

Article

# Nickel-imidazolium low transition temperature mixtures with Lewis-acidic character

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## Supplementary Information

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## Sustainability metrics

### Equations and general considerations

The sustainability metrics used (E-factor, yield, stoichiometric factor, atom economy, Andraos' reaction mass efficiency, materials recovery parameter) were calculated with equations 1-6:

$$E\text{-factor} = \frac{\sum \text{Mass of components} - \text{Mass of product}}{\text{Mass of product}} \quad (\text{S1})$$

$$Y = \frac{\text{Mass of product obtained}}{\text{Theoretical mass of product}} \cdot 100 \quad (\text{S2})$$

$$AE = \frac{MW_{\text{Prod}}}{\sum (S_{\text{Reactants}} \cdot MW_{\text{Reactants}})} \cdot 100 \quad (\text{S3})$$

$$SF = \frac{\text{Mass of product}}{\text{Mass of stoichiometric reagents}} \cdot 100 \quad (\text{S4})$$

$$RME_{\text{Andraos}} = \frac{\text{Mass of product}}{\sum \text{Mass of components} - \sum \text{Mass recovered}} \cdot 100 \quad (\text{S5})$$

$$MRP = \frac{1}{(1 + (\frac{\text{Mass of product}}{\sum \text{Mass of reagents}} \cdot 100) \cdot E_{\text{Aux}})} \cdot 100 \quad (\text{S6})$$

The Y, AE, SF, RME<sub>Andraos</sub> and MRP values were combined into a vector magnitude ratio (VMR) using equation 7:

$$VMR = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{(Y)^2 + (AE)^2 + (RME)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{SF}\right)^2 + (MRP)^2} \quad (\text{S7})$$

The EcoScale score was obtained using the tool developed by the authors, available at <http://ecoscale.cheminfo.org/calculator> (last accessed July 24th 2023)

Some additional considerations and standard values applied to the calculations are compiled in Table S1.

**Table S1.** Standard values for the calculation of sustainability metrics on protocols with missing data.

Parameter	Value
Solvent recovery (reaction, work-up)	80% of the initial mass if not requiring fractional distillation
Water and saturated sodium chloride for work-up	Equal volume to the first fraction of organic solvent used
Work-up reported but not specified	3x10 mL/mmol of ethyl acetate and 10 mL/mmol of saturated sodium chloride
Drying agents	1/5 <sup>th</sup> of the total mass of organic solvent

## Full metrics of the comparison of Table 2

**Table S2.** Sustainability metrics for the synthesis of 1. Entries correlate with those of Table 2.

Entry	Yield	1/SF	AE	RME	MRP	E-factor	EcoScale
1	0.99	1	0.945	0.201	0.212	3.98	79
2	0.99	1	0.945	0.345	0.369	1.90	89
3	0.88	0.735	0.945	0.054	0.087	17.59	70
4	0.96	0.847	0.945	0.422	0.549	1.37	77
5	0.95	1	0.945	0.01	0.012	94.82	79
6	0.96	1	0.945	0.003	0.003	360.36	69

Purification by chromatography omitted for RME, MRP and E-factor in entries 3 to 6.

Actual Mass of Reagents	0,0817 g	Parameter	Actual	Ideal Limit
Stoichiometric Mass of Reagents	0,08 g	AE	0,945	1
Stoichiometric Factor	1,001097309	Rxn Yield	0,998	1
Materials Recovery Parameter	0,212926766	1/SF	0,999	1
		MRP	0,212926766	1
		RME	0,201	1
<i>Raw E-factor profile</i>				
E-kernel	0,05987595			
E-excess	0,001163011	VMR	0,771141135	
E-rxn solvent	0	(vector magnitude ratio)		
E-catalyst	0,064935065			
E-work-up	0			
E-purification	12,36363636			
E-aux	12,43			
E-total	12,48961039			
<b>Corrected E-factor</b>	<b>3,983</b>			
Yield	99,8 %			
AE	94,5 %			
PMI	4,983			
RME (global)	20,1 %			

Figure S1. Sustainability metrics for the synthesis of 1 (Table 2, entry 1).

Reagents [5]										
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Link	Identifier*	name	MF*	MW	density	purity*	ml	g	mmoles	equiv.
1		1,3-Diphenyl-2-propen-1-ol	C15H14O	210.27556		100%	0	0.052569	0.25	1
2		Indole	C8H7N	117.15028	1.22	100%	0.024007	0.029288	0.25	1
3		Nickel(II) chloride hexahydrate	C12Ni . 6H2O	237.68768		100%	0	0.0029	0.0122008847	0.0488035391
4		mcminCl	C7H11CIN2O2	190.6270		100%	0	0.0024	0.0125900318	0.0503601273
Products [5]										
	identifier*:	name:	MF*:	MW:	g:	mmoles:	g theor:	yield:		
		Product 1	C23H19N	309.4	0.077	0.2488687782	0.07735	99.5475		
Conditions [5]										
Reagents	Name	mmoles	eq.	Bp	Hazard	Price				
1,3-Diphenyl-2-propen-1-ol	3.24	1								
Indole	3.24	1	253							
Nickel(II) chloride hexahydrate	0.15	0.04								
mcminCl	0.16	0.05								
Yield	100				0					
Price / availability					-8					
Safety					-10					
Technical setup	Possible items Common set-up Instruments for controlled addition of chemicals Unconventional activation technique	Selected items Common set-up			0					
Temperature / time	Possible items Heating, > 1h Cooling to 0°C Cooling, < 0°C	Selected items Heating, > 1h			-3					
Workup and purification	Possible items Adding solvent Simple filtration Removal of solvent with bp < 150°C Crystallization and Devolatilization	Selected items Adding solvent Simple filtration Removal of solvent with bp < 150°C			0					
EcoScale					79					

Figure S2. EcoScale for the synthesis of 1 (Table 2, entry 1).

Actual Mass of Reagents	1,65	g	Parameter	Actual	Ideal Limit
Stoichiometric Mass of Reagents	1,65	g	AE	0,945	1
Stoichiometric Factor	1,0000619636		Rxn Yield	0,988	1
Materials Recovery Parameter	0,369127517		1/SF	0,999	1
			MRP	0,369127517	1
			RME	0,345	1
<i>Raw E-factor profile</i>					
E-kernel	0,070765086		VMR	0,790368533	
E-excess	0,000663485		(vector magnitude ratio)		
E-rxn solvent	0				
E-catalyst	0,071428571				
E-work-up	0				
E-purification	6,506493506				
E-aux	6,58				
E-total	6,649350649				
<b>Corrected E-factor</b>	<b>1,903</b>				
Yield	98,8	%			
AE	94,5	%			
PMI	2,903				
RME (global)	34,5	%			

Figure S3. Sustainability metrics for the synthesis of 1 (Table 2, entry 2).

Reagents											
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Link	identifier*	name	MF*	MW	density	purity*	ml	g	mmoles	equiv.
1	[+]	1,3-Diphenyl-2-propen-1-ol	C15H14O	210.27556		100%	0	1.051378	5	1	
2	[+]	Indole	C8H7N	117.15028	1.22	100%	0.480124	0.585751	5	1	X X
3	[+]	bcmimCl	C7H9ClN2O4	220.61		100%	0	0.110305	0.5	0.1	
Products											
	identifier*	name:	MF*:	MW:	g:	mmoles:	g theor:	yield:			
		C23H19N		309.4120	1.54	4.9771825268	1.54706	99.5437			
Conditions											
Reagents	Name	mmoles	eq.	Bp	Hazard	Price					
1,3-Diphenyl-2-propen-1-ol		3.24	1		● ●						
Indole		3.24	1	253	● ●						
bcmimCl		0.32	0.1		● ●						
Yield	100				0						
Price / availability					-8						
Safety					0						
Technical setup	Possible items	Selected items									
	Any additional special glassware (Inert) gas atmosphere Glove box	Common set-up				0					
Temperature / time	Possible items	Selected items									
	Room temperature, < 1h Room temperature, < 24h Heating, < 1h	Heating, > 1h				-3					
Workup and purification	Possible items	Selected items									
	Simple filtration Removal of solvent with bp < 150°C Crystallization and filtration	Adding solvent Simple filtration Removal of solvent with bp < 150°C				0					
EcoScale						89					

Figure S4. EcoScale for the synthesis of 1 (Table 2, entry 2).

Actual Mass of Reagents	0,222	g	Parameter	Actual	Ideal Limit
Stoichiometric Mass of Reagents	0,16	g	AE	0,945	1
Stoichiometric Factor	1,357799942		Rxn Yield	0,887	1
Materials Recovery Parameter	0,087127159		1/SF	0,736	1
			MRP	0,087127159	1
			RME	0,054	1
<i>Raw E-factor profile</i>					
E-kernel	0,193429095				
E-excess	0,427008861		VMR	0,668150897	
E-rxn solvent	7,299270073		(vector magnitude ratio)		
E-catalyst	0,102189781				
E-work-up	46,80291971				
E-purification	0				
	E-aux	54,20			
E-total	54,82481752				
<b>Corrected E-factor</b>	<b>17,599</b>				
Yield	88,7	%			
AE	94,5	%			
PMI	18,599				
RME (global)	5,4	%			

Figure S5. Sustainability metrics for the synthesis of 1 (Table 2, entry 3).

Reagents										
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Link identifier*: [ ] name: [ ] MF*: [ ] MW: [ ] density: [ ] purity*: [ ] ml: [ ] g: [ ] mmoles: [ ] equiv: [ ] 1 [ ] 1,3-Diphenyl-2-propen-1-ol [ ] C15H14O [ ] 210.27556 [ ] 100% [ ] 0 [ ] 0.105138 [ ] 0.500000000 [ ] 1 [ ] 2 [ ] Indole [ ] C8H7N [ ] 117.15028 [ ] 1.22 [ ] 100% [ ] 0 [ ] 0.096025 [ ] 0.11715 [ ] 1.000000000 [ ] 2 [ ] 3 [ ] Iron(III) chloride hexahydrate [ ] H12O6Cl3Fe [ ] 270.29768 [ ] 1 [ ] 100% [ ] 0 [ ] 0.013515 [ ] 0.050000000 [ ] 0.1 [ ] 4 [ ] Water [ ] H2O [ ] 18.01528 [ ] 1 [ ] 100% [ ] 10 [ ] 10 [ ] 555.08435061 [ ] 1110.1687012 [ ] 										
Products										
identifier*: [ ] name: [ ] MF*: [ ] MW: [ ] g: [ ] mmoles: [ ] g theor: [ ] yield: [ ] [ ] C23H19N [ ] 309.412 [ ] 0.137 [ ] 0.4427753286 [ ] 0.154706 [ ] 88.5551 [ ]										
Conditions										
Reagents	Name	mmoles	eq.	Bp	Hazard	Price				
	1,3-Diphenyl-2-propen-1-ol	3.64	1							
	Indole	7.29	2	253						
	Iron(III) chloride hexahydrate	0.36	0.1							
	Water	4051.71	1110.16							
Yield	89					-6				
Price / availability						-8				
Safety						0				
Technical setup	Possible items	Selected items								
	Any additional special glassware (Inert) gas atmosphere Glove box	Common set-up				0				
Temperature / time	Possible items	Selected items								
	Heating, > 1h Cooling to 0°C Cooling, < 0°C	Heating, > 1h				-3				
Workup and purification	Possible items	Selected items								
	Simple filtration Removal of solvent with bp < 150°C Crystallization and filtration	Liquid - liquid extraction or washing Classical chromatography Removal of solvent with bp < 150°C				-13				
EcoScale						70				

Figure S6. EcoScale for the synthesis of 1 (Table 2, entry 3).

	0,193 g	Parameter	Actual	Ideal Limit
Actual Mass of Reagents	0,193 g	AE	0,945	1
Stoichiometric Mass of Reagents	0,16 g	Rxn Yield	0,958	1
Stoichiometric Factor	1,18042968	1/SF	0,847	1
Materials Recovery Parameter	0,54985755	MRP	0,54985755	1
<i>Raw E-factor profile</i>		RME	0,422	1
E-kernel	0,104728284			
E-excess	0,19932577	VMR	0,77567565	
E-rxn solvent	5,391891892	(vector magnitude ratio)		
E-catalyst	0			
E-work-up	0			
E-purification	0			
E-aux	5,39			
E-total	5,695945946			
<b>Corrected E-factor</b>	<b>1,372</b>			
Yield	95,8 %			
AE	94,5 %			
PMI	2,372			
RME (global)	42,2 %			

Figure S7. Sustainability metrics for the synthesis of 1 (Table 2, entry 4).

Reagents [x]										
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Link	identifier*	name	MF*	MW	density	purity*	ml	g	mmoles	equiv.
1	[ ]	1,3-Diphenyl-2-propen-1-ol	C15H14O	210.27556		100%	0	0.105138	0.5	1
2	[ ]	Indole	C8H7N	117.15028	1.22	100%	0.072019	0.087863	0.75	1.5
3	[ ]	1,1,1,3,3-Hexafluoro-2-propanol	C3H2F6O	168.038698	1.596	100%	0.5	0.798	4.7489061120	9.4978122241
Products [x]										
	identifier*:	name:	MF*:	MW:	g:	mmoles:	g theor.:	yield:		
		C23H19N	C23H19N	309.421	0.148	0.4783127195	0.154711	95.6622		
Conditions [x]										
Reagents	Name	mmoles	eq.	Bp	Hazard	Price				
1,3-Diphenyl-2-propen-1-ol		3.37	1							
Indole		5.06	1.5	253						
1,1,1,3,3-Hexafluoro-2-propanol		32.08	9.49	59						
Yield	96				-2					
Price / availability					-8					
Safety					0					
Technical setup	Possible items Common set-up Instruments for controlled addition of chemicals Unconventional activation technique	Selected items Common set-up				0				
Temperature / time	Possible items Heating, > 1h Cooling to 0°C Cooling, < 0°C	Selected items Heating, > 1h			-3					
Workup and purification	Possible items Sublimation Liquid - Liquid extraction or washing Classical chromatography	Selected items Classical chromatography			-10					
EcoScale					77					

Figure S8. EcoScale for the synthesis of 1 (Table 2, entry 4).

Actual Mass of Reagents	0,327	g	Parameter	Actual	Ideal Limit
Stoichiometric Mass of Reagents	0,33	g	AE	0,945	1
Stoichiometric Factor	1,000001309		Rxn Yield	0,951	1
Materials Recovery Parameter	0,011607476		1/SF	1,000	1
			MRP	0,011607476	1
			RME	0,010	1
<i>Raw E-factor profile</i>					
E-kernel	0,112243442				
E-excess	1,45585E-06		VMR	0,748124397	
E-rxn solvent	4,523809524		(vector magnitude ratio)		
E-catalyst	0,032312925				
E-work-up	90,15306122				
E-purification	0				
E-aux	94,71				
E-total	94,82142857				
<b>Corrected E-factor</b>	<b>94,821</b>				
Yield	95,1	%			
AE	94,5	%			
PMI	95,821				
RME (global)	1,0	%			

Figure S9. Sustainability metrics for the synthesis of 1 (Table 2, entry 5).

