

Impact of bentonite clay on in situ pyrolysis vs. hydrothermal carbonization of avocado pit biomass

Madeline Karod¹, Zoe A. Pollard¹, Maisha T. Ahmad¹, Guolan Dou^{2,3}, Lihui Gao⁴, Jillian. L Goldfarb^{1*}

¹ Department of Biological and Environmental Engineering, Cornell University, Ithaca NY 14853

² School of Safety Engineering, China University of Mining and Technology, Xuzhou 221116, China

³ Key Laboratory of Gas and Fire Control for Coal Mines, China University of Mining and Technology, Xuzhou 221116, China

⁴ School of Environmental Science and Spatial Informatics, China University of Mining and Technology, Xuzhou 221116, China

* Correspondence: goldfarb@cornell.edu; JillianLGoldfarb@gmail.com; Tel.: +1 (607) 255 5789

Supplemental Information (*for online publication only*)

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Table S1: Complete compound species breakdown for bio-oils as detected by GC-MS. Reporting mg compound / kg biomass informs how much biomass you require to produce the various compounds detected in the bio-oil. Percent of each compound type out of detectable compounds. Total concentrations of detectable compounds ranged 30,000 -50,000 mg compound / kg biomass.

Group <i>Compound</i>	Pyrolysis @ 600°C			HTC @ 250°C		
	Avocado		Avocado + Bentonite Clay	Avocado		Avocado + Bentonite Clay
	mg compound / kg bio-oil					
Alcohol Cyclopropyl carbinol <i>% Total Conc.</i>	19366.32	± 9916.49 <i>10.89%</i>	3819.7	± 61.1 <i>9.71%</i>		
Aldehyde Pentanal <i>% Total Conc.</i>			1518.18	± 698.2 <i>3.86%</i>		
Alkane Dodecane Undecane Octadecane, 1-chloro- <i>% Total Conc.</i>	2245.31	± 3175.35 <i>1.26%</i>	181.18 44.47	± 113.96 ± 62.89 <i>0.57%</i>		
Alkene 1-Tetradecene <i>% Total Conc.</i>			216.67	± 40.5 <i>0.55%</i>		
Ester 1,2-Benzenediol, 4-methyl- 1,2-Ethanediol, dipropanoate <i>% Total Conc.</i>	325.27 400.18	± 81.12 ± 79.37 <i>0.41%</i>	168.2	± 11.59 <i>0.43%</i>		
Furan 2(3H)-Furanone, 5-methyl- 2(5H)-Furanone 2-Furanmethanol, acetate 2-Furanmethanol, tetrahydro- 5-Methylfurfural Benzofuran Ethanone, 1-(2-furanyl)- <i>% Total Conc.</i>	1729.05 4064.4 5719.99 1439.83 12835.71	± 735.79 ± 5747.94 ± 203.13 ± 998.5 ± 5275.7 <i>14.50%</i>	840.91 1004.71 456.43 748.74 950.66	± 33.65 ± 1420.88 ± 206.42 ± 912.36 ± 277.77 <i>10.17%</i>	598.35 ± 329.08 119.67 ± 41.88 <i>100.00%</i>	597.7 ± 328.73 206.74 ± 72.44 <i>73.95%</i>

