

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

Insecticidal Activity and Free Radical Scavenging Properties of Isolated Phytoconstituents from the Saudi Plant *Nuxia oppositifolia* (Hochst.)

Shaza M. Al-Massarani^{1*}, Ali A. El-Gamal^{1,2}, Adnan J. Al-Rehaily¹, Ebtesam S. Al-Sheddi¹, Mai M. Al-Oqail¹, Nida N.

Farshori¹, Alden S. Estep^{3,4}, Nurhayat Tabanca⁵, James J. Becnel³

¹Department of Pharmacognosy, King Saud University, College of Pharmacy, P.O. Box 2457, Riyadh Saudi Arabia

²Department of Pharmacognosy, Mansoura University, College of Pharmacy, 35516, El-Mansoura, Egypt

³USDA, ARS, Center for Medical, Agricultural, and Veterinary Entomology, Gainesville, FL 32608 USA

⁴Navy Entomology Center of Excellence, CMAVE Detachment, 1700 SW 23rd Drive, Gainesville, FL 32608 USA

⁵USDA-ARS, Subtropical Horticulture Research Station, 13601 Old Cutler Rd., Miami, FL 33158 USA

*Corresponding author: salmassarani@ksu.edu.sa

Abstract

Abstract: Chromatographic purification of the alcoholic extract of the aerial parts of the Saudi plant *Nuxia oppositifolia* (Hochst.) Benth., led to the isolation of five phenolic compounds. Two flavones, hispidulin (**1**) and jaceosidin (**2**), and the phenylethanoid glycosides, verbascoside (**3**), isoverbascoside (**4**) and conandroside (**5**), were identified. Their chemical structures were determined based on extensive spectroscopic analyses. The insecticidal activity of compounds **1** and **2**, in addition to 11 compounds isolated in a previous research (**6-16**), was evaluated against the Yellow Fever mosquito, *Aedes aegypti*. Four compounds displayed adulticidal activity with LD₅₀ values of 2–2.3 µg/mosquito. Further, the free radical scavenging properties of the plant extracts and compounds (**1-5**) were evaluated by measuring 1,1-diphenyl-2-picrylhydrazyl radical (DPPH) and 2,2'-azino-bis (3-ethylbenzothiazoline-6-sulfonate radical cation (ABTS^{•+}) scavenging activity. All compounds exhibited notable activity, compared to the positive control, L-ascorbic acid. This study suggests that *N. oppositifolia* can be considered a promising source of secondary metabolites with lethal adulticidal effect against *Ae. aegypti*.

Keywords: *Nuxia oppositifolia*; flavonoids; phenylethanoid; triterpenes; Mosquito control; biopesticides; *Ae. aegypti*; free radical scavenging

Contents

Figure S1 ¹HNMR (500MHz, DMSO) spectrum of compound **1**

Figure S2 COSY (500 MHz, DMSO) spectrum of compound **1**

Figure S3 ¹³CNMR (125MHz, DMSO) spectrum of compound **1**

Figure S4 DEPT experiment (125MHz, DMSO) spectrum of compound **1**

Figure S5 HSQC (500 MHz, DMSO) spectrum of compound **1**

Figure S6 HMBC (500 MHz, DMSO) spectrum of compound **1**

Figure S7 ¹HNMR (500MHz, DMSO) spectrum of compound **2**

Figure S8 COSY (500 MHz, DMSO) spectrum of compound **2**

Figure S9 ¹³CNMR (125MHz, DMSO) spectrum of compound **2**

Figure S10 DEPT experiment (125MHz, DMSO) spectrum of compound **2**

Figure S11 HSQC (500 MHz, DMSO) spectrum of compound **2**

Figure S12 HMBC (500 MHz, DMSO) spectrum of compound 2

Figure S13 ^1H NMR (500MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 3

Figure S14 COSY (500 MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 3

Figure S15 ^{13}C NMR (125MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 3

Figure S16 DEPT experiment (125MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 3

Figure S17 HSQC (500 MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 3

Figure S18 HMBC (500 MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 3

Figure S19 ^1H NMR (500MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 4

Figure S20 Expanded ^1H NMR (500MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 4

Figure S21 ^{13}C NMR (125MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 4

Figure S22 DEPT experiment (125MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 4

Figure S19 ^1H NMR (500MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 5

Figure S20 COSY (500 MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 5

Figure S21 ^{13}C NMR (125MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 5

Figure S22 DEPT experiment (125MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 5

Figure S23 HSQC (500 MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 5

Figure S24 HMBC (500 MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 5

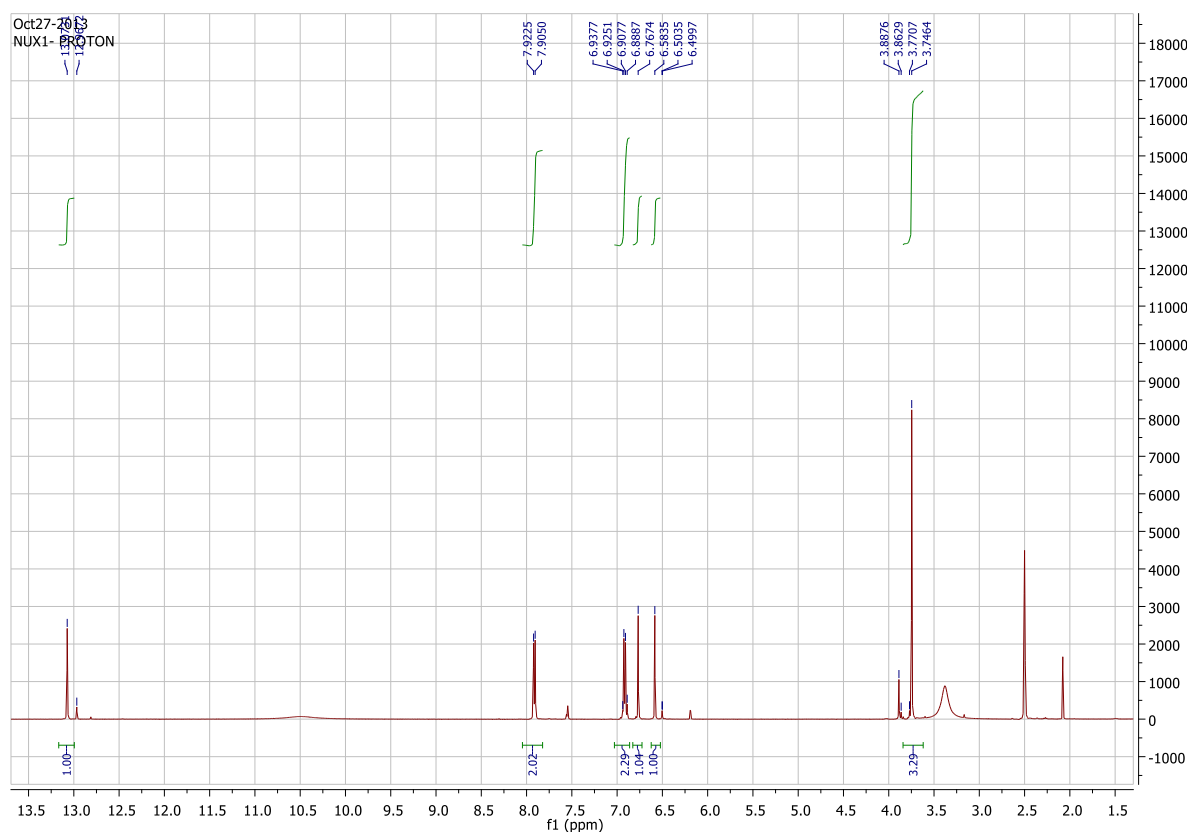


Figure S1 ^1H NMR (500MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 1

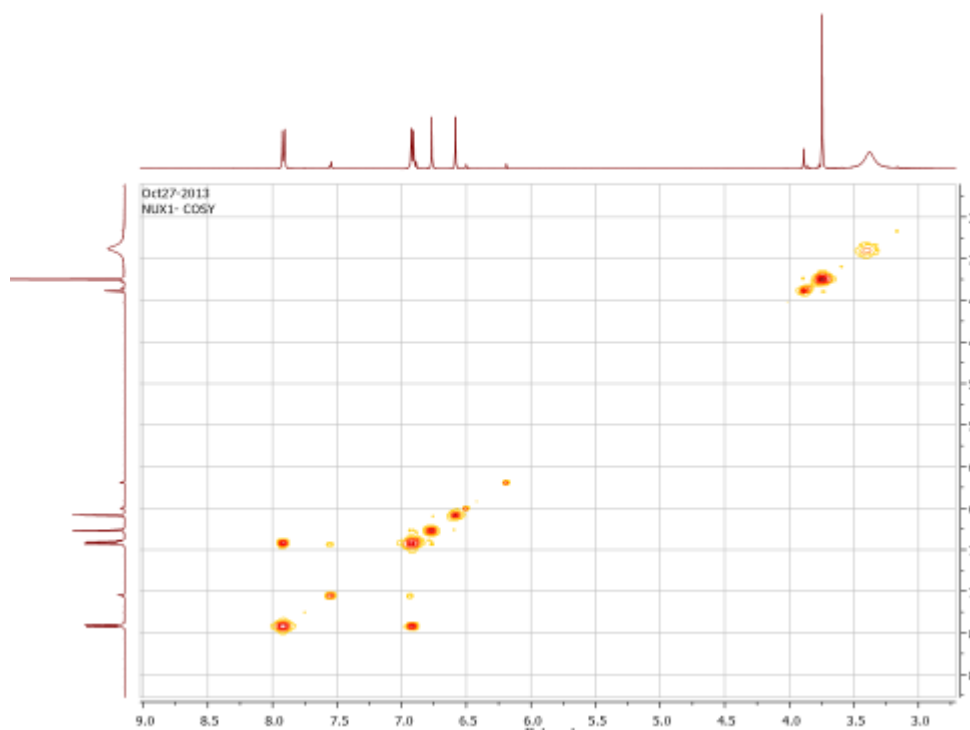


Figure S2 COSY (500 MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of compound 1

