

**Supplementary data:**

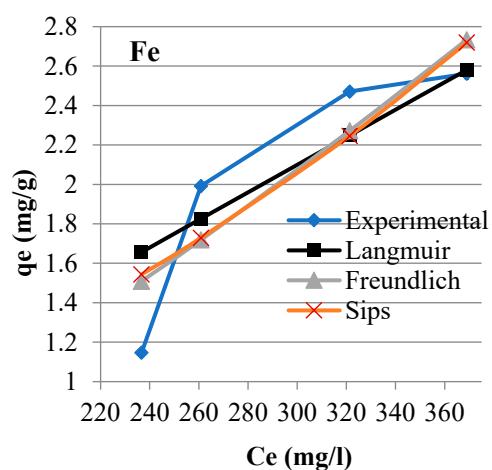
**Table S1:** Equations used in analyzing adsorption data

Expression name	Non-linear version	Constants	Key attributes	References
Langmuir isotherm	$q_e = \frac{q_m K_L C_e}{1 + K_L C_e}$	$K_L, q_m$	Normally describes mono layer adsorption for dilute systems. Most suited isotherm for desulfurisation.	(Muzic et al., 2010)
Freundlich isotherm	$q_e = K_F C_e^{1/n}$	$K_F, n$	Non ideal irreversible and multilayer adsorption concepts.	(Proctor & Toro-Vazquez, 1996)
Sips isotherm	$q_e = \frac{K_s C_e^{\beta_s}}{1 + \alpha_s C_e^{\beta_s}}$	$K_s, \beta_s, \alpha_s$	Combines Freundlich and Langmuir behaviour to describe heterogeneous systems	(Sips, 1948)
PFO kinetics	$q_t = q_e(1 - e^{-k_1 t})$	$k_1$	Based on pseudo first order reaction equations.	(Azizian, 2004)
PSO kinetics	$q_t = \frac{q_e^2 k_2 t}{1 + k_2 q_e t}$	$k_2$	Successfully modelled metal removals from wastewater in previous studies	(Ho, 2014)
Exponential decay	$A = A_0 e^{-kt}$	$k$	Models decreasing order values with time	(Westrich & Berner, 1984)

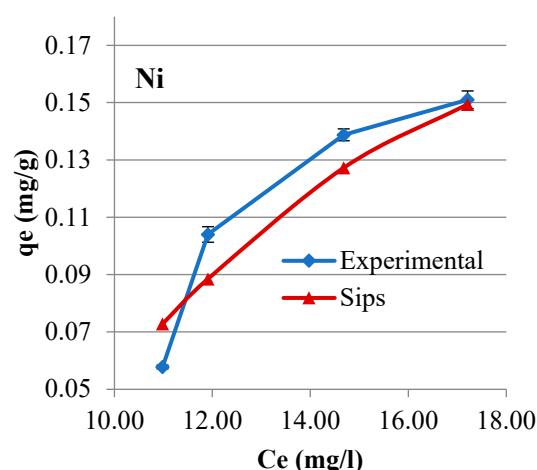
- $q_e$ : solid phase equilibrium concentration of adsorbate on adsorbent (mg/g)  
 $q_m$ : maximum adsorption capacity of the adsorbent (mg/g)  
 $q_t$ : adsorbate concentration on adsorbent after duration  $t$  during adsorption (mg/g)  
 $C_e$ : equilibrium concentration of adsorbate in the solvent/liquid phase (mg/L)  
 $K_L$ : Langmuir constant  
 $R_L$ : separation factor  
 $K_F$ : Freundlich constant  
 $n$ : Freundlich heterogeneity parameter to be determined  
 $K_s, \beta_s, \alpha_s$ : Sips constants  
 $k_1, k_2$  and  $k_3$ : rate constants  
 $A, A_0$ : Any variable  
 $k$ : exponential decay constant

**Table S2:** Exponential decay parameters for modelling metal ion concentration during bioremediation

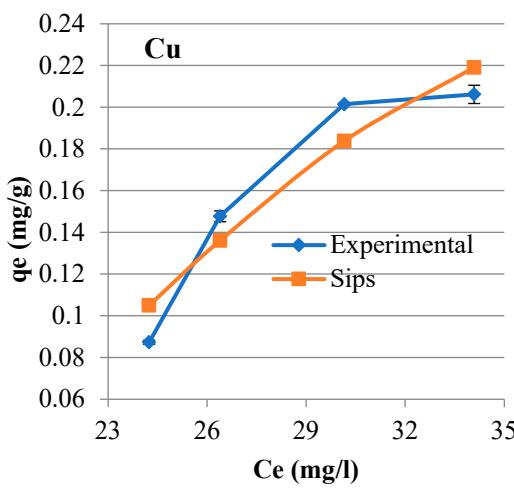
Exponential Model	Metal/ Variable	Fe(5)	Fe(4)	Ni	Cu	Zn
Decay constants	C	21.5	9.0	0.5	9.8	0
	$k_1$	0.100	0.096	0.104	0.113	0.063
Coefficient of determination	$R^2$	0.97	0.99	0.99	0.97	0.95



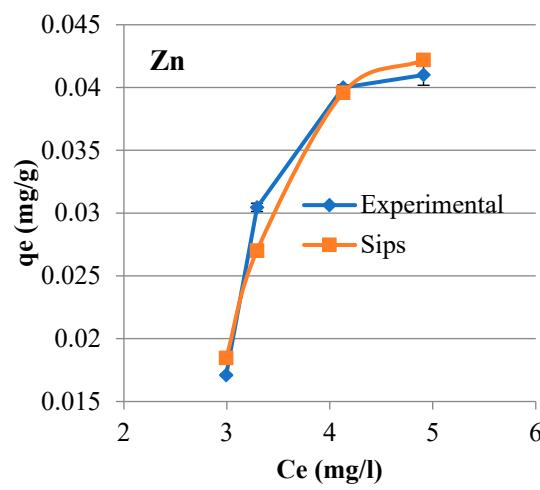
(a)