Ketone						
1,2-Cyclopentanedione	6714.16	±	4072.06	907.47	±	420.91
1H-Inden-1-one, 2,3-dihydro-	9598.5	±	3297.08	1680.86	±	269.39
2-Butanone	979.76	±	1385.59			
2-Butanone, 1-(acetyloxy)-	2272.02	±	3213.11	1036.32	±	1465.58
2-Cyclopenten-1-one	5046.57	±	333.88	698.65	±	988.04
Ketone (cont.)						
2-Cyclopenten-1-one, 2-hydroxy-3-methyl-	13950	±	5135.66	1764.52	±	342.81
2-Cyclopenten-1-one, 2-methyl-	3744.04	±	1172.93	1000.65	±	608.2
2-Hydroxy-gamma-butyrolactone	3344.8	±	1826.6			
% Total Conc.	25.67%			18.01%		283.43 ± 130.41
						26.05%
Phenol						
Naphthalene	5704.62	±	804.14	1687.48	±	2386.46
Naphthalene, 2-methyl-	8311.26	±	1171.96	2373.09	±	3356.06
o-Xylene	485.13	±	686.08	284.66	±	110.34
Phenol	10329.89	±	1053.39	4460.03	±	545.94
Phenol, 2,3,6-trimethyl-				2831.89	±	229.28
Phenol, 2,3-dimethyl-				196.75	±	170.58
Phenol, 2,5-dimethyl-				152.32	±	100.16
Phenol, 2,6-dimethoxy-	8524.59	±	682.11			
Phenol, 2-methyl-	7170.58	±	953.9	1997.31	±	1678.1
Phenol, 3,4-dimethyl-	124.58	±	176.19	65.91	±	93.21
Phenol, 3,5-dimethyl-	400.52	±	43.06	107.2	±	151.6
Phenol, 3-ethyl-	128.86	±	182.2	53.25	±	75.3
Phenol, 3-methyl-	10384.53	±	4761.75	3394.65	±	4800.75
Styrene				152.46	±	215.61
2-Propenal, 3-phenyl-				1514.91	±	635.97
Benzene, 1-butynyl-	2783.37	±	3936.28			
Benzene, 1-propynyl-	1419.11	±	2006.92	1172.07	±	26.96
Catechol	11149.22	±	1945.76	561.58	±	92.91
Ethylbenzene	743.96	±	1052.12	410.81	±	110.78
Fluorene				180.38	±	255.1
% Total Conc.	38.05%			54.88%		
Oxygenated Aromatics						
Maltol	16367.72	±	1700.91	589.19	±	833.24
% Total Conc.	9.21%			1.50%		
Other						
Indole				127.66	±	180.53

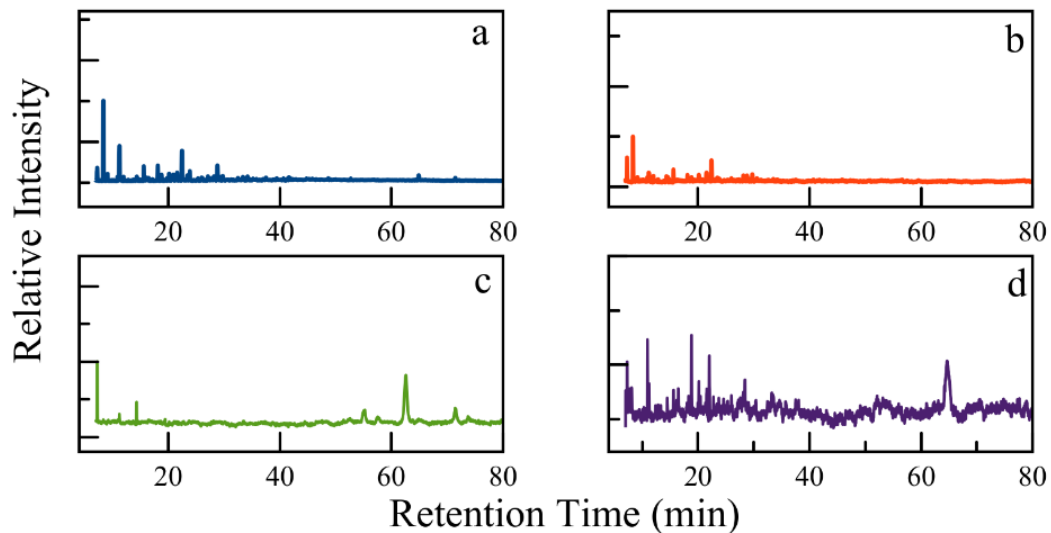


Figure S1: Gas chromatograms of biofuel analysis from pyrolysis of avocado pits (a) and avocado pits + Fuller's Earth (b) and hydrothermal carbonization at 250 °C of avocado pits (c) and avocado pits + Fuller's Earth (d). Chromatograms are normalized to relative intensity.

Table S2: HP-LC analysis of aqueous product from hydrothermal carbonization of avocado and avocado + bentonite clay. The detected compound concentrations are reported in ppm of the analyzed HTC water.

