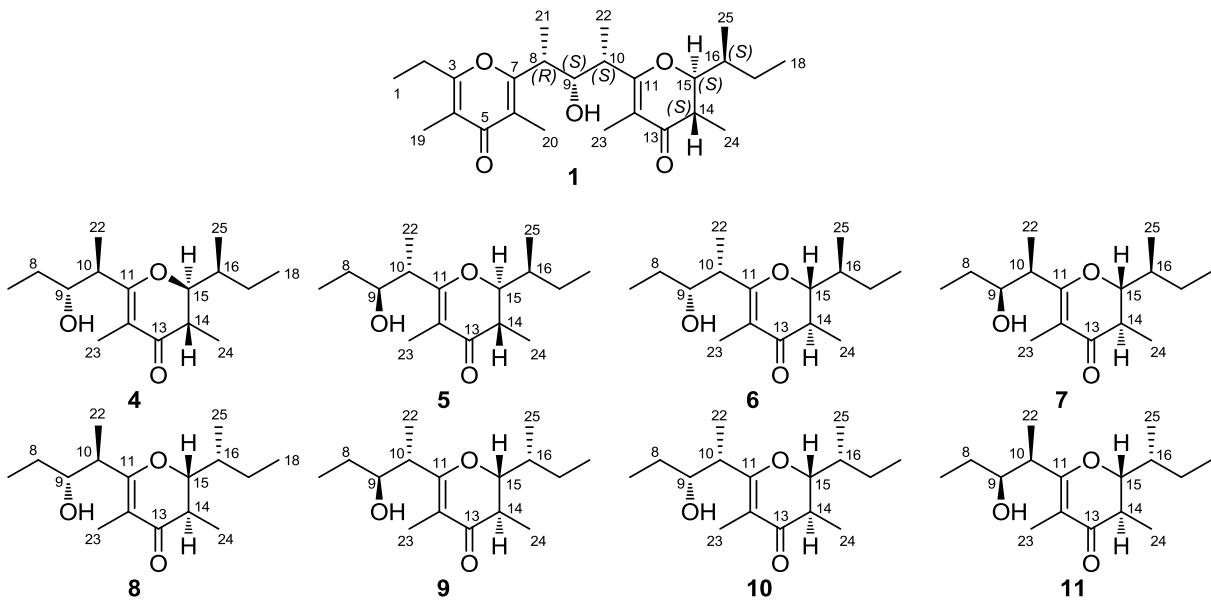


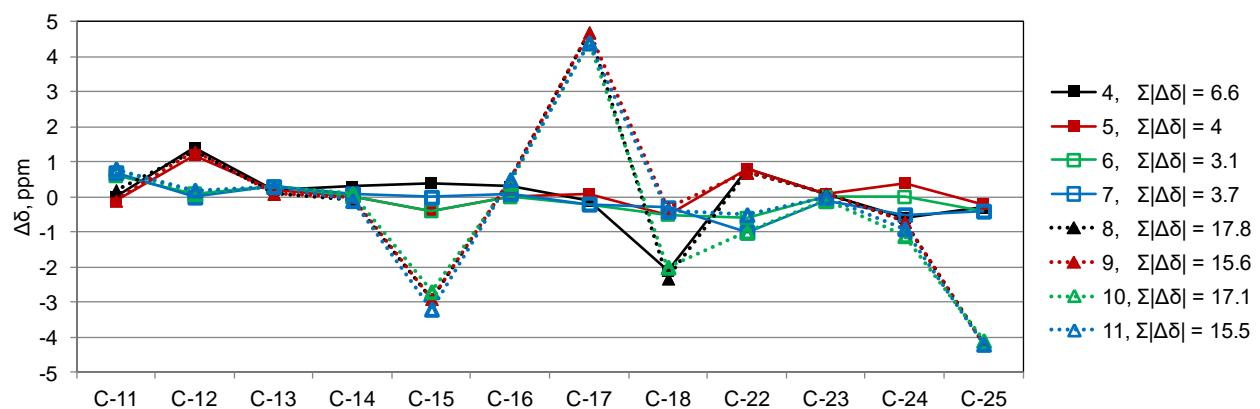
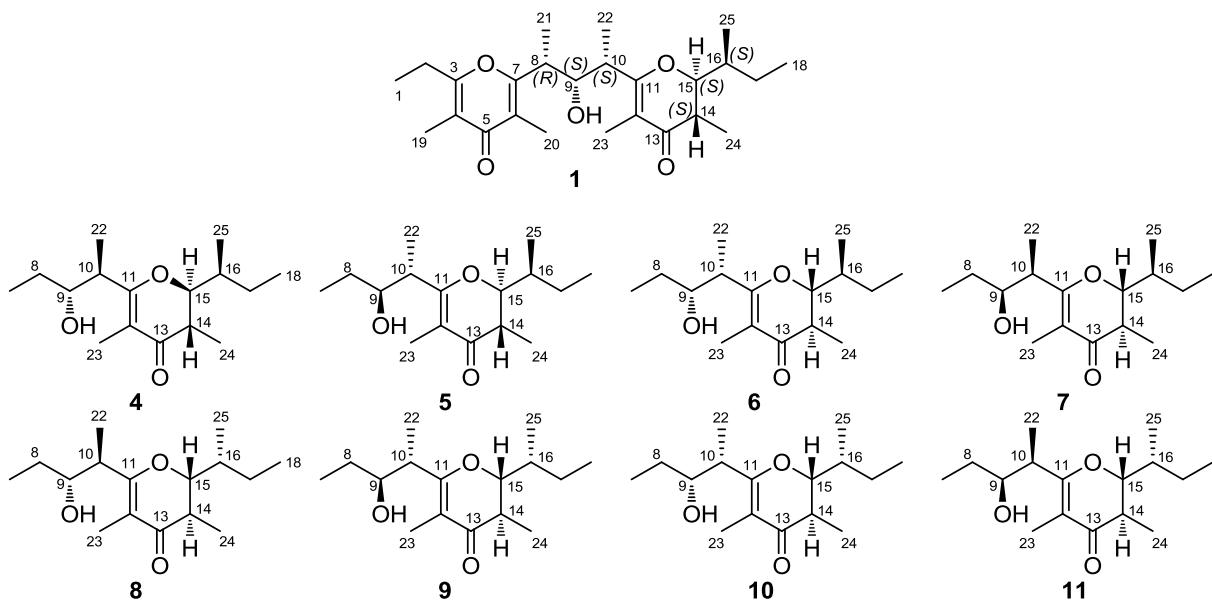
## Supplementary Information

