

ArtinM mediates murine T cell activation and induces cell death in Jurkat human leukemic T cells

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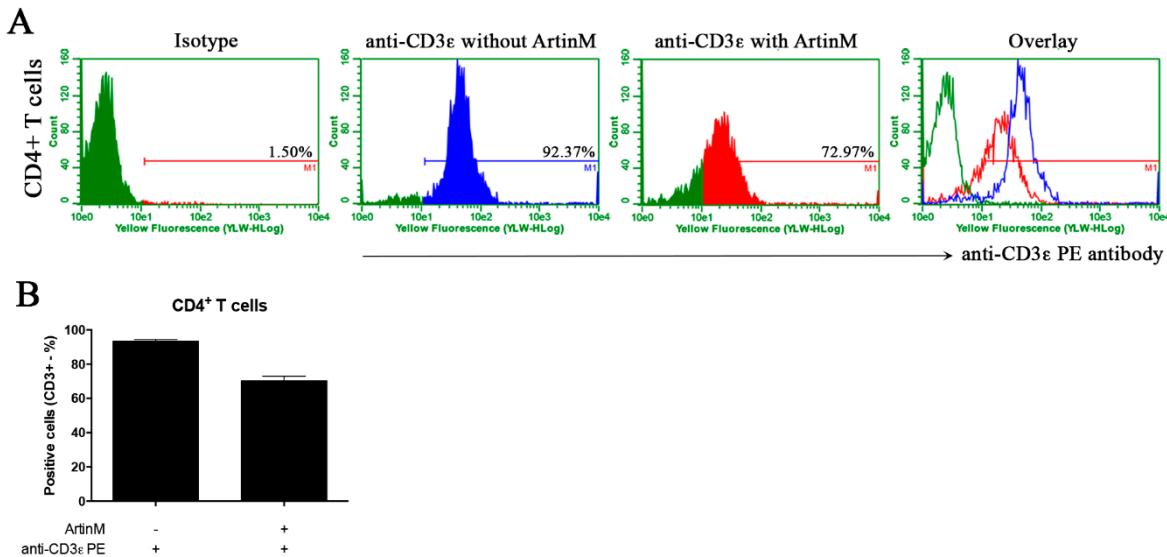


Figure S1. The competition between ArtinM and anti-CD3 ϵ antibody for binding on CD4 $^{+}$ T cells. Purified CD4 $^{+}$ T cells (1×10^6 /mL) were fixed and incubated with or without ArtinM (25 μ g/mL) for 40 min. Afterwards, the cells were incubated for 40 min with 145-2C11 monoclonal antibody (conjugated to PE), which is specific to the CD3 ϵ chain. (A) The labeled cells were analyzed by flow cytometry. The histograms represent the percentage of cells that were positive for anti-CD3 antibody after pre-incubation with or without ArtinM, and the overlay represents all these conditions; (B) the graphic represents the values in replicates of positive cells for anti-CD3 antibody in the presence or absence of ArtinM. The results are expressed as means \pm SEM.

