



# Supplementary Materials

# ZnCr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> Inclusions in ZnO Matrix Investigated by Probe-Corrected STEM-EELS

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## 1. Unit Cell Parameters of ZnO and ZnCr2O4

**Table S1.** Unit cell parameter of ZnO from XRD experiment and literature.  $\alpha = \beta = 90^{\circ}$ ,  $\gamma = 120^{\circ}$ .

Parameter	XRD (Å)	Literature (Å) <sup>[1]</sup>
a = b	3.2505(4)	3.2555(2)
С	5.2059(6)	5.2152(3)

**Table S2.** Unit cell parameter of ZnCr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> from XRD experiment and literature.  $\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^{\circ}$ .

Parameter	XRD (Å)	Literature (Å) <sup>[2]</sup>
a = b = c	8.3293(9)	8.32765(8)

### 2. Atomic-Resolution Images of ZnO and ZnCr2O4

ZnO was directly observed by simultaneous high-resolution HAADF and ABF imaging in two low-index zone axes. It is evident from the [0001] orientation in Figure S1a-b that all the columns form a two-dimensional hexagonal structure, and each column contains both Zn and O. According to STEM images viewed from the [1010] direction in Figure S1c-d, four Zn columns form a rectangle structure. In addition, we also imaged ZnCr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> with atomic resolution in two low-index zone axes. As can be seen from the [100] projection in Figure S1e-f, four CrO<sub>2</sub> atomic columns form a square in the HAADF and ABF images. For every two squares, there is one Zn column sitting in the square center. In the [111] zone axis as illustrated in Figure S1g-h, one central and six vertex Zn<sub>2</sub>CrO<sub>2</sub> atomic columns form a hexagonal unit structure. A CrO<sub>2</sub> column exists between the two closest Zn<sub>2</sub>CrO<sub>2</sub> columns. The Zn<sub>2</sub>CrO<sub>2</sub> and CrO<sub>2</sub> columns display remarkably different contrast. Not unexpected, in the HAADF image, Zn<sub>2</sub>CrO<sub>2</sub> column is much brighter than CrO<sub>2</sub> column. The Zn<sub>2</sub>CrO<sub>2</sub> column is significantly darker than CrO<sub>2</sub> column in the ABF image.



**Figure S1.** (a) HAADF and (b) ABF images of ZnO viewed from the [0001] orientation. (c) HAADF and (d) ABF imaging of ZnO observed from the [1010] direction. (e) HAADF and (f) ABF images of ZnCr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> viewed from the [100] orientation. (g) HAADF and (h) ABF imaging of ZnCr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> observed from the [111] direction. The insets show the model and simulated image. The green, cyan, and red balls represent Zn, Cr, and O, respectively.

#### 3. ZnO/ZnCr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> Interfaces

The red arrow in Figure S2 points at the interface area shown in Figure 5 (main text) and Figure S3.



**Figure S2.** HAADF image of ZnCr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> nanoparticle in ZnO matrix. The red arrow indicates the interface area as analyzed in Figure 5 (main text) and Figure S3.

Figure S3a displays an ABF image of the ZnO  $[2\overline{1}\overline{1}3]/ZnCr_2O_4$   $[1\overline{1}0]$  interface, which was observed simultaneously with the HAADF image in Figure 5a (main text).



**Figure S3.** (a) ABF image of ZnO  $[2\overline{1}\overline{1}3]/ZnCr_2O_4$   $[1\overline{1}0]$  interface, observed simultaneously with the HAADF image in Figure 5a (main text). The insets show the projected atomic models and simulated images. Close-ups of the experimental HAADF and simulated images as well as models of (b) ZnCr\_2O\_4 and (c) ZnO. The green, cyan and red balls represent Zn, Cr and O, respectively.

The interface region in Figure 6 (main text) and Figure S5 is displayed by the red arrow in Figure S4.



**Figure S4.** HAADF image of ZnCr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> nanoparticle in ZnO matrix. The red arrow shows the interface region as investigated in Figure 6 (main text) and Figure S5.

Figure S5a illustrates ABF image of the ZnO  $[1\overline{2}10]/ZnCr_2O_4$  [112] interface, which was recorded simultaneously with the HAADF image in Figure 6a (main text).



**Figure S5.** (a) ABF image of ZnO  $[1\bar{2}10]/ZnCr_2O_4$  [112] interface, taken simultaneously with the HAADF image in Figure 6a (main text). The insets show the projected atomic models and simulated images. Close-ups of the experimental HAADF and simulated images as well as models of (b) ZnO and (c) ZnCr\_2O\_4. The green, cyan and red balls represent Zn, Cr and O, respectively.

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