- Table S1.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR chemical shift of smenopyrone (**1**) in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  compared with those of the eight diastereomers **4–11** of maurenone.
- Figure S1.** Difference in  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR chemical shift ( $\Delta\delta$ ) between corresponding atoms of smenopyrone (**1**) and the eight stereoisomers **4–11** of the model compound maurenone.
- Figure S2.** UV and ECD spectra of smenopyrone (**1**).
- Figure S3.** Positive ion mode high-resolution ESI mass spectrum of smenopyrone (**1**).
- Figure S4.** Positive ion mode high-resolution ESI MS/MS spectrum (parent ion at  $m/z$  419.28) and fragmentation of smenopyrone (**1**).
- Figure S5.**  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR spectrum of smenopyrone (**1**) (700 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ ).
- Figure S6.** COSY spectrum of smenopyrone (**1**) (700 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ ).
- Figure S7.** NOESY spectrum of smenopyrone (**1**) (700 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ ).
- Figure S8.** HSQC spectrum of smenopyrone (**1**) (700 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ ).
- Figure S9.** HMBC spectrum of smenopyrone (**1**) (700 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ ).
- Figure S10.** Expansion of methyl region of the HMBC spectrum of smenopyrone (**1**) (700 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ ).

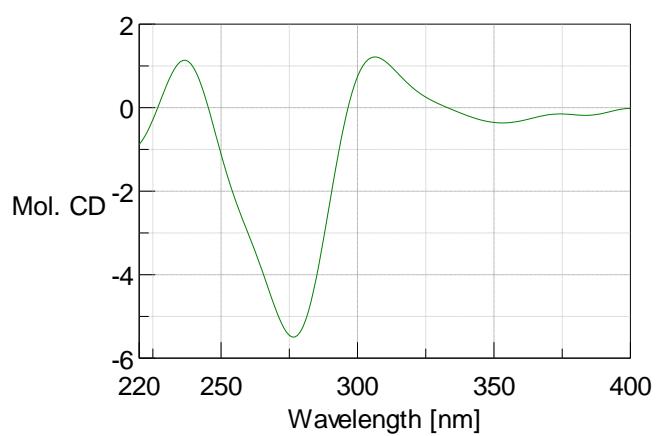
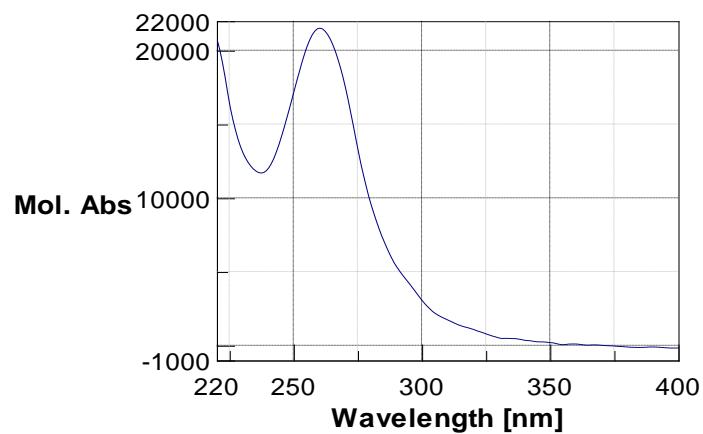


**Table S1.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR chemical shifts of smenopyrone (**1**) in  $\text{CDCl}_3$  compared with those of the eight diastereomers of maurenone, **4-11**.

