

Supplementary Materials: Identification of a Clinically Relevant Signature for Early Progression in KRAS-Driven Lung Adenocarcinoma

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Figure S1

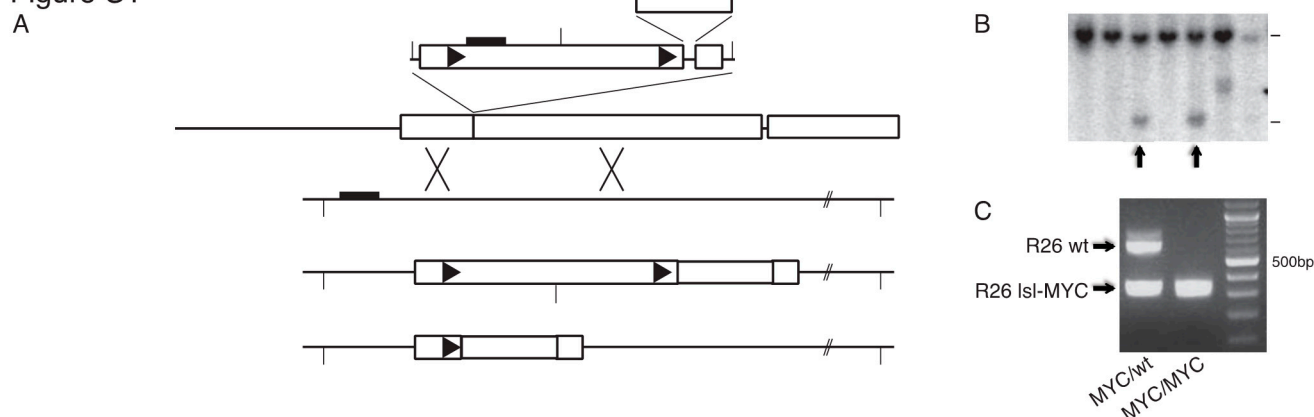


Figure S1. Generation and characterization of R26-lsl-MYC mice. (A) Schematic of Rosa26 targeting strategy adapted from Srinivas using vectors described by same [1]. (B) Southern blot of EcoRV-digested ES cell genomic DNA probed with external probe E. WT band = 11Kb; recombined band = 3.8Kb. Arrows indicate clones with the correctly targeted locus. (C) PCR of genomic DNA from heterozygous and homozygous R26-lsl-MYC mice.

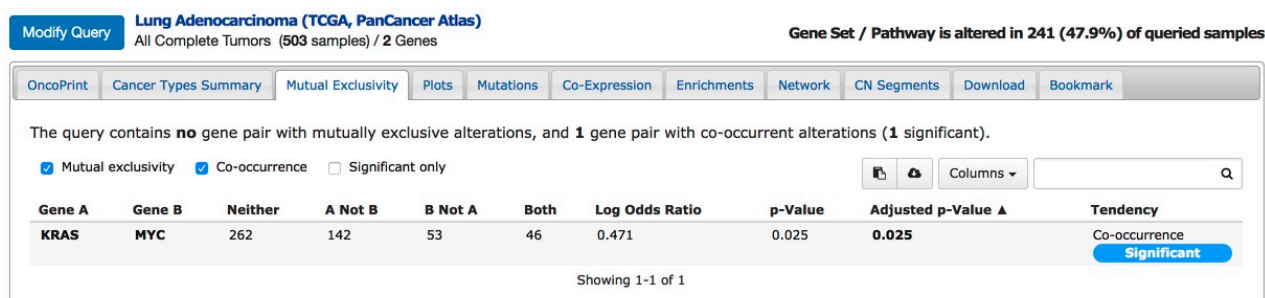


Figure S2. Significant co-occurrence of KRAS & cMYC alterations in human LuAd. Screenshot of cBioportal analysis of co-occurrent versus mutual exclusivity in alterations of KRAS and c-MYC in the TCGA PanCancer cohort of human LuAd.

