

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

An Efficient Electrocatalyst for Oxygen Evolution Reaction in Alkaline Solutions Derived from a Copper Chelate Polymer via in-situ Electrochemical Transformation

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Supporting Information

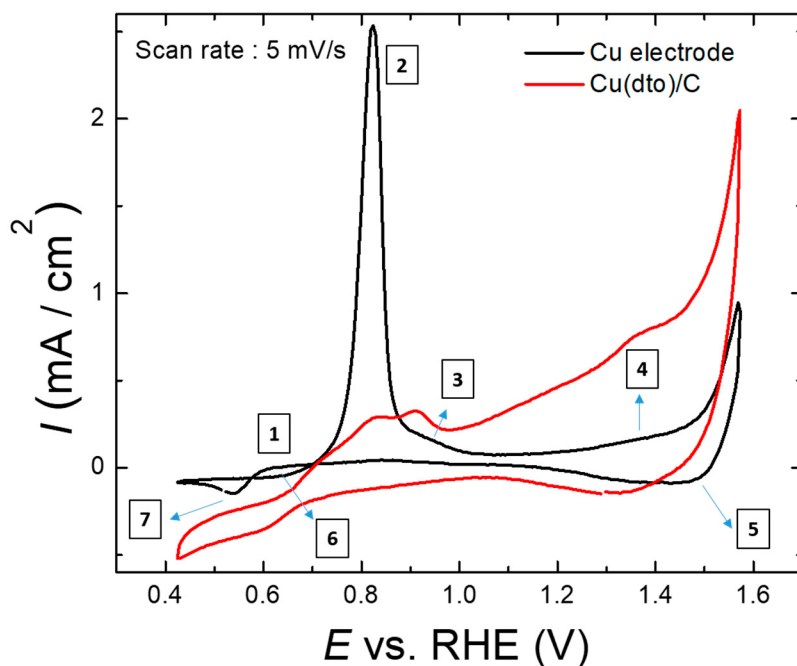


Fig. S1 Cyclic voltammograms of the Cu electrode and Cu(dto)/C electrode at a scan rate of 5 mV/s, in N₂-saturated 1M KOH.

Table S1 Assignment of the redox reactions in the cyclic voltammograms of the Cu electrode at a scan rate of 5 mV/s, in N₂-saturated 1M KOH.

Peak	<i>E</i> vs. RHE (V)	Assignment*
1	0.613	$2\text{Cu} + 2\text{OH}^- \rightarrow \text{Cu}_2\text{O} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{e}^-$
2	0.823	$\text{Cu}_2\text{O} + 6\text{OH}^- + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow 2\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_4^{2-} + 2\text{e}^-$ $\text{Cu} + 4\text{OH}^- \rightarrow \text{Cu}(\text{OH})_4^{2-} + 2\text{e}^-$
3	0.928	$\text{CuOH} + \text{OH}^- \rightarrow \text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2 + \text{e}^-$ $\text{Cu} + 2\text{OH}^- \rightarrow \text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2 + 2\text{e}^-$ $\text{Cu} + 2\text{OH}^- \rightarrow \text{CuO} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{e}^-$
4	1.374	$\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2 + 2\text{OH}^- \rightarrow \text{Cu}(\text{OH})_4^- + \text{e}^-$ $\text{CuO} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{OH}^- \rightarrow \text{Cu}(\text{OH})_4^- + \text{e}^-$
5	1.468	$\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_4^- + \text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2 + 2\text{OH}^-$ $\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_4^- + \text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{CuO} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{OH}^-$
6	0.643	$2\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2 + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{Cu}_2\text{O} + 2\text{OH}^- + \text{H}_2\text{O}$
7	0.538	$\text{Cu}_2\text{O} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow 2\text{Cu} + 2\text{OH}^-$

¹⁾ Ambrose, J.; Barradas, R.G.; Shoesmith, D.W. Investigations of Copper in Aqueous Alkaline Solutions by Cyclic Voltammetry. *J. Electroanal. Chem. Interfacial Electrochem.* 1973, 47, 47-64, doi:[https://doi.org/10.1016/S0022-0728\(73\)80344-4](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0022-0728(73)80344-4).

²⁾ Deng, Y.; Handoko, A.D.; Du, Y.; Xi, S.; Yeo, B.S. In Situ Raman Spectroscopy of Copper and Copper Oxide Surfaces during Electrochemical Oxygen Evolution Reaction: Identification of Cu(II) Oxides as Catalytically Active Species. *ACS Catal.* 2016, 6, 2473-2481, doi:10.1021/acscatal.6b00205.

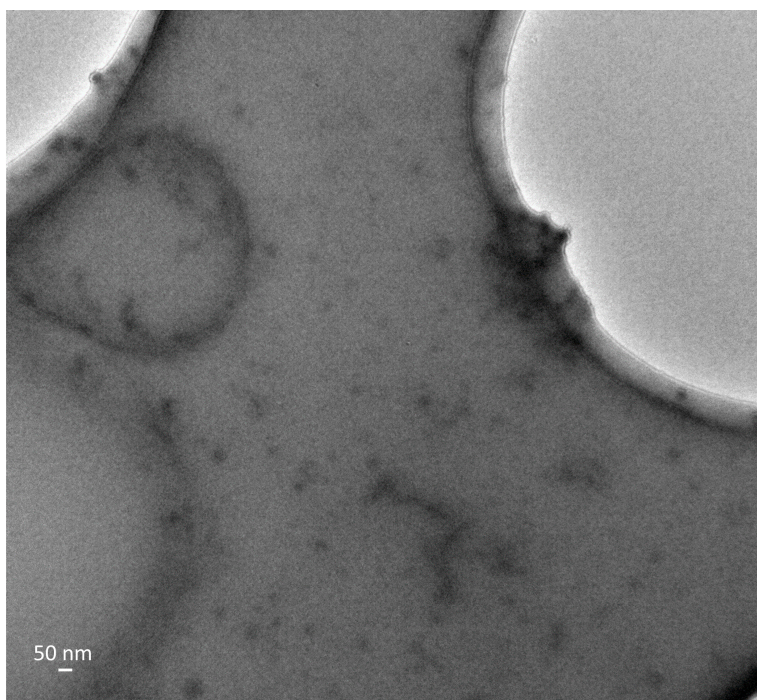


Fig. S2 TEM image of Cu(dto)-DO/C powder after cycling in the potential window of 0.42 - 1.57 V vs. RHE with a scan rate of 5 mV/s. TEM image was taken on JEOL 2100 microscope at 200 keV. The powder was deposited from ethanolic solution on a Cu grid (300 mesh) coated with the Lacey Carbon.