

Supplementary material

Poly(C)-binding protein 2 regulates the p53 expression via interactions with the 5'-terminal region of p53 mRNA

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Table S1: Primers applied in RT-PCR and qPCR

Primers		
PCBP2	Forward	5'-CACCAGTTGGCAATGCAACAGTCT-3'
	Reverse	5'-ATGCATCCAAACCTGCCCAATAGC-3'
β-actin	Forward	5'-AGAGCAAGAGAGGCATCCTG-3'
	Reverse	5'-CGACGTAGCACAGCTTCTCC-3'
P53	Forward	5'-CAGATCCTAGCGTCGAGCCCC-3'
	Reverse	5'-CTGGGTCTTCAGTGAACCATTGTTC-3'
HPRT	Forward	5'-TGACCTTGATTATTTTGCATACC-3'
	Reverse	5'-CGAGCAAGACGTTTCAGTCCT-3'
No.1	Forward	5'-GGCTCTAGACTTTTGAGAAGC-3'
No.2	Forward	5'-CCCAGCCCCGAACGCAAAG-3'
No.3	Forward	5'-GGCTCCTCCATGGCAGTG-3'
No.4	Forward	5'-CGTTGTTTTTCAGGAAGTAGTTTCC-3'
No.5	Forward	5'-CAGTGAACCATTGTTCAATATCG-3'

Supplementary Figures' description

Figure S1 Overexpression and purification of a fusion protein PCBP2. Transformed *E. coli* (BL21 Star (DE3) pLysS) bacteria with the modified pMCSG48 plasmid encoding PCBP2 were cultured in LB medium containing ampicillin and were induced by IPTG. The bacteria were lysed by lysozyme and sonicated. After centrifugation the supernatant containing a fusion protein was used for purification of PCBP2 by nickel affinity chromatography.

(a and b) IPTG induction of a fusion protein in bacteria and all steps of PCBP2 purification analysed by SDS-PAGE and the Coomassie brilliant blue staining

Figure S2 Two repetitions of EMSA experiments used for calculation of dissociation constants (K_ds) of PCBP2 binding to P1-Δ40p53 (a), P0-Δ40p53 (b), P1-Δ40p53(Δ57) (c) RNAs and the isolated G56-C169 hairpin (d). EMSA assays were performed by incubation of the [³²P]-labelled RNAs with increased concentrations of PCBP2 3.9, 7.8, 15.6, 31.3, 62.5, 125, 250, 500, 1000, 2000, 4000 nM at 4°C for 25 minutes. In the case of the isolated hairpin G56-C169 (panel d, on the right) additional, higher PCBP2 concentrations of 2.5, 5 and 10 μM were used. The samples were separated on native 4% polyacrylamide gels. The first lane in each EMSA panel represents the RNA oligomer incubated without the protein. Unbound RNAs and RNP complexes are indicated

Figure S3 Structural probing of the 5'-terminal region of P1-Δ40p53 mRNA in the presence of PCBP2 by Pb²⁺-induced cleavage. (a) Schematic representation of the structure of P1-Δ40p53 RNA. Red asterisk denotes the 5'-[³²P]-end-labelling of RNA. The analysed regions of PCBP2 binding are marked by dotted-line boxes named B, C and D, respectively. (b-d) Bottom panels: the autoradiograms show the products of Pb²⁺-ions induced cleavage reactions analysed on 12% polyacrylamide gels in denaturing conditions. The reactions were carried out at 37°C with 4 and 6 mM Pb²⁺ ions for 3 min in the presence PCBP2 or the buffer. Lanes: L, formamide ladder; T1, limited digestion by RNase T1 in denaturing conditions. Selected nucleotide residues are marked on the left side of each autoradiogram. Black lines along the gels indicate potential PCBP2 binding sites. Upper panels: normalized reactivities of Pb²⁺-induced cleavage (4 mM Pb²⁺ final concentration) as a function of nucleotide position. (e) Autoradiograms show the products of Pb²⁺- induced cleavage reaction of the P1-Δ40p53 RNA. Selected guanine residues are marked on the left side of each autoradiogram. Dotted-line boxes indicate fragments shown in Figures 4b-d and S3 b-d

