

Supplementary Materials: Antiallergic Phorbol Ester from the Seeds of Aquilaria Malaccensis

Michal Korinek, Vitthal D. Wagh, I-Wen Lo, Yu-Ming Hsu, Hsue-Yin Hsu, Tsong-Long Hwang,
Yang-Chang Wu, Yuan-Bin Cheng, Bing-Hung Chen and Fang-Rong Chang

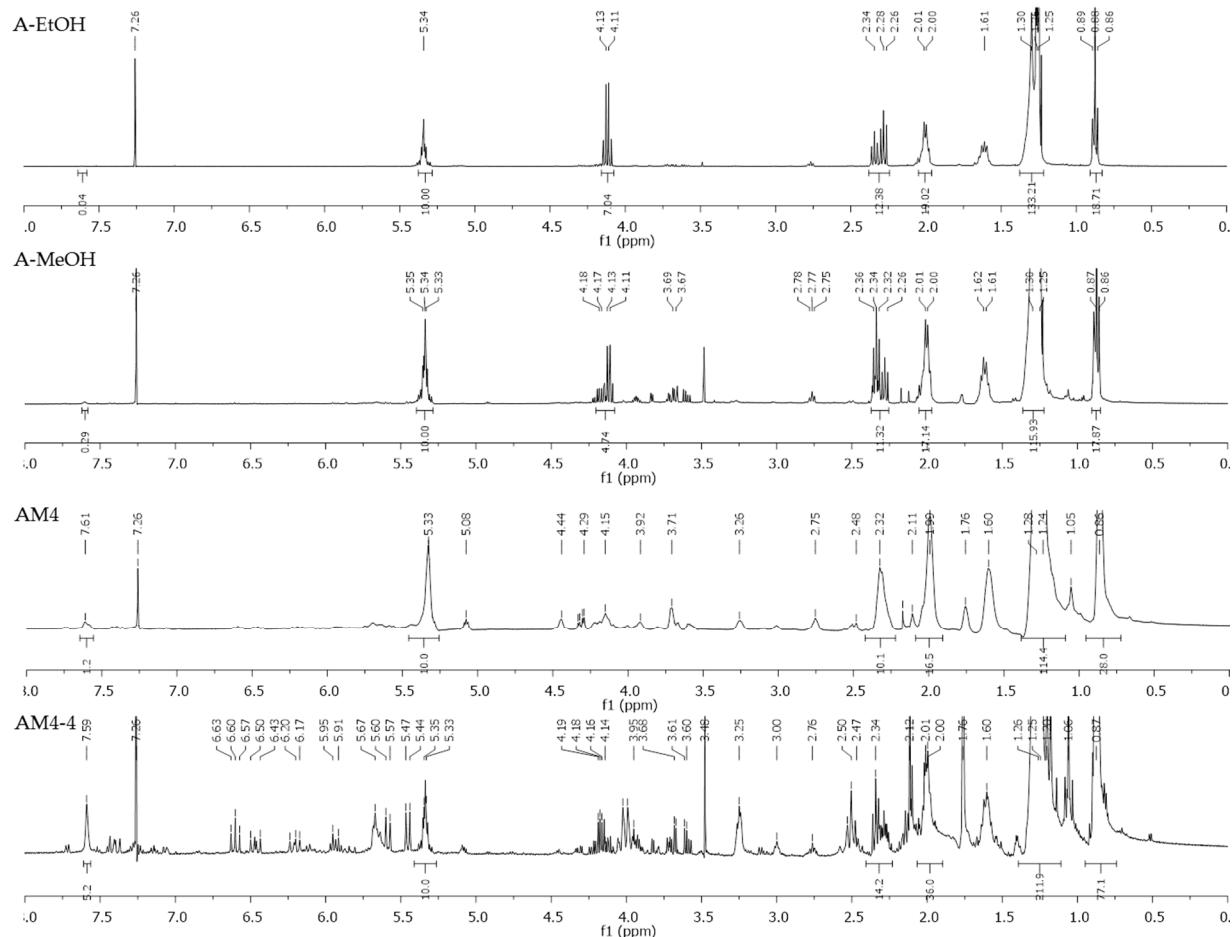
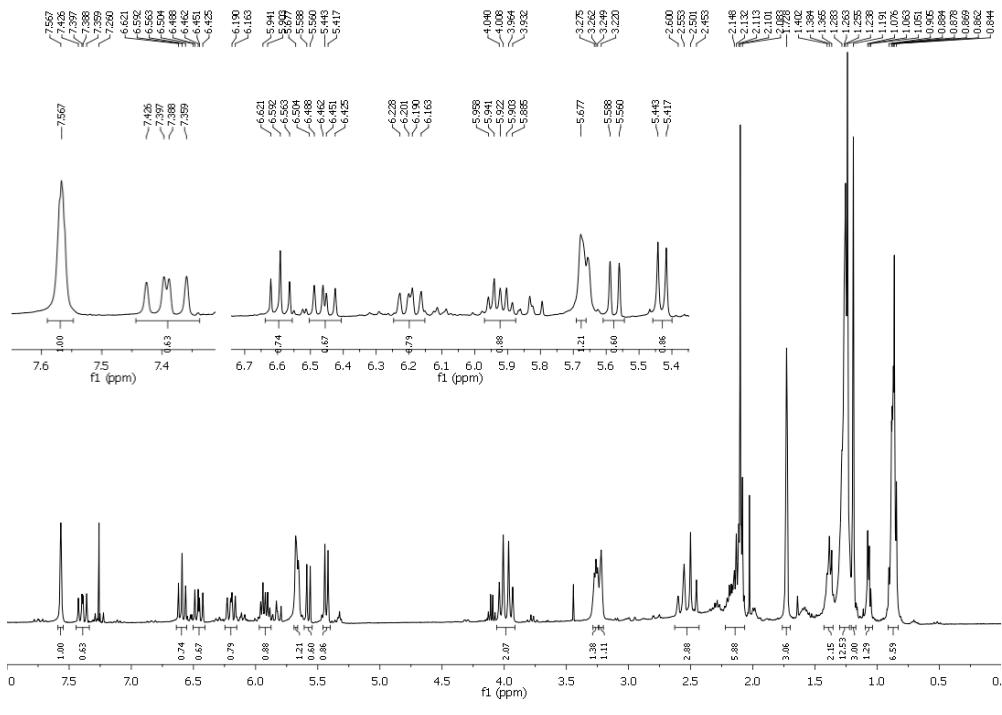
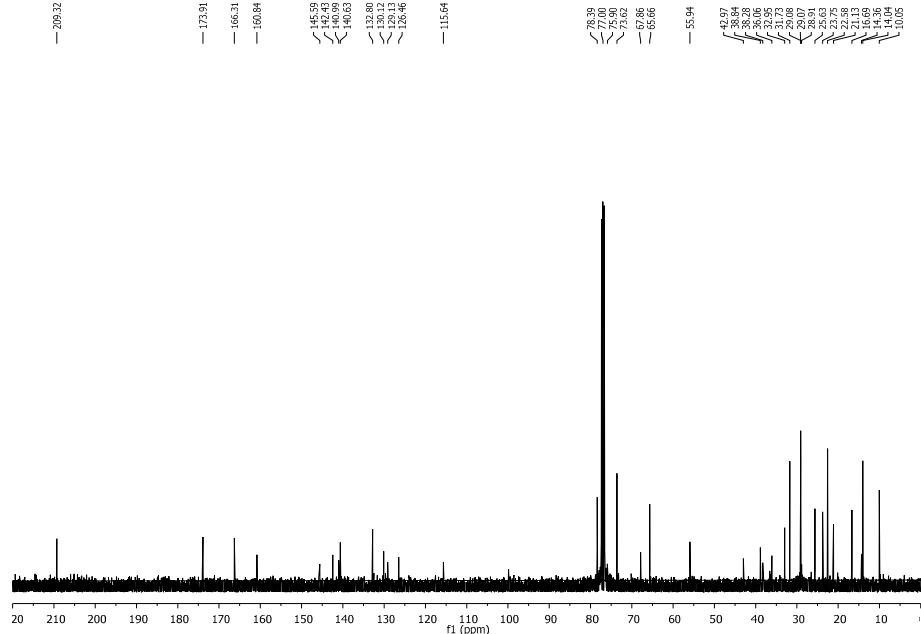