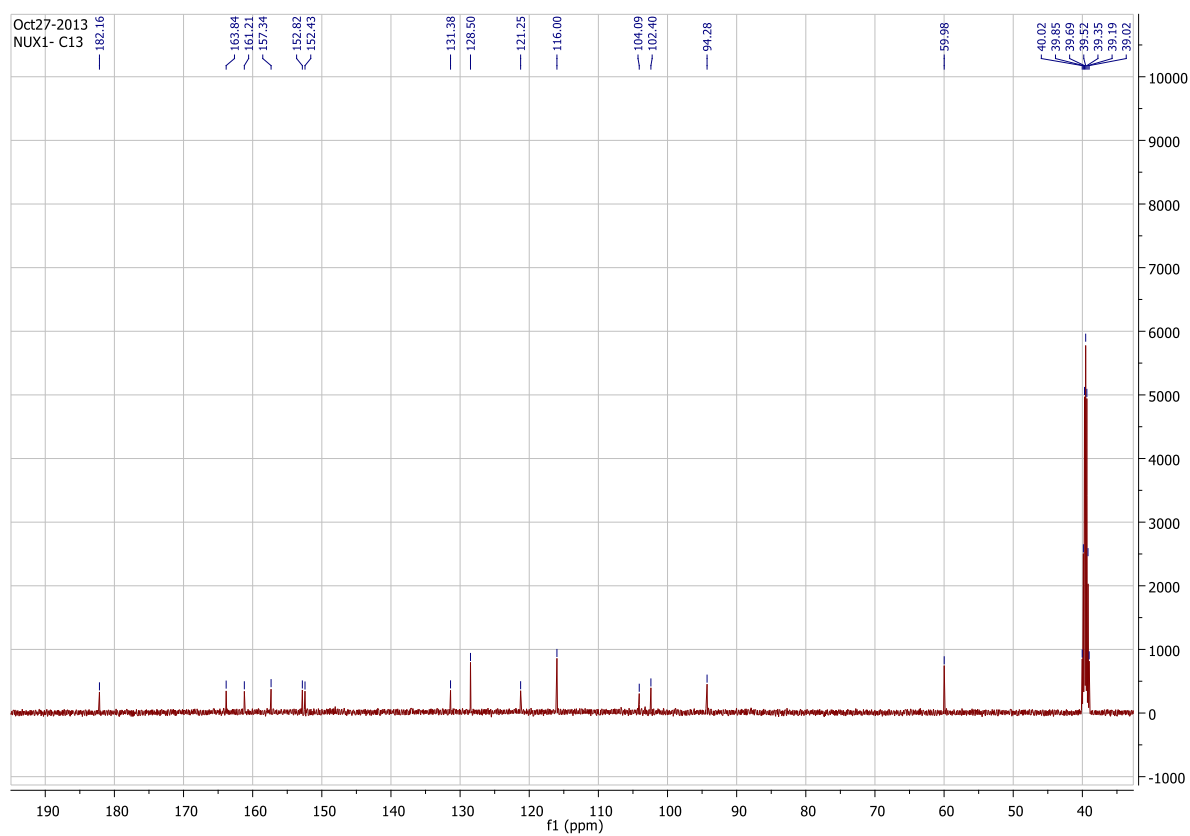


Figure S3 ¹³CNMR (125MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of compound 1

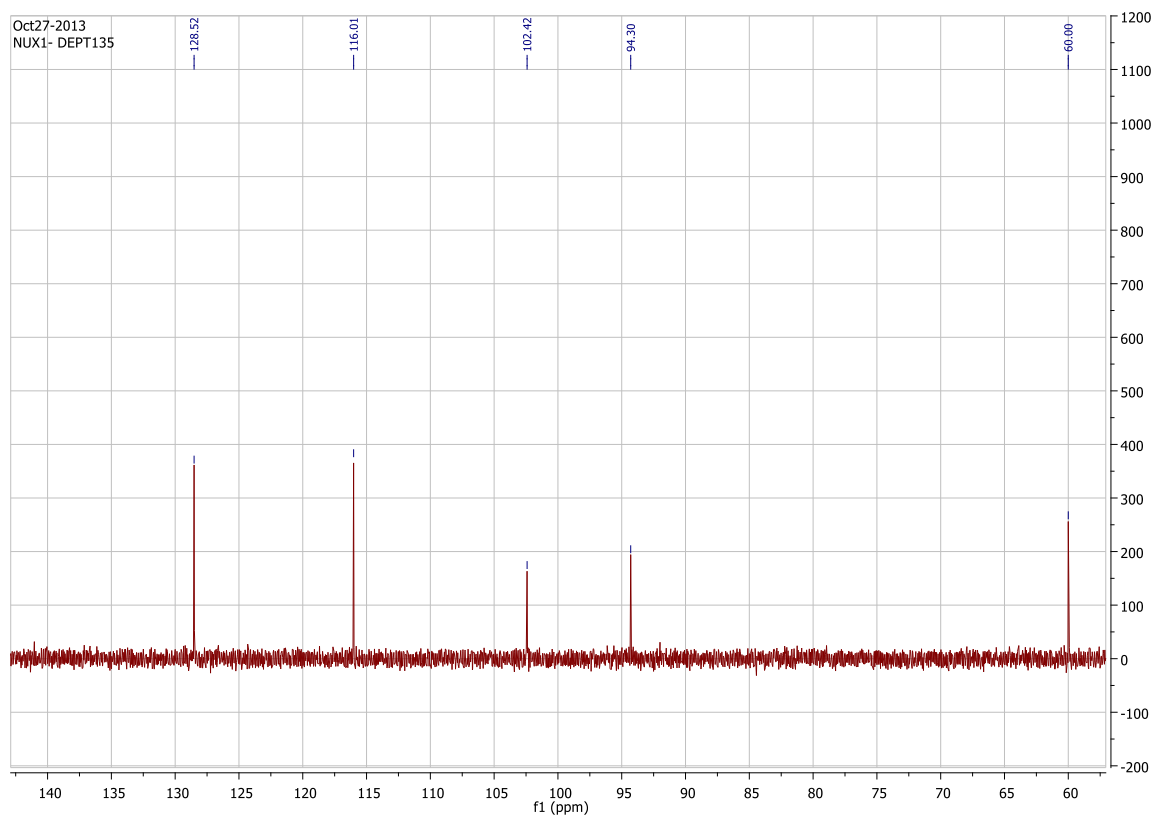


Figure S4 DEPT experiment (125MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of compound **1**

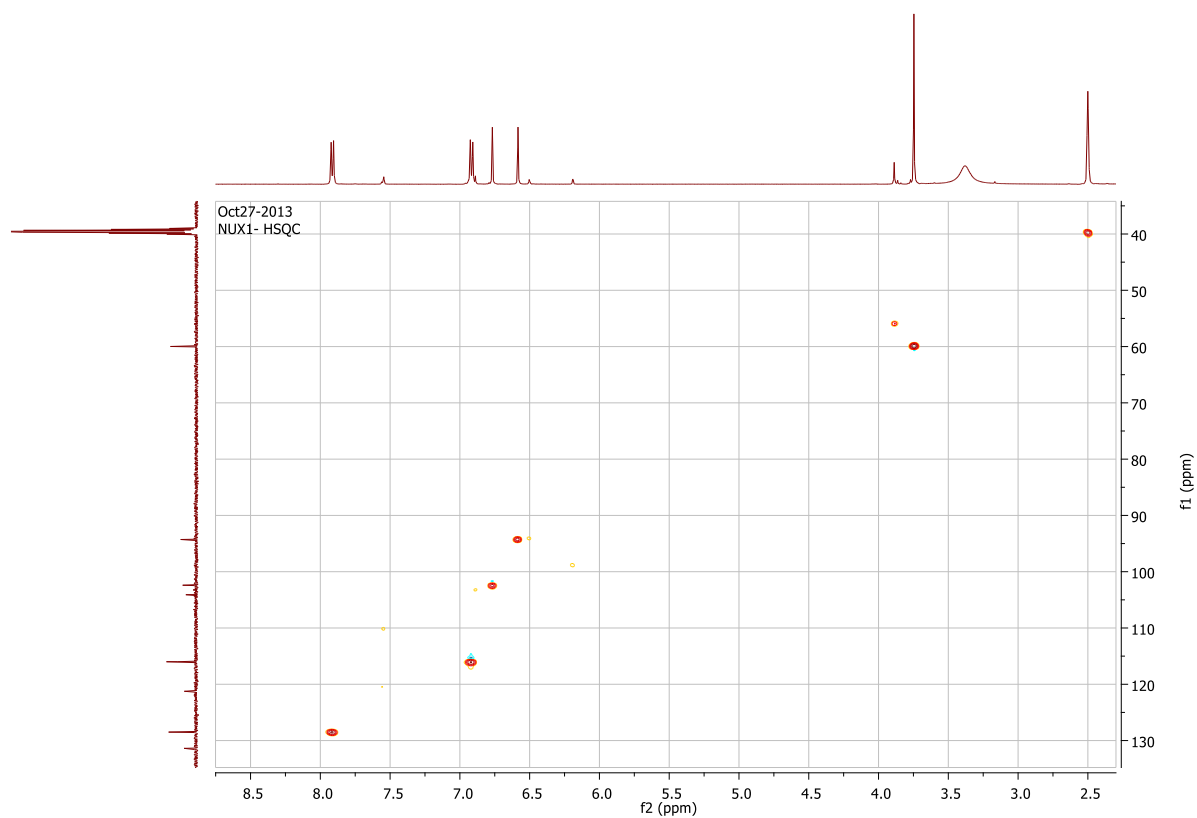


Figure S5 HSQC (500 MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of compound **1**

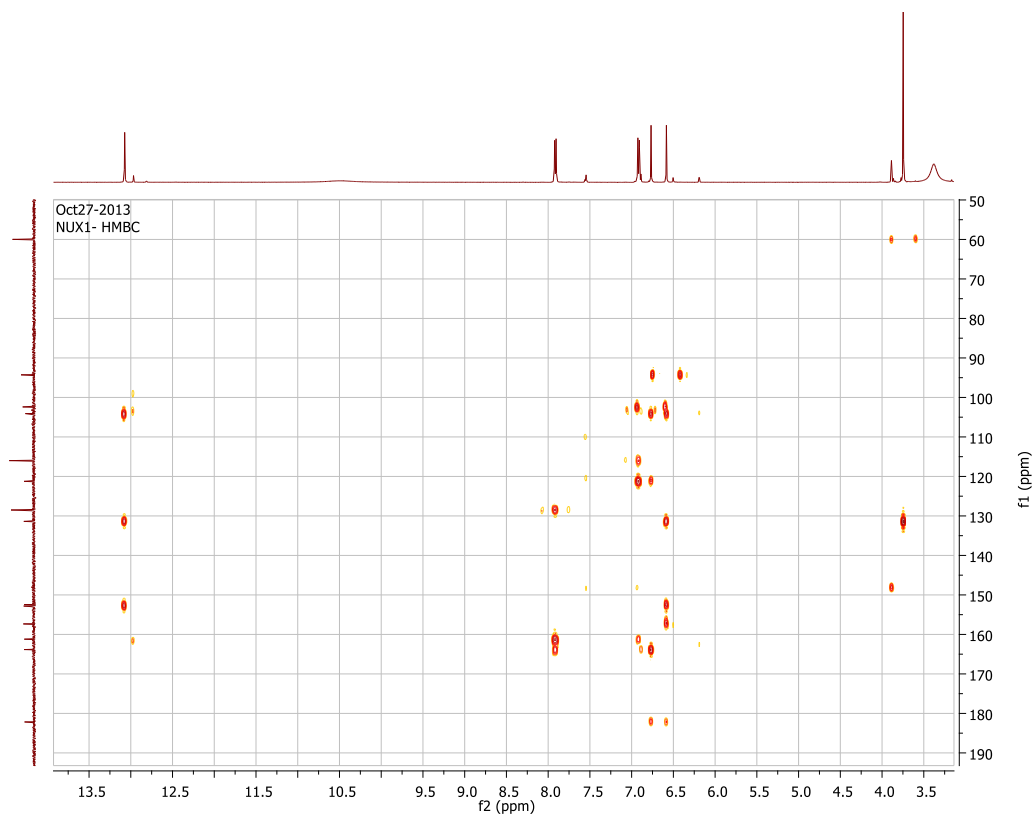


Figure S6 HMBC spectrum (500 MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of compound **1**