Figure S4 Structure probing of the 5'-terminal region of P0-Δ40p53 and p53-554 mRNA with and without PCBP2. Schematic representation of the secondary structure model of the P0-Δ40p53 RNA (a) and p53-554 RNA (d). The analysed regions of PCBP2 binding are marked by dotted-line boxes named B, C, E, F, and G. (b, c, e, f, g). Bottom panels: autoradiograms representing the products of Pb²⁺-induced cleavage identified by reverse transcription reaction with 5'-end-[³²P]-labelled DNA primers. Pb²⁺-induced cleavage reaction was conducted in the presence of PCBP2 protein or the buffer, at 37°C for 3 minutes with 4 mM and 8 mM Pb²⁺ ions. Reaction products were separated on 12% polyacrylamide denaturing gels. Sequencing lines A, C, G and U are indicated, respectively. Selected nucleotide residues are marked on the left side of each autoradiogram. Black lines along the gels indicate potential PCBP2 binding sites. Upper panels: normalized reactivity of Pb²⁺-induced cleavage at 4 mM concentration of Pb²⁺ ions as a function of nucleotide position. (h-i) schematic representation of the secondary structure model of the 5' terminal region of P0-Δ40p53 RNA (h-i) and p53-554 RNA (j-l) with the primer binding site marked by red arrow and corresponding autoradiograms showing the products of Pb²⁺-induced cleavage identified by reverse transcription reaction with 5'-end-³²P-labeled DNA primers. Dotted-line boxes indicate fragments shown in Figures 5 b, c, e, f, g and S4 b, c, e, f, g

Figure S5 Decrease of p53 protein expression under depletion of PCBP2 in HepG2 cells. (a) A decrease in the PCBP2 mRNA level was detected by RT-PCR. The cells were treated with specific PCBP2 or control siRNAs at the final concentration of 50 nM. Twenty-four hours after transfection the cells were exposed to doxorubicin (Dox, 0.5 μ g/mL) for 24 hours and then harvested. PC2 - specific siRNA against PCBP2 mRNA, C - control siRNA. β -actin was used as a control. (b) The level of PCBP1/2, p53 and GAPDH was determined by western blots. PCBP2 was detected by using antibody (hnRNP E1/E2) against both isoforms PCBP1 and PCBP2

