Inkjet-Printed Molybdenum Disulfide and Nitrogen-Doped Graphene Active Layer High On/Off Ratio Transistors

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Table S1. Data table for Raman measurements									
Number of printing passes	Obser vation Numb er	D Peak Position (cm ⁻¹)	G Peak Position (cm ⁻¹)	2D peak position (cm ⁻¹)	I _D (a.u.)	I _G (a.u.)	I _{2D} (a.u.)	I _D / I _G	I _{2D} / I _G
2	1	1350	1586	2690	346.907	988.156	228.163	0.351	0.230
	2	1347	1586	2682	622.268	1712.24	48.092	0.362	0.028
	3	1352	1587	2698	642.474	1342.88	66.7688	0.478	0.049
	4	1351	1583	2682	341.001	824.549	61.9599	0.413	0.075
5	1	1368	1588	2693	675.994	805.079	118.872	0.839	0.147
	2	1348	1590	2692	1002.75	2428.2	70.0268	0.412	0.028
	3	1339	1580	2666	727.288	2815.1	164.017	0.258	0.058
	4	1348	1588	2708	1269.83	1317.21	113.57	0.964	0.086
10	1	1345	1568	2693	1569.52	2468.49	397.929	0.635	0.161
	2	1345.38	1589	2711	1438.95	1587.01	164.004	0.906	0.103
	3	1344	1583	2686	1420.34	1450.28	247.944	0.979	0.170
	4	1349	1594	2686	1620.22	1729.49	165.427	0.936	0.095
Powder	1	1342	1577	2675	266.177	313.886	59.9369	0.848	0.190
	2	1341	1575	2672	263.555	250.813	50.5023	1.050	0.201
	3	1333	1572	2667	372.381	338.206	70.9321	1.101	0.209
	4	1341	1569	2680	251.053	271.474	74.2074	0.924	0.273

Optical Image of TFT:

An optical image of final device is displayed in **Figure S1.** The top-illumination on the device causes the shadow on the glass substrate background. The source/drain and gate contacts are looking dissimilar due to the different curing temperatures.



Figure S1. An optical image of final transistor.



Figure S2. Absorbance spectrum for solvents of a) NDG ink, and b) MoS₂ ink.



Figure S3. Gate leakage measurement of MoS₂ – NDG transistor.



Figure S4. a) Transfer characteristics, and b) output curve of NDG transistor.

Comparison of Current On/Off Ratios:

Table S2 compares the current ratios and synthesis methods of 2D material TFTs. The comparison is also depicted with a bar graph in **Figure S5**. The LPE and IJP stand for liquid phase exfoliation, and inkjet printing respectively. The current on/off ratio of an MoS₂-NDG transistor is very high

compared to the reported IJP and LPE deposited 2D material transistors. For the TFTs of reference 11, they sprayed the dielectric and the measurements were carried out under ultra-high vacuum and low temperature. These devices were not all inkjet printed. 100% inkjet-printed devices do not require photolithography patterning, or surface pretreatment steps, and a complete device can be fabricated with one inkjet printer. In summary, we developed a 2D materials based, 100% inkjet-printed, high current on/off ratio transistor based on 2D materials active or channel layer.

Table S2. Comparison of on/off ratios of 2D materials TFTs									
Reference	On/Off Ratio	Material	Deposition	100% inkjet printed					
1	10	Graphene	IJP	No					
2	2.5	Graphene	IJP	Yes					
3	<10	MoS_2	LPE	No					
4	3 ~ 6	MoS_2	IJP	No					
5	1.2	Graphene	IJP	No					
6	3~4	MoS ₂	LPE	No					
7	10	MoS ₂	IJP	No					
8	25	WSe ₂	IJP	No					
Our work	1200	MoS ₂ -NDG	IJP	Yes					



Figure S5. Comparison of previously reported current on/off ratios.

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