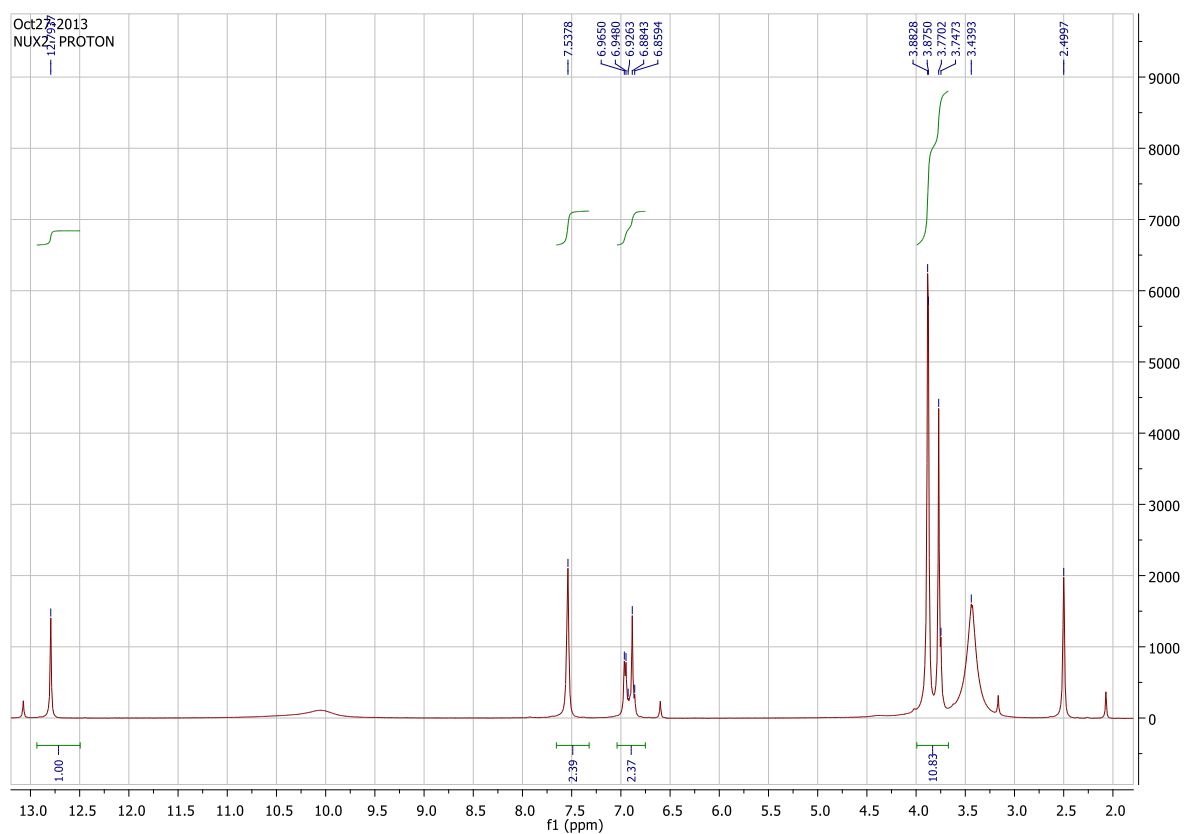


Figure S7 ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of compound **2**

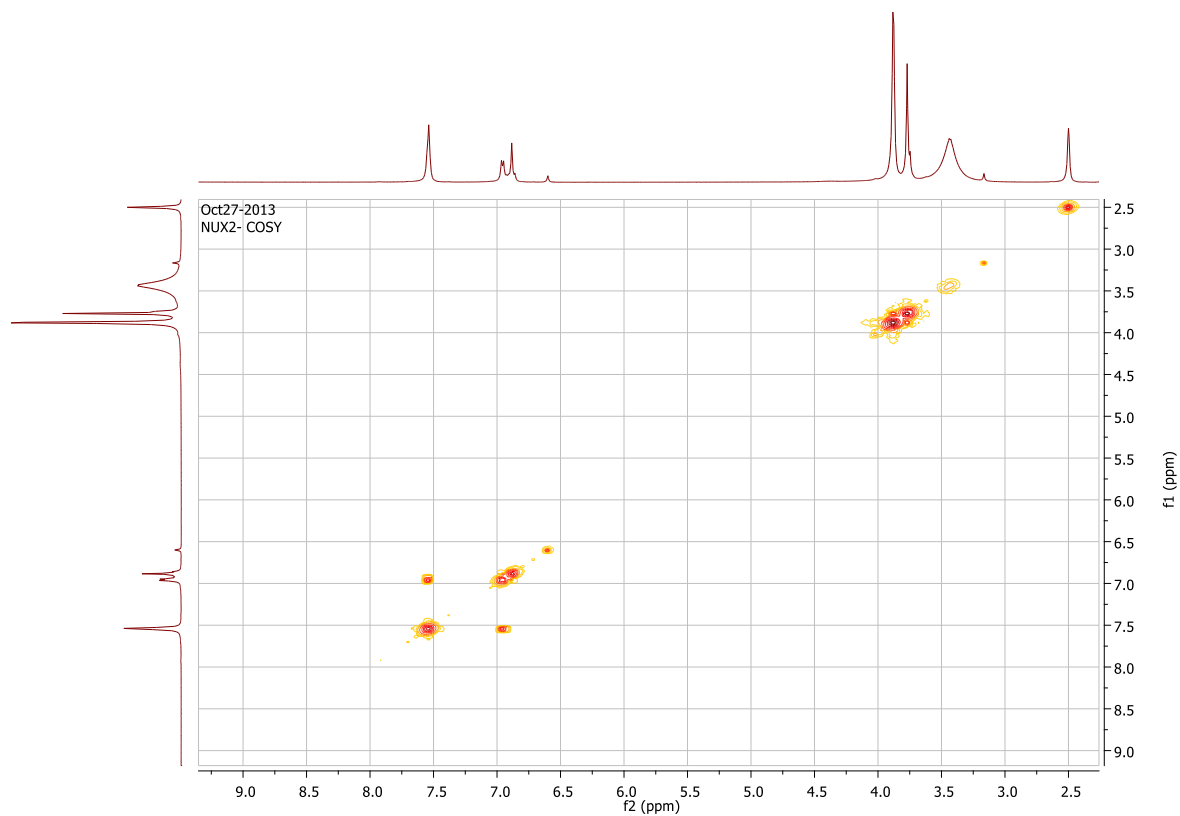


Figure S8 COSY (500 MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of compound **2**

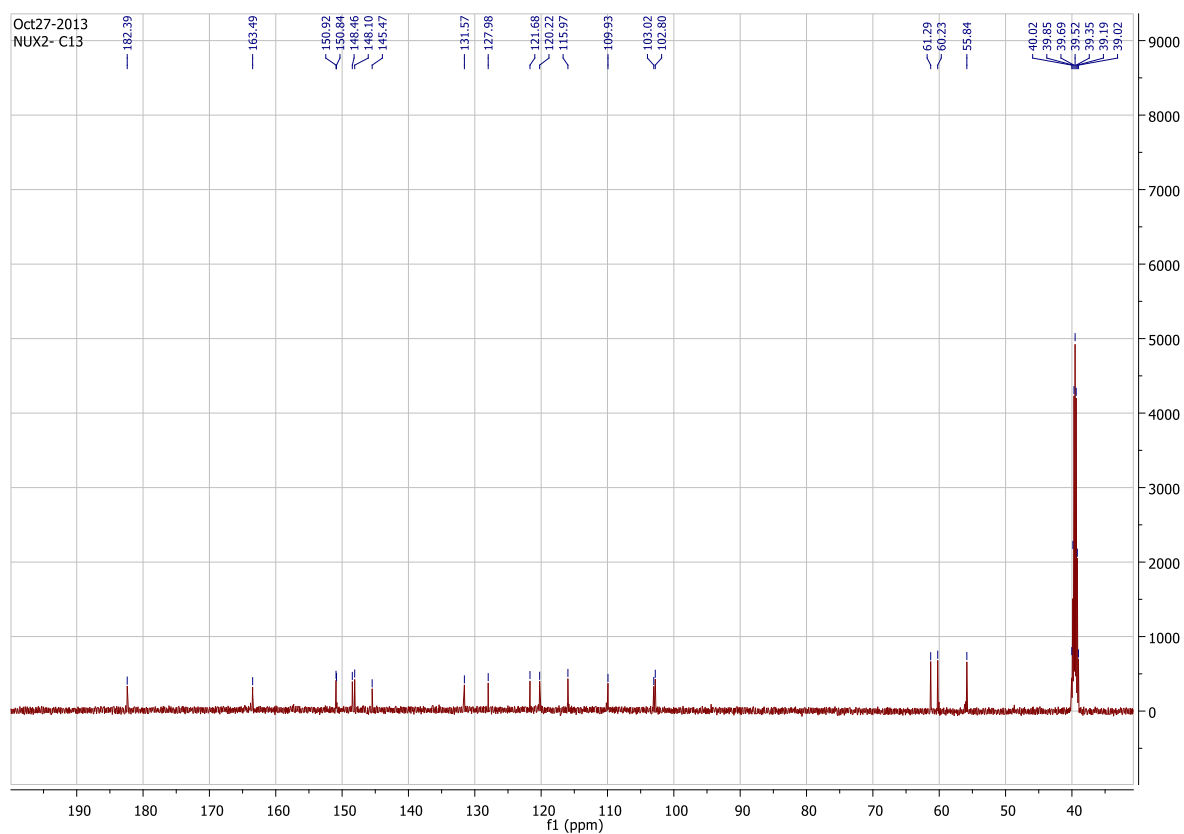


Figure S9 ¹³CNMR (125MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of compound **2**

