

Supplementary Materials

Image-Based Phenotyping of Flowering Intensity in Cool-Season Crops

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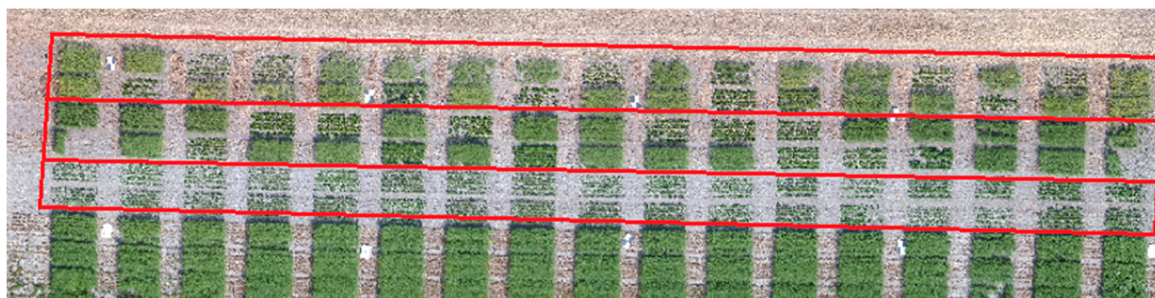


Figure S1. Layout of camelina breeding trial. Rectangles from top to bottom outline the camelina plots planted on 7 and 25 May, and 11 June, 2018, respectively.

Table S1. Image thresholds used for canopy and flower detection and segmentation using multiple sensors in different crops

Crops		Winter/Spring canola	Camelina	Pea	Chickpea
C-RGB	Canopy	$a^* < -12$	$a^* < -15$	$a^* < -13$	$a^* < -18$
	Flowers	$0.22 > H > 0.15 \ \& \ S > 0.3 \ \& \ V > 0.68$	$0.22 > H > 0.15 \ \& \ S > 0.3 \ \& \ V > 0.90$	$R > 200 \ \& \ G > 200 \ \& \ B > 200 \ \& \ (G - R) \leq 20$	$R > 200 \ \& \ G > 200 \ \& \ B > 200 \ \& \ (G - R) \leq 20$
MS1	Canopy	$a^* > 20$	$a^* > 20$	$a^* > -5 \ \& \ b^* > 0 \ \& \ NIR1 > 60$	$a^* > 0 \ \& \ b^* > 5 \ \& \ L^* > 30$
	Flowers	$0.22 > H > 0.10 \ \& \ S > 0.2 \ \& \ V > 0.50$	$0.28 > H > 0.10 \ \& \ V > 0.30 \ \& \ a^* < 10$	$NIR1 > 160 \ \& \ G > 210 \ \& \ B > 220 \ \& \ B - G \leq 30 \ \& \ \sim canopyMask$	$NIR1 > 160 \ \& \ G > 210 \ \& \ B > 220 \ \& \ B - G \leq 30$
MS2	Canopy	$a^* > 42$	$0.92 > H \geq 0.7$	$(H \geq 0.8 \mid H < 0.06) \ \& \ S \leq 0.6 \ \& \ 0.9 > V > 0.38$	$90 > L^* > 30 \ \& \ b^* < 20$
	Flowers	$0.22 > H > 0.07 \ \& \ S > 0.2 \ \& \ V > 0.50$	$NIR2 > 50 \ \& \ G > 180 \ \& \ R > 220$	$0.15 > H \geq 0.09 \ \& \ S > 0.4 \ \& \ V > 0.80$	$0.15 > H \geq 0.09 \ \& \ S > 0.4 \ \& \ V > 0.80$

L*, a*, and b* are channels for CIE L*a*b* color space, representing lightness, green-red component, and blue-yellow component; H, S, and V are channels for HSV color space, representing hue, saturation, and value (lightness); R, G, and B are channels for RGB color space, representing red, green, and blue; NIR1 and NIR2 are the near-infrared channels of MS1 and MS2 cameras, respectively; Symbols '&', '|', and '~' are logical operations in image processing (for MATLAB), representing 'And', 'Or', and 'Not', e.g. $\sim canopyMask$ means excluding canopy pixels (during flower detection).

Table S2. Correlation coefficient between yield and features extracted from image data or visual rating scores

Sensing method		Proximal (C-RGB)			Remote (D-RGB)			
Flowering stage		Early	Mid	Late		Early	Mid	Late
Winter canola	Visual rating	0.60 ***	0.74 ***	-0.43 ***	Flower area (15 m)	0.75 ***	0.84 ***	-0.18 *
	Flower area	0.65 ***	0.70 ***	-0.38 ***	Flower% (15 m)	0.53 ***	0.75 ***	-0.44 ***
	Flower%	0.51 ***	0.64 ***	-0.50 ***	Flower area (30 m)	0.72 ***	0.83 ***	-0.12 ns
					Flower% (30 m)	0.52 ***	0.74 ***	-0.36 ***
Spring canola	Visual rating	na	0.21 **	0.07 ns	Flower area (15 m)	na	0.26 ***	0.03 ns
	Flower area	na	0.21 **	0.05 ns	Flower% (15 m)	na	0.18 *	0.02 ns
	Flower%	na	0.20 *	0.05 ns	Flower area (30 m)	na	0.20 **	0.06 ns
					Flower% (30 m)	na	0.19 *	0.06 ns
Pea	Visual rating	-0.03 ns	0.09 ns	0.08 ns	Flower area (15 m)	na	0.22 **	0.25 **
	Flower area	0.00 ns	0.19 *	0.17 *	Flower% (15 m)	na	0.20 *	0.22 **
	Flower%	-0.01 ns	0.16 *	0.12 ns	Flower area (30 m)	na	0.15 ns	0.21 **
					Flower% (30 m)	na	0.14 ns	0.19 **
Chickpea	Visual rating	0.36 **	0.48 ***	0.10 ns	Flower area (15 m)	na	-0.24 ns	-0.33 **
	Flower area	0.33 **	0.37 **	0.36 **	Flower% (15 m)	na	-0.29 *	-0.36 **
	Flower%	0.03 ns	-0.02 ns	-0.02 ns	Flower area (30 m)	na	-0.30 *	-0.31 *
					Flower% (30 m)	na	-0.31 *	-0.32 *

Flower area: the area of flowers in terms of pixels; flowers% is the percentage of flowers, or the ratio of flower area to canopy area that includes flowers. na: not available. ns: statistically non-significant at the 0.05 probability level; *, **, and ***: statistically significant at 0.05, 0.01, and 0.001 probability levels, respectively.