Reagents [2]										
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Link	identifier*	name	MF*	MW	density	purity*	ml	g	mmoles	equiv.
1	[+/-]	1,3-Diphenyl-2-propen-1-ol	C15H14O	210.27556		100%	0	0.210276	1	1
2	[+/-]	Indole	C8H7N	117.15028	1.22	100%	0.096025	0.11715	1	1
3	[+/-]	p-Toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate	C7H8O3S · H2O	190.214		100%	0	0.009511	0.05	0.05
4	[+/-]	Dichloromethane	CH2Cl2	84.93288	1.325	100%	1	1.325	15.600554225	15.600554225
Products [3]										
	identifier*:	name:	MF*:	MW:	g:	mmoles:	g theor:	yield:		
		C23H19N		309.412	0.294	0.9501893914	0.309412	95.0189		
Conditions [4]										
Reagents	Name	mmoles	eq.	Bp	Hazard	Price				
1,3-Diphenyl-2-propen-1-ol		3.4	1							
Indole		3.4	1	253						
p-Toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate		0.17	0.05							
Dichloromethane		53.06	15.6	39						
Yield	95					-2				
Price / availability						-3				
Safety						0				
Technical setup	Possible items Common set-up Instruments for controlled addition of chemicals Unconventional activation technique	Selected items Common set-up				0				
Temperature / time	Possible items Heating, > 1h Cooling to 0°C Cooling, < 0°C	Selected items Heating, > 1h				-3				
Workup and purification	Possible items None Cooling to room temperature Adding solvent	Selected items Liquid - liquid extraction or washing Classical chromatography				-13				
EcoScale						79				

Figure S10. EcoScale for the synthesis of 1 (Table 2, entry 5).

Actual Mass of Reagents	0,0327 g	Parameter	Actual	Ideal Limit
Stoichiometric Mass of Reagents	0,03 g	AE	0,945	1
Stoichiometric Factor	1,0000001309	Rxn Yield	0,961	1
Materials Recovery Parameter	0,00304682	1/SF	1,000	1
		MRP	0,00304682	1
		RME	0,003	1
<i>Raw E-factor profile</i>				
E-kernel	0,10100866			
E-excess	1,44115E-06	VMR	0,750572138	
E-rxn solvent	8,417508418	(vector magnitude ratio)		
E-catalyst	0			
E-work-up	624,3703704			
E-purification	91,11111111			
E-aux	723,90			
E-total	724			
<b>Corrected E-factor</b>	<b>360,364</b>			
Yield	96,1 %			
AE	94,5 %			
PMI	361,364			
RME (global)	0,3 %			

Figure S11. Sustainability metrics for the synthesis of 1 (Table 2, entry 6).

Reagents										
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Link	identifier*	name	MF*	MW	density	purity*	ml	g	mmoles	equiv.
1	[+]	1,3-Diphenyl-2-propen-1-ol	C15H14O	210.27556		100%	0	0.021028	0.1	1
2	[+]	Indole	C8H7N	117.15028	1.22	100%	0.009602	0.011715	0.1	X X
3	[+]	DL-Lactic acid	C3H6O3	90.07884		100%	0	0.14	1.5541940815	15.541940815 X
4	[+]	Choline chloride	C5H14ClNO	139.62526		100%	0	0.11	0.7878230629	7.8782306296 X
Products										
	identifier*:	name:	MF*:	MW:	g:	mmoles:	g theor:	yield:		
		Product 1	C23H19N	309.4	0.0297	0.0959922430	0.03094	95.992200000		
Conditions										
Reagents	Name	mmoles	eq.	Bp	Hazard	Price				
1,3-Diphenyl-2-propen-1-ol	3.36	1				●●●●●				
Indole	3.36	1	253			●●●●●				
DL-Lactic acid	52.32	15.54				●●●●●				
Choline chloride	26.52	7.87				●●●●●				
Yield	96			-2						
Price / availability				-13						
Safety				0						
Technical setup	Possible items Common set-up Instruments for controlled addition of chemicals Unconventional activation technique	Selected items Common set-up			0					
Temperature / time	Possible items Heating, > 1h Cooling to 0°C Cooling, < 0°C	Selected items Heating, > 1h			-3					
Workup and purification	Possible items Sublimation Liquid - liquid extraction or washing Classical chromatography	Selected items Adding solvent Liquid - liquid extraction or washing Classical chromatography			-13					
EcoScale										
					69					

Figure S12. EcoScale for the synthesis of 1 (Table 2, entry 6).

### Differential Scanning Calorimetry traces

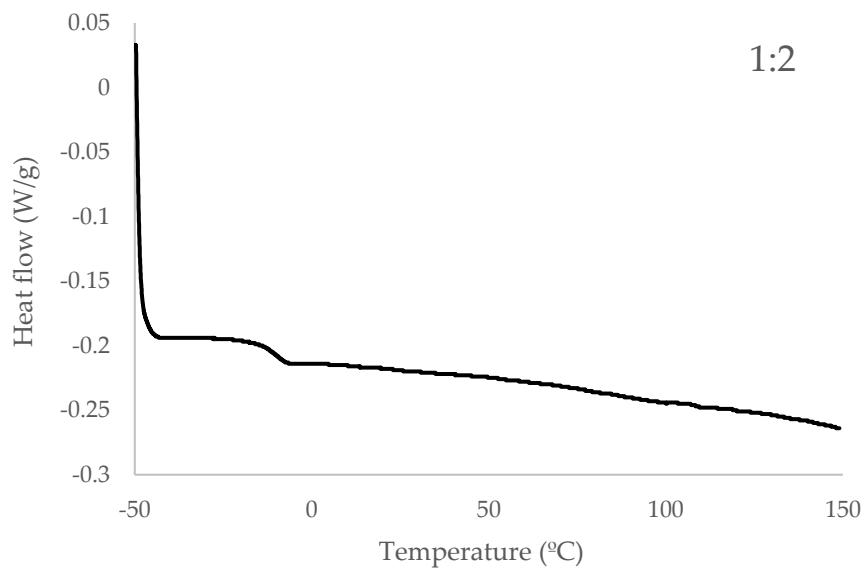


Figure S13. DSC trace of the 1:2 mcmimCl:NiCl<sub>2</sub> mixture (scanning rate 5 °C/min)

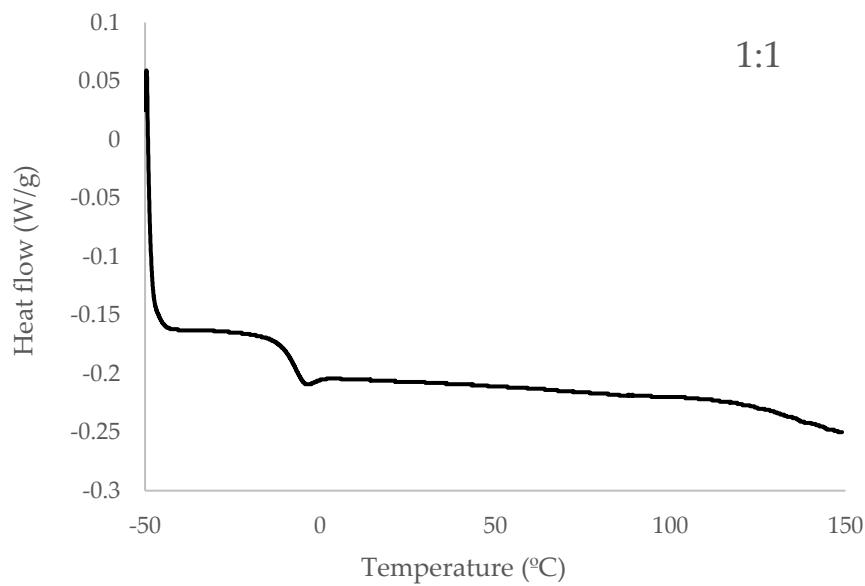


Figure S14. DSC trace of the 1:1 mcmimCl:NiCl<sub>2</sub> mixture (scanning rate 5 °C/min)

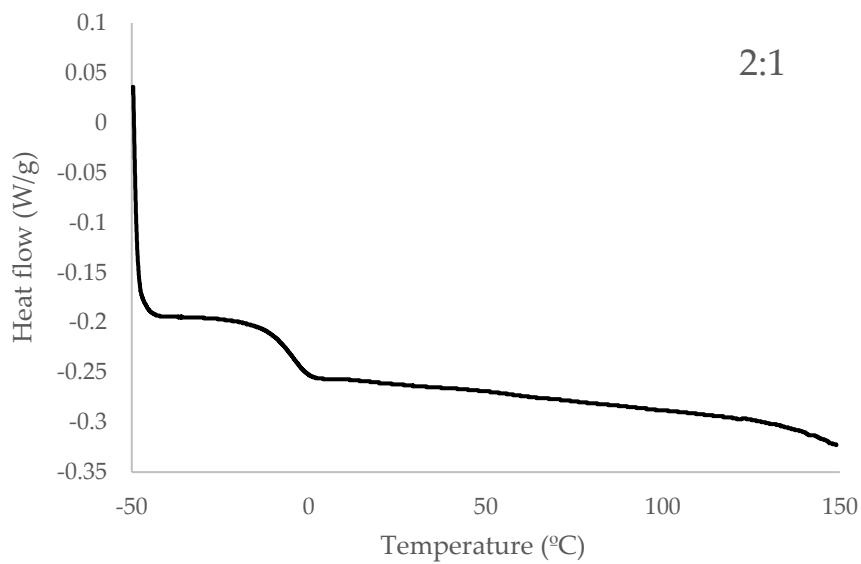


Figure S15. DSC trace of the 2:1 mcmimCl:NiCl<sub>2</sub> mixture (scanning rate 5 °C/min)

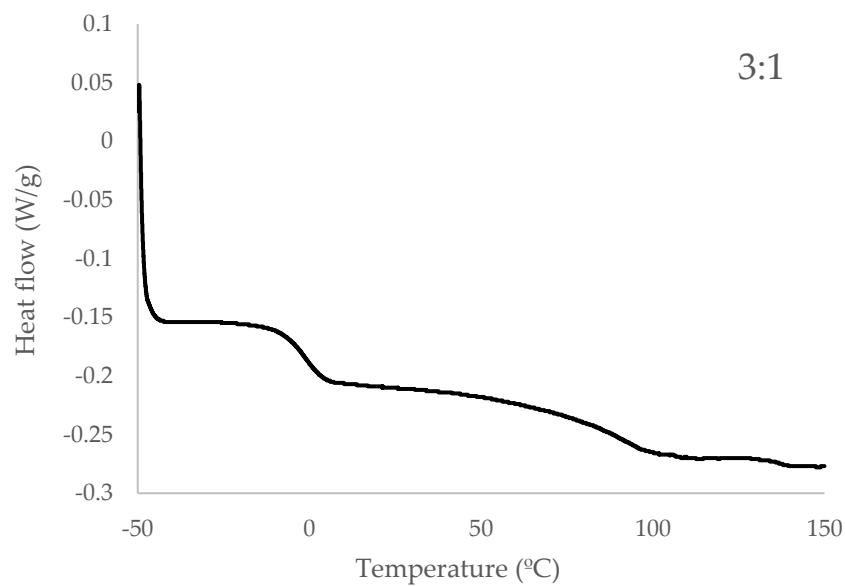


Figure S16. DSC trace of the 3:1 mcmimCl:NiCl<sub>2</sub> mixture (scanning rate 5 °C/min)

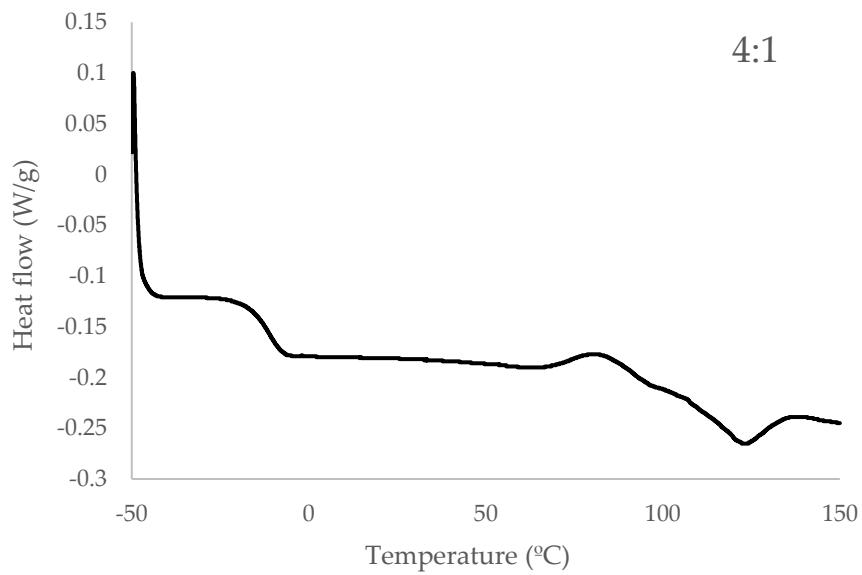


Figure S17. DSC trace of the 4:1 mcmimCl:NiCl<sub>2</sub> mixture (scanning rate 5 °C/min)

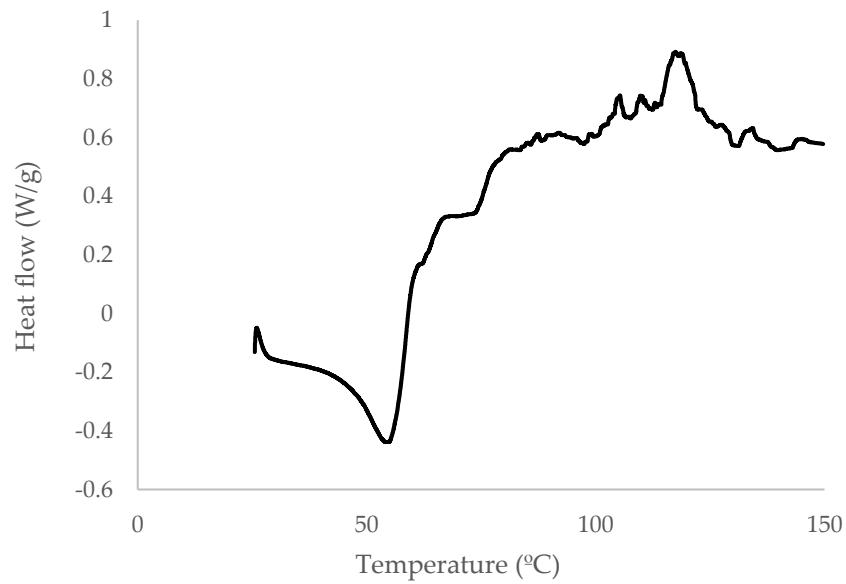


Figure S18. DSC trace of the 1:1 mcmimCl:NiCl<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O mixture (scanning rate 5 °C/min)