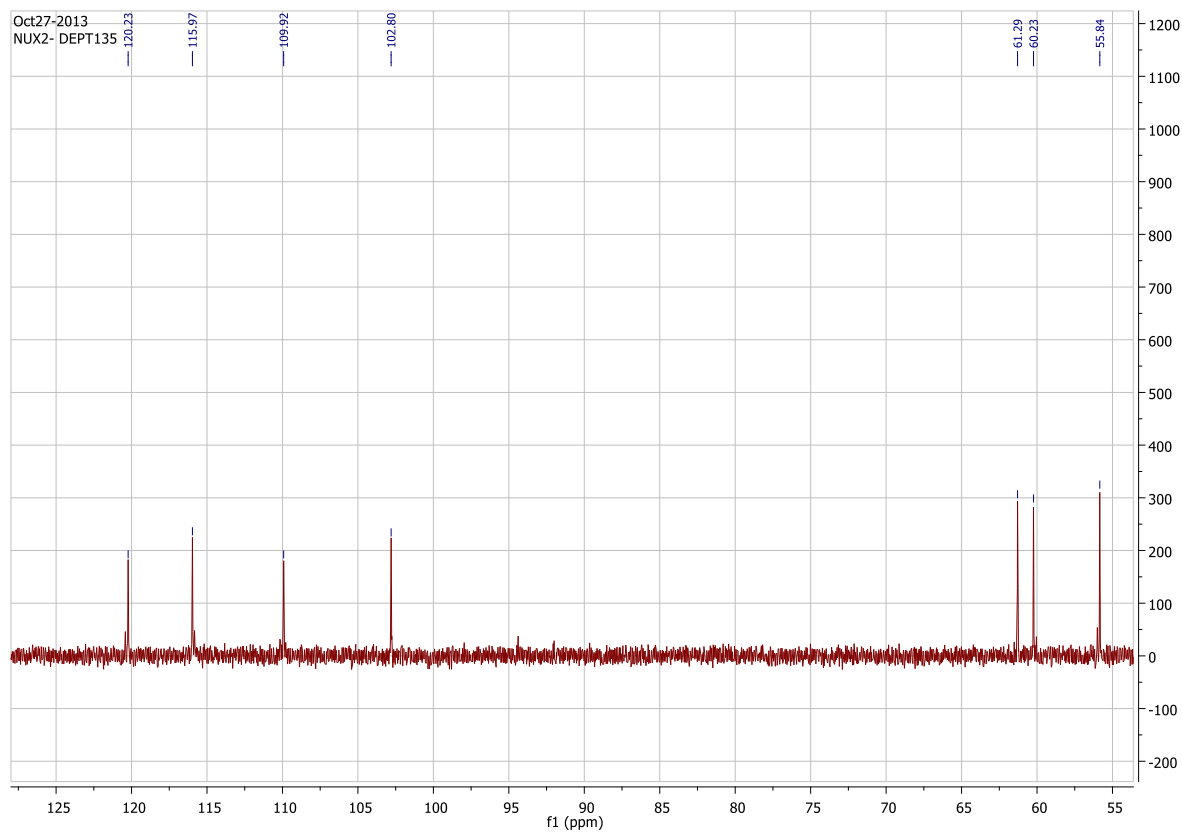


Figure S10 DEPT experiment (125MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of compound 2

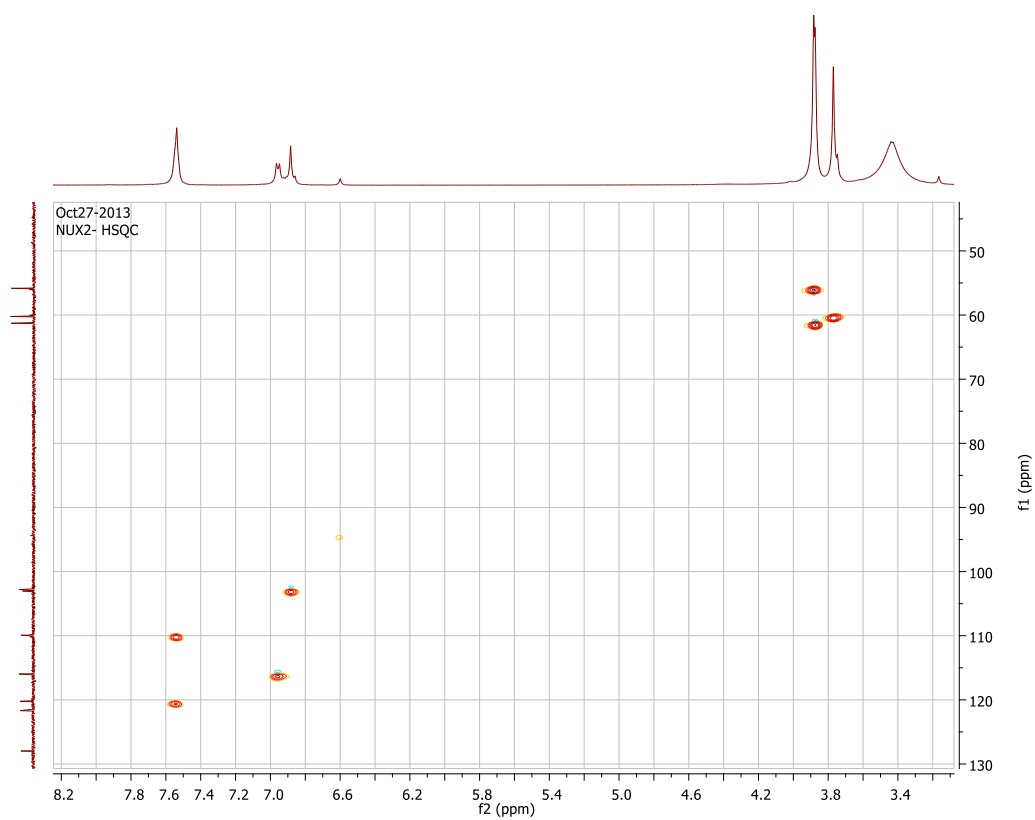


Figure S11 HSQC (500 MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of compound 2

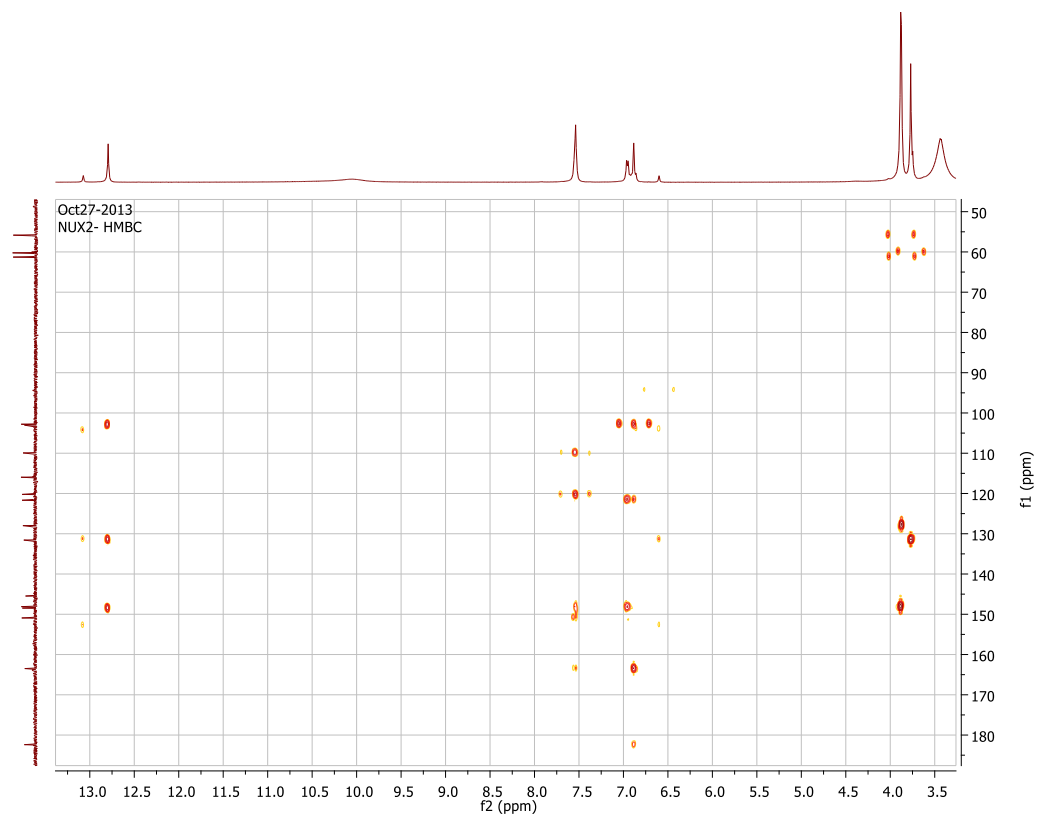


Figure S12 HMBC spectrum (500 MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of compound **2**

