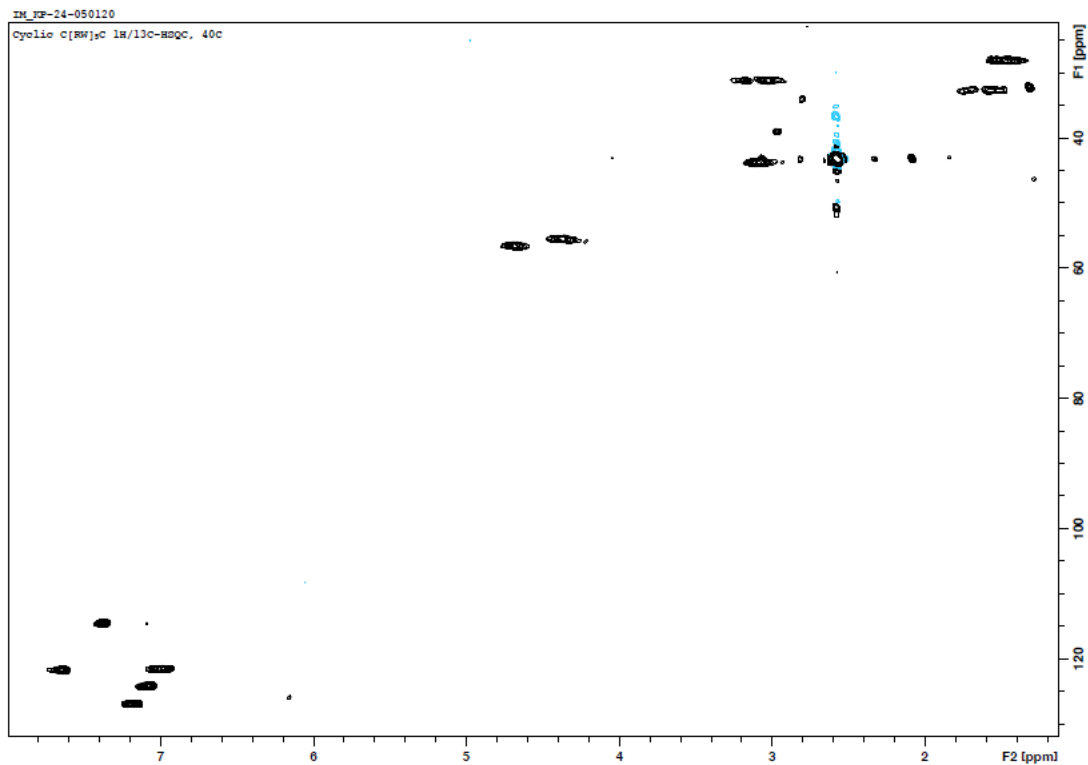


Figure S15. HSQC NMR $^1\text{H}/^{13}\text{C}$ (DMSO- d_6) of cyclic $[\text{C}(\text{WR})_5\text{C}]$.