## XPS analyses

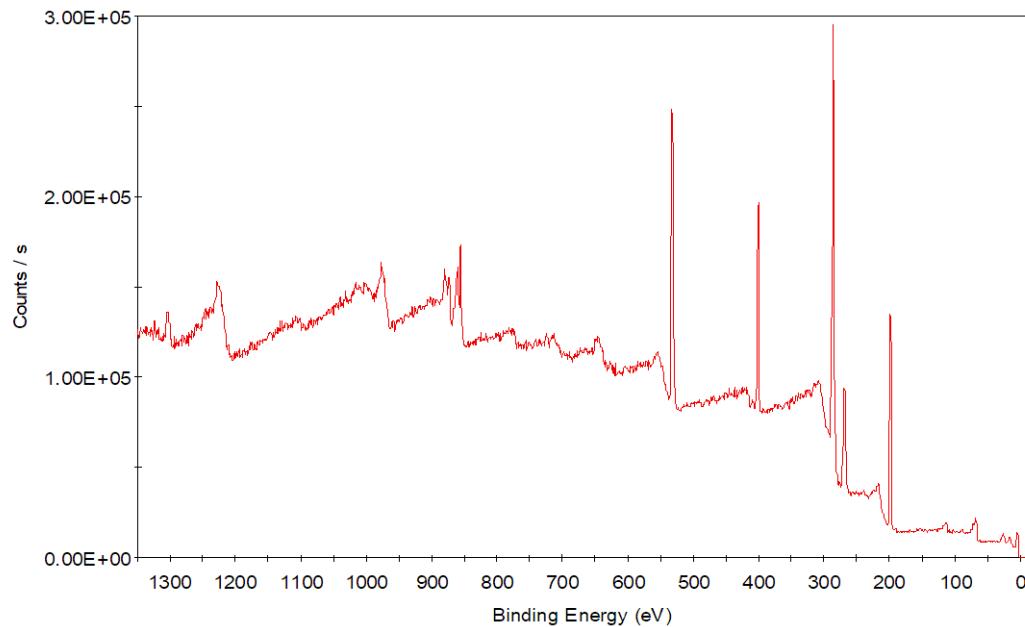


Figure S19. XPS survey of the 2:1 mcmimCl:NiCl<sub>2</sub> mixture

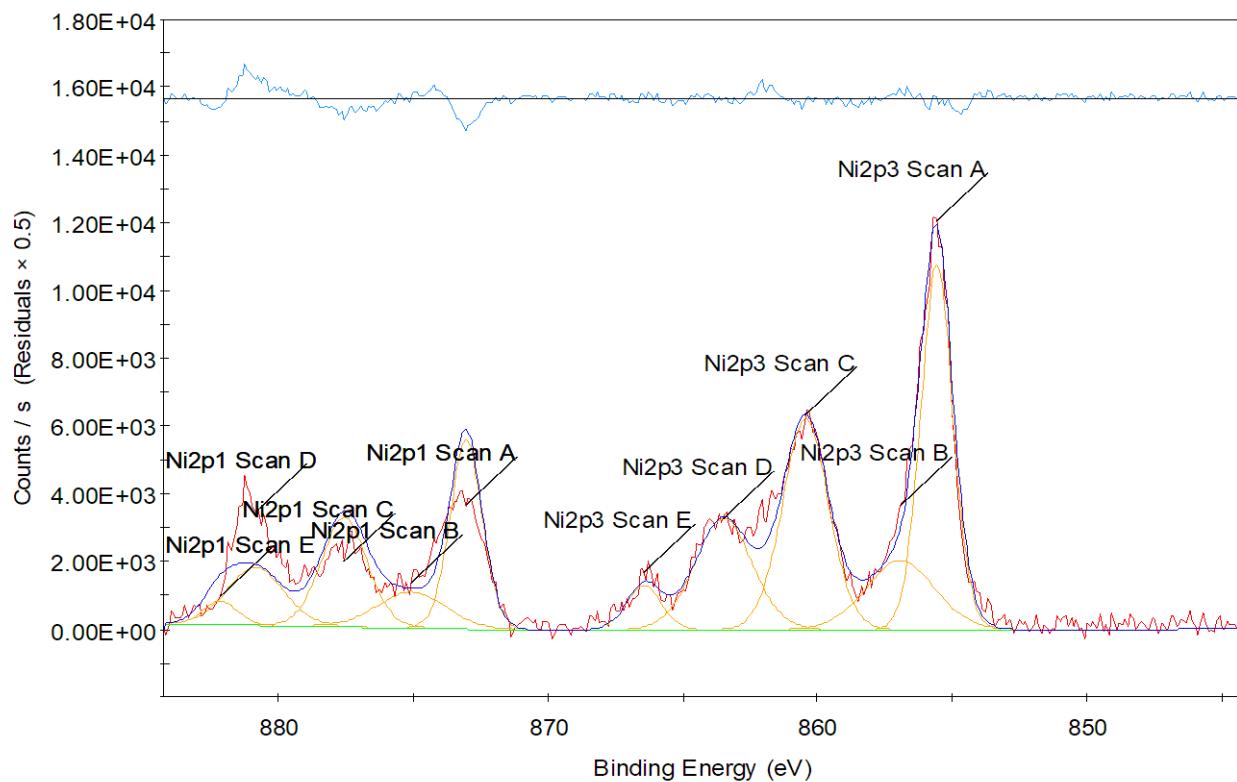


Figure S20. High resolution XPS Ni 2p scan of the 2:1 mcmimCl:NiCl<sub>2</sub> mixture

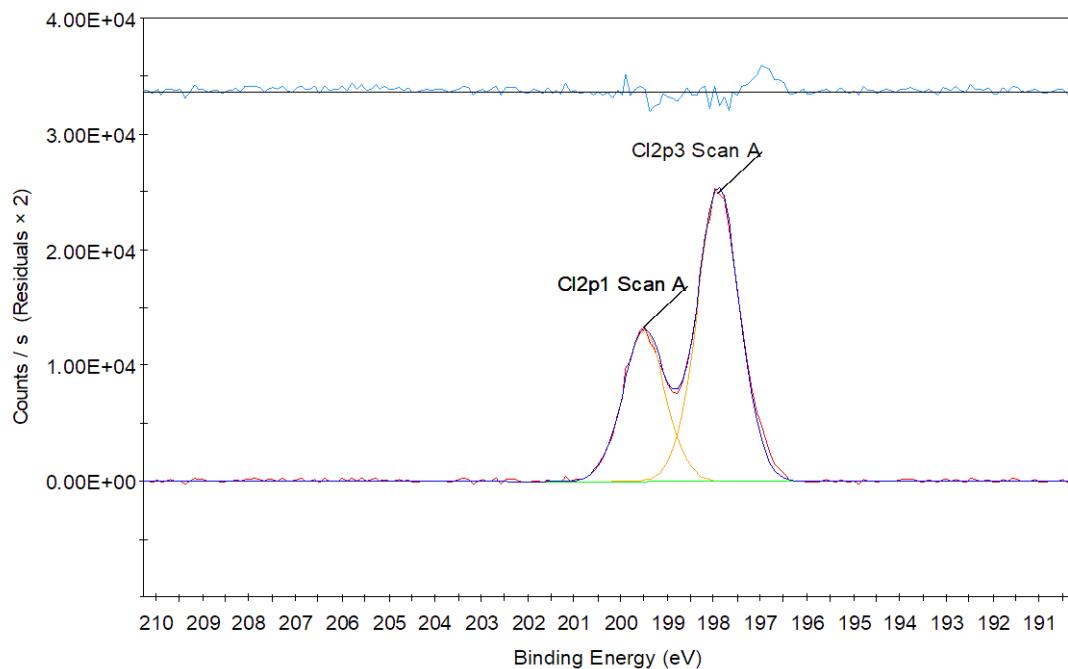


Figure S21. High resolution XPS Cl 2p scan of the 2:1 mcmimCl:NiCl<sub>2</sub> mixture

## NMR spectra

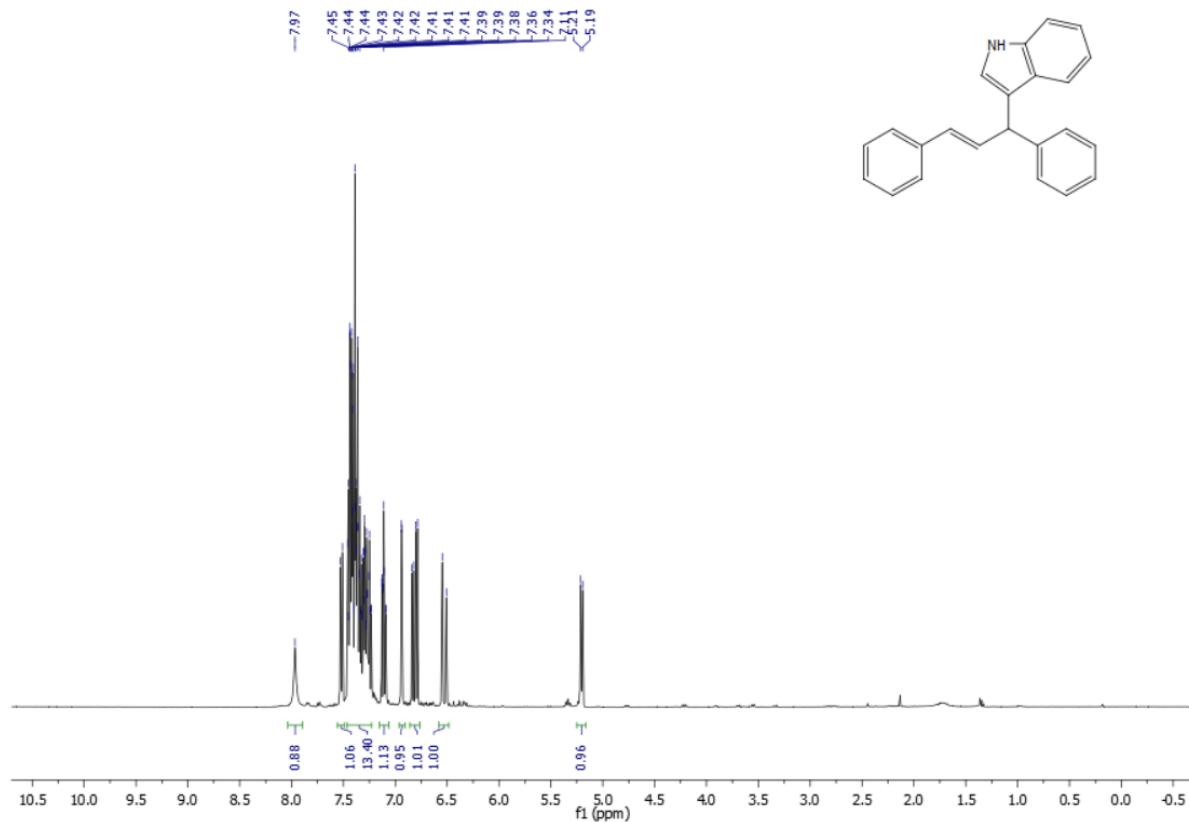


Figure S22.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of (*E*)-3-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-1*H*-indole (1)

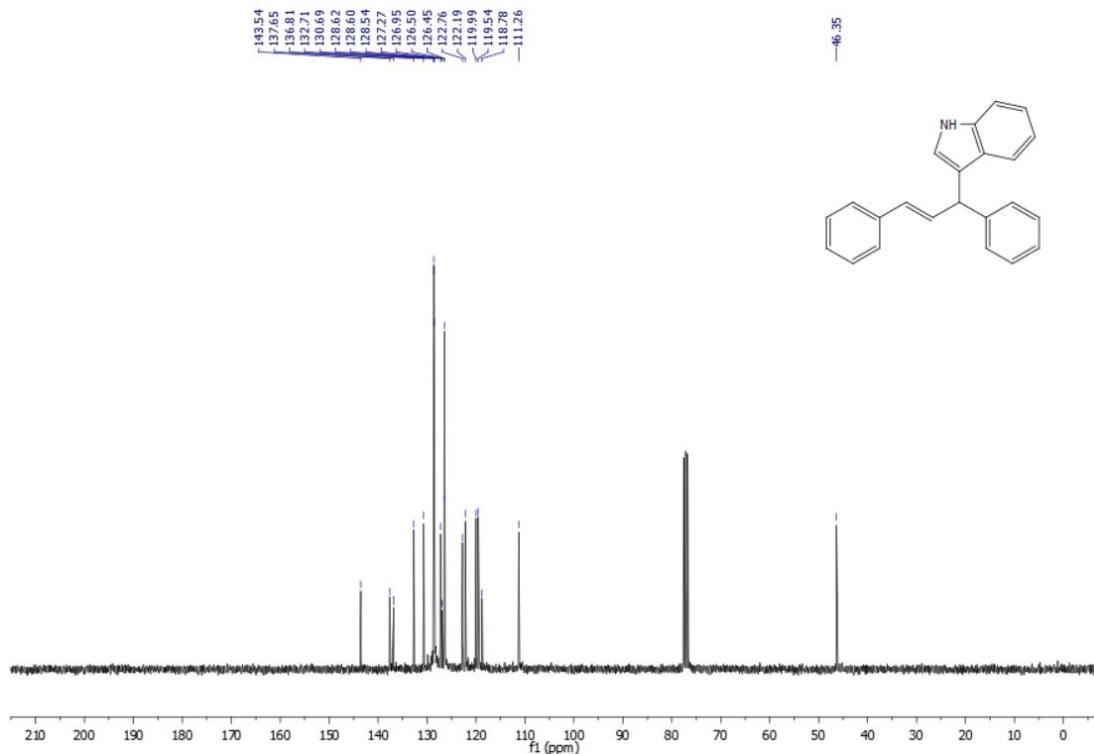


Figure S23.  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of (*E*)-3-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-1*H*-indole (1)