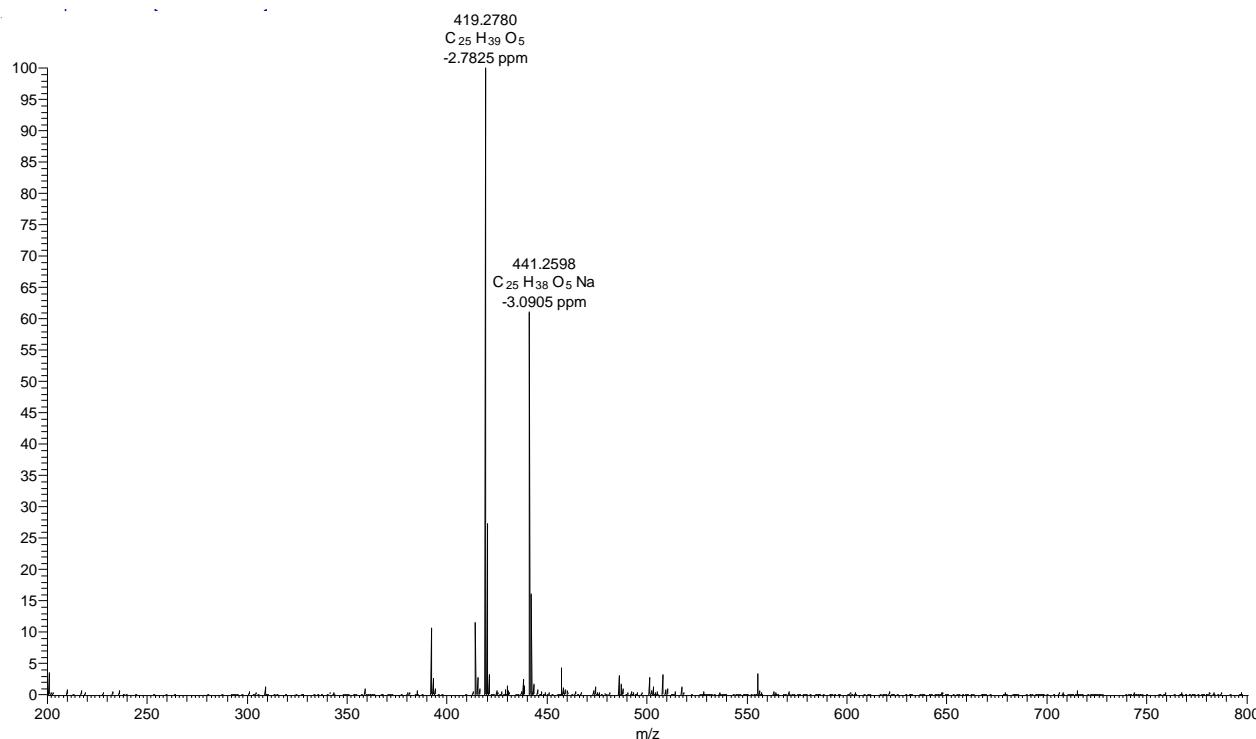
Pos.		$\delta_{\text{C}}$ ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )								
		<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>11</b>
9	CH	75.1	75.5	75.4	75.1	74.8	75.3	75.3	74.8	75.2
10	CH	38.6	41.1	41.4	41.6	41.5	41.2	41.2	41.5	41.8
11	C	172.4	172.4	172.3	173.0	173.1	172.6	172.3	173.2	173.2
12	C	108.5	109.9	109.7	108.6	108.5	109.8	109.8	108.6	108.7
13	C	195.4	195.6	195.6	195.7	195.7	195.5	195.5	195.7	195.7
14	CH	40.6	40.9	40.6	40.6	40.7	40.5	40.6	40.7	40.5
15	CH	87.4	87.8	87.0	87.0	87.4	84.5	84.5	84.7	84.2
16	CH	35.1	35.4	35.1	35.1	35.2	35.6	35.6	35.5	35.6
17	CH <sub>2</sub>	22.1	22.0	22.2	21.9	21.9	26.8	26.8	26.5	26.5
18	CH <sub>3</sub>	12.2	10.1	11.7	11.7	11.9	9.9	11.9	10.2	11.8
22	CH <sub>3</sub>	13.9	14.7	14.7	13.3	12.9	14.6	14.6	12.9	13.4
23	CH <sub>3</sub>	9.3	9.4	9.4	9.3	9.2	9.4	9.4	9.2	9.3
24	CH <sub>3</sub>	10.6	10.0	11.0	10.6	10.1	9.9	9.9	9.5	9.7
25	CH <sub>3</sub>	16.5	16.2	16.3	16.1	16.1	12.3	12.3	12.4	12.3
$\Sigma  \Delta \delta $		<b>6.6</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>17.8</b>	<b>15.6</b>	<b>17.1</b>	<b>15.5</b>	