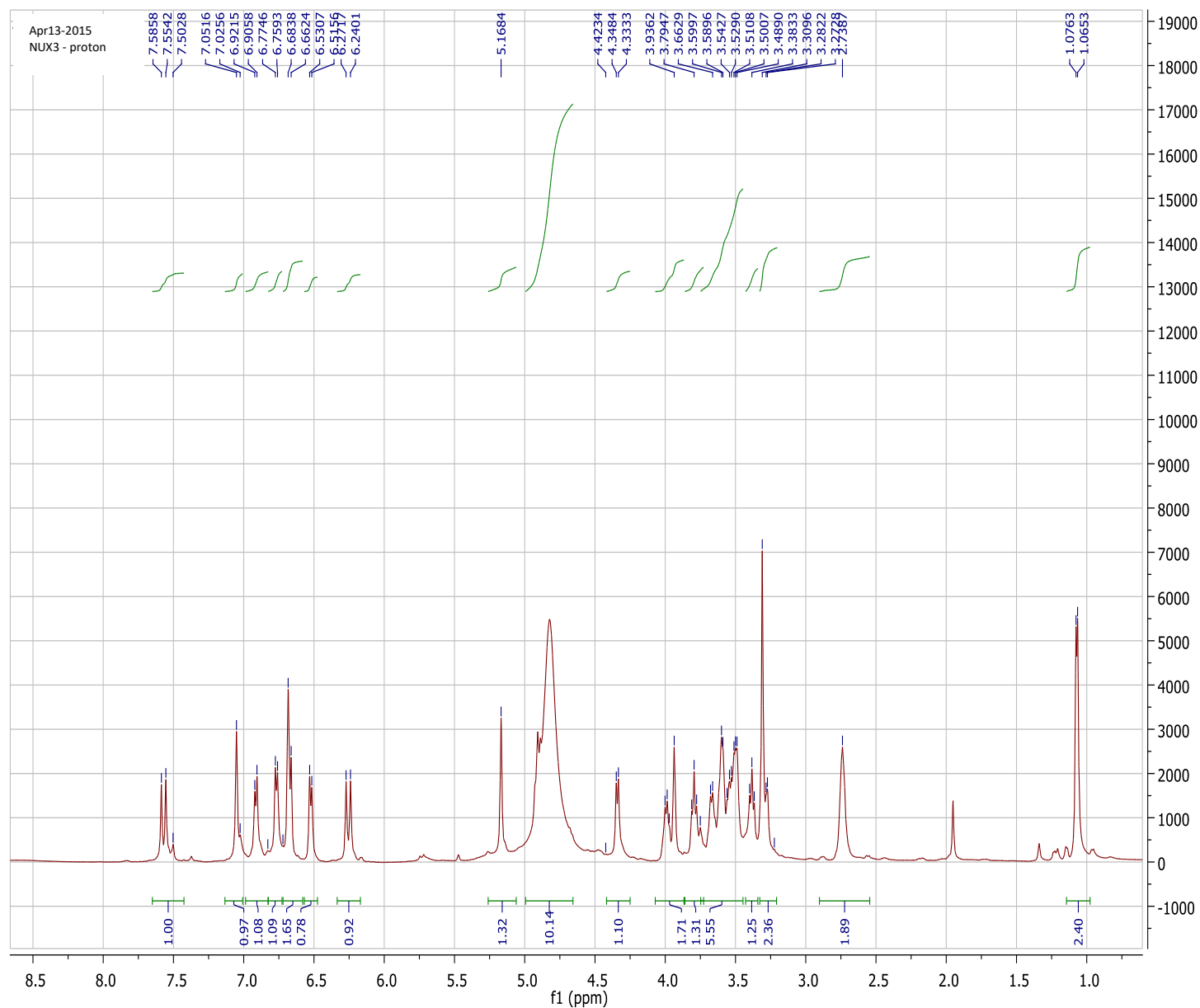


Figure S13 ^1H NMR (500MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound **3**

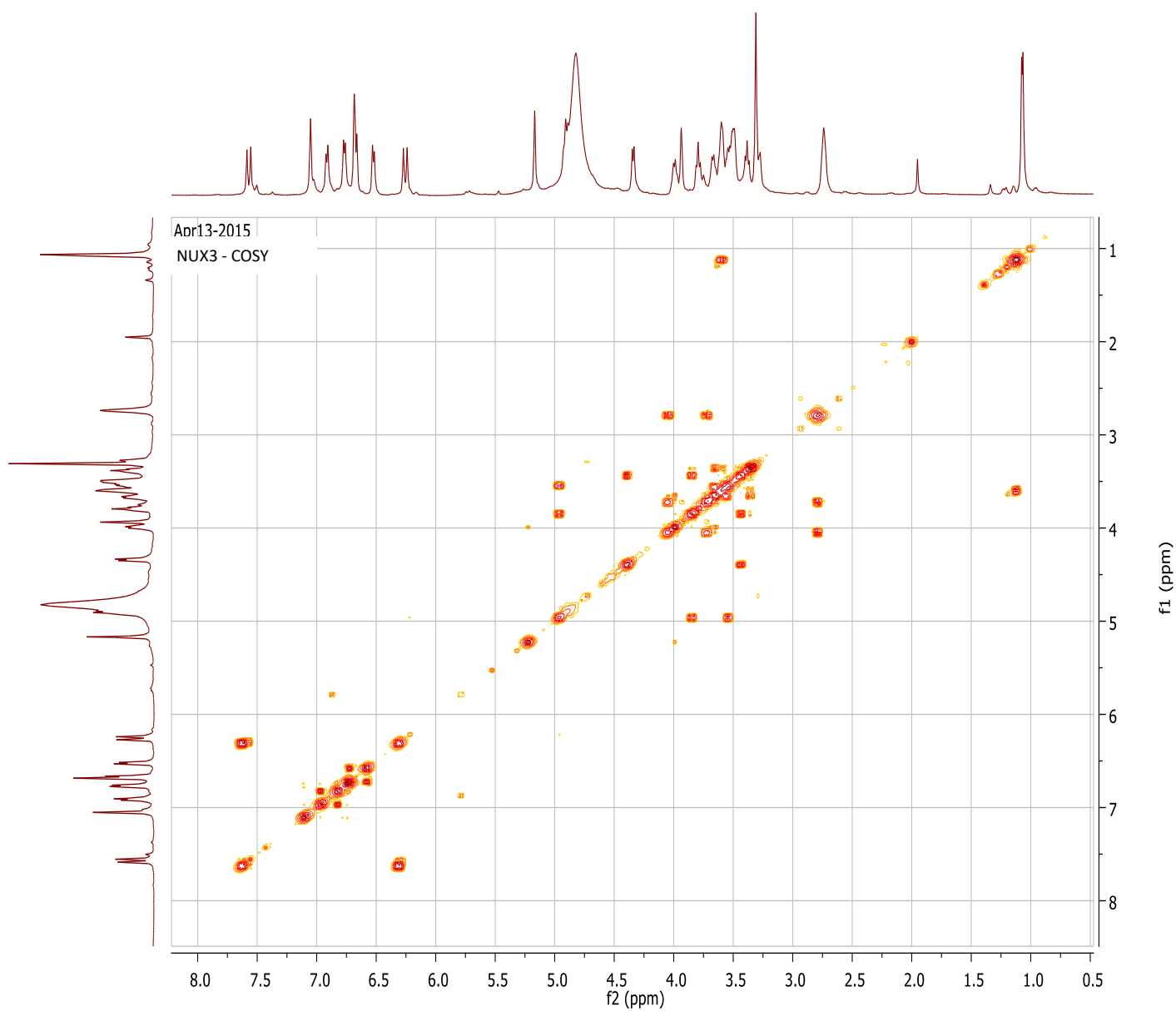


Figure S14 COSY spectrum (500 MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of compound **3**

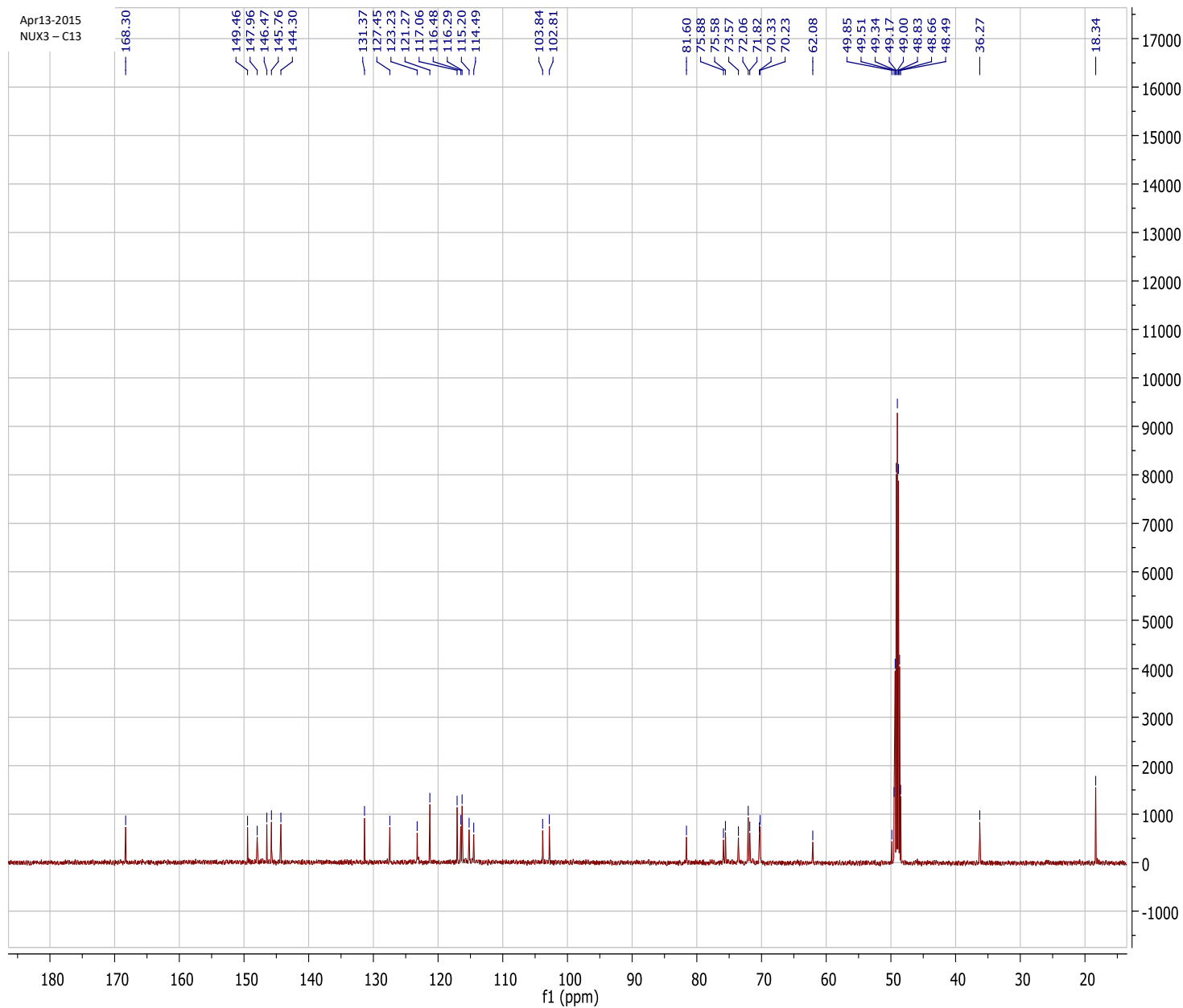


Figure S15 ^{13}C NMR (125MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound **3**