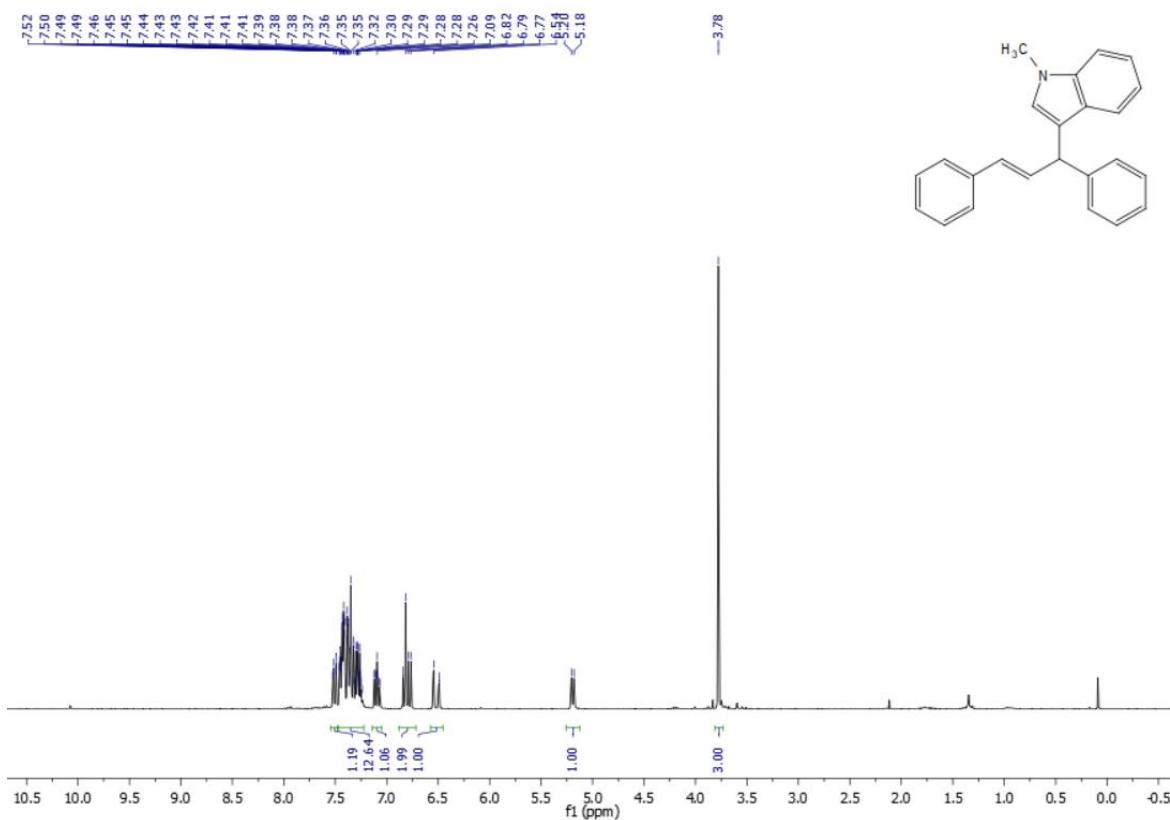


Figure S24. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of (E)-3-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indole (2)

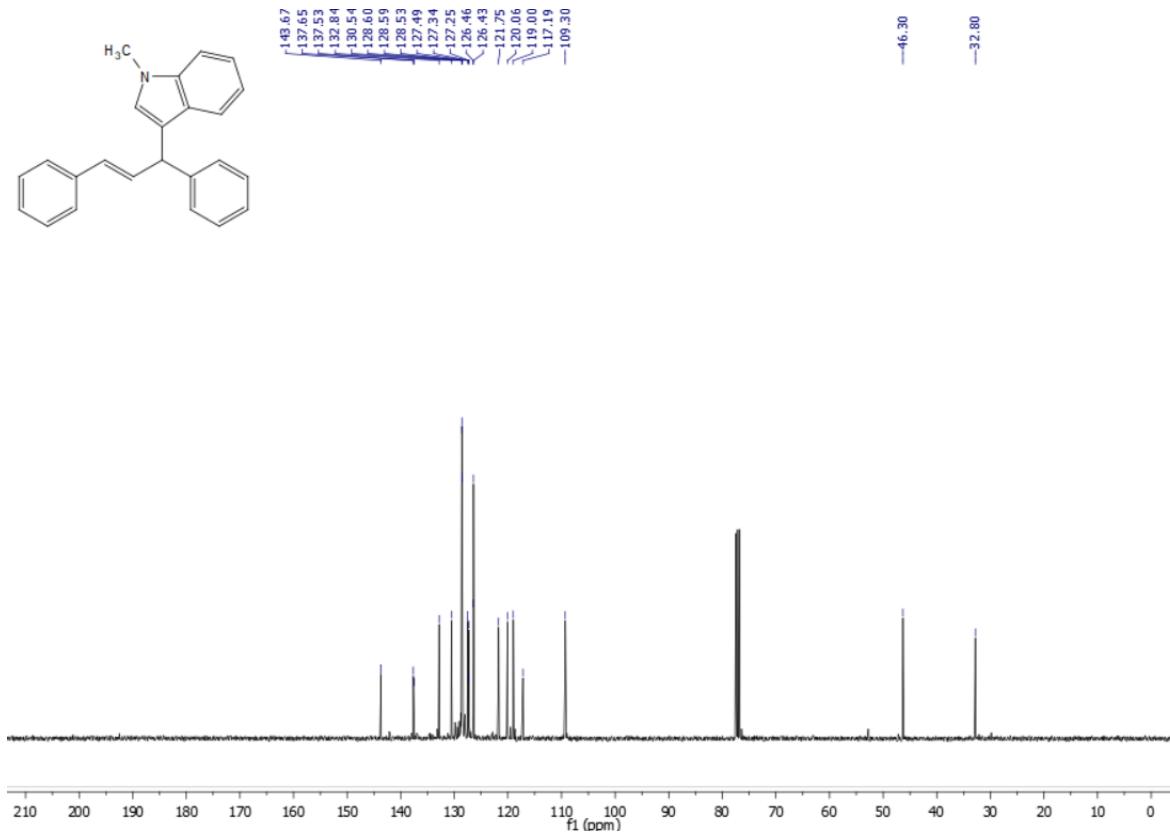


Figure S25. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of (E)-3-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-indole (2)

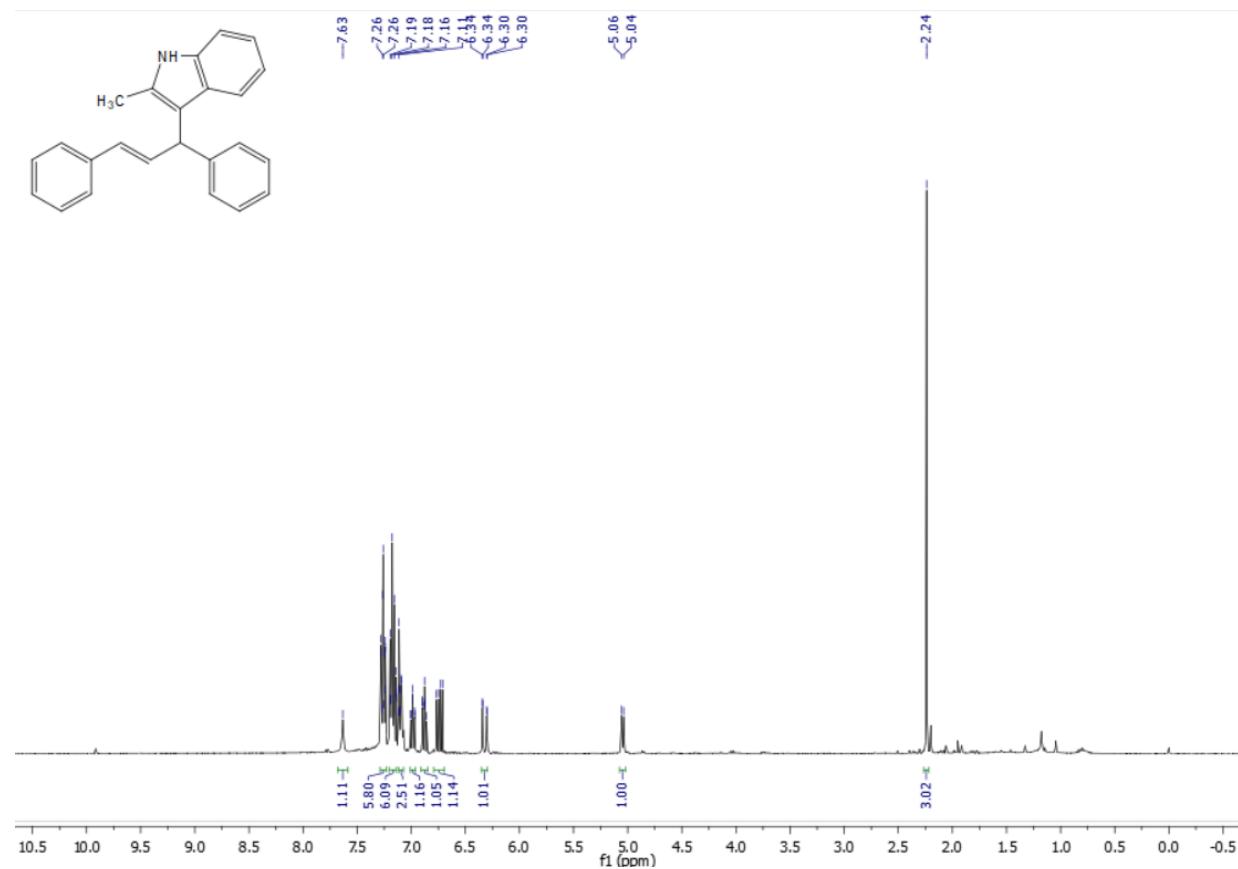


Figure S26. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of (E)-3-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-2-methyl-1*H*-indole (3)

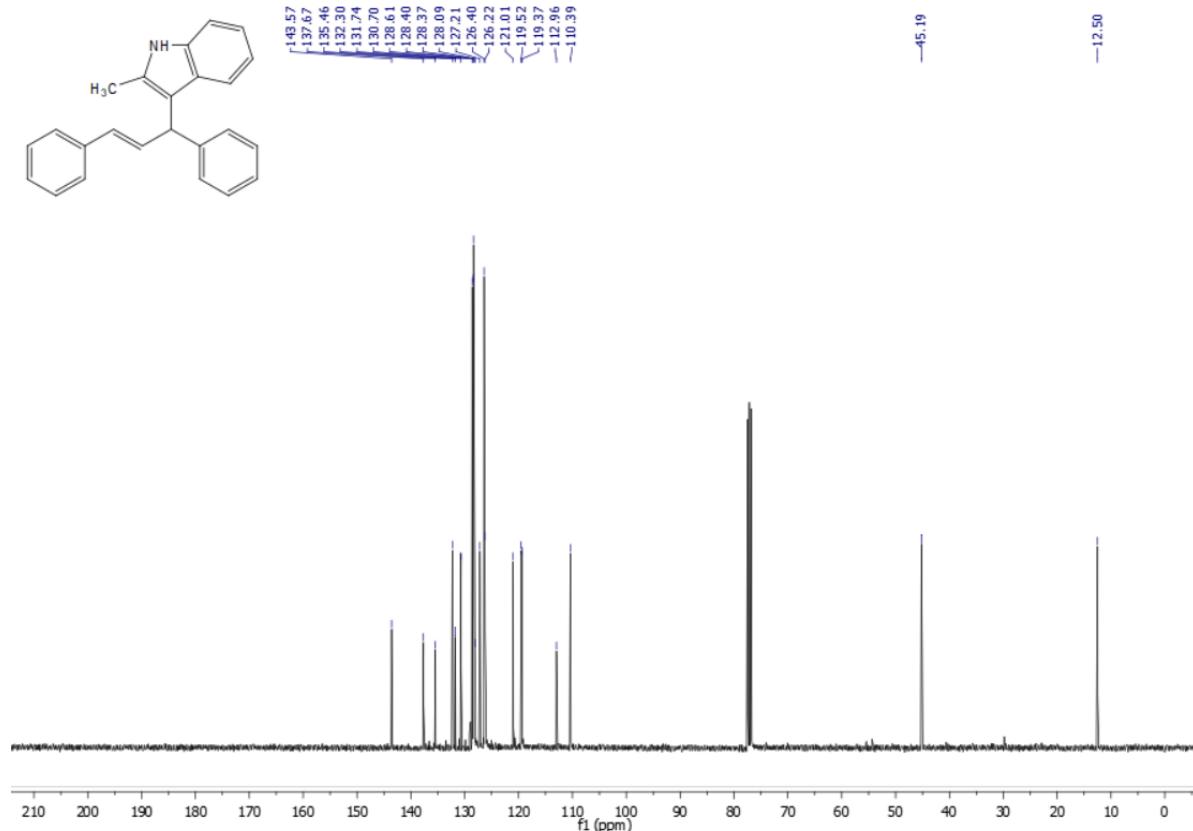


Figure S27. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of (E)-3-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-2-methyl-1*H*-indole (3)

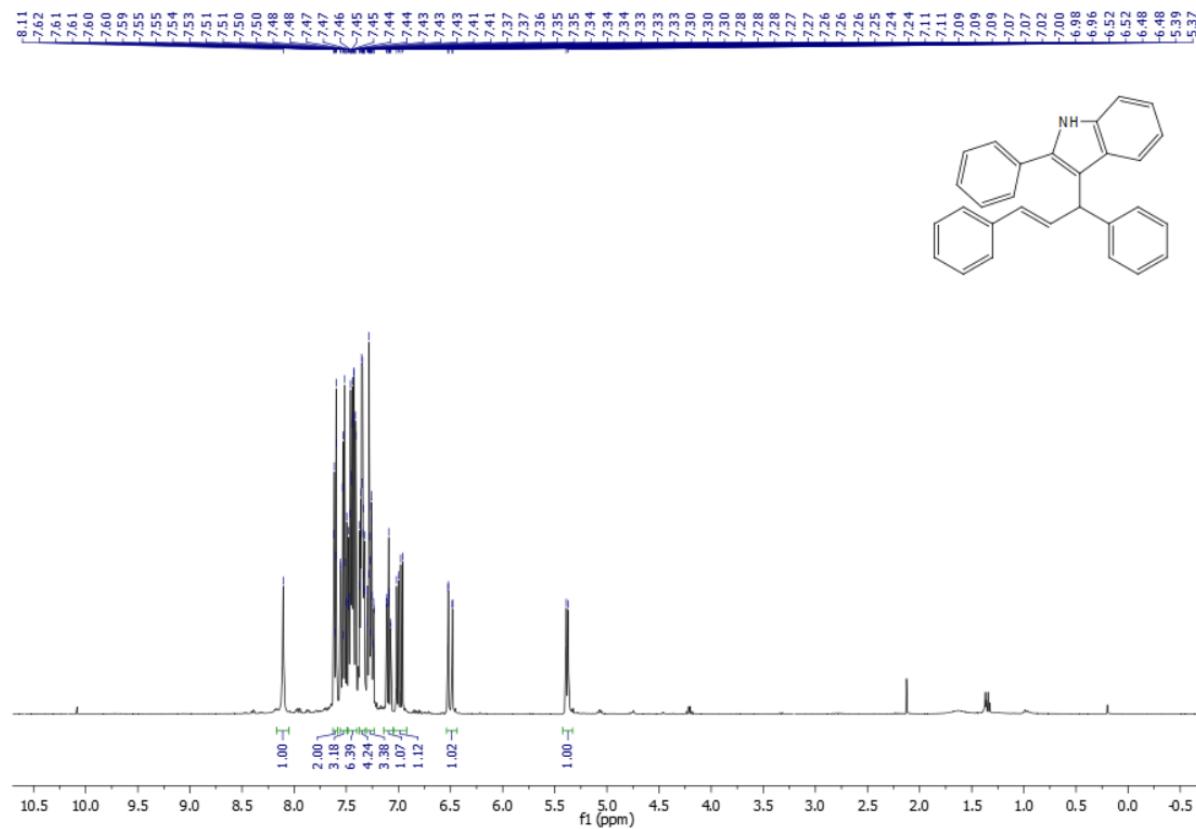


Figure S28.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of (*E*)-3-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-2-phenyl-1*H*-indole (4)

