Supplementary

A Lipophilic IR-780 Dye-Encapsulated Zwitterionic Polymer-Lipid Micellar Nanoparticle for Enhanced Photothermal Therapy and NIR-Based Fluorescence Imaging in a Cervical Tumor Mouse Model

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Figure S1. Schematic representation of PCB-lipid synthesis by RAFT polymerization.



Figure S2. Hydrodynamic size of (**a**) PCB-lipid micellar nanoparticle and (**b**) PCB-lipid–IR-780 in water.



Figure S3. Critical micellar concentration of PCB-lipid micellar nanoparticles.



Figure S4. Viability of RAW264.7 cell line treated with PCB-lipid–IR-780 nanoparticles at different IR-780 concentrations. MTS analysis of RAW264.7 cell line treated with (**a**) IR-780 and PCB-lipid–IR-780 NPs; (**b**) PCB-lipid micellar nanoparticles.



+Laser

PCB-Lipid-IR-780 NPs + Laser

PCB-Lipid-IR-780 NPs

Figure S5. After 16 days, animal images of PTT-treated TC-1 xenograft mouse models administered with PCB-lipid-IR-780.



Figure S6. H&E staining of liver, lung, and kidney from PTT-treated TC-1 xenograft mouse models administered with PCB-lipid-IR-780.