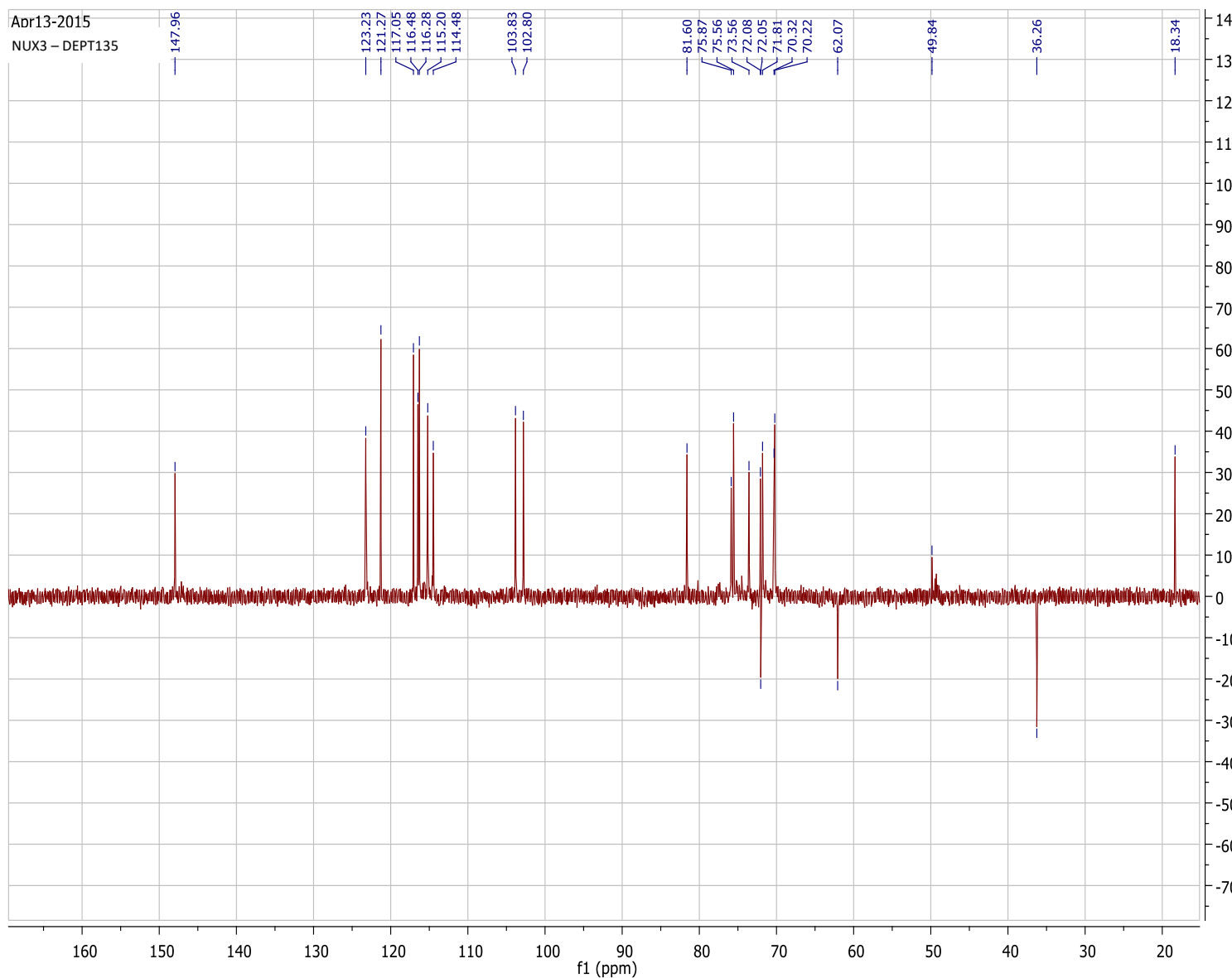


Figure S16 DEPT experiment (125MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of compound 3

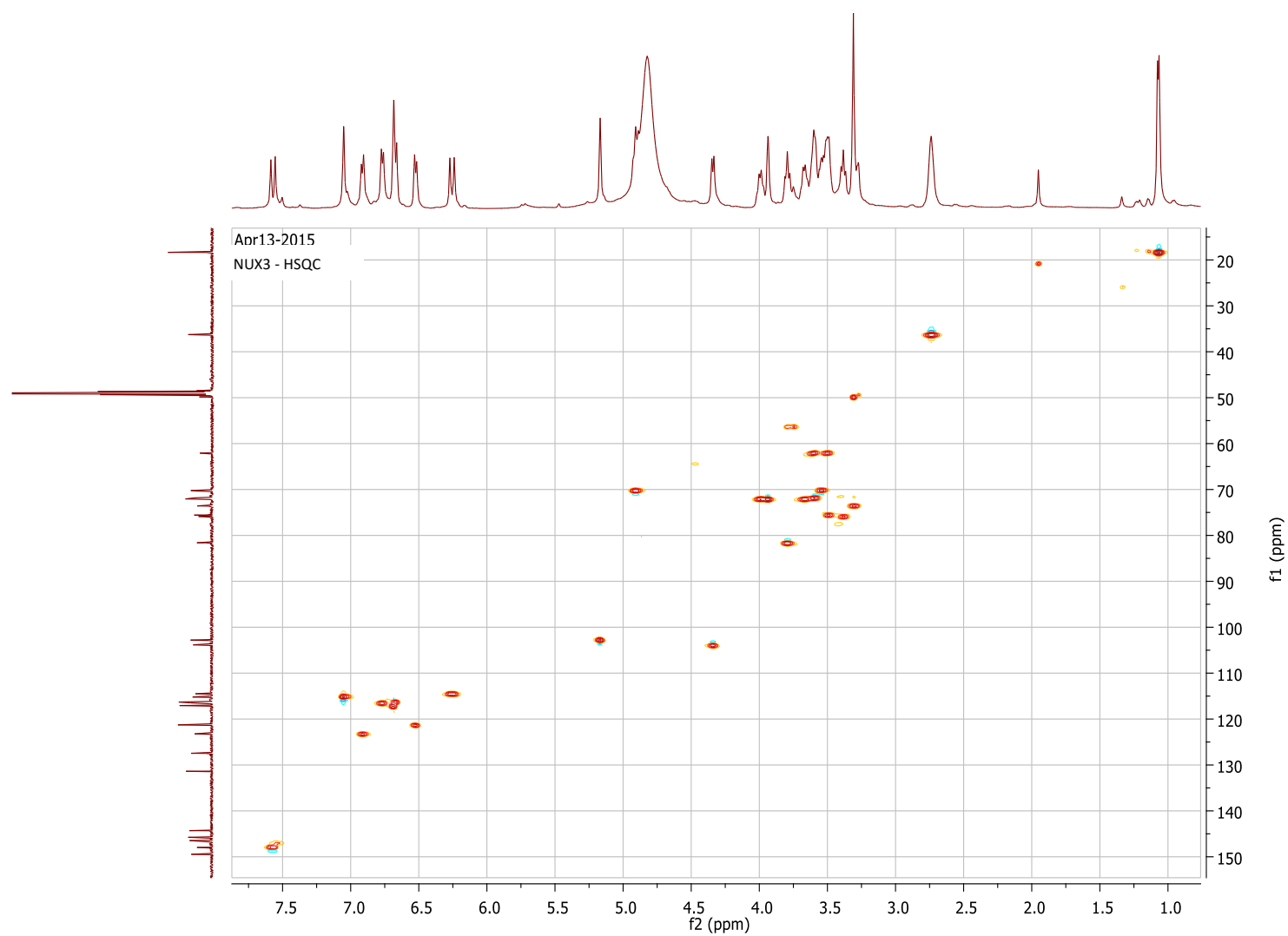


Figure S17 HSQC (500 MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of compound **3**

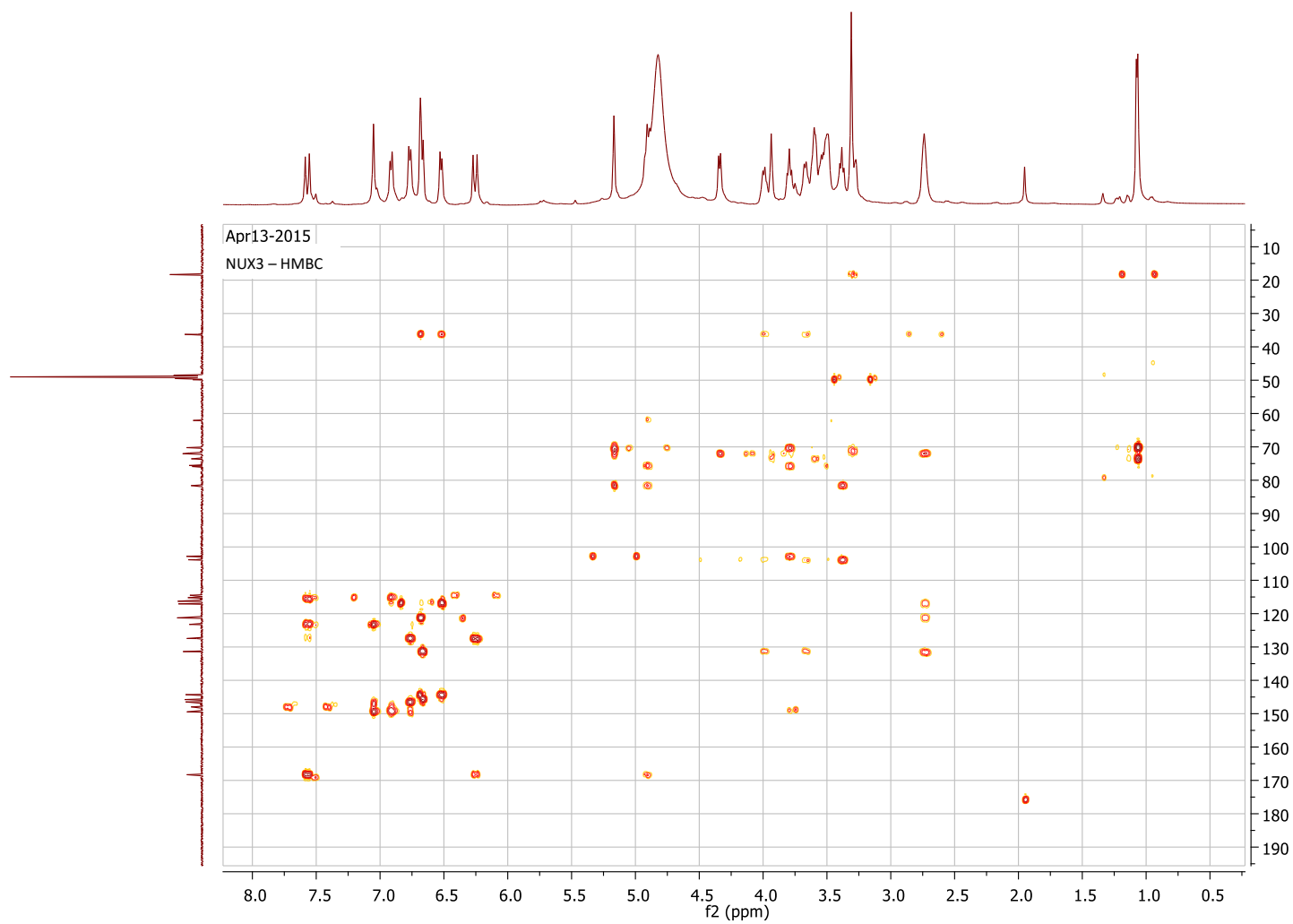


Figure S18 HMBC (500 MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of compound **3**