Figure S1

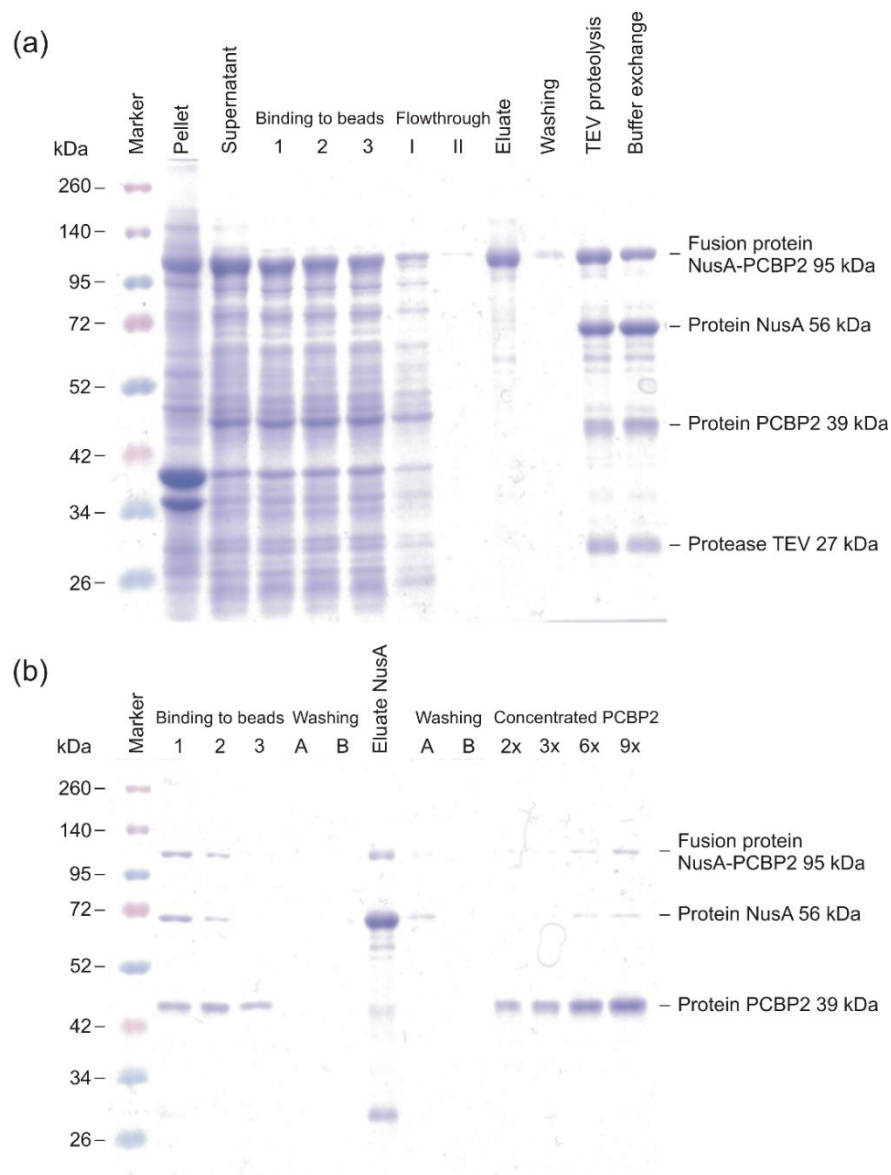


Figure S2