Figure S1. ^1H NMR spectra of A-EtOH, A-MeOH, AM4 and AM4-4 in CDCl_3 , 400 MHz. The ^1H NMR comparison of consequent fractions guided by antiallergic activity. The typical signals for phorbol diterpenes (δ_{H} 7.5, H-1; δ_{H} 5.6, H-7) increased with purification in following manner: ethanolic extract (A-EtOH) < methanolic partition layer (A-MeOH) < 4th fraction of the methanolic layer (AM4) < 4th fraction of AM4 (AM4-4).

**Figure S2.** The ^1H NMR spectrum of aquimavitalin (**1**) in CDCl_3 , 400 MHz.**Figure S3.** The ^{13}C NMR spectrum of aquimavitalin (**1**) in CDCl_3 , 100 MHz.

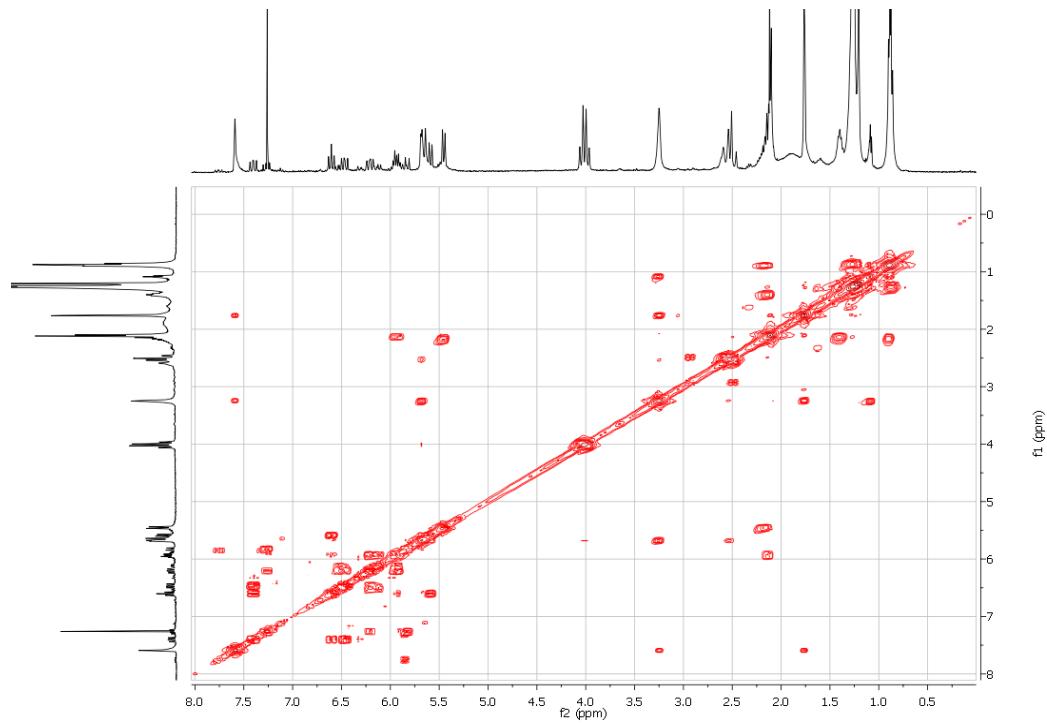


Figure S4. ^1H - ^1H correlation spectroscopy (COSY) spectrum of aquimavitalin (**1**) in CDCl_3 .