Figure S3

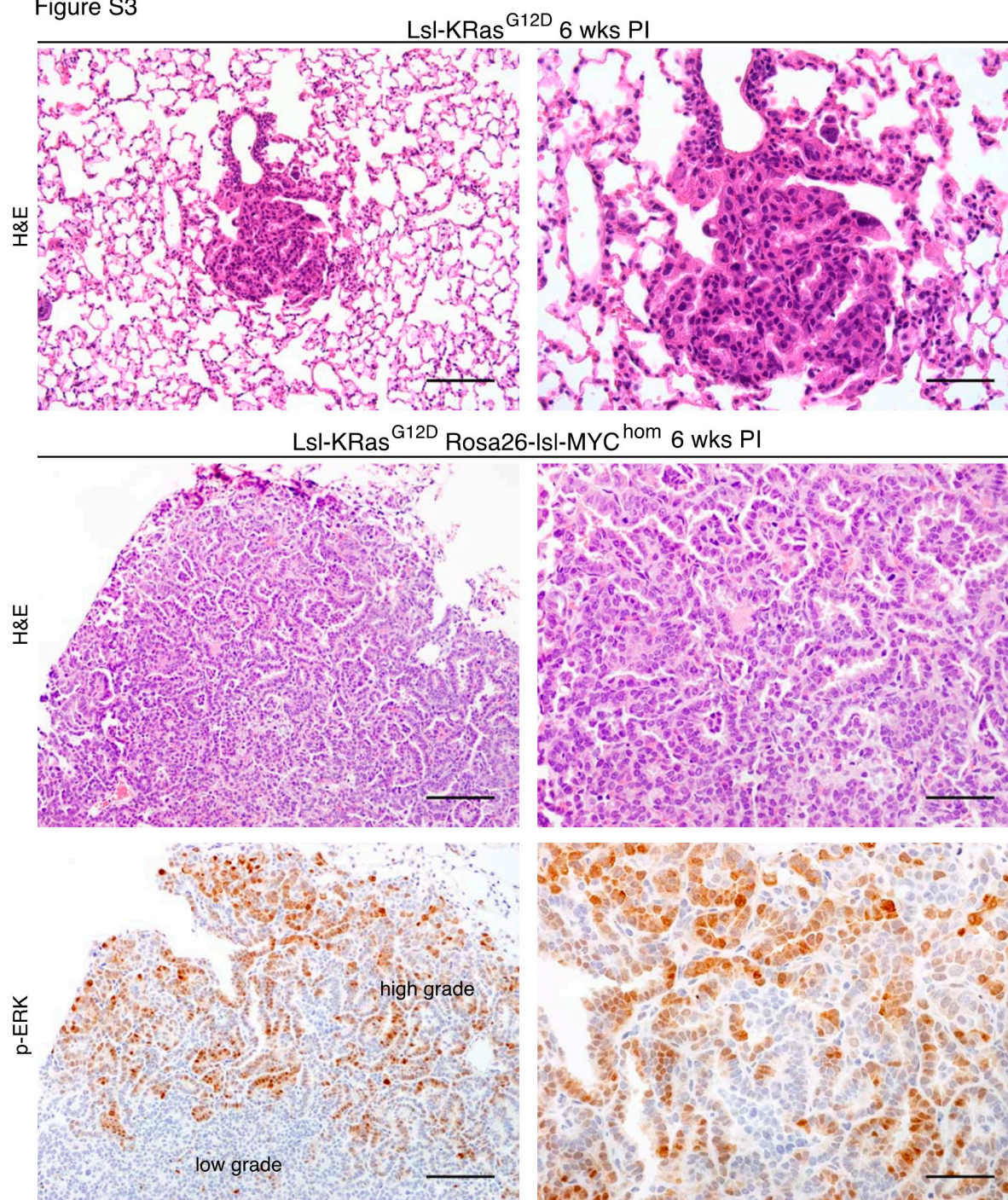


Figure S3. Histology of K-only and KM² lung tumours at 6 weeks post induction. Lung tumours were generated as per main Figure 1 and harvested at 6 weeks post induction. Top panels show atypical adenomatous hyperplasia in a K-only mouse. Middle and bottom panels show adenocarcinoma in a KM² mouse. Bottom panels show immunohistochemistry for phospho-ERK1/2, demarcating spontaneous progression from low grade to high grade adenocarcinoma. Scale bars = 50 μ M (left panels) & 100 μ M (right panels).