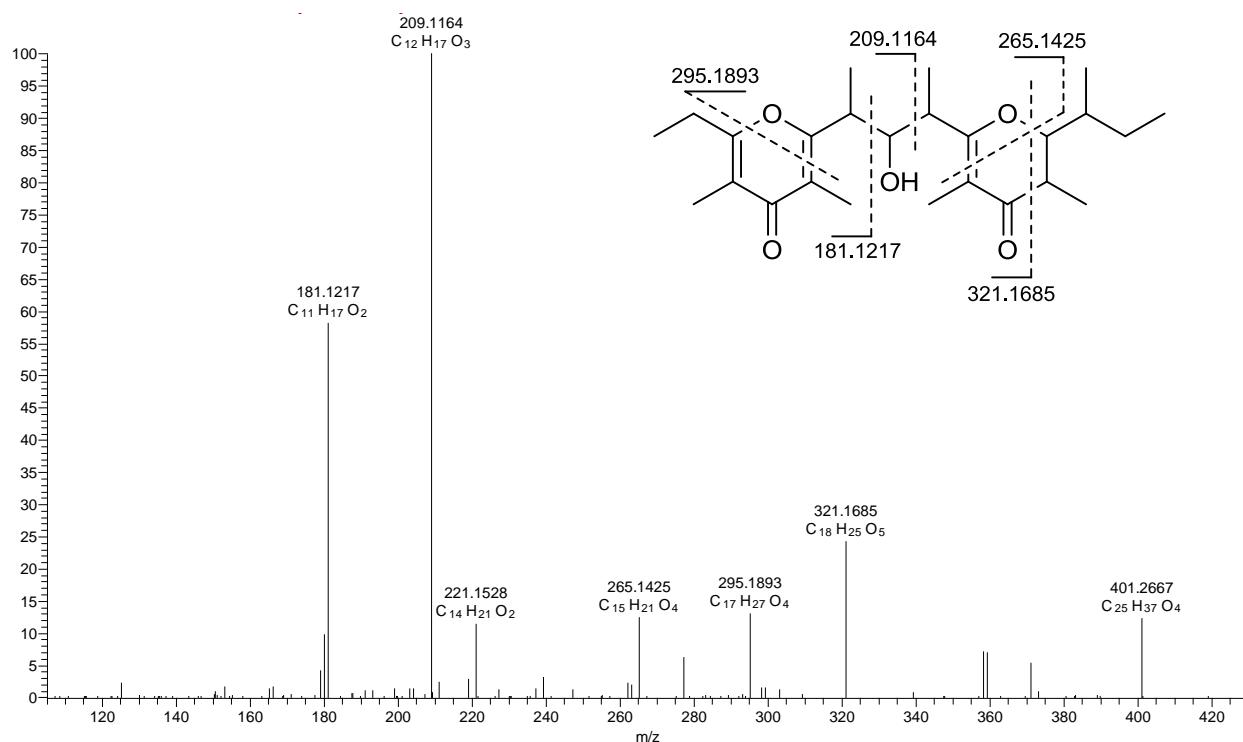
**Figure S1.** Difference in  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR chemical shift ( $\Delta\delta$ ) between corresponding atoms of smenopyrone (**1**) and the eight stereoisomers **4-11** of the model compound maurenone. The sum of absolute values of  $\Delta\delta$  ( $\Sigma|\Delta\delta|$ ) was used to evaluate the overall fit between **1** and **4-11**.



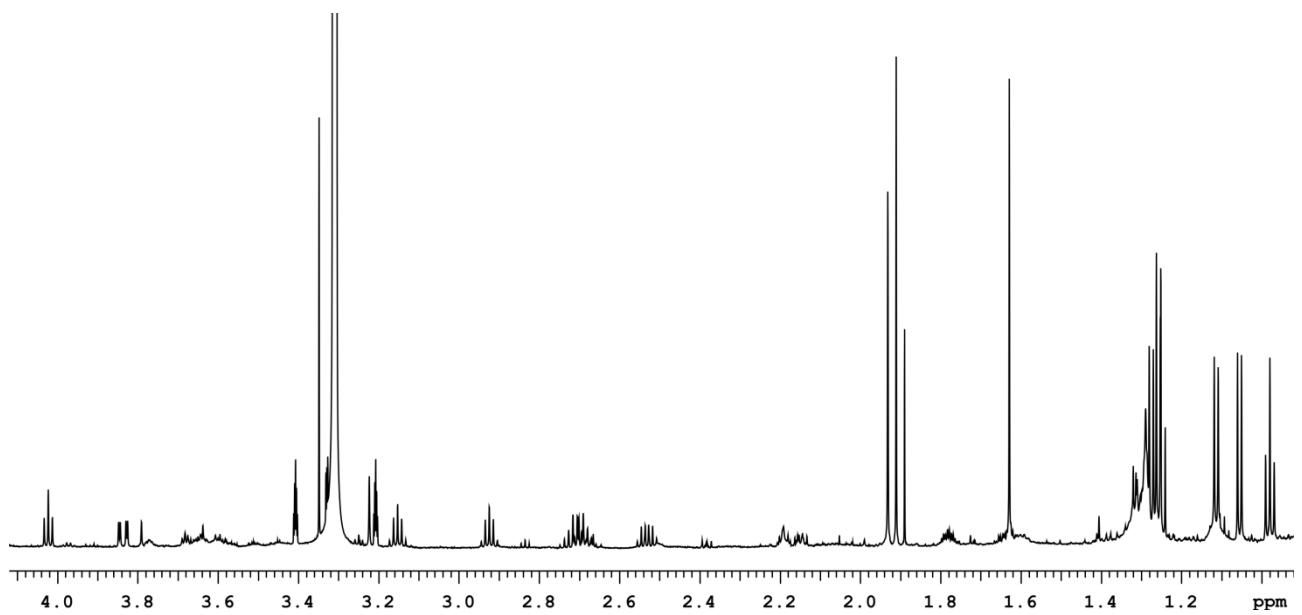
**Figure S2.** UV (top) and ECD (bottom) spectra (MeOH) of smenopyrone (**1**).



