

Supplementary Material

An Analytical Method for the Biomonitoring of Mercury in Bees and Beehive Products by Cold Vapor Atomic Fluorescence Spectrometry

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Table S1 - Summary of the analytical characteristics of the proposed method and comparison with some previous methods published during the last decade (2010-2020).

| Reference | Sample matrix | Sample preparation | Total sample digestion time | Technique | LOD | LOQ | Accuracy (R%) | Precision (CV%) | Dynamic range (Log) |
|------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|--|---|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| This study | Bees, honey, beeswax, honeydew, pollen, propolis, and royal jelly | 0.02 g bee, pollen, propolis and royal jelly, 0.05 g beeswax and honey, or 0.1 g honeydew + 0.5 mL HCl, 0.2 mL HNO ₃ and 0.1 mL H ₂ O ₂ were digested in a water bath (95 °C, 30 min) → volume completed to 5 mL deionized water. | About 30 min for 120 samples or more. | CV-AFS | 0.5 µg kg ⁻¹ (for a sample mass of 0.1 g)–3 µg kg ⁻¹ (for a sample mass of 0.02 g) | 1 µg kg ⁻¹ (for a sample mass of 0.1 g)–5 µg kg ⁻¹ (for a sample mass of 0.02 g) | 86 (honey, 0.05 g)–117% (royal jelly, 0.02 g) | <10% | 1.9 |
| [1] | Bees, honey, and pollen | 20–200 mg bee, 20–100 mg pollen or 50–200 mg honey + 0.2 mL HNO ₃ followed by 0.1 mL H ₂ O ₂ in a digestion block (80 °C, 2 h total); samples were made up to a final volume of 6 mL. | 2h | ICP-MS | 14, and 4 µg kg ⁻¹ for a honey sample mass of 0.05 and 0.2 g, respectively | - | 96 (B)–129% (As) for trace elements and 91 (Pr)–112% (La) for rare earth elements | <15% | - |
| [2] | Bees, honey, pollen, and propolis | For the bee samples drying at 100 °C for 48 h preceded microwave digestion. 1g honey, and pollen, 0.25 g propolis, or 0.1 g bees dried weight (at 100 °C for 48 h) + 5 mL HNO ₃ and 2.5 mL H ₂ O ₂ were digested in the microwave oven (30 min) → volume completed to 25 mL | About 30 min | CV-AAS | 50 µg kg ⁻¹ for honey, 60 µg kg ⁻¹ for pollen, 300 µg kg ⁻¹ for propolis and 800 µg kg ⁻¹ dw for bees | - | 64 (propolis)–129% (honey) | <13% | 0.6 |
| [3] | Honey | 0.1–2 g + 0.5 mL HNO ₃ and 0.5 mL H ₂ O ₂ → the mixture allowed to stand for 12 h → heated to 100 °C in a metal block for 3 h → volume brought to 25 mL by adding 0.5 mol L ⁻¹ HCl. | 15 h | Cloud point extraction (CPE), CV-ICP-OES or ICP-OES | 2 µg kg ⁻¹ (CPE CV-ICP OES)–300 µg kg ⁻¹ (ICP-OES) | - | R% close to 100% when up to 2.0 g of honey were subjected to sonication or up to 1.0 g of honey was decomposed with acid. | - | 0.5 (ICP-OES)–1.5 (CPE CV-ICP OES) |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------------------------|--|--------|--|---|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| [4] | Honey | 0.5 g + 3 mL HNO ₃ and 4 mL H ₂ O ₂ were digested in the microwave oven (1400 W, 30 min) → volume completed to 50 mL high-purity water | 30 min | CV-AFS | 0.15 µg kg ⁻¹ | - | 99% | 1% | - |
| [5] | Honey | 0.5 g sample + 4 mL HNO ₃ and 2 mL H ₂ O ₂ were digested in the microwave oven (1400 W, 30 min) → volume completed to 50 mL double deionised water | 30 min | AMA | 0.1 µg kg ⁻¹ | - | 99% | - | 3.7 |
| [6] | Honey | For CV-AAS analysis: dilution in an acidic solution without heating. In the case of DMA, sample preparation was not necessary. | - | DMA or CV-AAS | 1 or 30 µg kg ⁻¹ using DMA or CV-AAS, respectively | 2.5 or 60 µg kg ⁻¹ using DMA or CV-AAS, respectively | CV-AAS: 98.7–102.4%; DMA: 95.6–99.1% | CV-AAS: 3.5–5.7%; DMA: 2.7–3.4% | 1.3 or 1.5 for DMA or CV-AAS, respectively |
| [7] | Honey | 1 g sample + 12 mL HNO ₃ and 3 mL H ₂ O ₂ were digested in the microwave oven | - | GF-AAS with a flow injection analysis system | - | - | 91–113% | <10% | - |
| [8] | Bees, honey, and pollen | No sample pretreatment | - | AMA | 0.5 µg kg ⁻¹ | - | - | - | - |
| [9] | Bees | bee were dried in a moisture analyzer to constant weight at 105 °C and ground → were digested in the microwave oven (45 min) → volume completed to 50 mL | 45 min | ICP-OES | 1 mg kg ⁻¹ | - | - | - | - |
| [10] | Honey, and pollen | 0.5 g honey, and 0.3 g pollen + 7 mL HNO ₃ and 2 mL H ₂ O ₂ were digested in the microwave oven (from 180 to 240 °C, 40 min) → volume completed to 50 mL with deionized water. | 40 min | ICP-MS | - | - | - | - | - |
| [11] | Beeswax, and honey | 0.25 g beeswax + 5 mL HNO ₃ and 1 mL H ₂ O ₂ or 2 g honey + 5 mL HNO ₃ were pre-digested at room temperature for 30 min, then digested using microwave oven (20 min) | 50 min | High-Resolution ICP-OES | 0.1 or 0.3 µg kg ⁻¹ for honey or beeswax, respectively | 0.4 or 9 µg kg ⁻¹ for honey or beeswax, respectively | - | - | - |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|------|---------------------|---|---------|--|------------------------|------------------------|---------|-------|---|
| [12] | Pollen | 0.65-0.70 g + 10 mL HNO ₃ and 3 mL H ₂ O ₂ were digested in the microwave oven → volume completed to 25 mL with a 5% HCl (v/v). | 120 min | Hydride Generator coupled with ICP-OES | 0.4 µg L ⁻¹ | 2 µg L ⁻¹ | 79–123% | 6.4% | - |
| [13] | Propolis | ~0.1 g; no sample pre-treatment | - | AMA-254 | - | 2 µg kg ⁻¹ | 98% | <5.1% | 2 |
| [14] | Honey, and propolis | 2 g of lyophilized samples + 5 mL HNO ₃ were heated at 50 °C for 2 h and then at 110 °C for 18 h; in the next step 5 mL H ₂ O ₂ was added to the digested sample and was heated for 6 h → volume completed to 25 mL. | 26 h | GF-AAS | - | - | - | - | - |
| [15] | Bees | 0.7 g of lyophilized sample + 7 ml HNO ₃ and 1.5 mL H ₂ O ₂ were digested | - | DMA | - | 10 µg kg ⁻¹ | - | - | - |
| [16] | Bees | ~0.5 g of dried sample + 7 ml HNO ₃ and 2 mL H ₂ O ₂ were digested in the microwave oven → volume completed to 25 mL with deionized water. | 30 min | ICP-MS | 10 µg kg ⁻¹ | - | 94–108% | - | - |