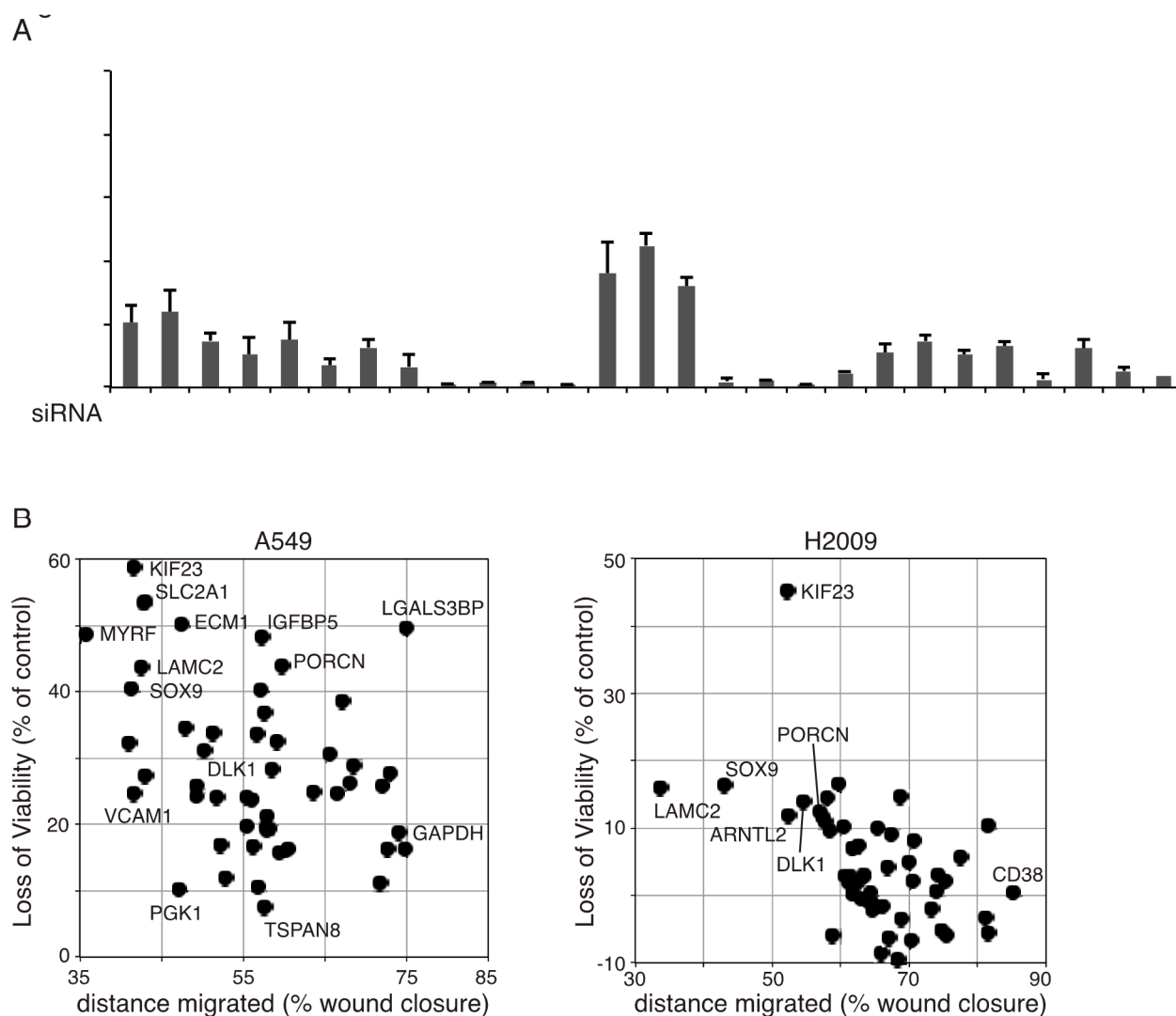


Figure S4. In vitro validation of KM tumour progression signature. **(A)** Confirmation of depletion of the indicated genes with individual siRNAs, performed by Q-PCR. Mean \pm SEM of biological triplicates shown. **(B)** Loss of viability (y -axis) upon depletion of most targeted genes does not alone account for suppression of cell migration (x -axis). Mean values for 4 siRNAs targeting each gene shown. .

Reference

1. Mishra, R.; Hanker, A.B.; Garrett, J.T. Genomic alterations of ERBB receptors in cancer: Clinical implications. *Oncotarget* **2017**, *8*, 114371–114392. doi:10.18632/oncotarget.22825.



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