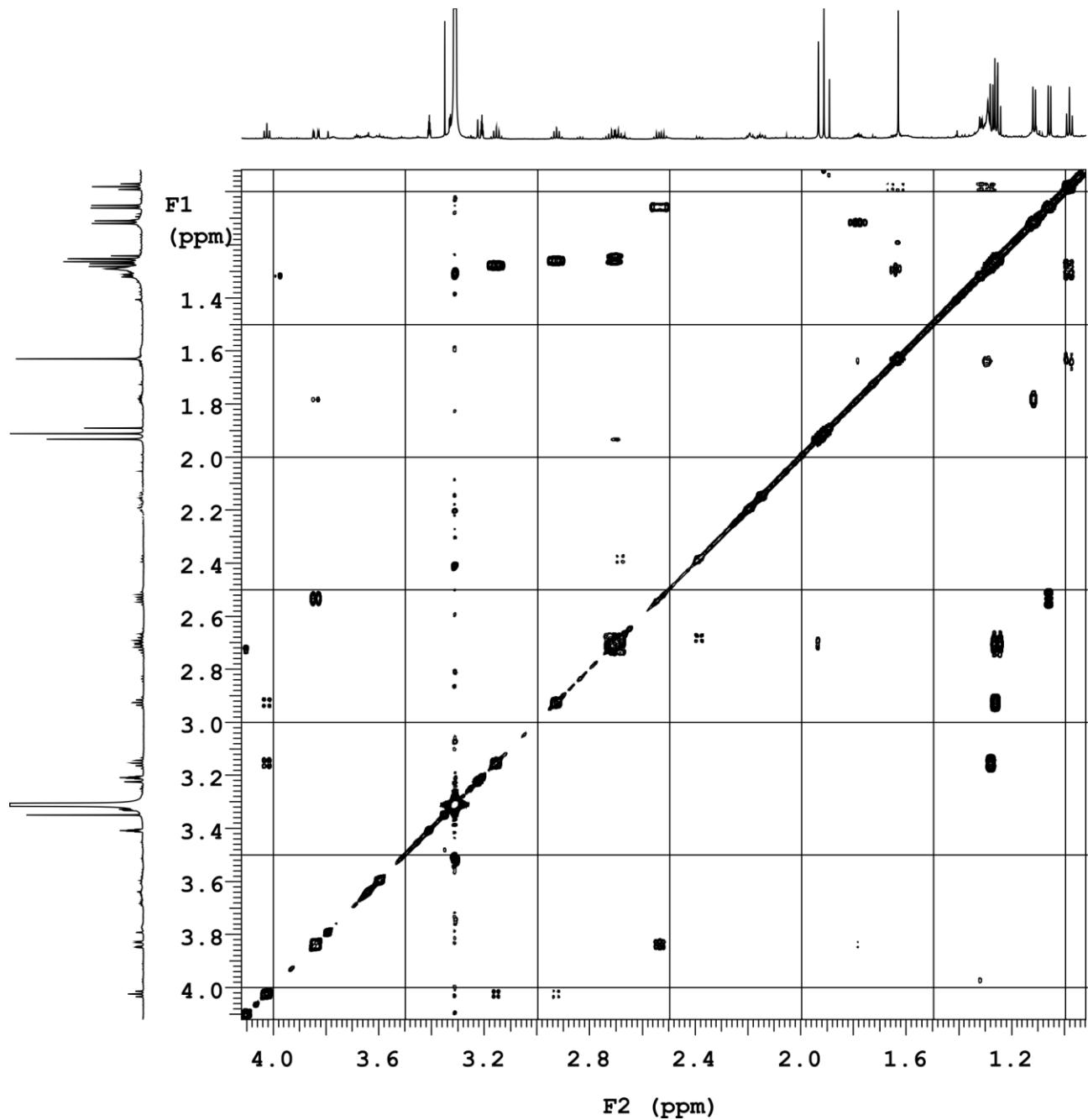
**Figure S3.** Positive ion mode high-resolution ESI mass spectrum of smenopyrone (**1**).