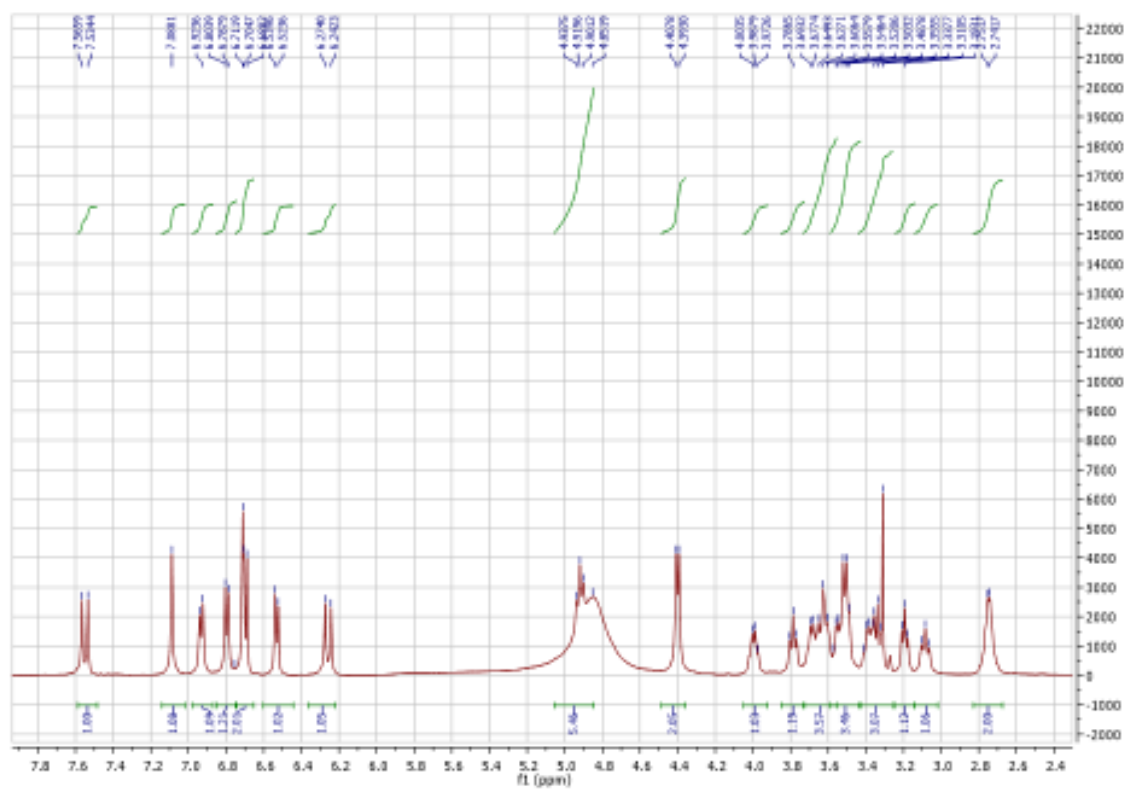


Figure S19 ^1H NMR (500MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 5

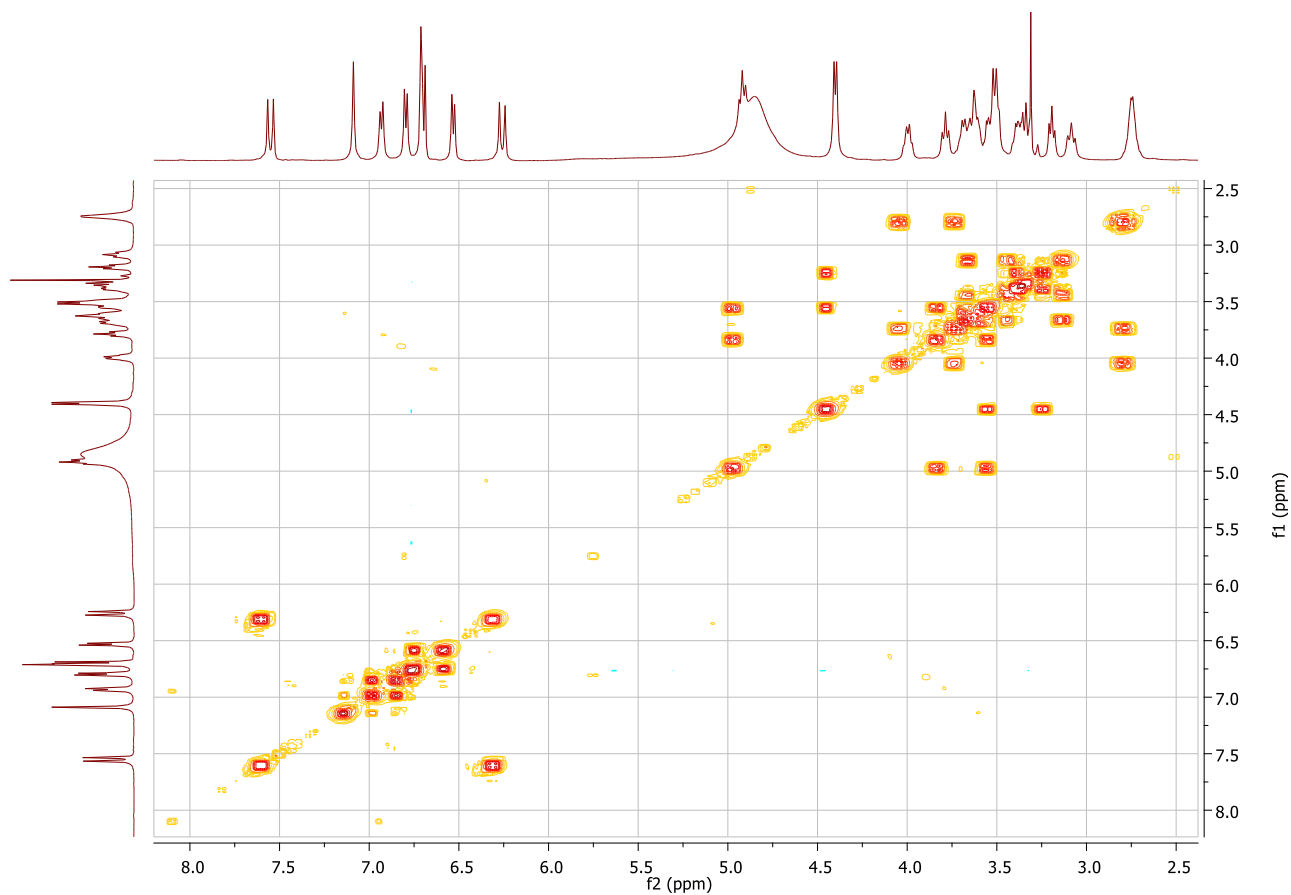


Figure S20 COSY (500 MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound 5