Table S2. Recovery and precision data for Hg in bees and beehive products (n = 3) by water bath digestion (95 °C, 30 min or 60 min).

| Matrix | mass (g) | Intermediate level spike | | | | High level spike | | | |
|-------------|----------|---------------------------|-----|--------|-----|-------------------------|-----|--------|-----|
| | | (0.2 µg L ⁻¹) | | | | (1 µg L ⁻¹) | | | |
| | | 30 min | | 60 min | | 30 min | | 60 min | |
| | | R% | CV% | R% | CV% | R% | CV% | R% | CV% |
| Honey | 0.05 | 116 | 9.3 | 119 | 8.1 | 96 | 7.8 | 91 | 0.6 |
| | 0.1 | 104 | 14 | 115 | 4.8 | 96 | 3.0 | 92 | 4.0 |
| | 0.2 | 79 | 9.4 | 116 | 19 | 82 | 3.7 | 54 | 28 |
| | 1 | 48 | 52 | 71 | 9.7 | 82 | 8.9 | 18 | 2.8 |
| Honeydew | 0.05 | 121 | 6.5 | 113 | 4.1 | 101 | 3.5 | 94 | 4.9 |
| | 0.1 | 113 | 10 | 113 | 2.5 | 91 | 8.4 | 90 | 9.0 |
| | 0.2 | 107 | 21 | 114 | 2.8 | 82 | 1.5 | 92 | 2.6 |
| | 1 | 134 | 9.2 | 91 | 11 | 81 | 2.6 | 16 | 1.6 |
| Pollen | 0.02 | 90 | 3.7 | 110 | 5.9 | 95 | 3.6 | 84 | 1.4 |
| | 0.05 | 99 | 6.2 | 110 | 6.4 | 93 | 5.5 | 92 | 3.9 |
| | 0.1 | 116 | 5.7 | 113 | 4.6 | 91 | 5.7 | 91 | 5.5 |
| | 0.2 | 92 | 2.3 | 108 | 8.0 | 91 | 0.9 | 100 | 7.3 |
| Propolis | 0.02 | 98 | 8.6 | 109 | 9.3 | 91 | 2.5 | 80 | 3.9 |
| | 0.05 | 131 | 4.0 | 153 | 21 | 80 | 4.3 | 80 | 1.0 |
| | 0.1 | 161 | 15 | 145 | 19 | 55 | 26 | 74 | 37 |
| | 0.2 | 228 | 9.2 | 144 | 56 | 131 | 45 | 99 | 41 |
| Beeswax | 0.02 | 97 | 11 | 116 | 1.1 | 99 | 5.7 | 95 | 3.6 |
| | 0.05 | 111 | 8.5 | 112 | 0.7 | 99 | 2.0 | 93 | 6.1 |
| | 0.1 | 101 | 0.8 | 117 | 1.3 | 102 | 9.2 | 82 | 4.2 |
| | 0.2 | 110 | 13 | 108 | 0.5 | 76 | 39 | 89 | 5.0 |
| Royal Jelly | 0.02 | 108 | 4.4 | 111 | 5.8 | 110 | 0.9 | 95 | 2.0 |
| | 0.05 | 110 | 2.4 | 96 | 2.7 | 110 | 0.8 | 86 | 3.0 |
| | 0.1 | 100 | 2.8 | 87 | 6.0 | 101 | 3.2 | 89 | 7.7 |
| | 0.2 | 102 | 6.7 | 88 | 0.8 | 105 | 2.2 | 88 | 4.4 |
| Bees | 0.02 | 97 | 4.5 | 92 | 9.9 | 91 | 10 | 86 | 1.1 |
| | 0.05 | 99 | 4.1 | 105 | 8.9 | 97 | 9.8 | 80 | 0.1 |
| | 0.1 | 82 | 8.7 | 100 | 9.0 | 93 | 5.1 | 85 | 3.5 |
| | 0.2 | 108 | 7.8 | 99 | 0.7 | 98 | 7.0 | 89 | 3.6 |

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