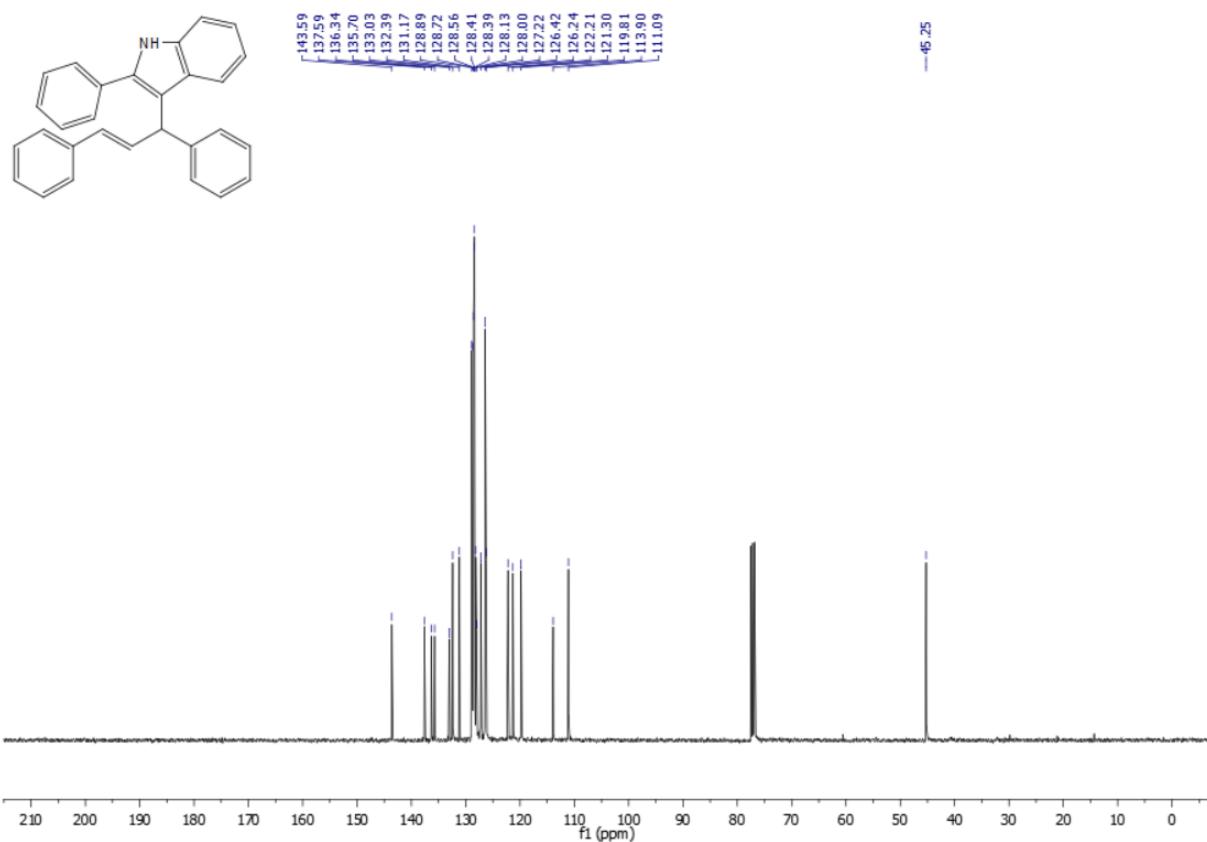


Figure S29.  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of (*E*)-3-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-2-phenyl-1*H*-indole (4)

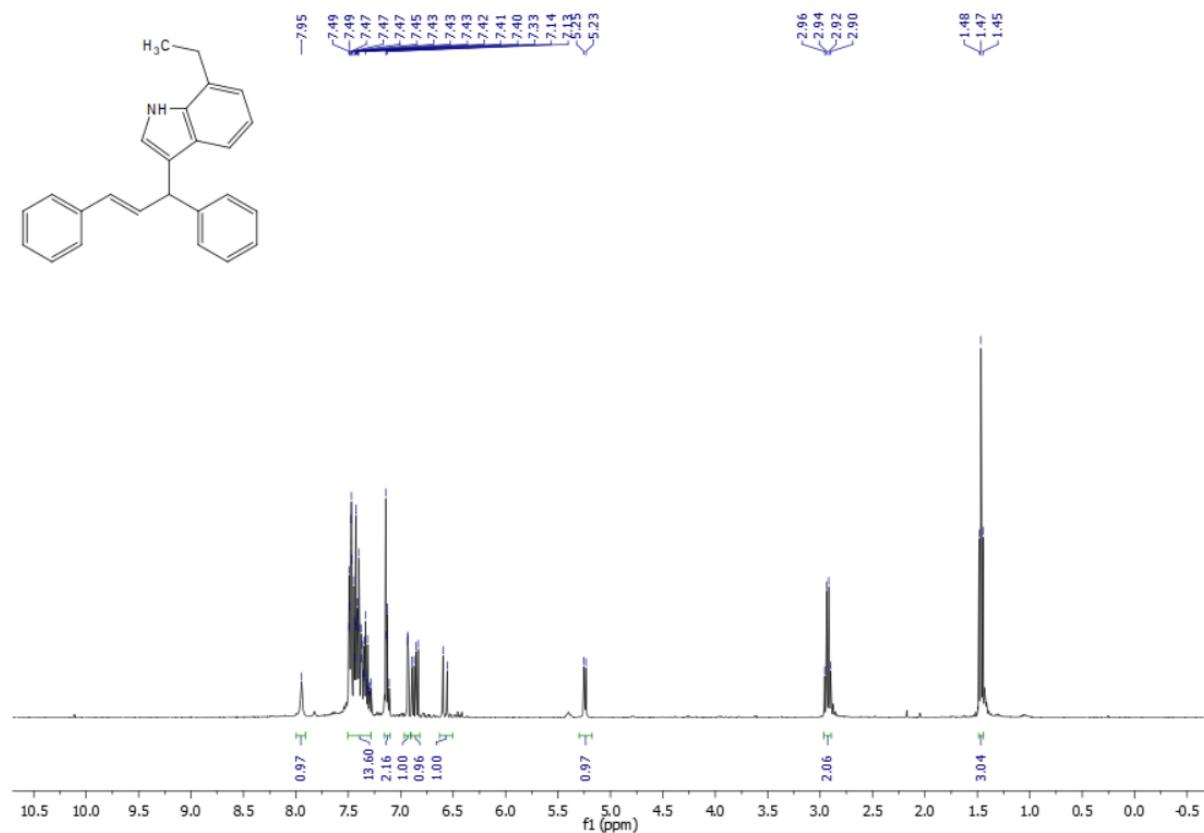


Figure S30. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of (E)-3-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-7-ethyl-1*H*-indole (5)

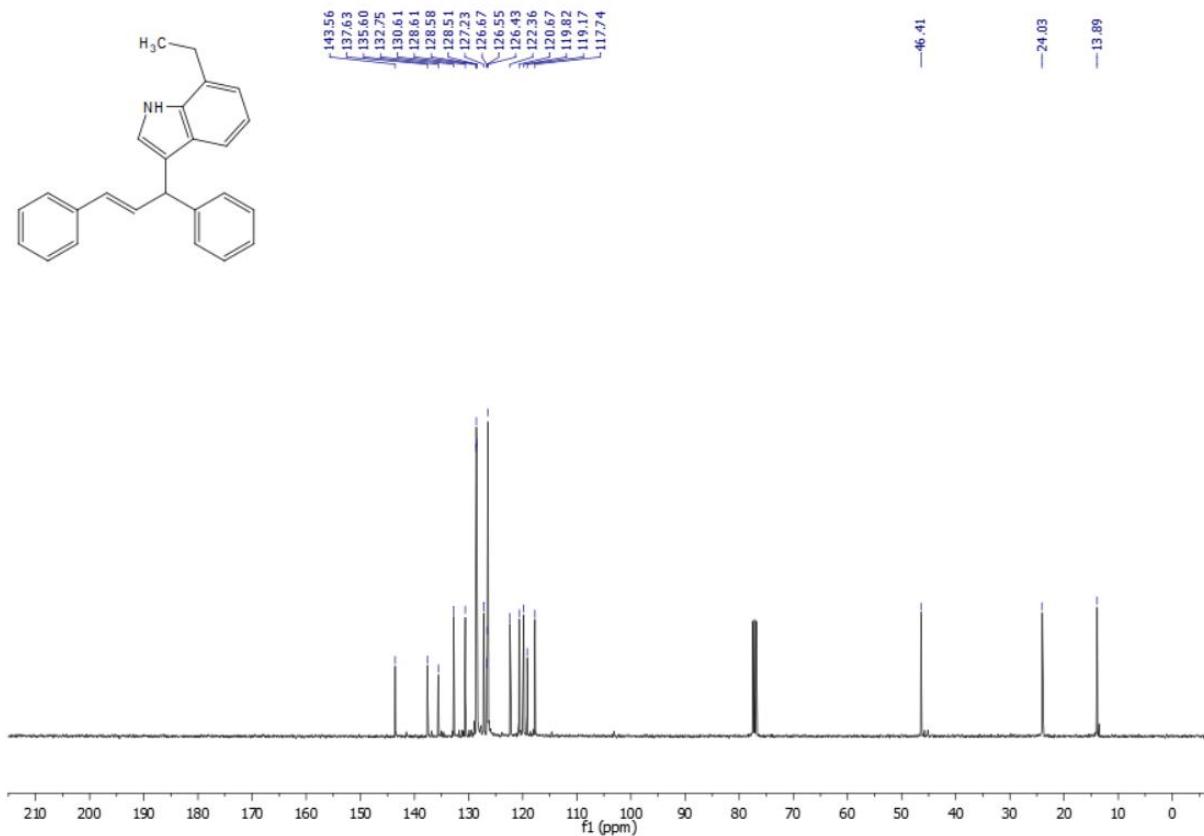


Figure S31. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of (E)-3-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-7-ethyl-1*H*-indole (5)

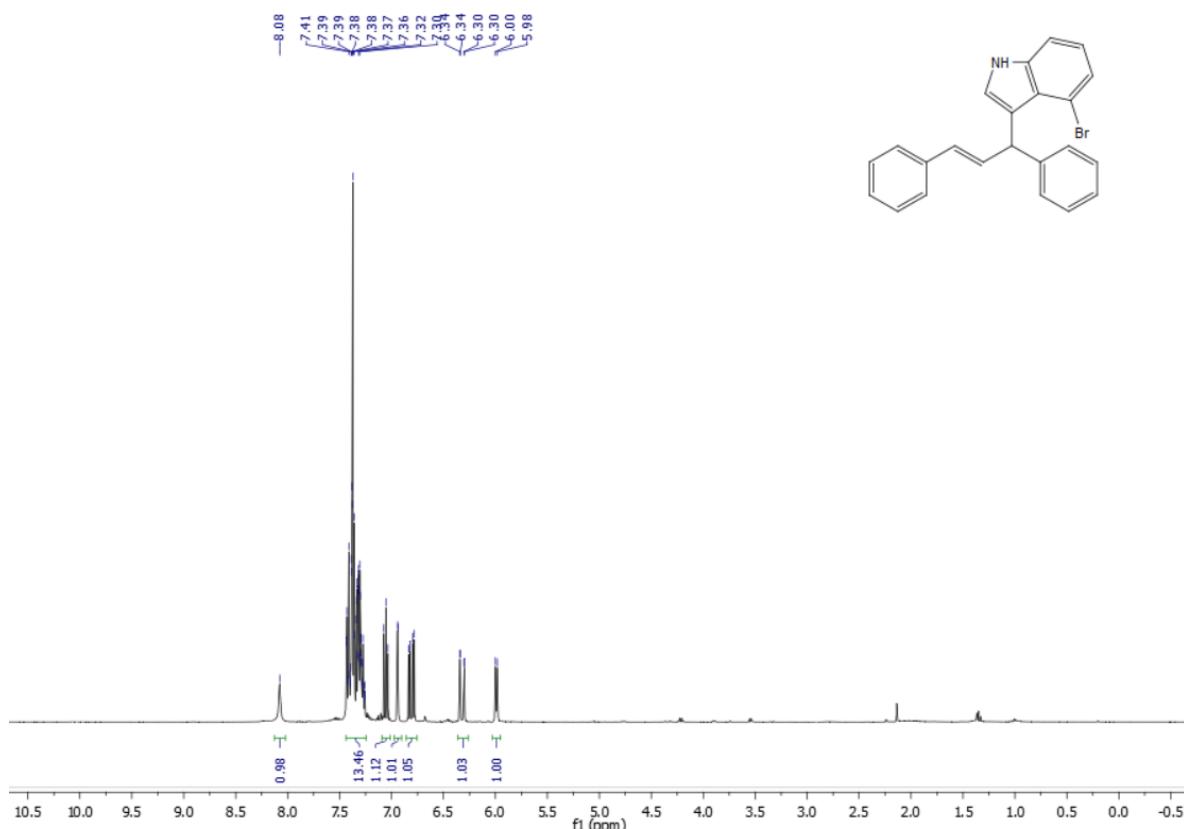


Figure S32. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of (E)-4-bromo-3-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-1*H*-indole (6)