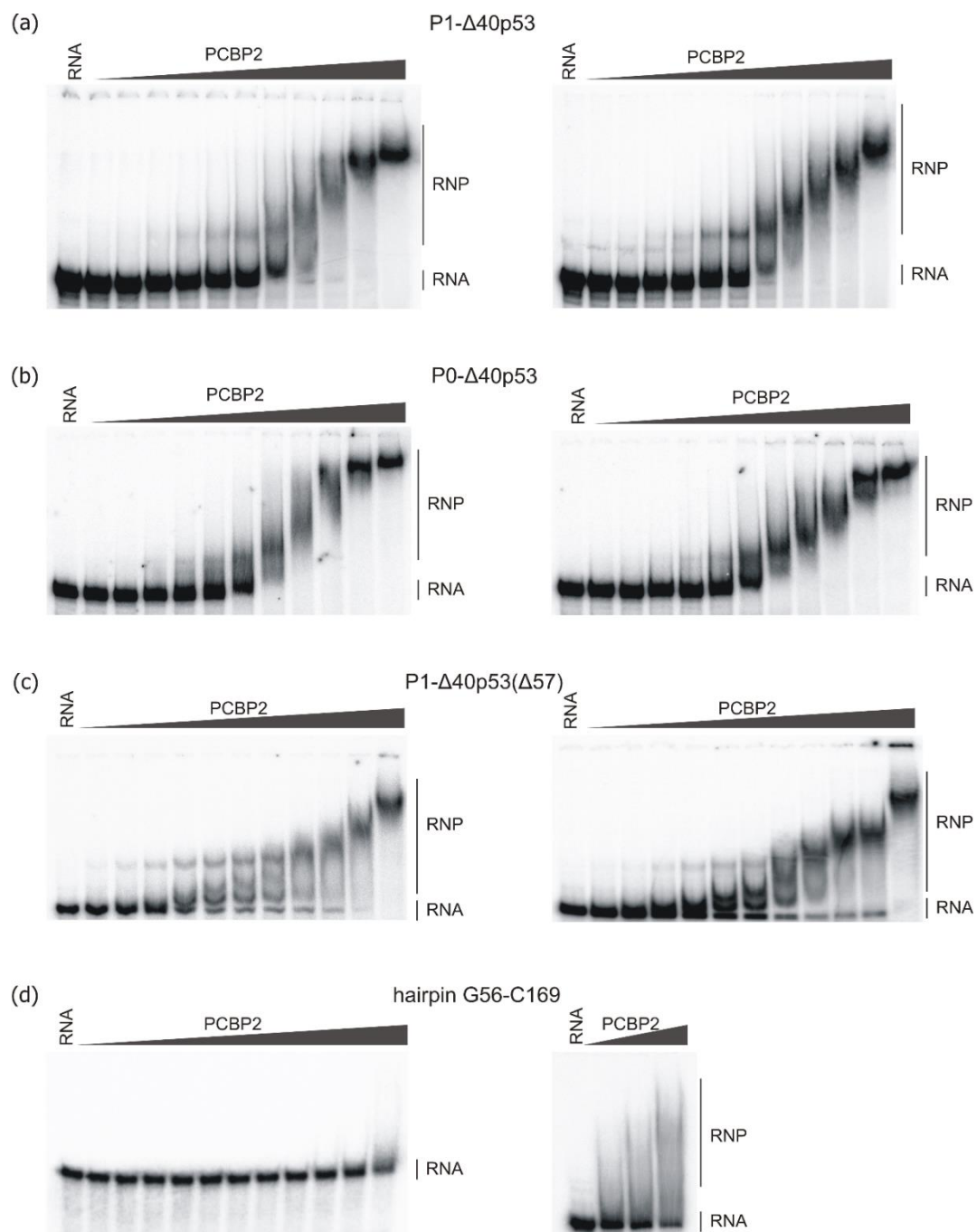
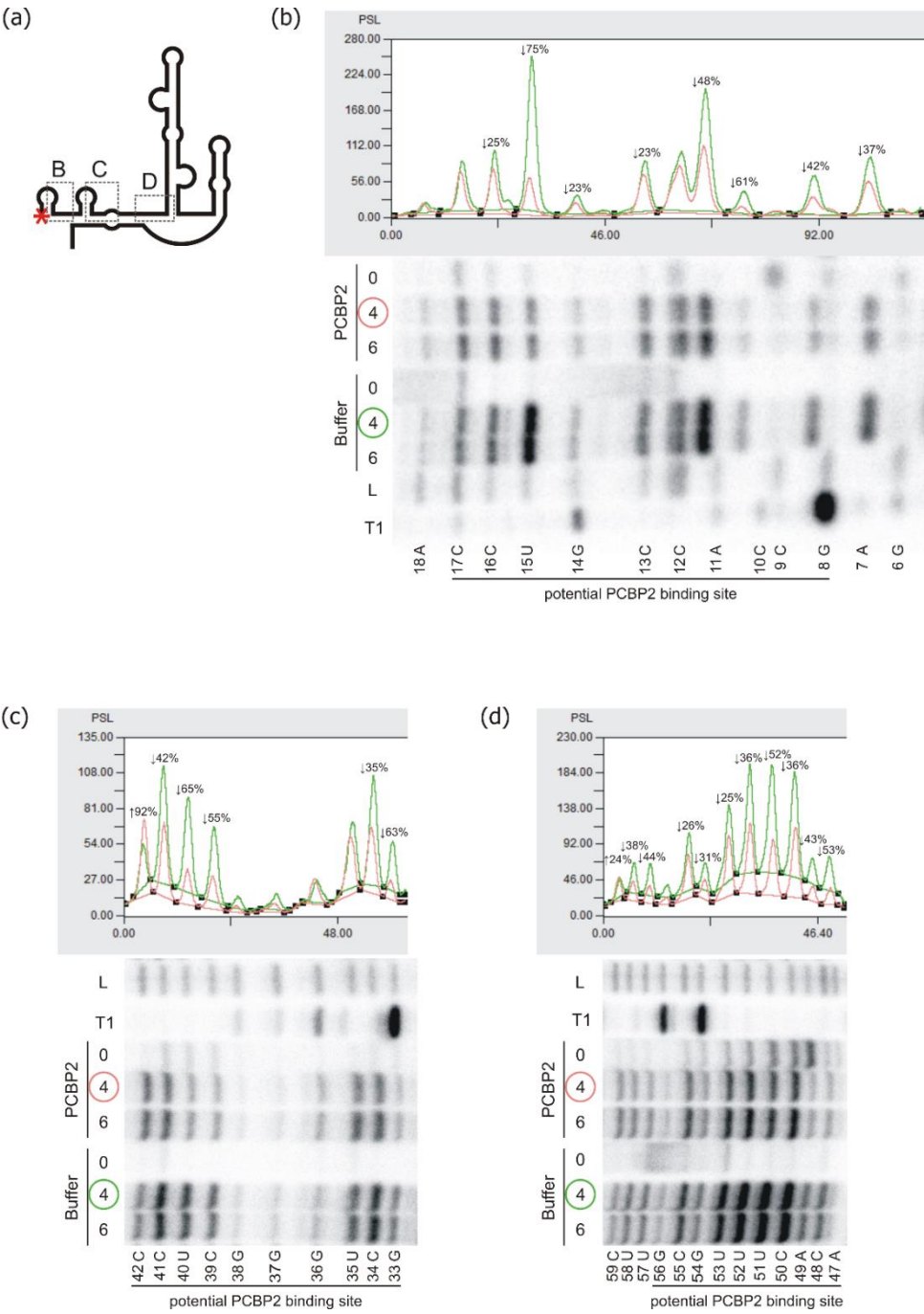