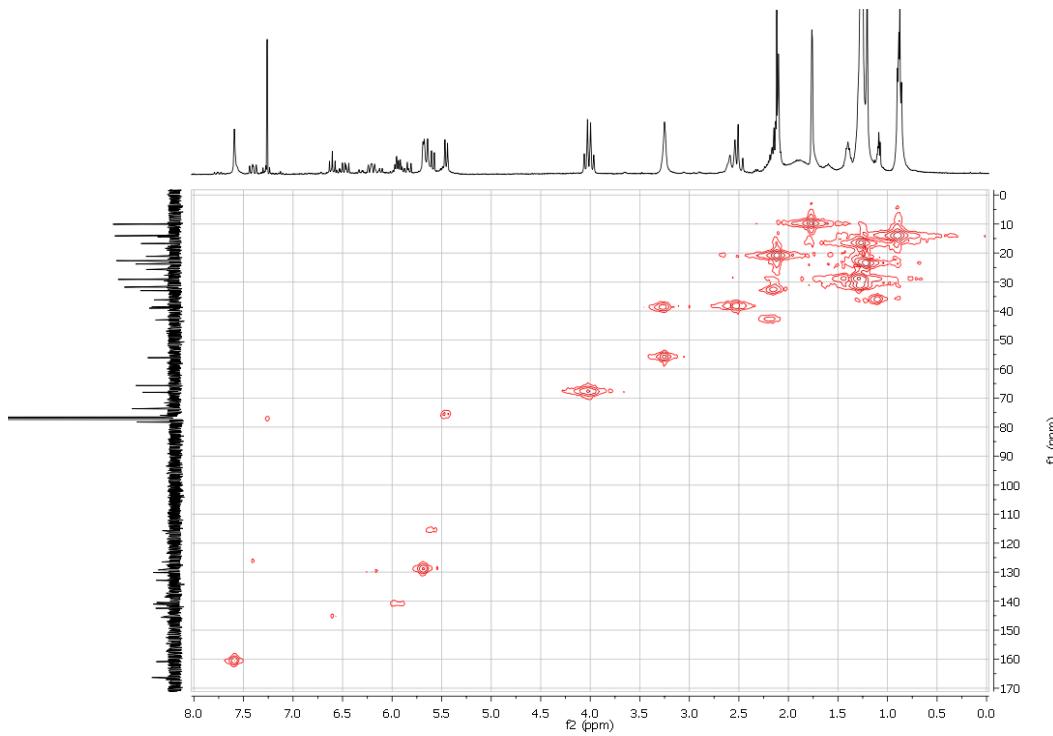


Figure S5. HMQC spectrum of aquimavitalin (**1**) in CDCl_3 .