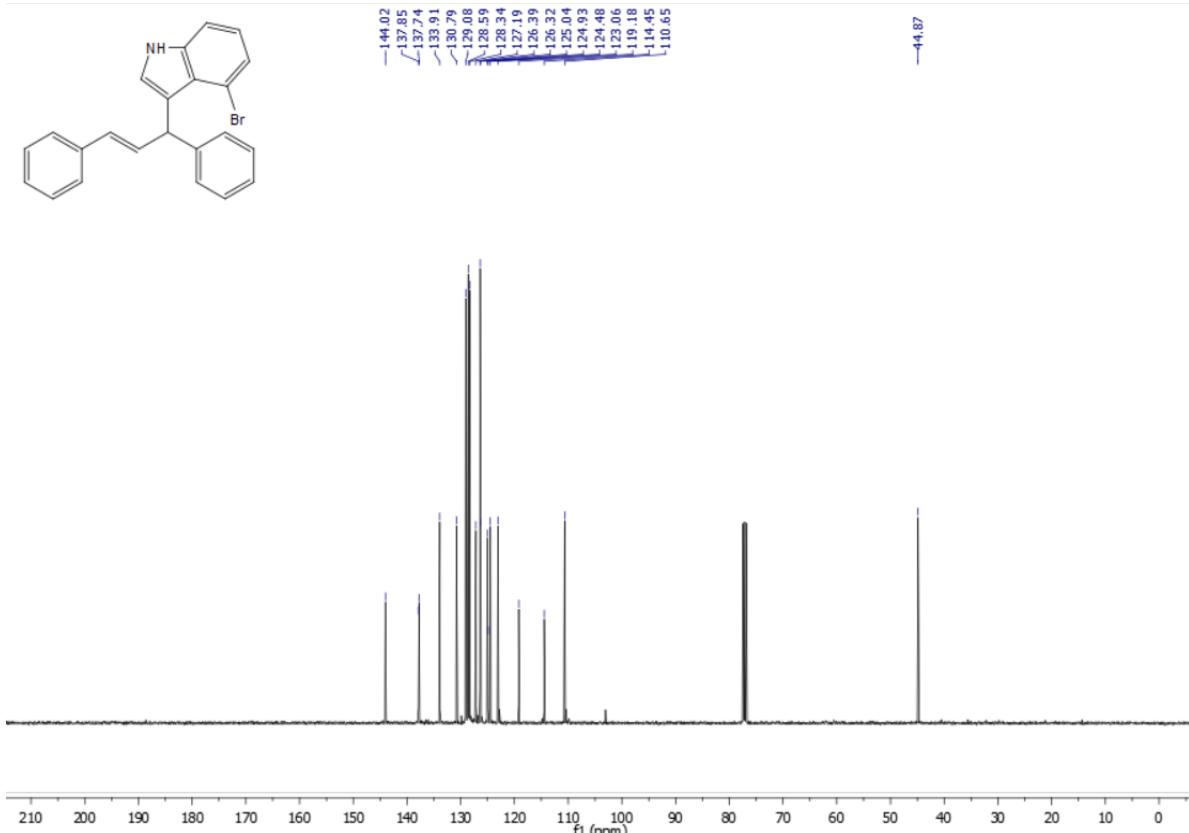


Figure S33. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of (E)-4-bromo-3-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-1*H*-indole (6)

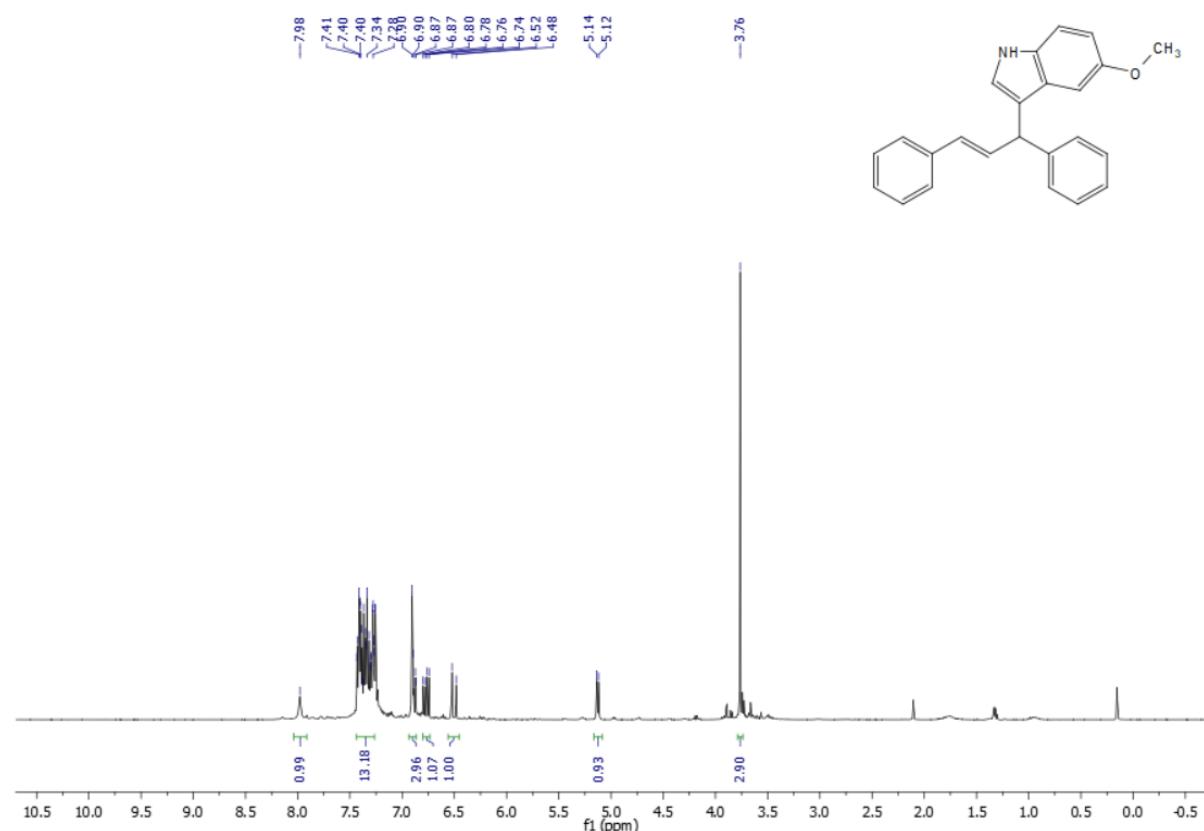


Figure S34. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of (E)-3-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-5-methoxy-1*H*-indole (7)

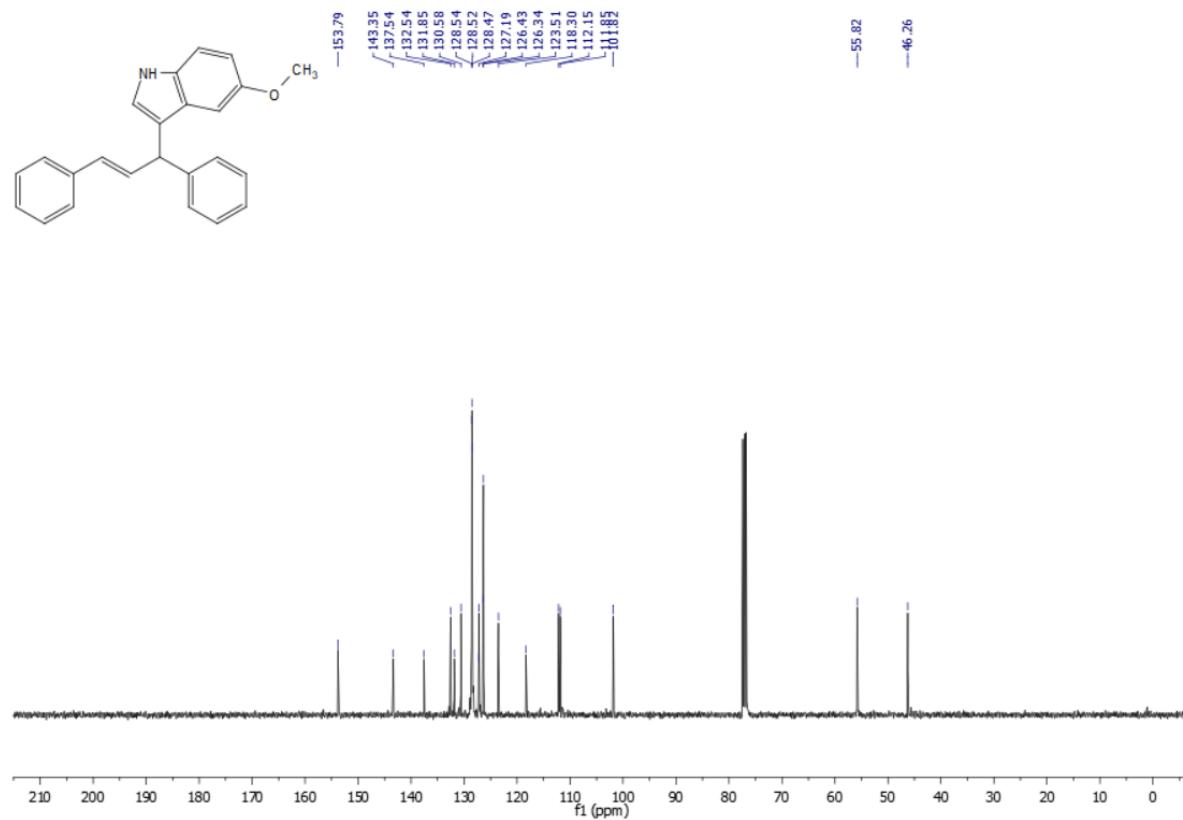


Figure S35. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of (E)-3-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-5-methoxy-1*H*-indole (7)

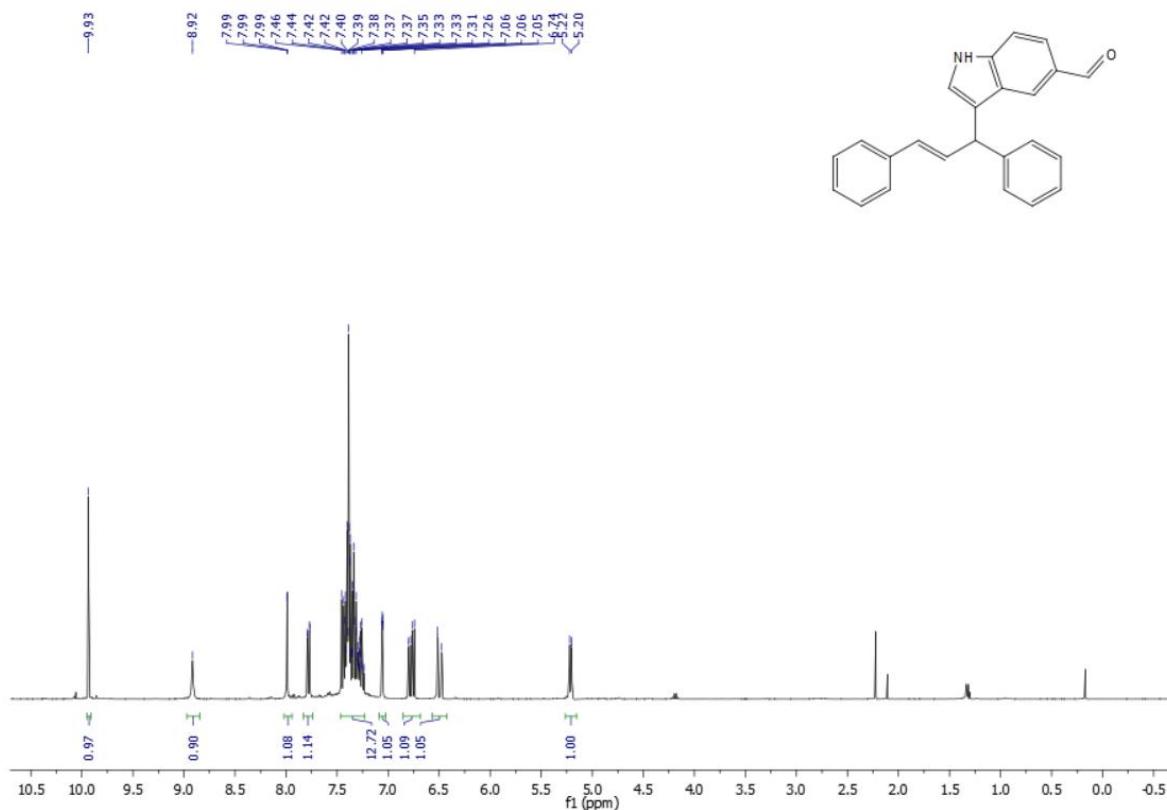


Figure S36. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of (E)-3-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-5-formyl-1*H*-indole (8)

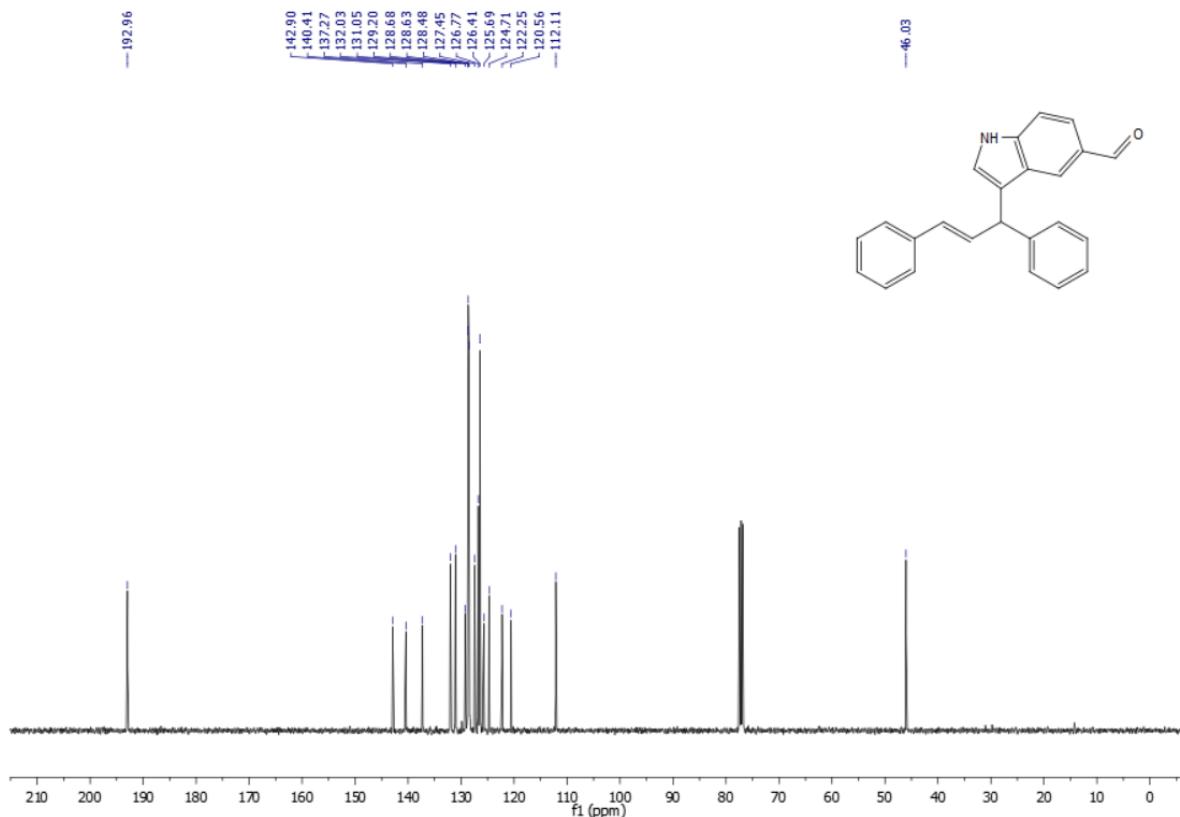


Figure S37. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of (E)-3-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-5-formyl-1*H*-indole (8)

