Mixed-Metal Semiconductor Anodes for Electrochemical Water Splitting and Reactive Chlorine Species Generation: Implications for Electrochemical Wastewater Treatment

Su Young Ryu and Michael R. Hoffmann



Figure S1. SEM and EDS of NaTaO₃:La shows a nanostep surface morphology (**A**), while the surface of nondoped NaTaO₃ was flat (**B**), caused by a change of the structure of NaTaO₃ with the dope of lanthanum.



Figure S2. Shows the TEM image that determined particle size as around 8 nm, and XRD patterns that revealed the anatase structural phase of TiO₂ and confirmed abundant surface hydroxyl group in FTIR spectrum. The bandgap was determined as 3.13 eV at its UV-vis reflectance spectrum.



Figure S3. Shows the time profile for the generated N₂ and CO₂ gas during electrolysis of urea degradation: (**a**) a time profile of an estimated N₂ and CO₂ gas generation rate; (**b**) a time profile of head-space gas composition for the major gases, H₂, O₂, N₂, and CO₂