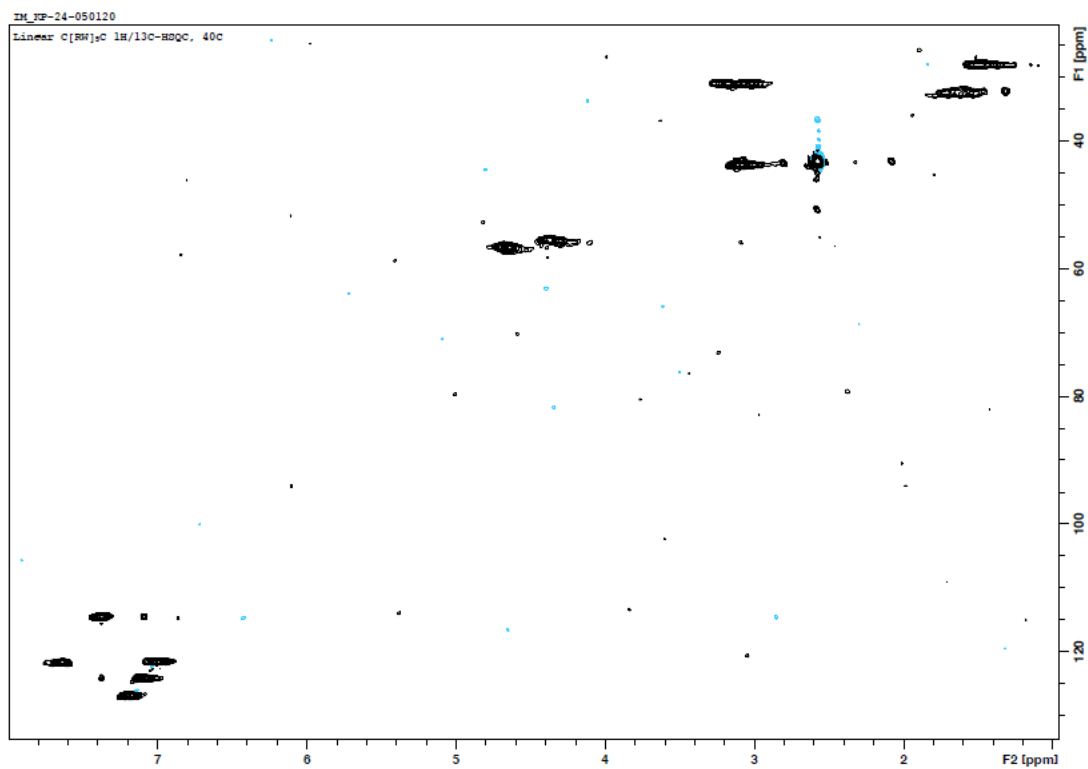


Figure S16. HSQC NMR $^1\text{H}/^{13}\text{C}$ (DMSO- d_6) of linear $(\text{C}(\text{WR})_5\text{C})$.

Ellman's Reagent Reaction. Ellman's reagent ((5,5'-dithiobis-(2-nitrobenzoic acid) or DTNB) (4 mg) was dissolved in 1 mL of DMSO. About 150 μ L of this solution was added to the peptide solution (1-2 mg in 50 μ L water) and the results were monitored visually to confirm the presence of the disulfide bridge in [C(WR)₅C]. The cyclic peptides containing the disulfide bridge showed clearly no color change, while a yellow color was observed for the linear peptides containing thiol groups. These data indicated that the cleavage of the disulfide bond in DNTB in the presence of the linear peptides containing thiol group (Figure S17).

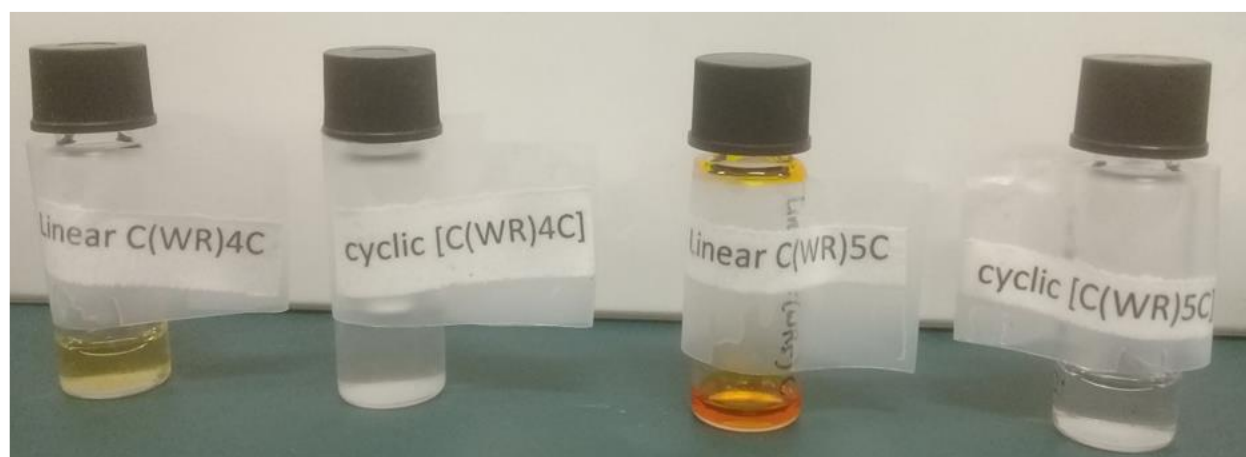


Figure S17. Ellman's reagent reaction with cyclic [C(WR)₅C], cyclic [C(WR)₄C], linear (C(WR)₅C), and linear (C(WR)₄C).