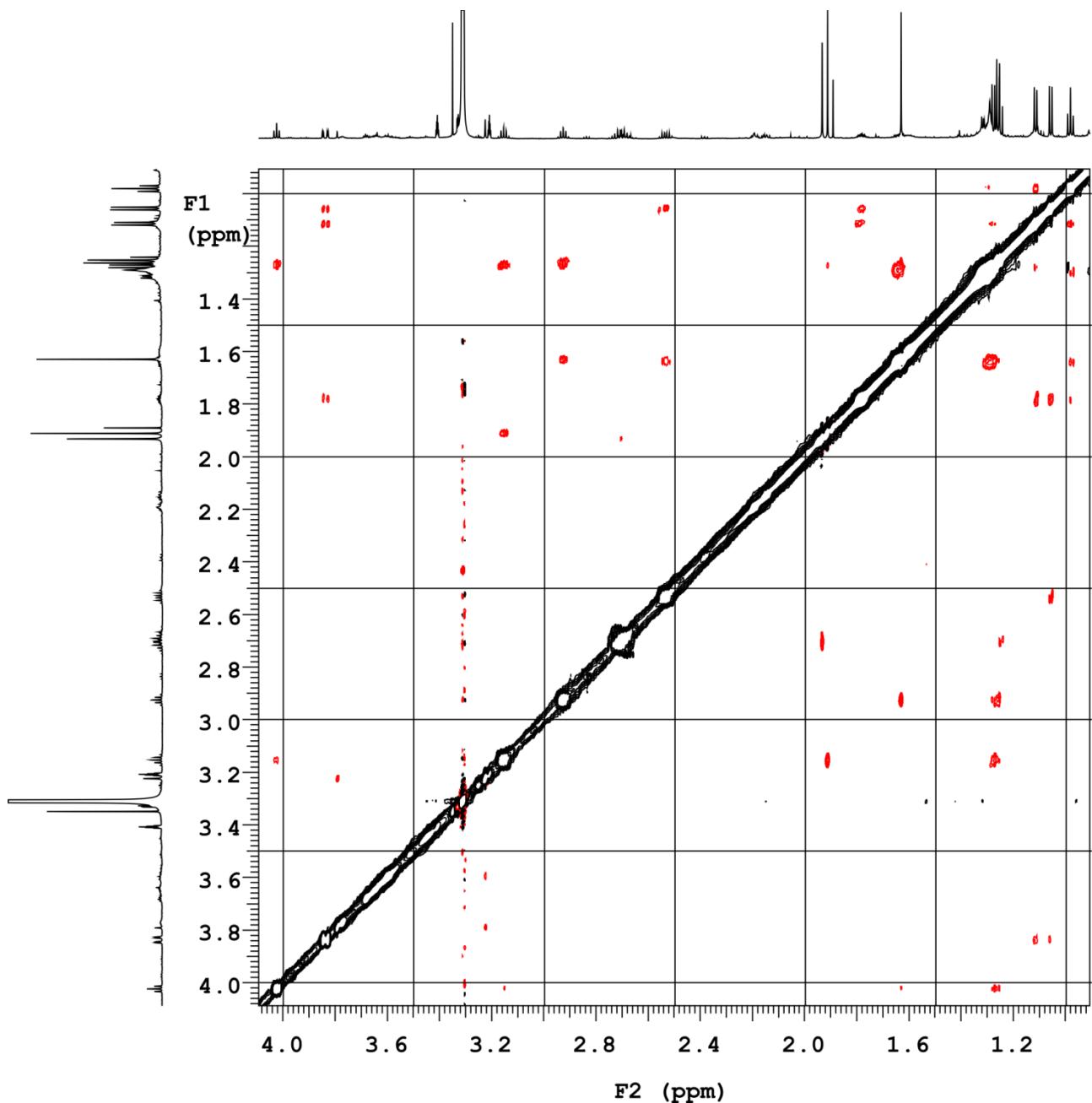
**Figure S4.** Positive ion mode high-resolution ESI MS/MS spectrum (parent ion at  $m/z$  419.28) and fragmentation of smenopyrone (**1**).