Figure S3



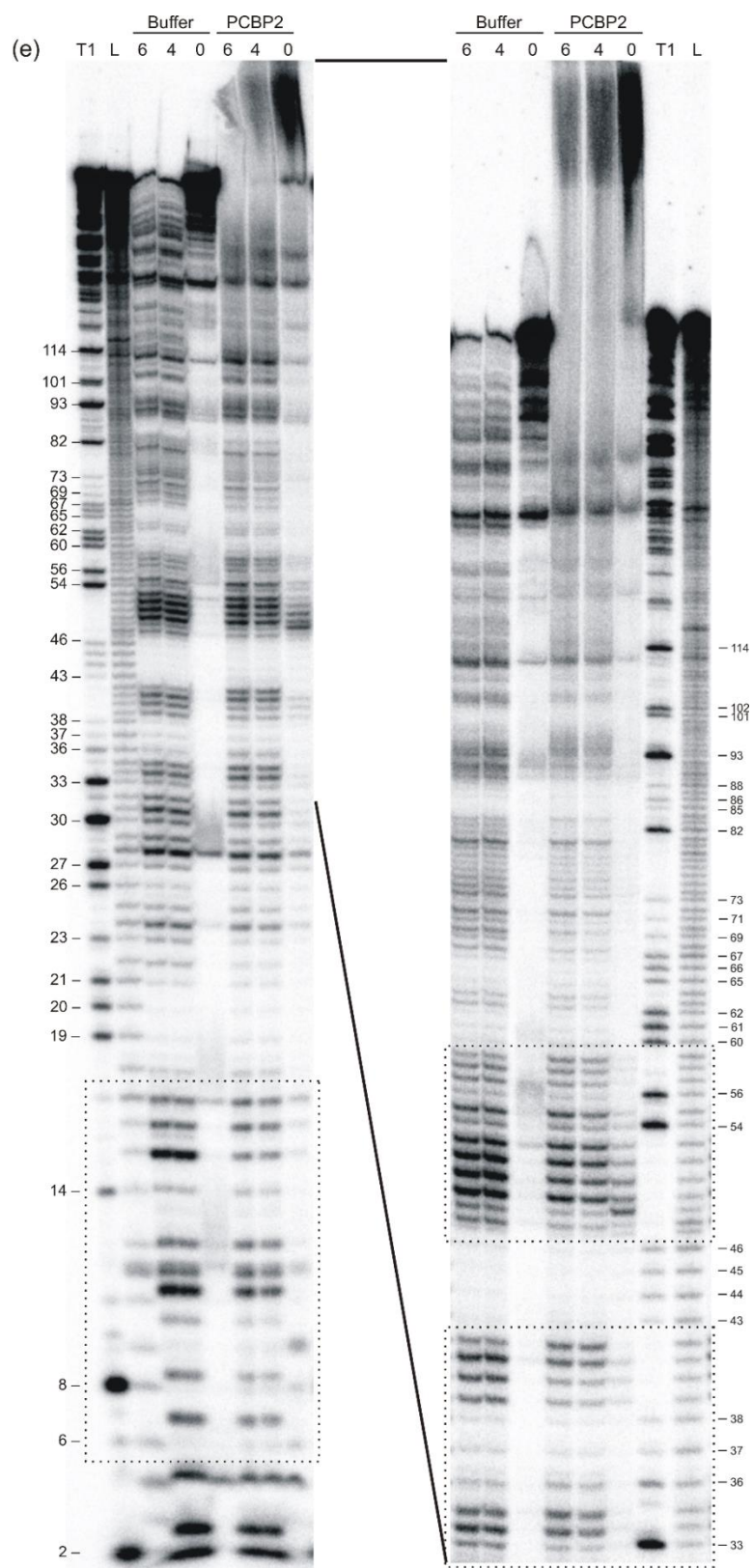
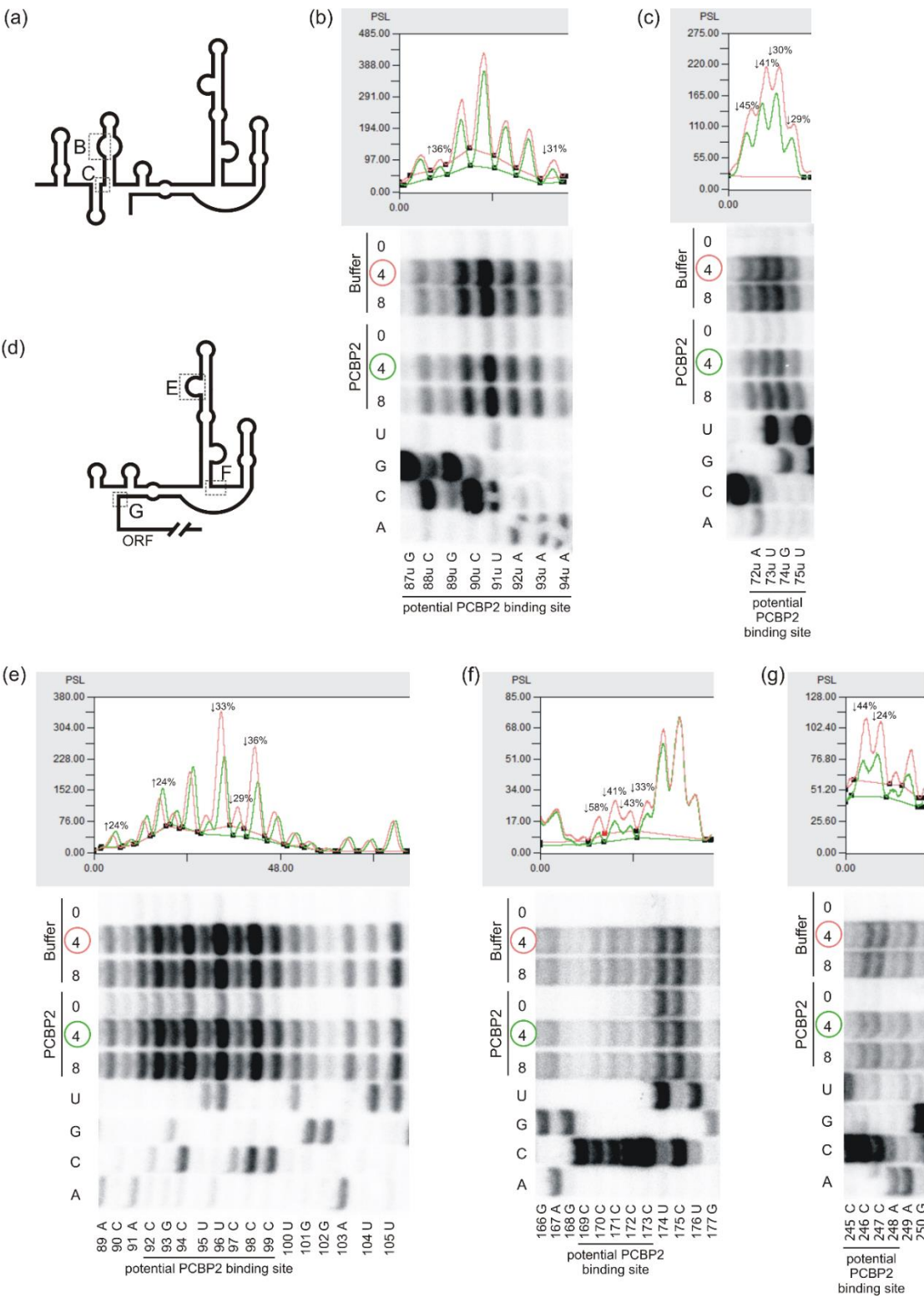