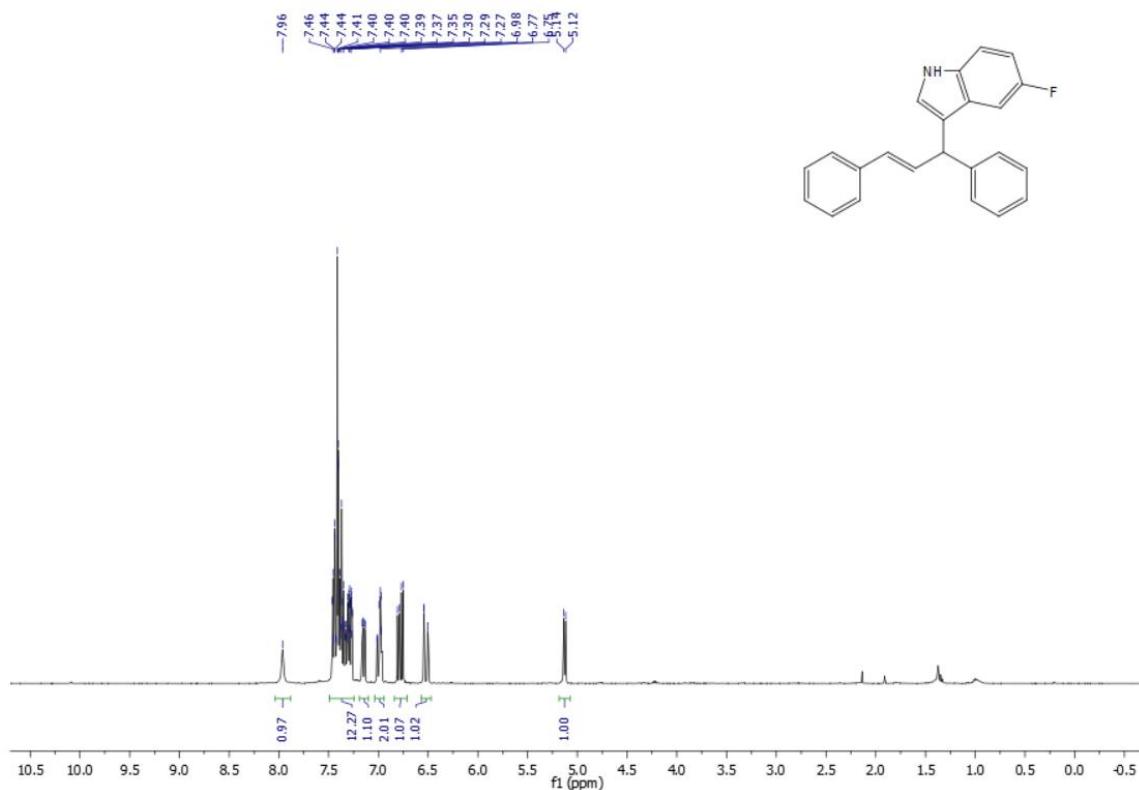


Figure S38. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of (E)-3-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-5-fluoro-1*H*-indole (9)

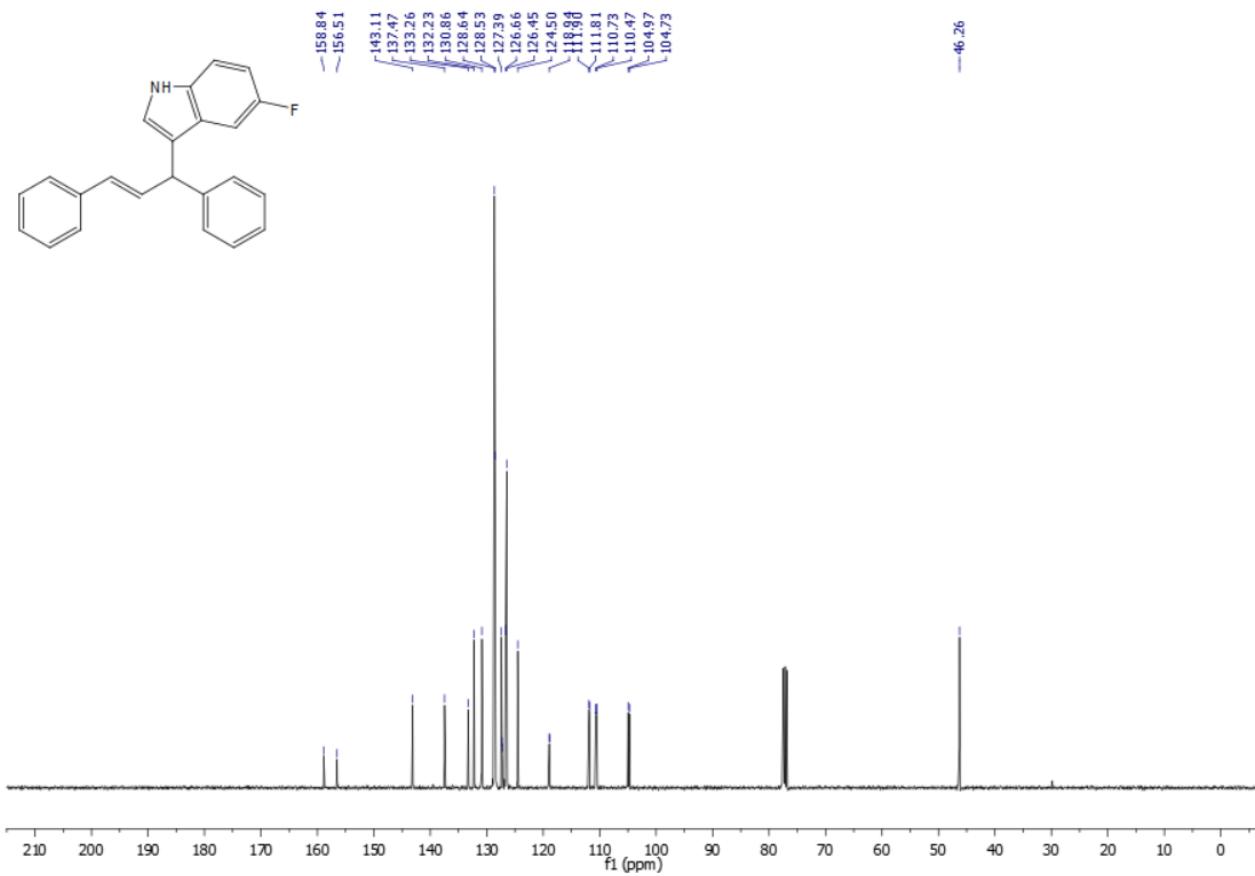


Figure S39. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of (E)-3-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-5-fluoro-1*H*-indole (9)

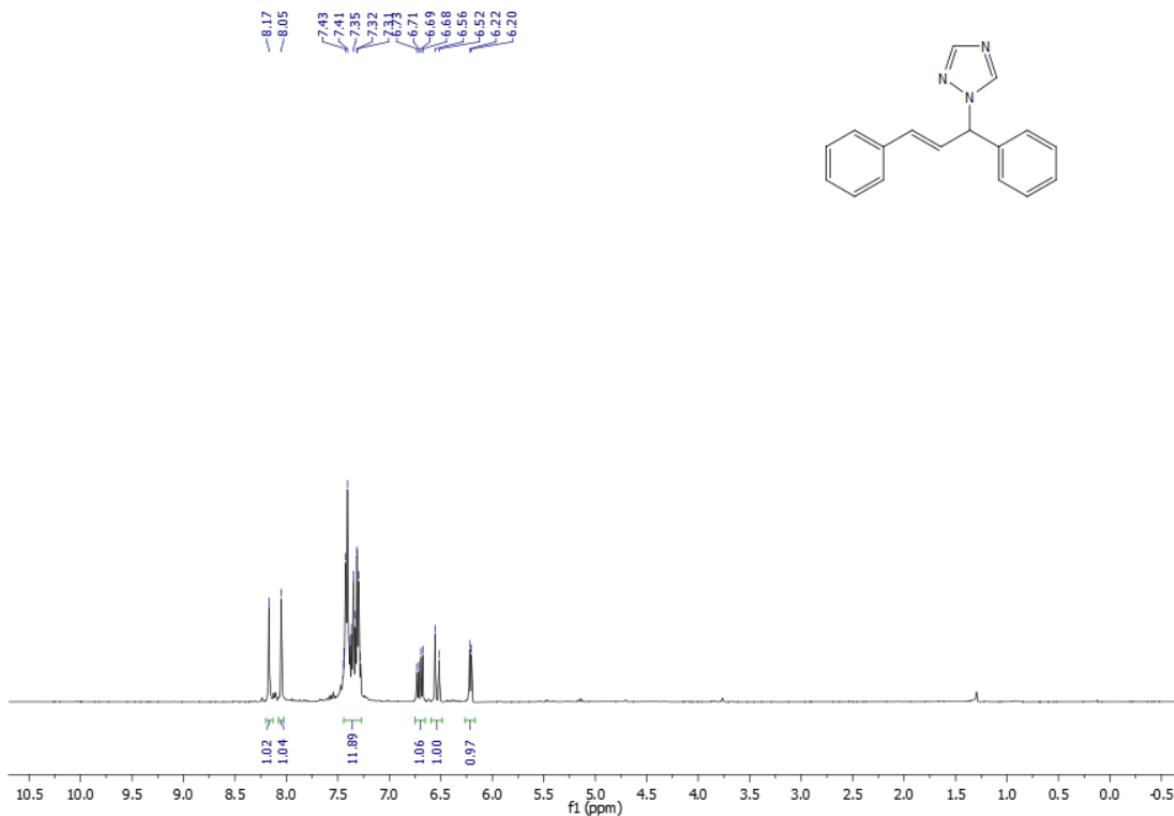


Figure S40. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of (E)-1-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-1,2,4-triazole (10)

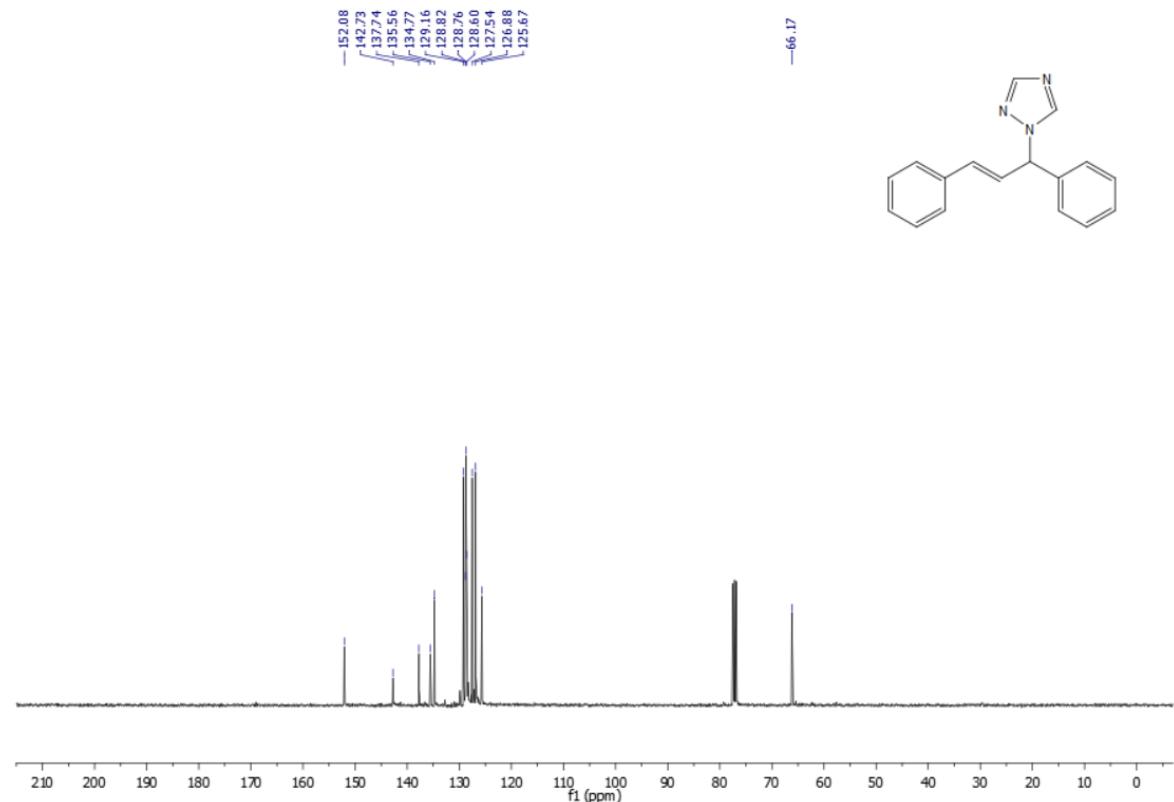


Figure S41. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of (E)-1-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-1,2,4-triazole (10)