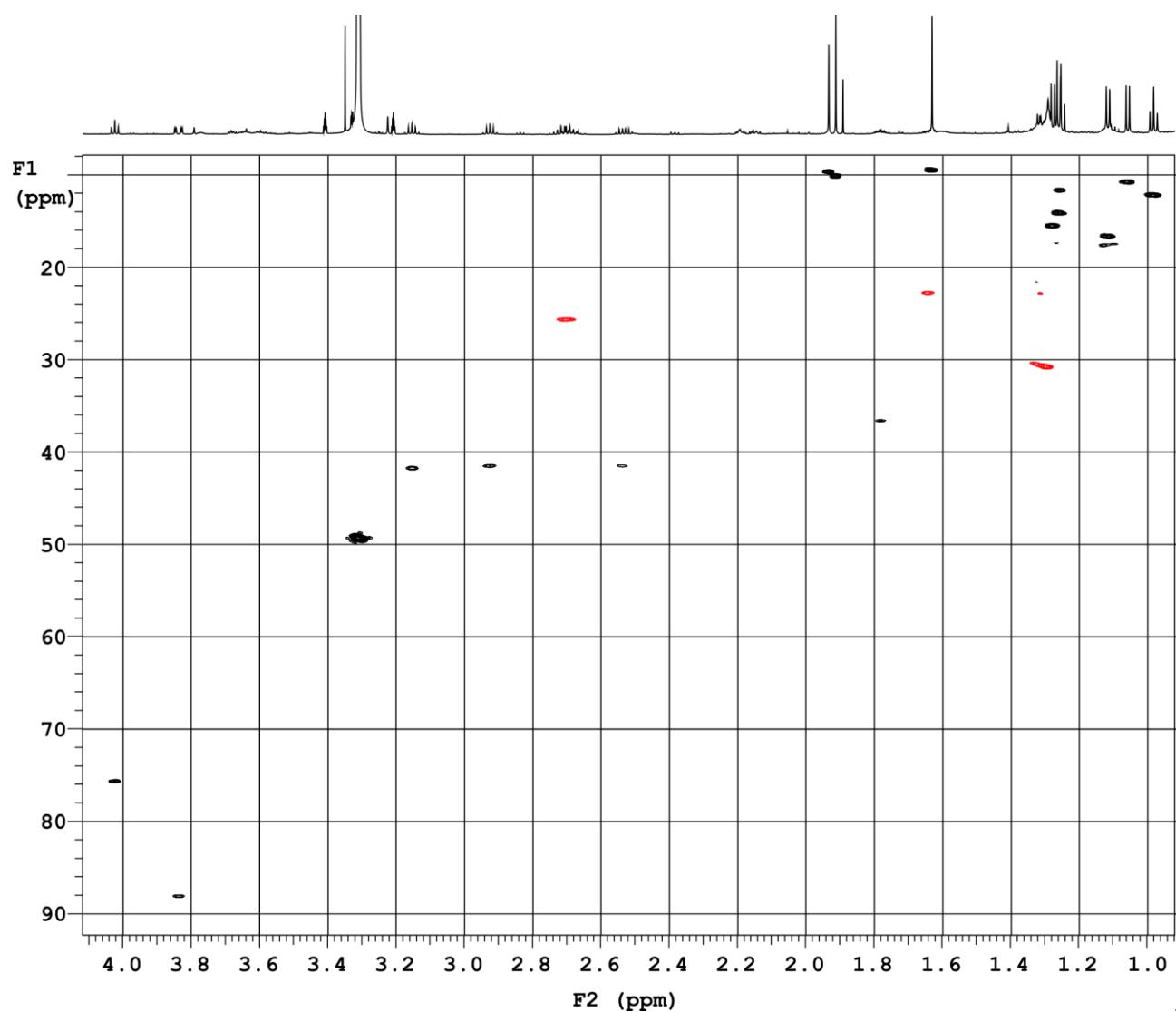
**Figure S5.** <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectrum of smenopyrone (**1**) (700 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)



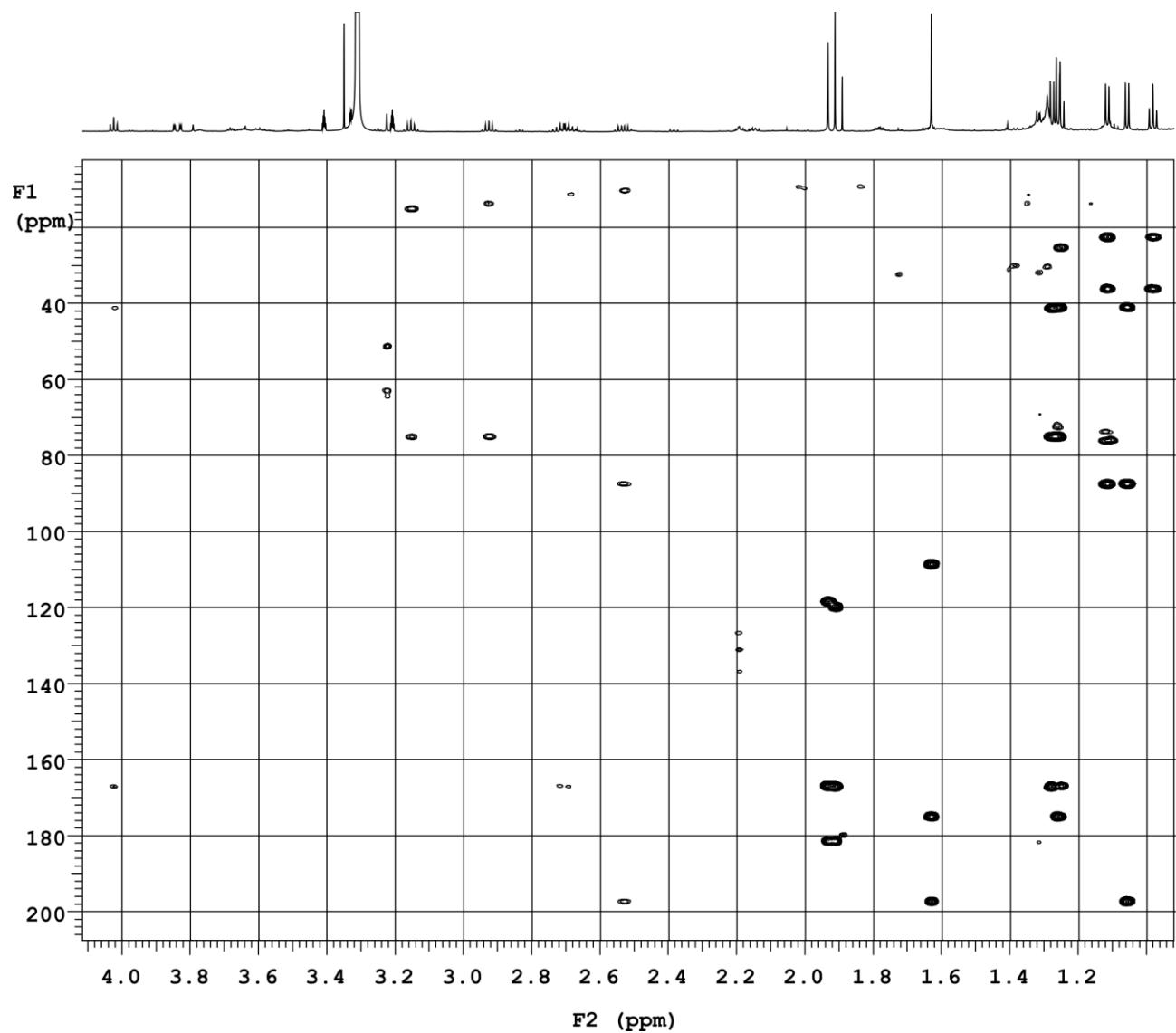
**Figure S6.** COSY spectrum of smenopyrone (**1**) (700 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)