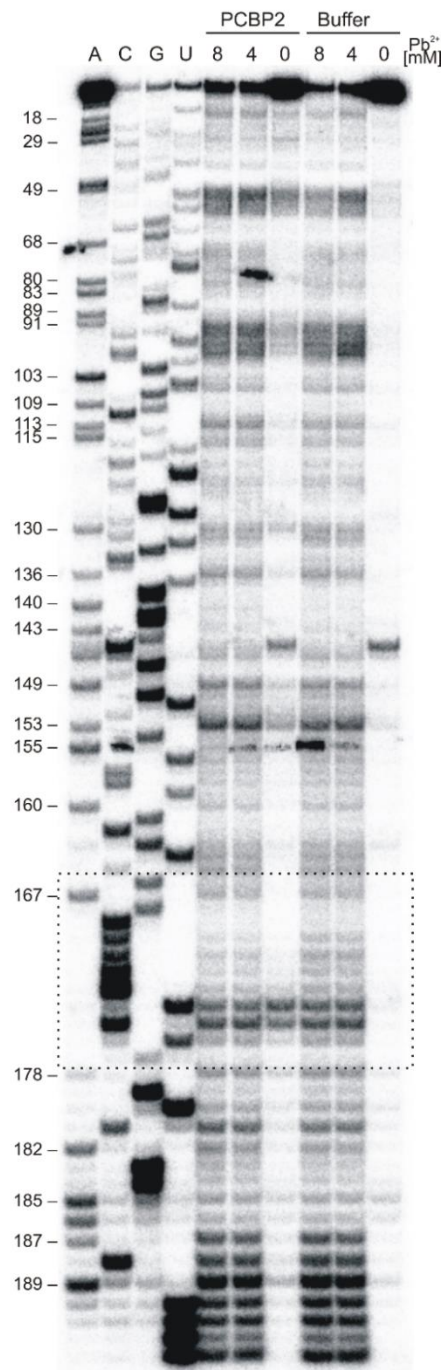
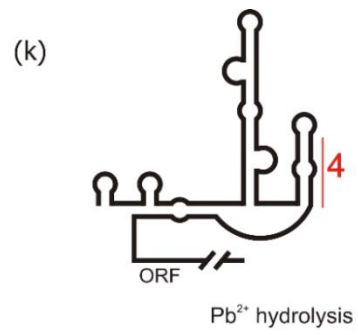