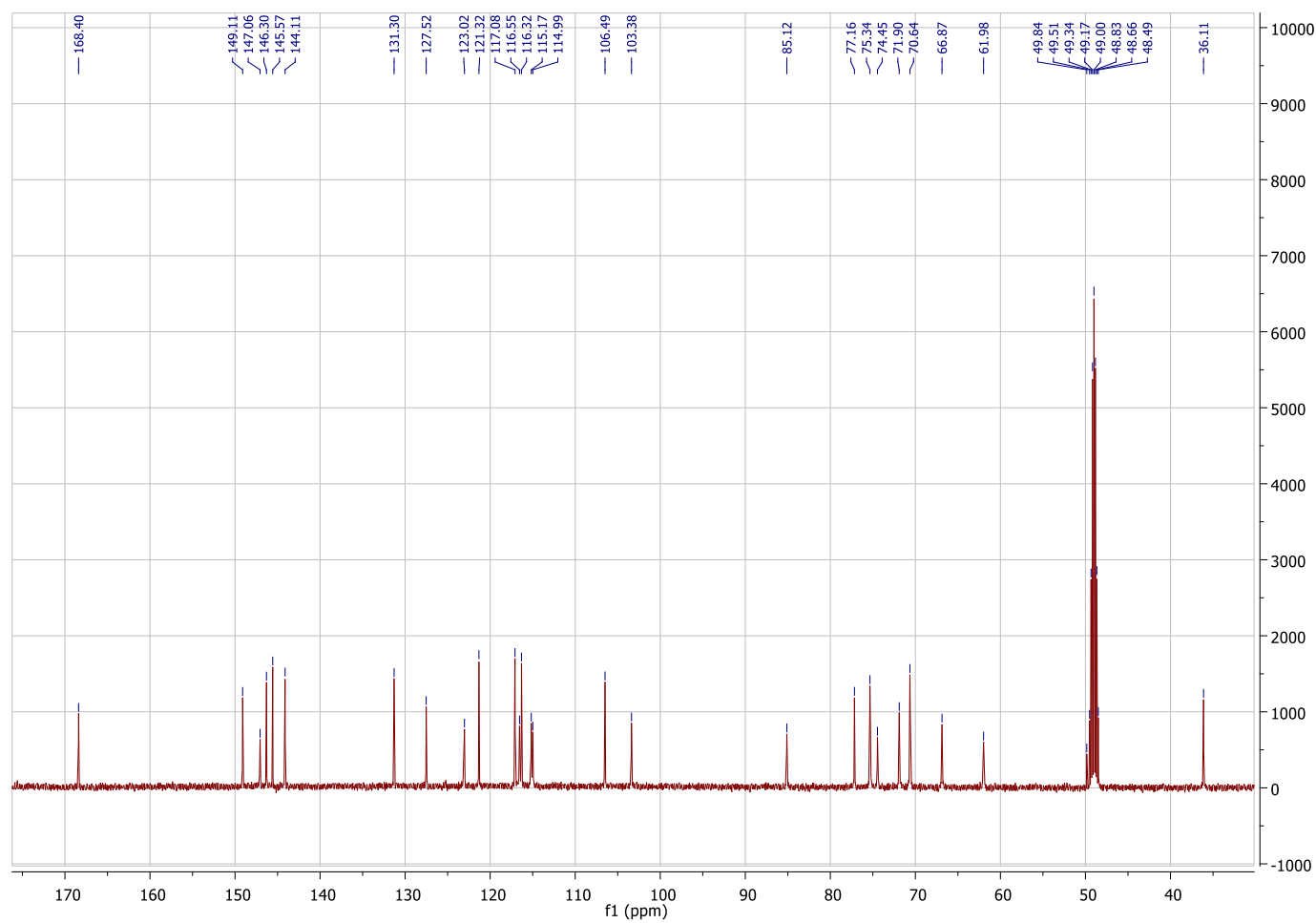


Figure S21 ^{13}C NMR (125MHz, CD_3OD) spectrum of compound **5**

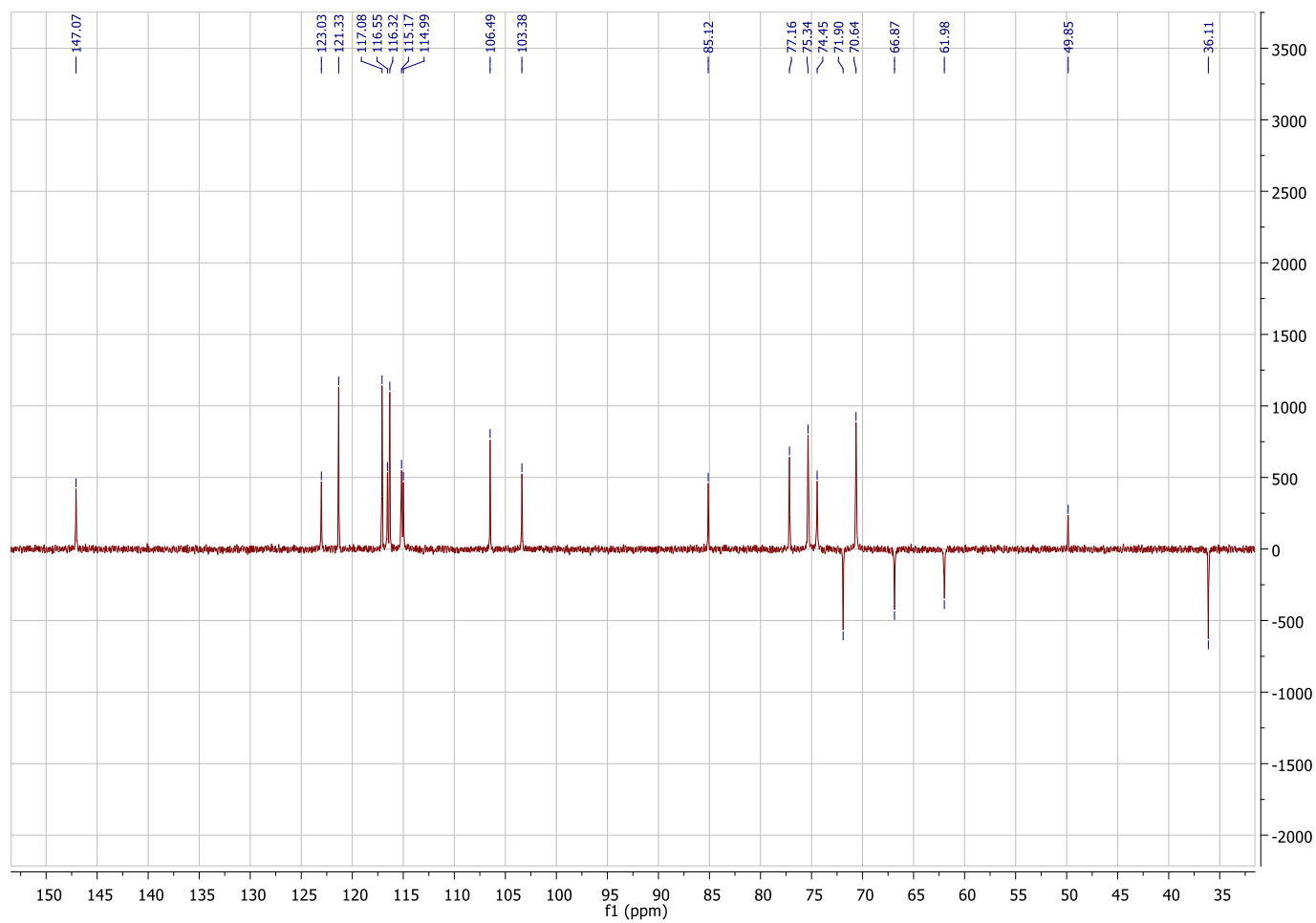


Figure S22 DEPT experiment (500 MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of compound 5

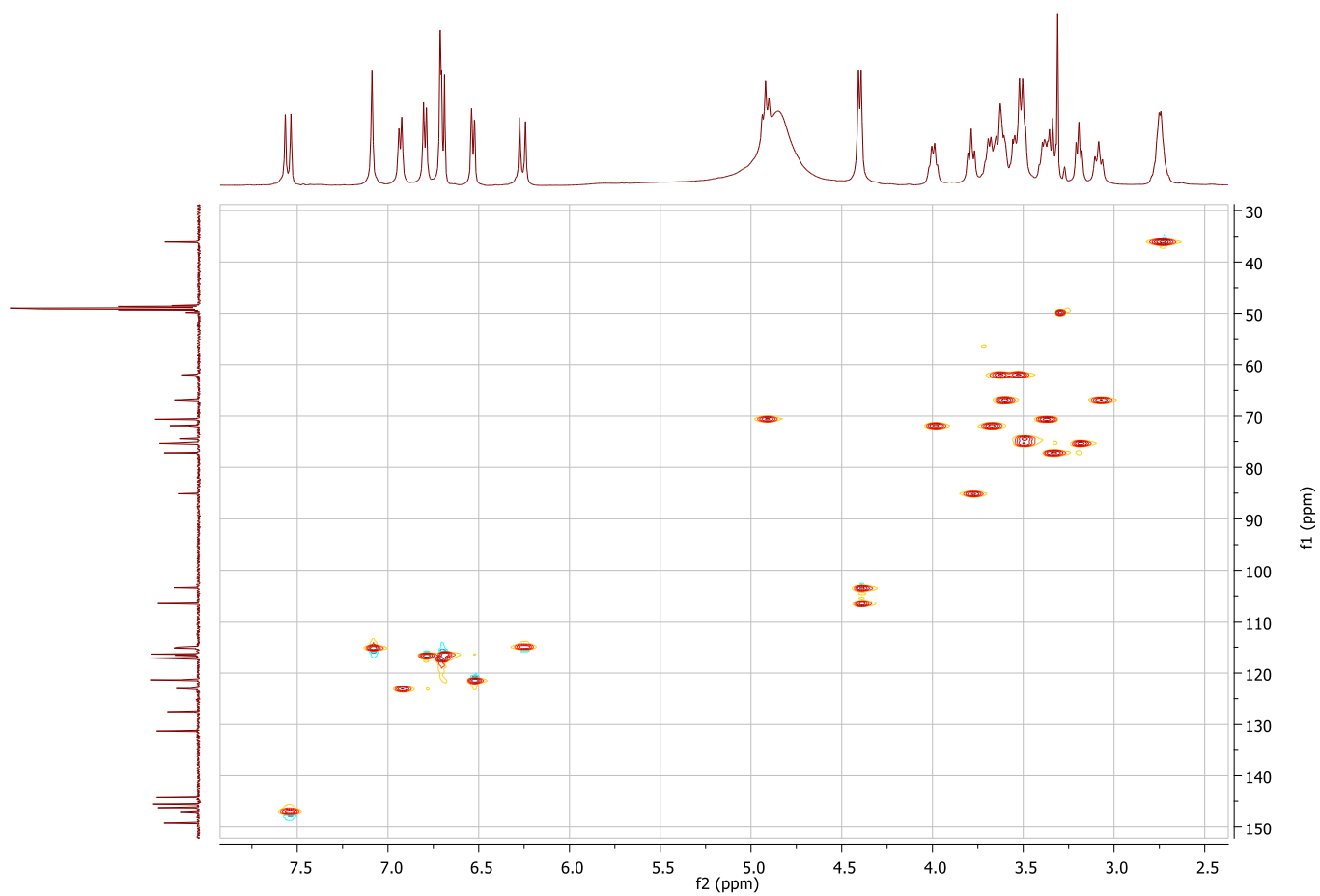


Figure S23 HSQC (500 MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of compound **5**

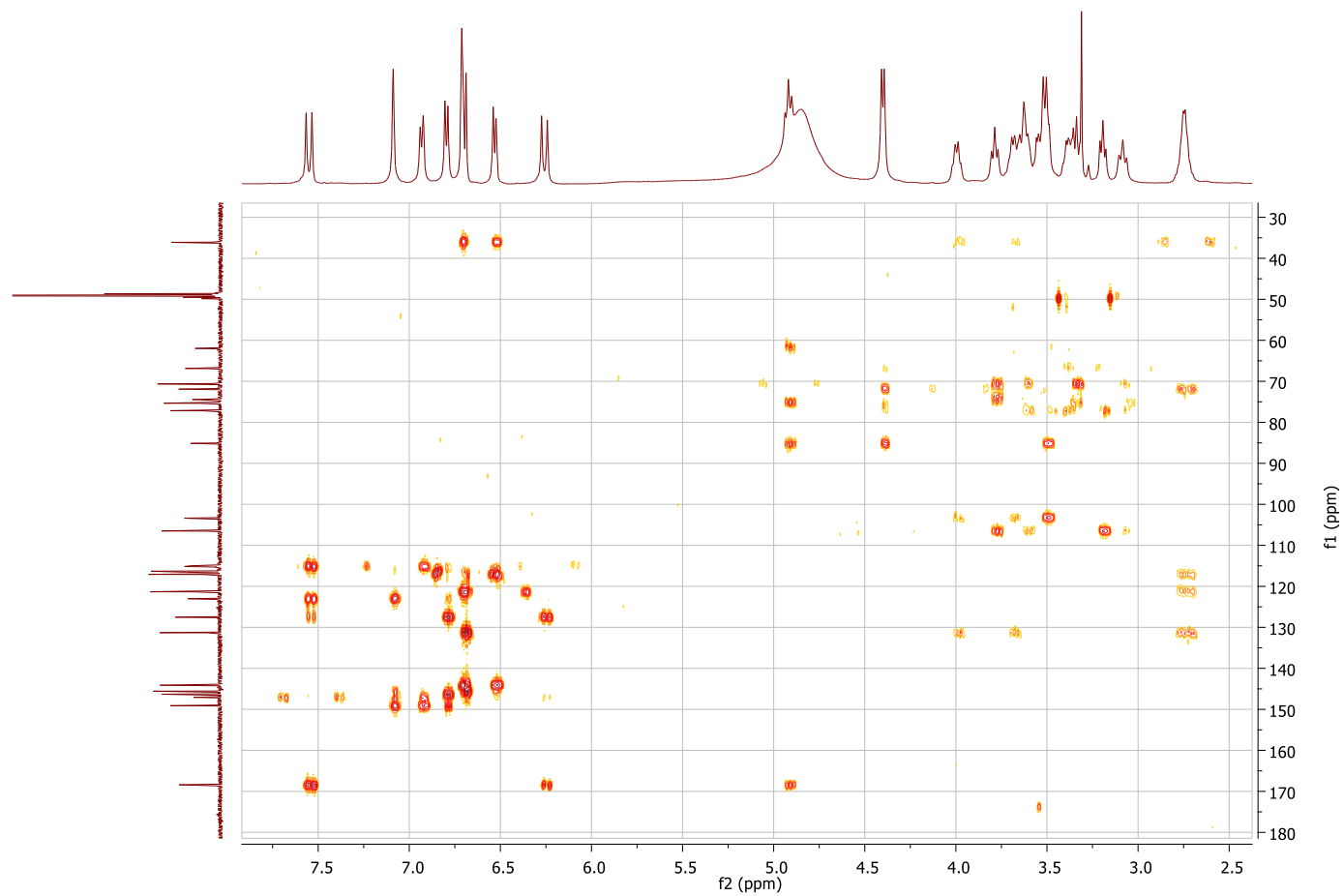


Figure S24 HMBC (500 MHz, CD₃OD) spectrum of compound **5**