	Avocado	Avocado + Bentonite Clay
Compound	Concentration (PPM)	
Furan		
2 (5H) Furanone	1.32E+04	-
% Total Conc.	100.00%	
Carboxylic Acid		
Formic Acid	-	5.84E+03
Propionic Acid	-	1.55E+05
% Total Conc.		100.00%

Table S3: Water content of pyrolysis bio-oil determined in triplicate and reported as average %wt \pm one standard deviation.

	Water Content (wt%)		
<i>Pyrolysis Bio-Oil</i>			
Avocado	2.42	\pm	0.39
Avocado + Clay	1.18	\pm	0.26
<i>HTC Bio-oil</i>			
Avocado	0.58	\pm	0.10
Avocado + Clay	2.24	\pm	0.04

Table S4: Pyrolysis and HTC yields and O/C ratios. Pyrolysis ran in triplicate and reported as an average \pm one standard deviation, with the data ranges included below. HTC ran in duplicate and reported as an average of two values and data ranges below. O/C ratios determined for GC-MS detected compounds eluted between 6 – 200 minutes.

Yield (Weight %)				Bio-oil O/C Ratio
	Solid	Liquid	Gas	
Pyrolysis @ 600°C for 0.5 hour				
Avocado	32.30 \pm 4.49	36.86 \pm 4.95	33.89 \pm 3.30	0.62 \pm 0.08
<i>Data</i>				
<i>Range</i>	26.66 – 35.81	32.52 – 42.45	31.09 – 37.53	0.53 – 0.67
Avocado + Clay	34.85 \pm 1.66	40.45 \pm 0.59	26.70 \pm 2.25	0.45 \pm 0.18
<i>Data</i>				
<i>Range</i>	32.13 – 37.57	31.64 – 45.26	17.17 – 36.23	0.24 – 0.56
HTC @ 250°C for 1 hour				
Avocado	26.33	54.29	19.38	0.73
<i>Data</i>				
<i>Range</i>	15.89 – 36.78	49.70 – 58.88	13.52 – 25.23	0.69 – 0.77
Avocado + Clay	35.98	41.40	22.62	0.35
<i>Data</i>				
<i>Range</i>	33.40 – 38.56	37.33 – 45.48	15.96 – 29.27	0.23 – 0.66

