Table S1. Attitudes of veterinary staff teaching toward early-age gonadectomy (EAG): Questionnaire questions.

1. 2.	In what year did you graduate from your veterinary degree? What university did you graduate from?			
3.	What is your teaching position within the vet school?			
4.	How many hours do you teach? (lecturing/practical classes)			
5.	How many hours do you perform surgery, if any? (i.e., client owned animals)			
6. 7				
7.	In your teaching of desexing, does it include:			
	□ Surgical theory			
	□ Anesthetic theory□ Other formal theory			
	□ Practical teaching			
8.	To what years of veterinary students do you teach the theory/practical aspects of desexing?			
	□ 1st year			
	□ 2nd year			
	□ 3rd year			
	□ 4th year			
	□ 5th year			
9.	For all factors considered, including safety and population control, what age do you think is best to neuter for each of the following categories:			
	(Please identify one age group for each line)			
	<u>Client owned</u> :			
	Female cats: ≤ 3 months, OR 4–5 months, OR ≥ 6 months Male cats: ≤ 3 months, OR 4–5 months, OR ≥ 6 months Female dogs: ≤ 3 months, OR 4–5 months, OR ≥ 6 months Male dogs: ≤ 3 months, OR 4–5 months, OR ≥ 6 months			
	Animals being re-homed for shelter:			
	Female cats: ≤ 3 months, OR 4–5 months, OR ≥ 6 months Male cats: ≤ 3 months, OR 4–5 months, OR ≥ 6 months Female dogs: ≤ 3 months, OR 4–5 months, OR ≥ 6 months Male dogs: ≤ 3 months, OR 4–5 months, OR ≥ 6 months			
10.	In your personal opinion of early-age desexing/EAG, do you advocate its use in:			
	Female cats—YES/NO Male cats—YES/NO Female dogs—YES/NO Male dogs—YES/NO			
	If answered no, under what situations would you support EAG?			
11.	In your teaching of desexing of both female and male cats and dogs, are you advocating the use of EAG?			
	YES/NO			
	<u>If yes, why</u> ?			
	□ School policy/support			

		1		
		Benefits		
			Less bleeding	
			Behavioral changes	
			Decreased asthma Decreased gingivitis	
			Decreased urine spraying	
			Decreased obesity	
		Better vis	sualisation	
	☐ More elastic tissue			
		Less stitc		
			rugs required	
		Quicker 1	recovery please elaborate.	
		_	nease elaborate.	
	If no	o, why?		
		School po Risks	blicy/beliefs	
			Anesthetic	
			Hypoglycaemia	
			Bleeding	
			Seroma	
			Hip dysplasia Inappropriate elimination	
			Cystitis (dogs)	
			Urinary incontinence (dogs)	
			Urinary tract obstruction (cats)	
		Difficulty	7	
			Hands too big	
			Unfamiliarity	
			Convincing owners Friability of tissue	
			please elaborate.	
10		-		
12.	About how many kittens, 4months or younger, have you desexed in the last 12 months without			
13.	students? About how many kittens, 4 months or younger, have you desexed in the last 12 months with students?			
14.	About how many puppies, 4months or younger, have you desexed in the last 12 months with students:			
	stud	lents?		
15.	About how many puppies, 4 months or younger, have you desexed in the last 12 months with students?			
16.	In your opinion, do you believe that implementing routine desexing of client-owned kittens before months of age would result in a measurable reduction in the number of unwanted kittens from owner.			
		_	e surrendered to shelters?	
	YES	/NO		
	Plea	se give rea	asons to support your answer	
17.	7. In your experience, what is the approximate proportion of owned cats that have at least one litter kittens before they are desexed?			
		>20-40%		
		>40-50%		
		>60-80% >80-100%	6	

18.	In your experience, what is the approximate proportion of unwanted kittens from owned queens compared to stray queens?			
	□ >20–40%			
	□ >40–50%			
	□ >60-80%			
	□ >80-100%			
19.	What proportion of students have the opportunity to observe an early age desexing procedure at the university you teach at?			
20.	What proportion of students have the opportunity to perform early age desexing at the university you teach at?			