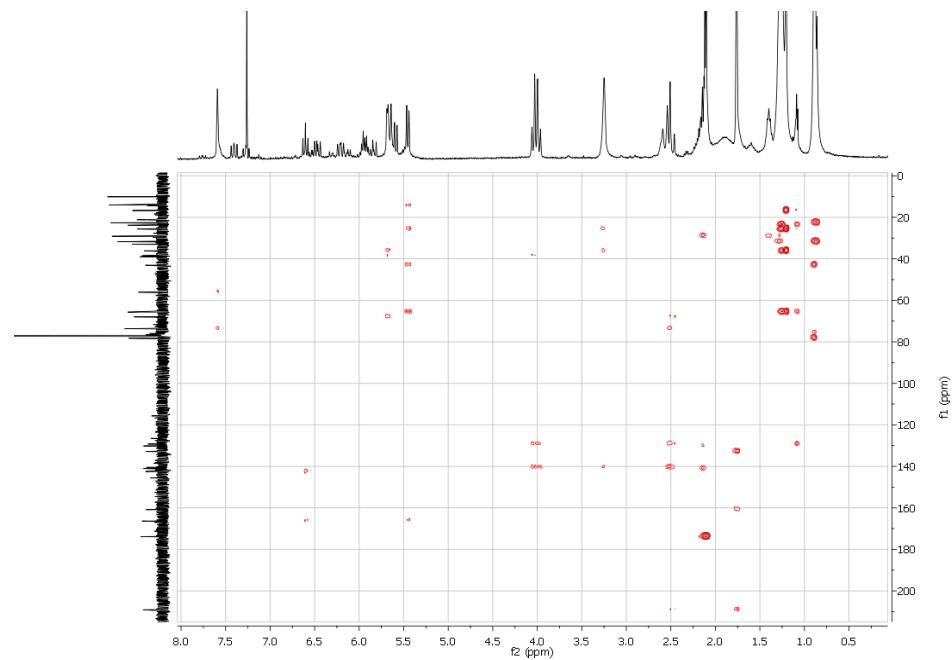


Figure S6. Heteronuclear multiple bond correlation spectroscopy (HMBC) spectrum of aquimavitalin (**1**) in CDCl_3 .

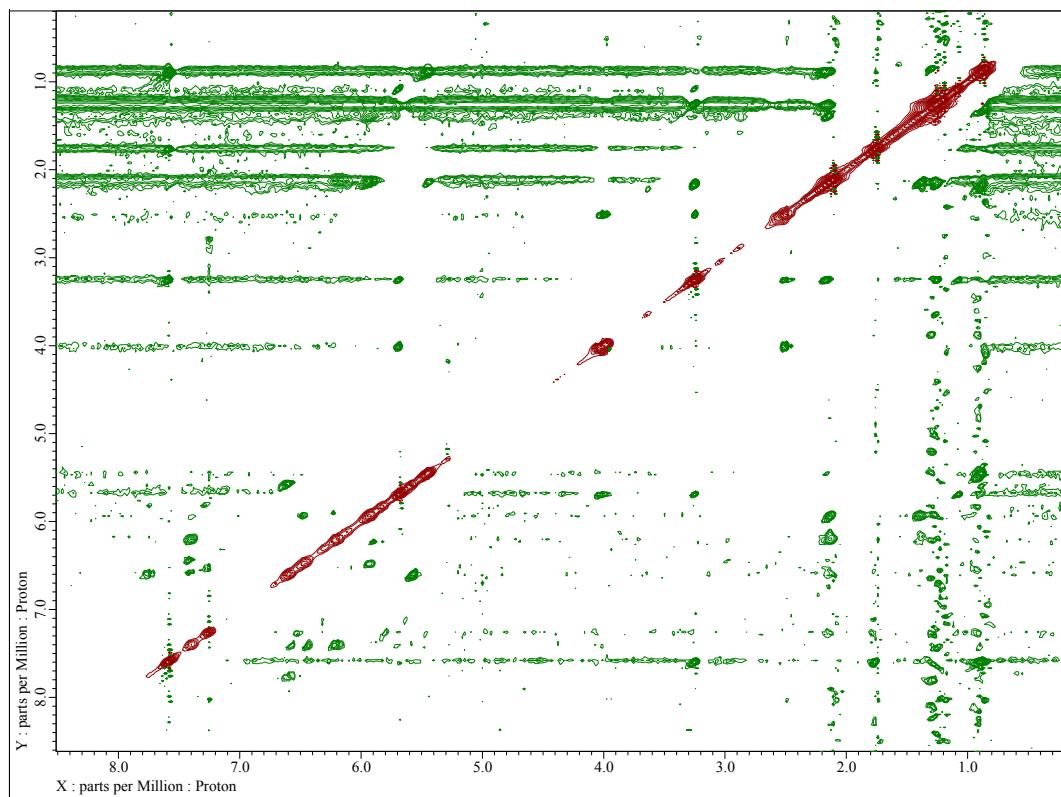


Figure S7. Nuclear overhauser effect spectroscopy (NOESY) spectrum of aquimavitalin (**1**) in CDCl_3 .