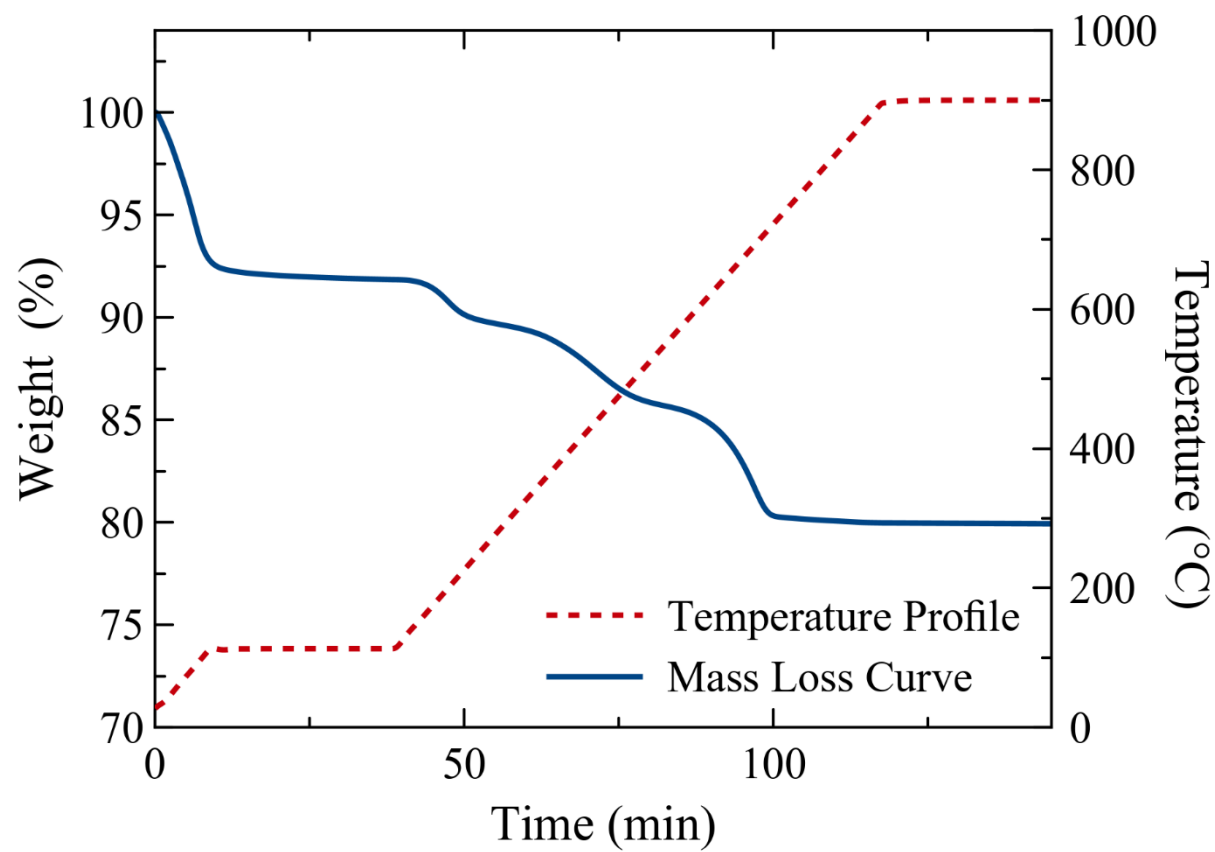


Figure S2: Thermal stability of bentonite clay in an inert atmosphere mimicking pyrolysis experiments.

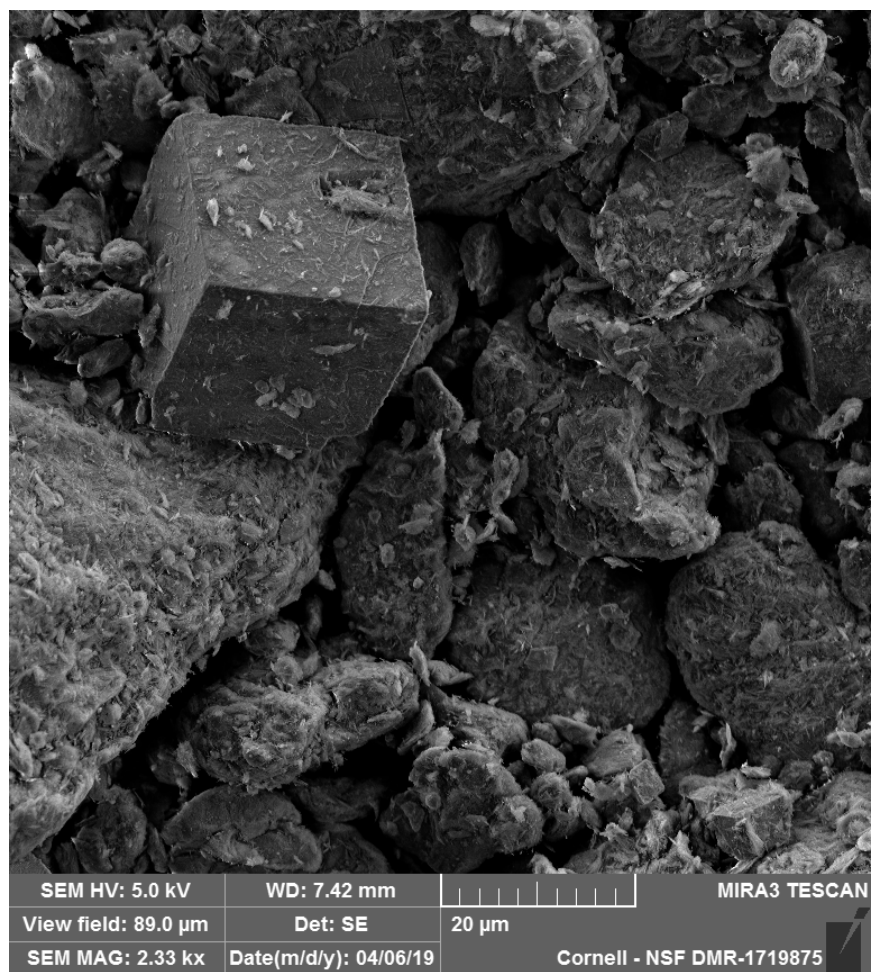


Figure S3: SEM image of bentonite clay. Scale bar indicates 20 μm.