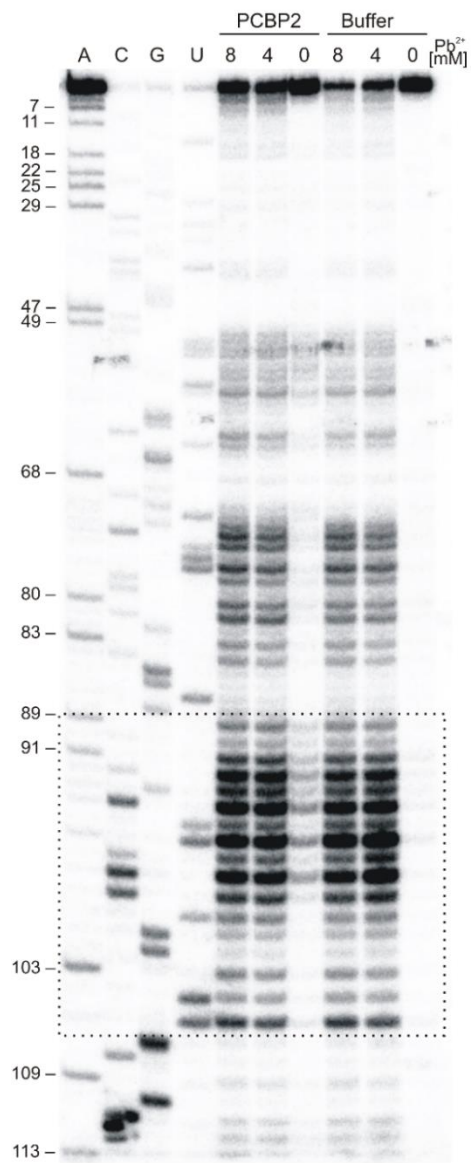
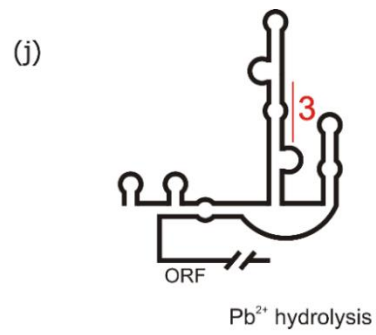