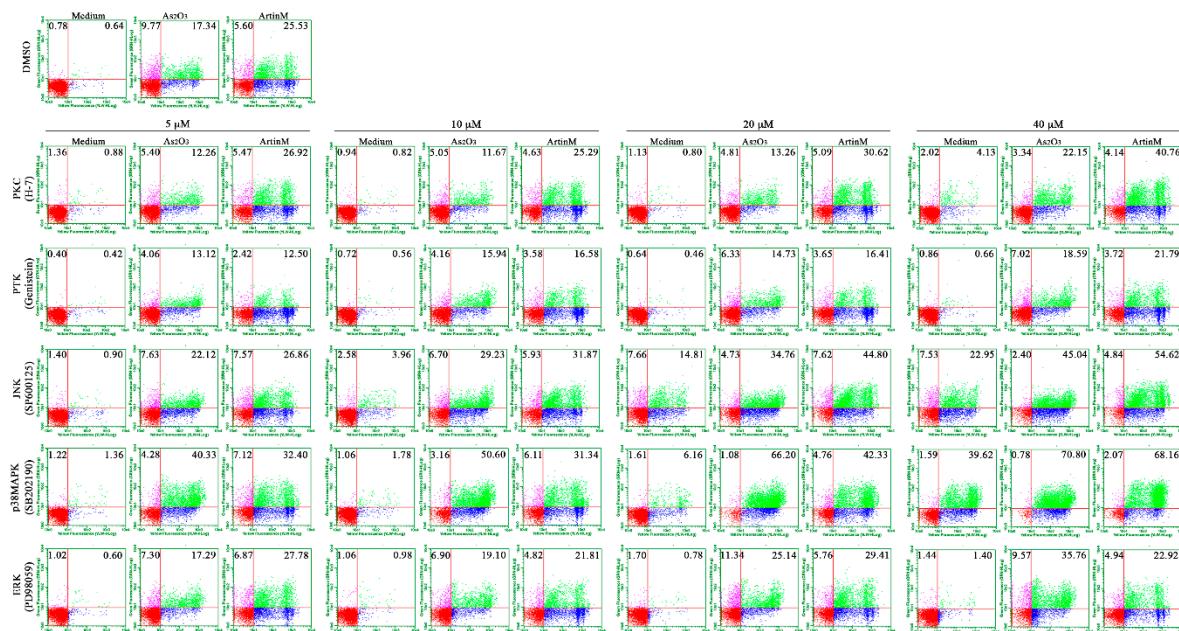


Figure S2. Dot plots of Annexin V and/or PI positive Jurkat T cells incubated with pharmacological signaling pathway inhibitors and stimulated with or without ArtinM. Jurkat T cells (2×10^5 /mL), as described in Figure 8, were assayed in the presence or absence of inhibitors against PKC, JNK, p38

MAPK, ERK, and PTKs at different concentrations (5–40 μ M). Then, the cells were stimulated with ArtinM (20 μ g/mL), As₂O₃ (3 μ M), or medium alone for 48 h. Annexin V-FITC binding and PI incorporation were analyzed by flow cytometry and the dot plots show the percentage of positive cells for Annexin V/PI, Annexin V, or PI.

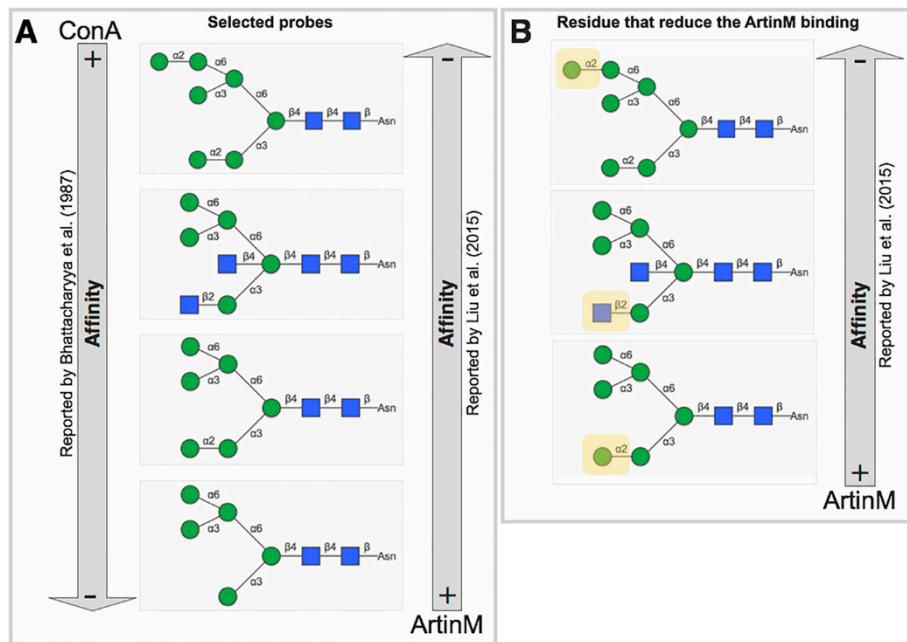


Figure S3. Analysis of carbohydrate-recognition by ConA and ArtinM. (A) The attribution of ConA affinity for each sugar structure is based on the analyses by Bhattacharyya et al. [52]. The selected structures were analyzed for ArtinM-binding using a glycan microarray system [49]. (B) The evaluation of ArtinM binding to 255 glycans distributed in a microarray platform allowed the identification of which residues in well-recognized probes for ConA reduced the ArtinM binding (yellow). Blue squares and green circles represent Mannose and N-acetylglucosamine, respectively.