(b)

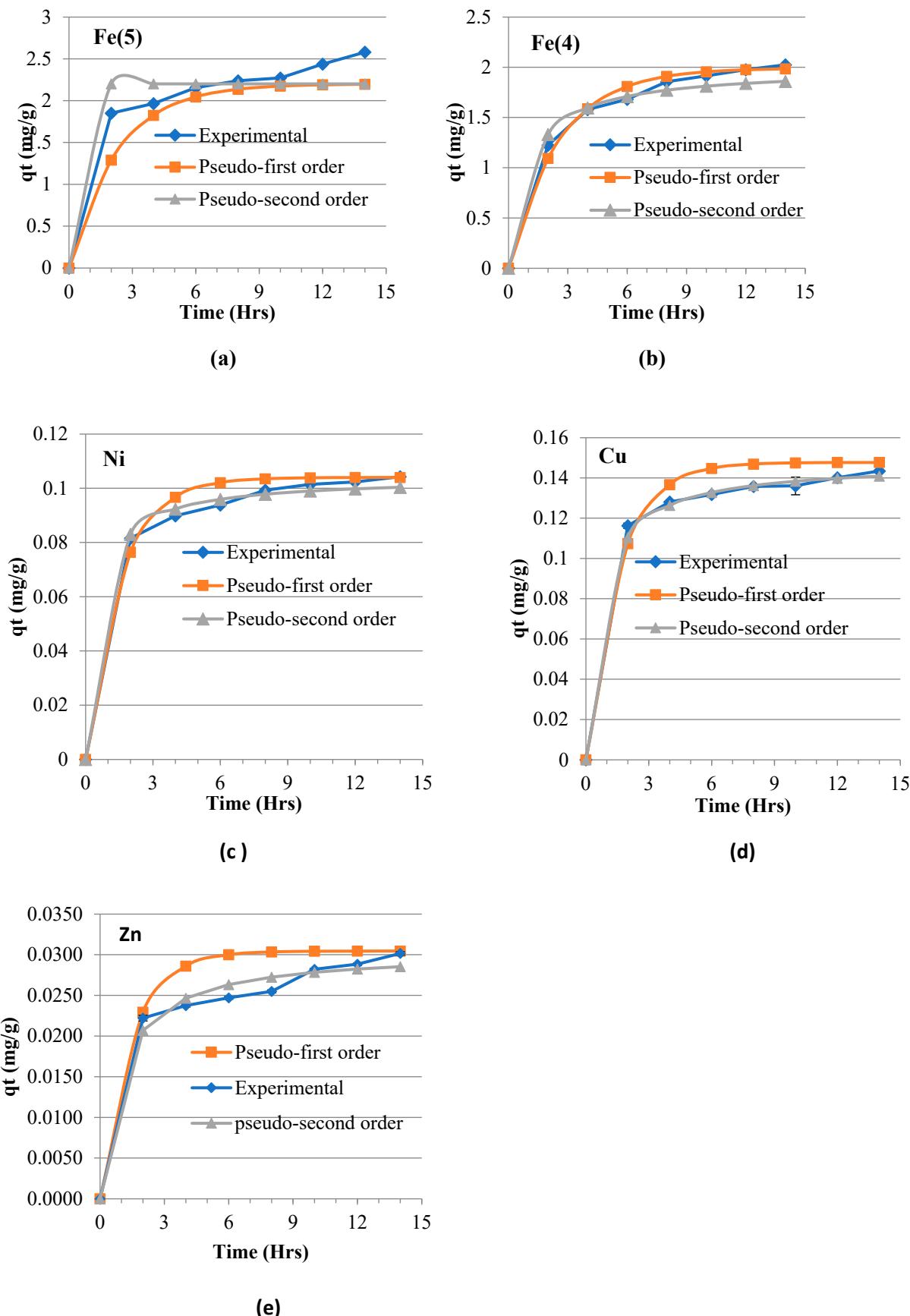


(c)

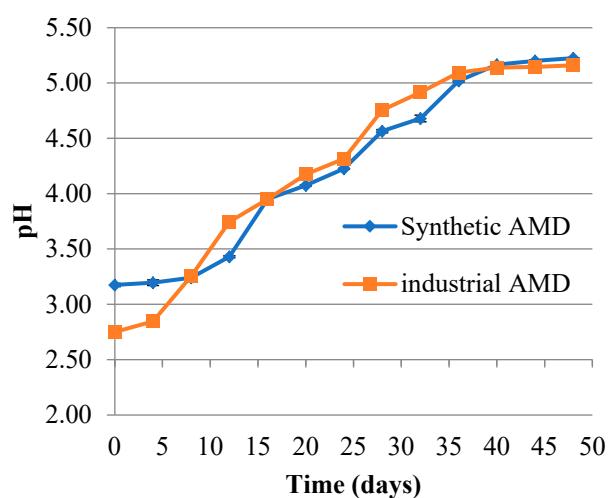


(d)

**Figure S1:** Adsorption isotherms for (a) Fe (b) Ni (c) Cu and (d) Zn on 80 g/L tobacco waste



**Figure S2:** Adsorption kinetics for **(a)** Fe (5) and **(b)** Fe (4) **(c)** Ni **(d)** Cu **(e)** Zn on tobacco waste



**Figure S3:** Variation of pH during AMD bioremediation