Figure S4





(I)

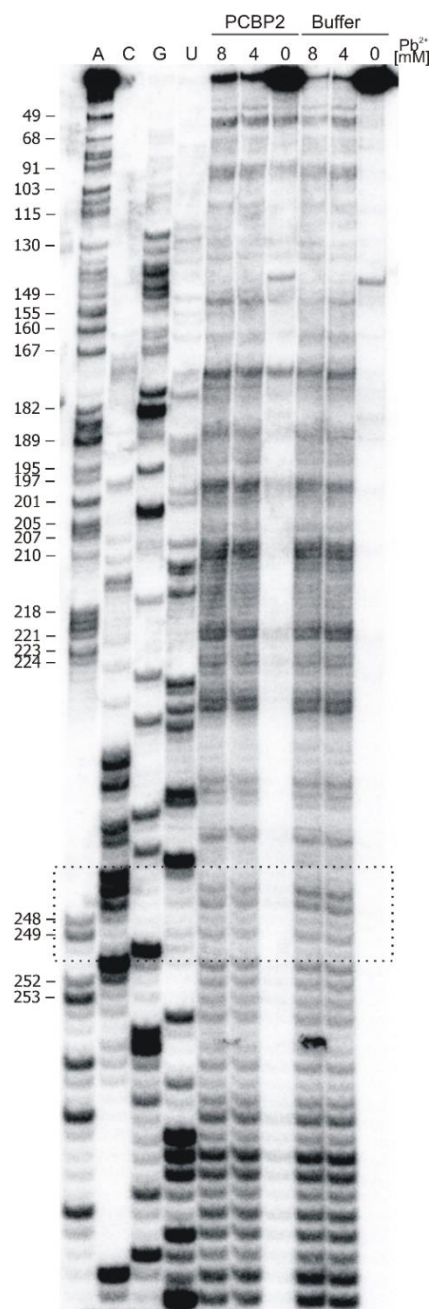
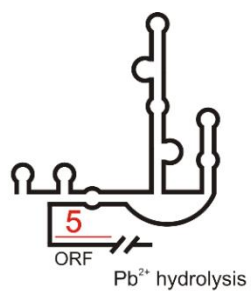
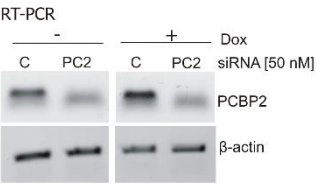


Figure S5

(a)



(b)