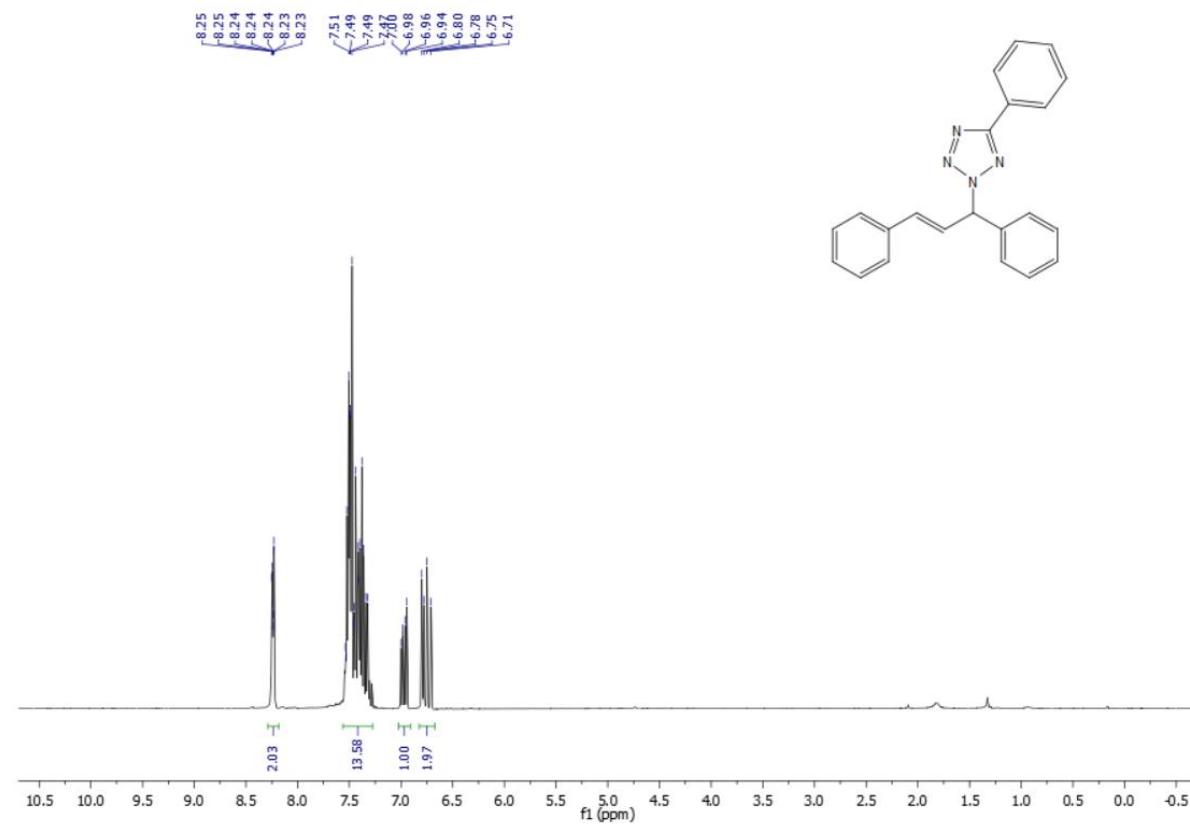


Figure S42. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of (E)-2-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-5-phenyl-2H-tetrazole (11)

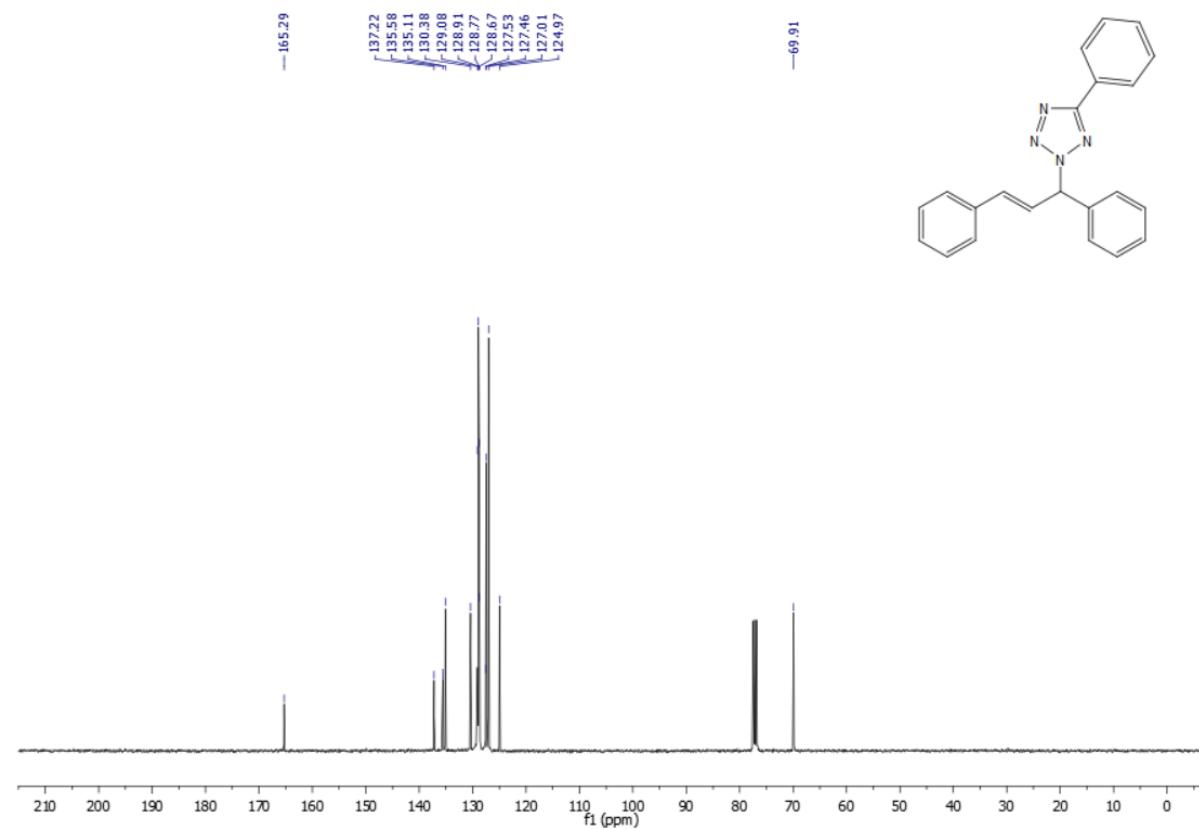


Figure S43. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of (E)-2-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-5-phenyl-2H-tetrazole (11)

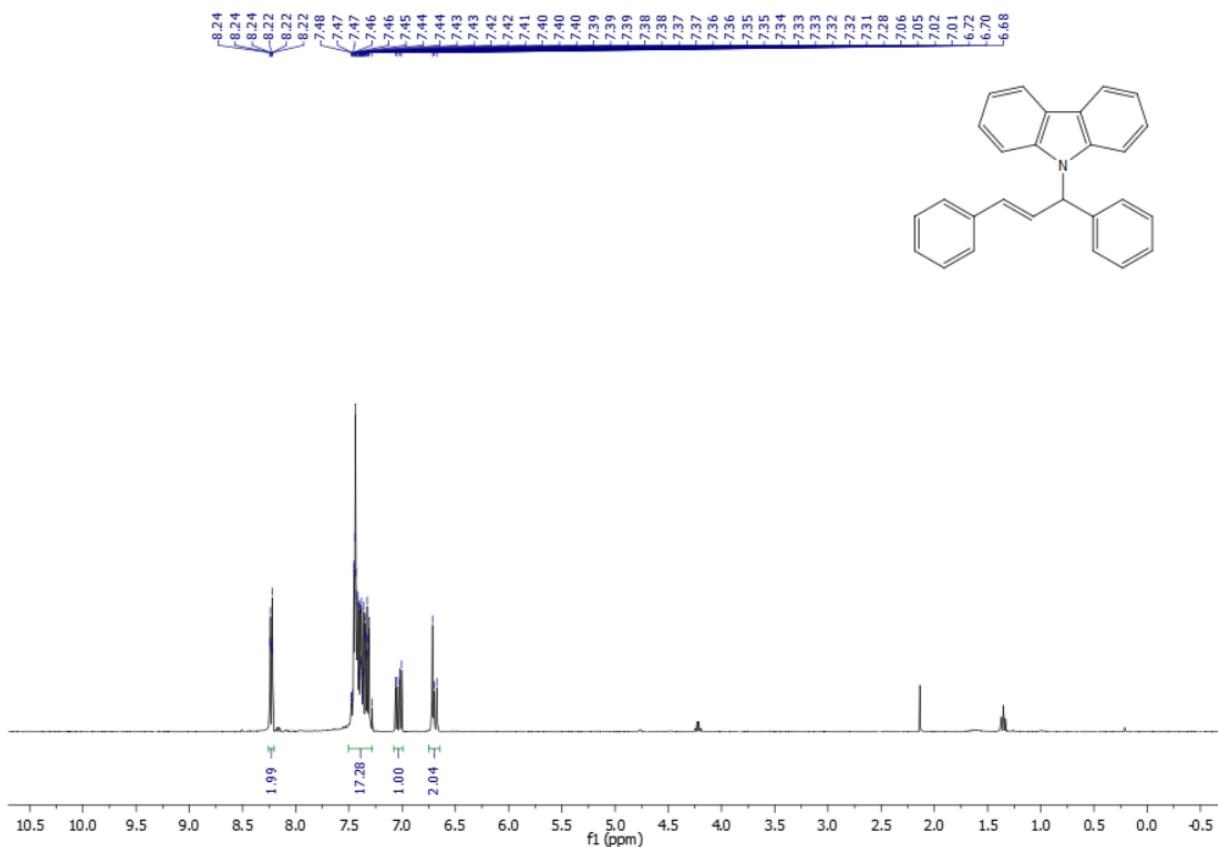


Figure S44. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of (E)-9-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-9H-carbazole (12)

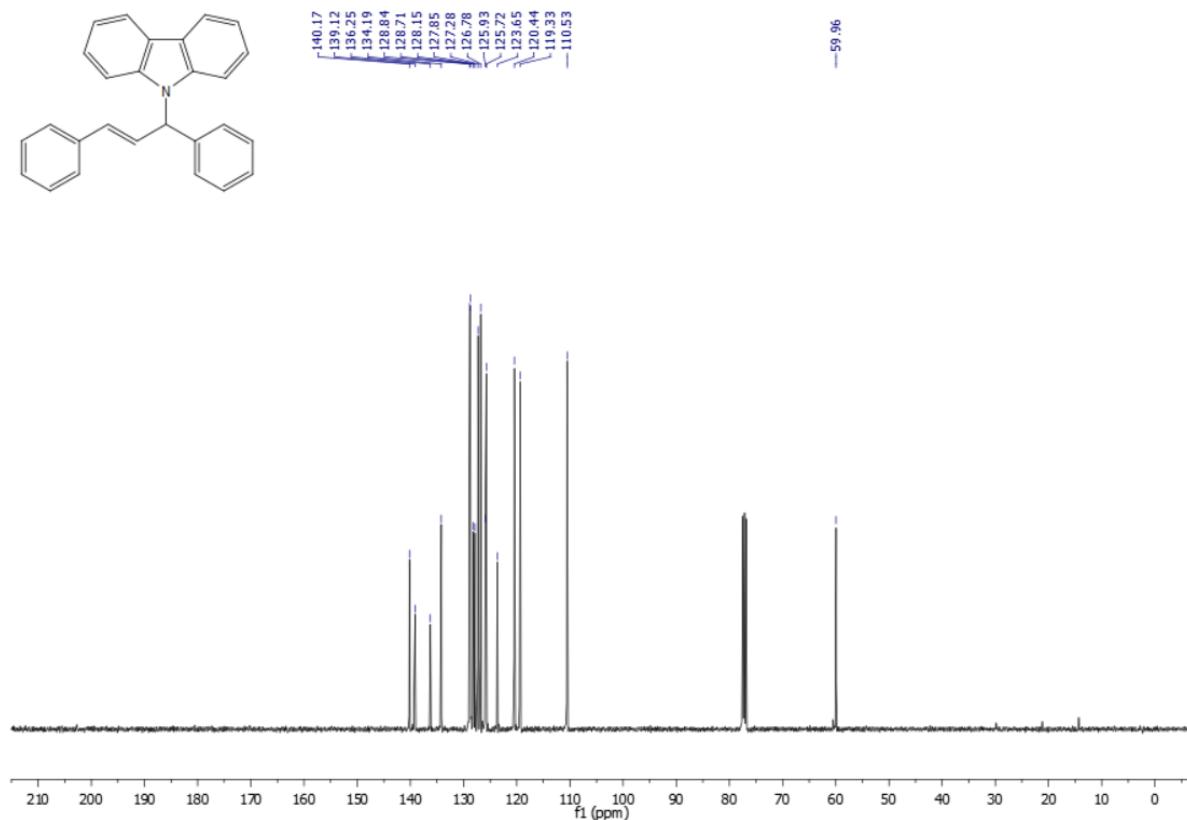


Figure S45. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of (E)-9-(1,3-diphenylallyl)-9H-carbazole (12)

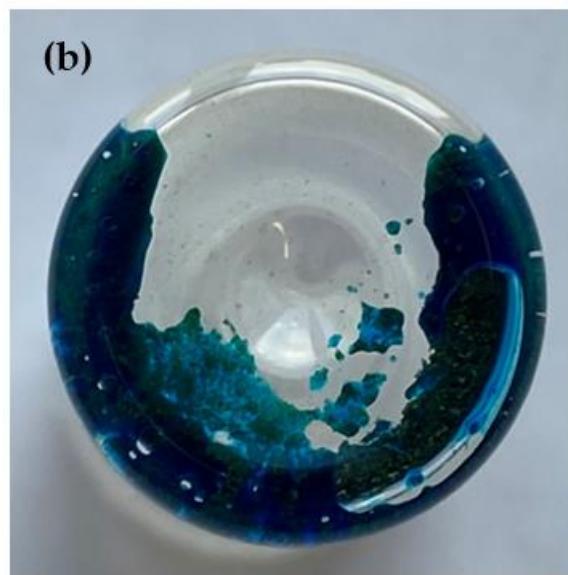
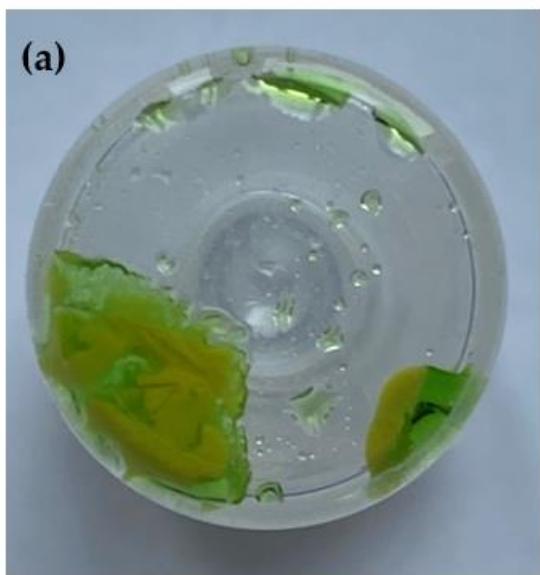
**Miscellaneous images**

Figure S46. 1:1 mcmimCl:NiCl<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O mixture (a) cooled down for 5 minutes after preparation (b) heated up again until development of condensation