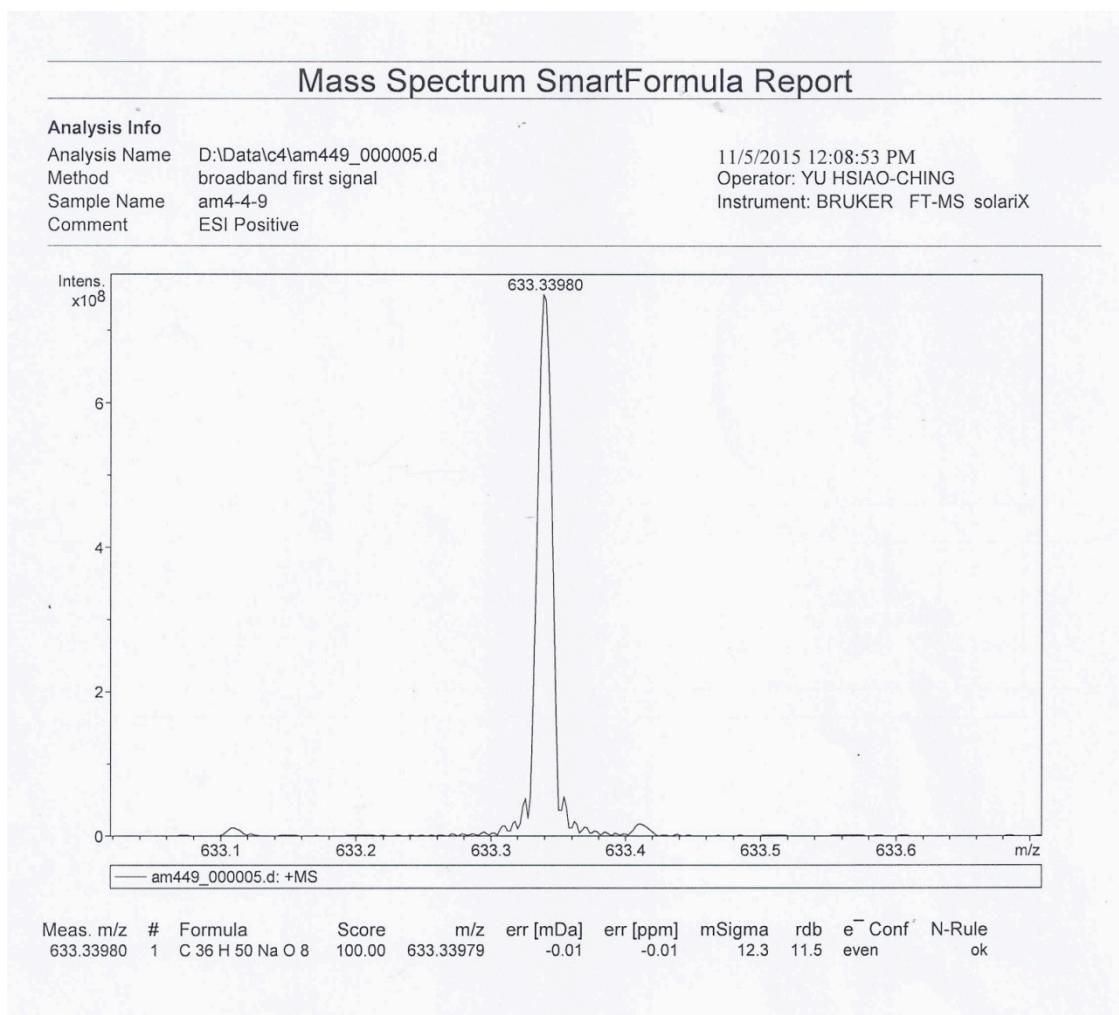


Figure S8. High-resolution electrospray ionization mass spectrometry (HR-ESIMS) spectrum of aquimavitalin (**1**).