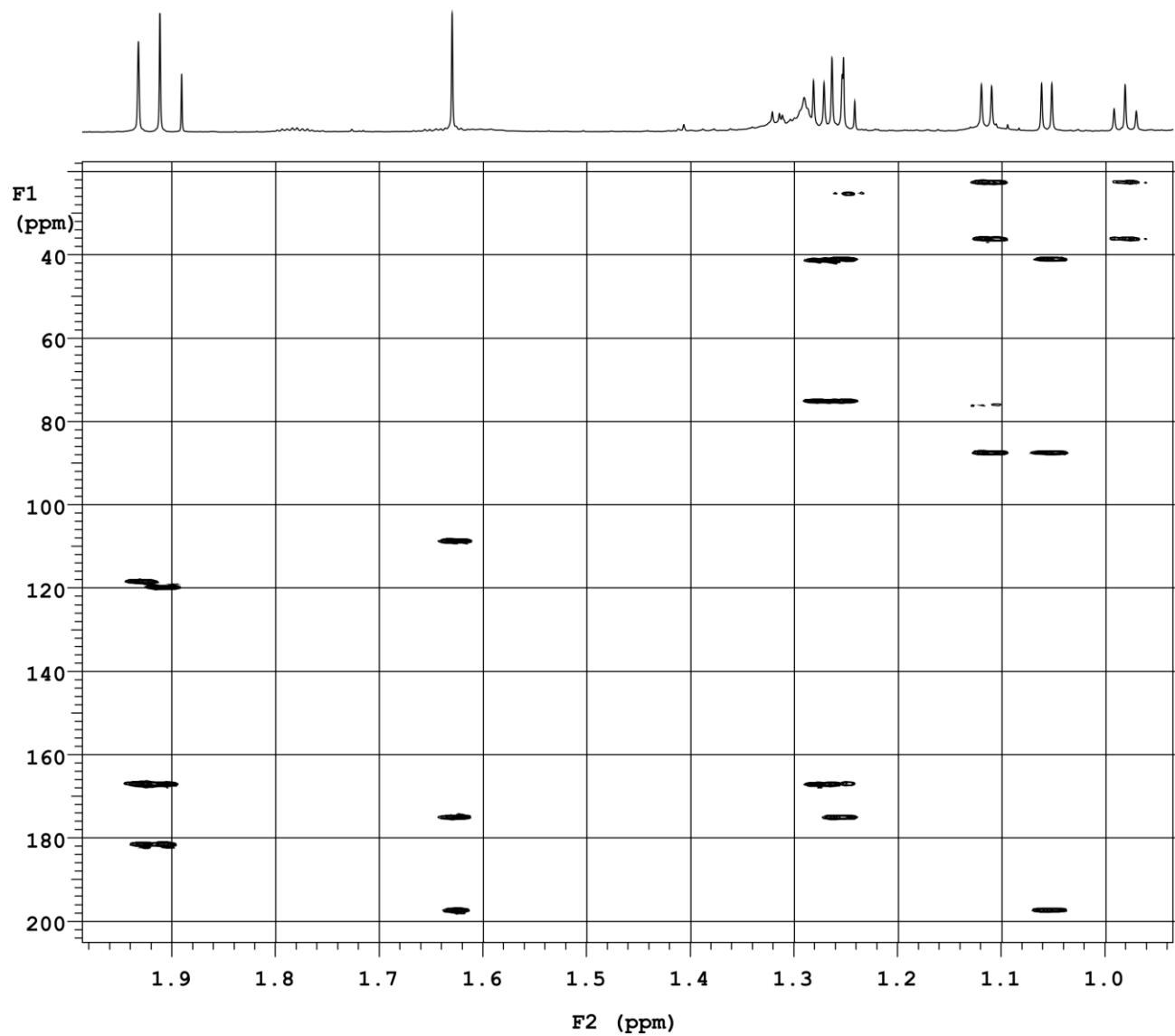
**Figure S7.** NOESY spectrum of smenopyrone (**1**) (700 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )



**Figure S8.** HSQC spectrum of smenopyrone (**1**) (700 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)



**Figure S9.** HMBC spectrum of smenopyrone (**1**) (700 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)



**Figure S10.** Expansion of methyl region of the HMBC spectrum of smenopyrone (**1**) (700 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )