

Supplemental Information: Salt-Templated Platinum-Copper Porous Macrobeams for Ethanol Oxidation

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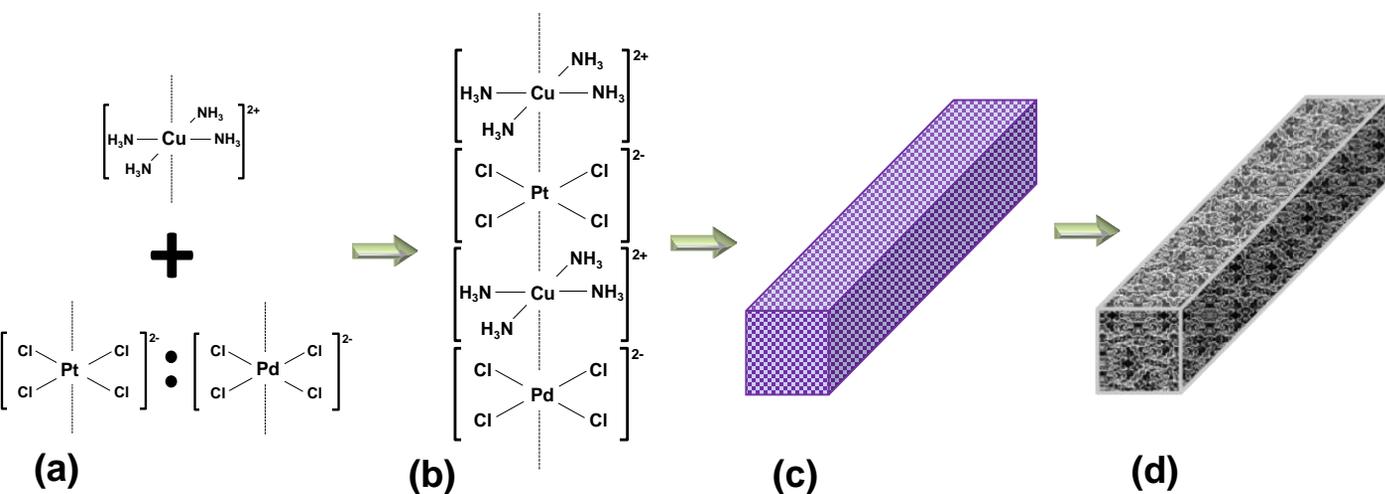


Figure S1. Macrobeam synthesis scheme. (a) Addition of $[\text{PtCl}_4]^{2-}$ and $[\text{PdCl}_4]^{2-}$ with $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{2+}$. (b) Linear stacking of platinum and copper square planar complex ions. (c) Formation of Magnus's salt crystal derivatives. (d) Reduction of platinum/palladium-copper salt needle template to square cross-section macrobeam.

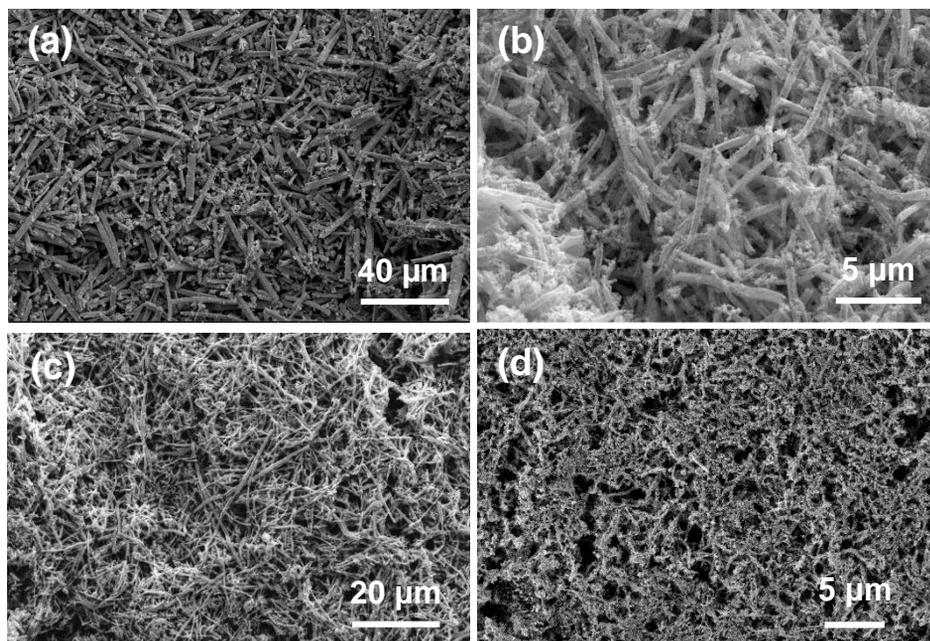


Figure S2. Scanning electron microscope images of copper-platinum macrotube structures from DMAB reduced salts with $\text{Pt}^{2-}:\text{Pt}^{2+}:\text{Cu}^{2+}$ ratios of (a) 1:0:1, (b) 3:1:2, (c) 2:1:1, and (d) 1:1:0.

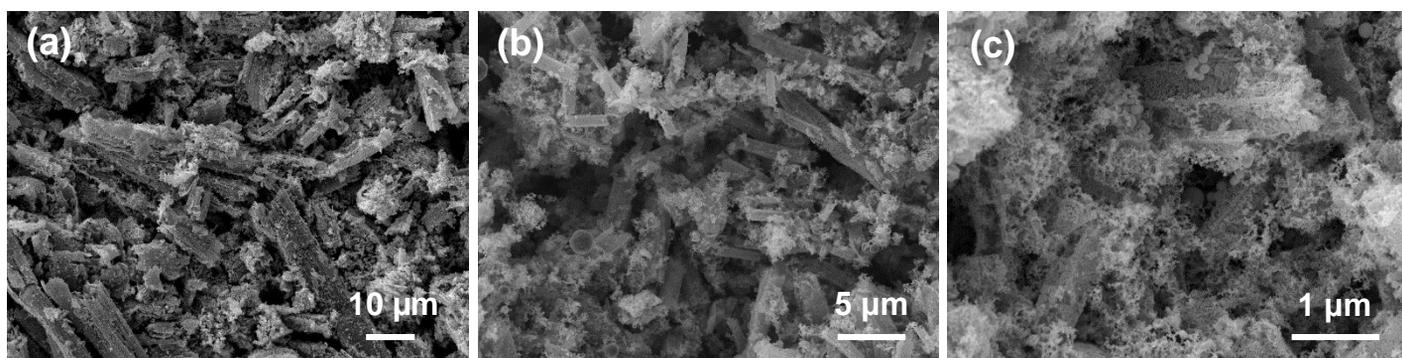


Figure S3. Scanning electron microscope images of copper-platinum macrobeam structures from NaBH_4 reduced salts with $\text{Pt}^{2-}:\text{Pt}^{2+}:\text{Cu}^{2+}$ ratios of (a) 1:0:1, (b) 3:1:2, and (c) 2:1:1.

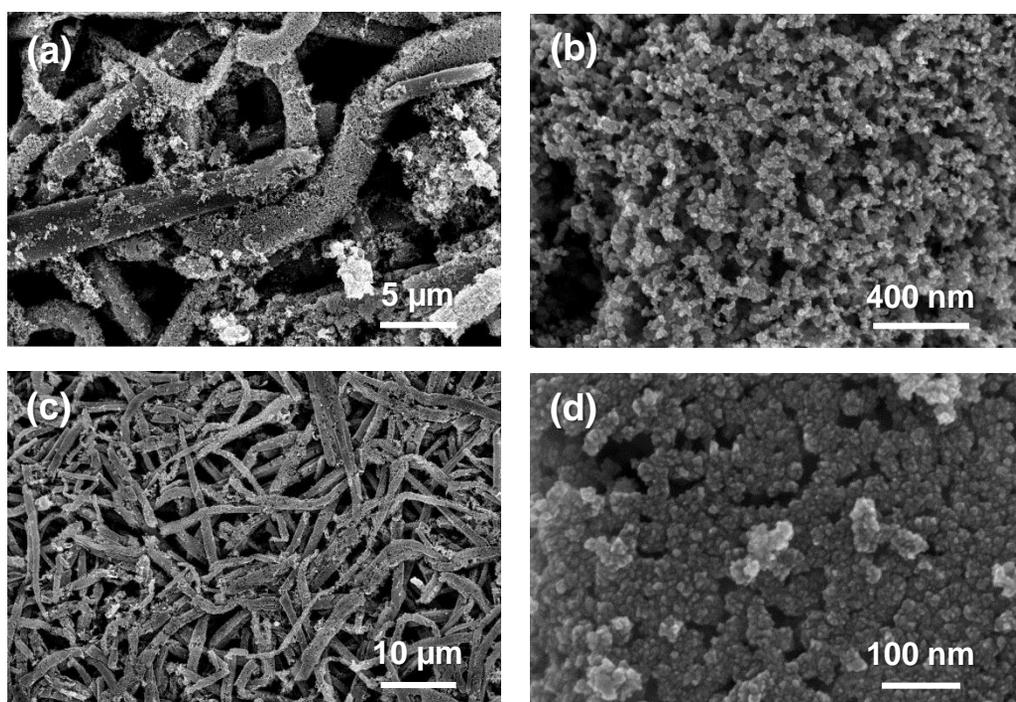


Figure S4. Scanning electron microscope images of platinum-copper macrobeams from DMAB reduced salts with $\text{Pt}^{2+}:\text{Pd}^{2+}:\text{Cu}^{2+}$ ratios of (a,b) 2:1:1, and (c,d) 3:1:2.

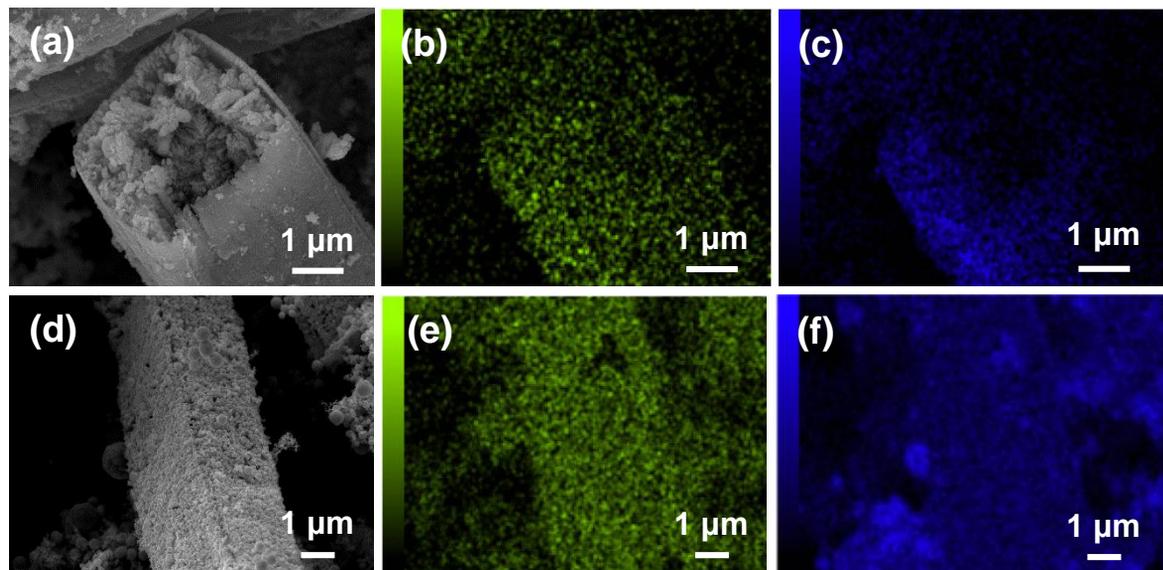


Figure S5. Energy dispersive X-ray spectroscopy mapping of platinum-copper macrobeams from salts with a $\text{Pt}^{2-}:\text{Pt}^{2+}:\text{Cu}^{2+}$ ratio of 1:0:1 reduced with (a–c) DMAB and (d–f) NaBH_4 . (b,e) Cu-K line (green), and (c,f) Pt-M line (blue) mapped.

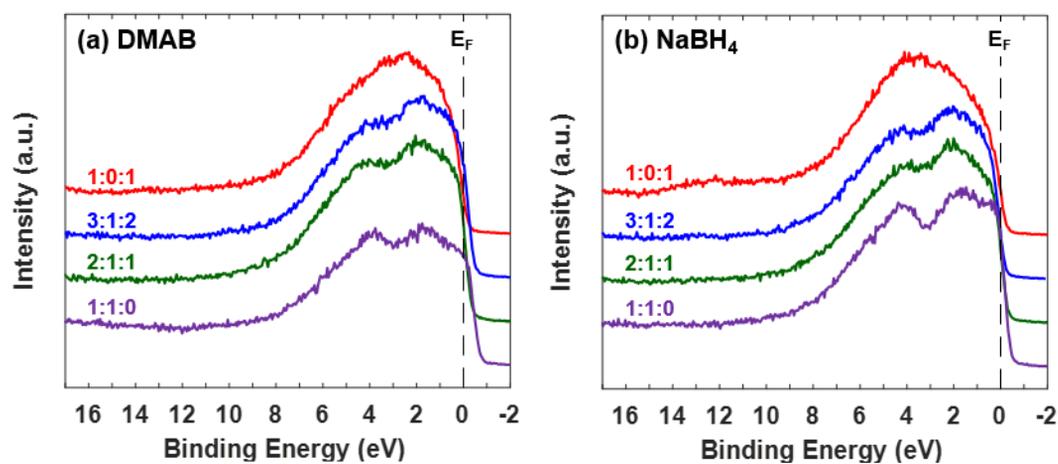


Figure S6. X-ray photoelectron spectra (XPS) valence-band spectra (VBS) of the Pt–Cu macrobeams from (a) DMAB, and (b) NaBH₄ reduced salts with Pt²⁺:Pt²⁺:Cu²⁺ ratios of 1:0:1, 3:1:2, 2:1:1, and 1:1:0.

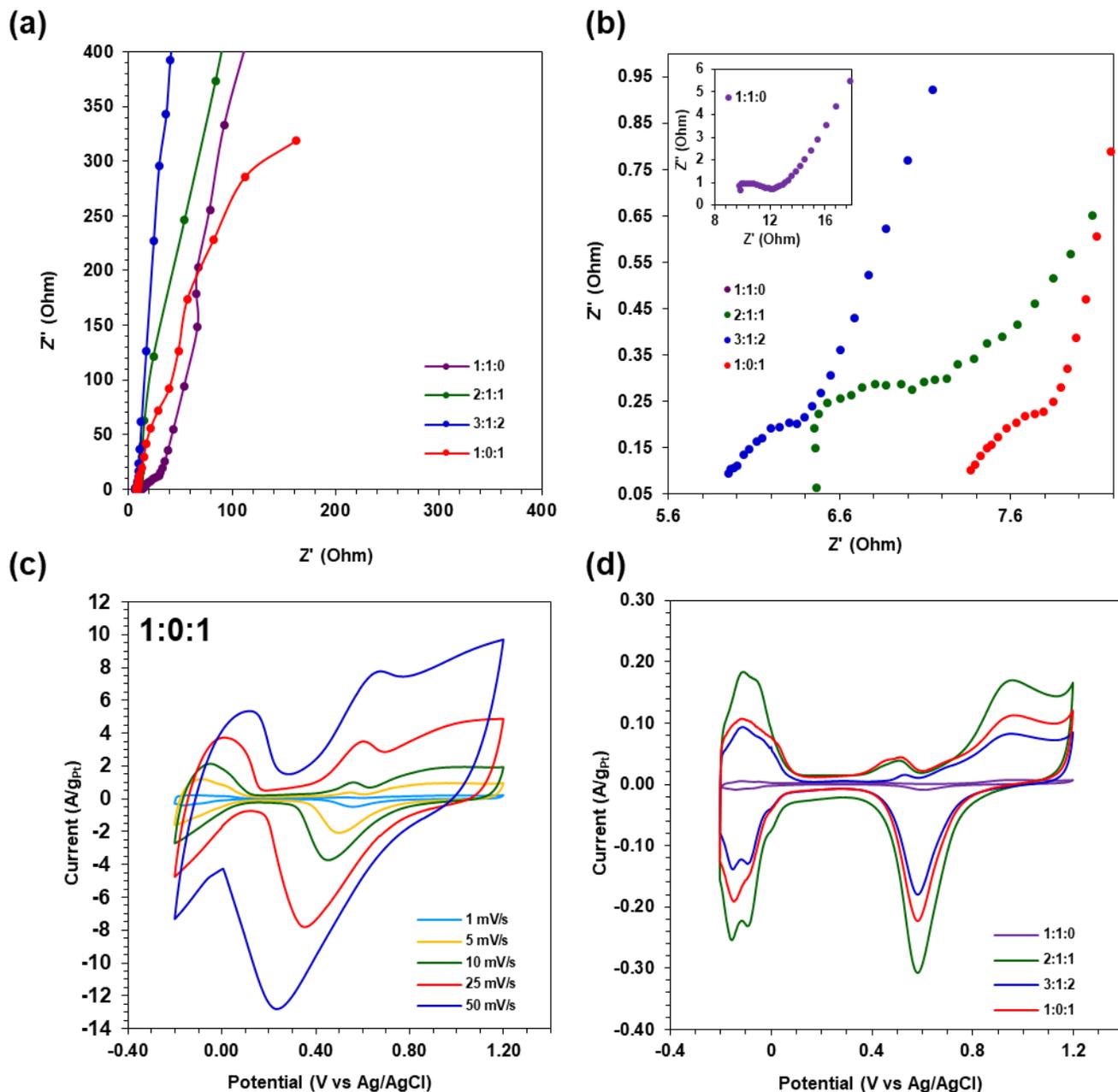


Figure S7. Electrochemical characterization of Pt-Cu macrobeams from Pt²⁺:Pt²⁺:Cu²⁺ salts reduced with NaBH₄. **(a)** Electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS) in 0.5 M H₂SO₄ at frequency range of 1MHz to 1mHz. **(b)** High frequency EIS from (a); (inset) EIS spectrum for 1:1:0. **(c)** Cyclic voltammetry (CV) in 0.5 M H₂SO₄ for Pt-Cu macrobeams from a 1:0:1 Pt²⁺:Pt²⁺:Cu²⁺ salt ratio, in 0.5 M H₂SO₄ for scan rates of 1, 5, 10, 25, and 50 mV/s. **(d)** CV in 0.5 M H₂SO₄ and 0.5 mV/s scan rate for macrobeams with Pt²⁺:Pt²⁺:Cu²⁺ salt ratios of 1:1:0, 2:1:1, 3:1:2, and 1:0:1.

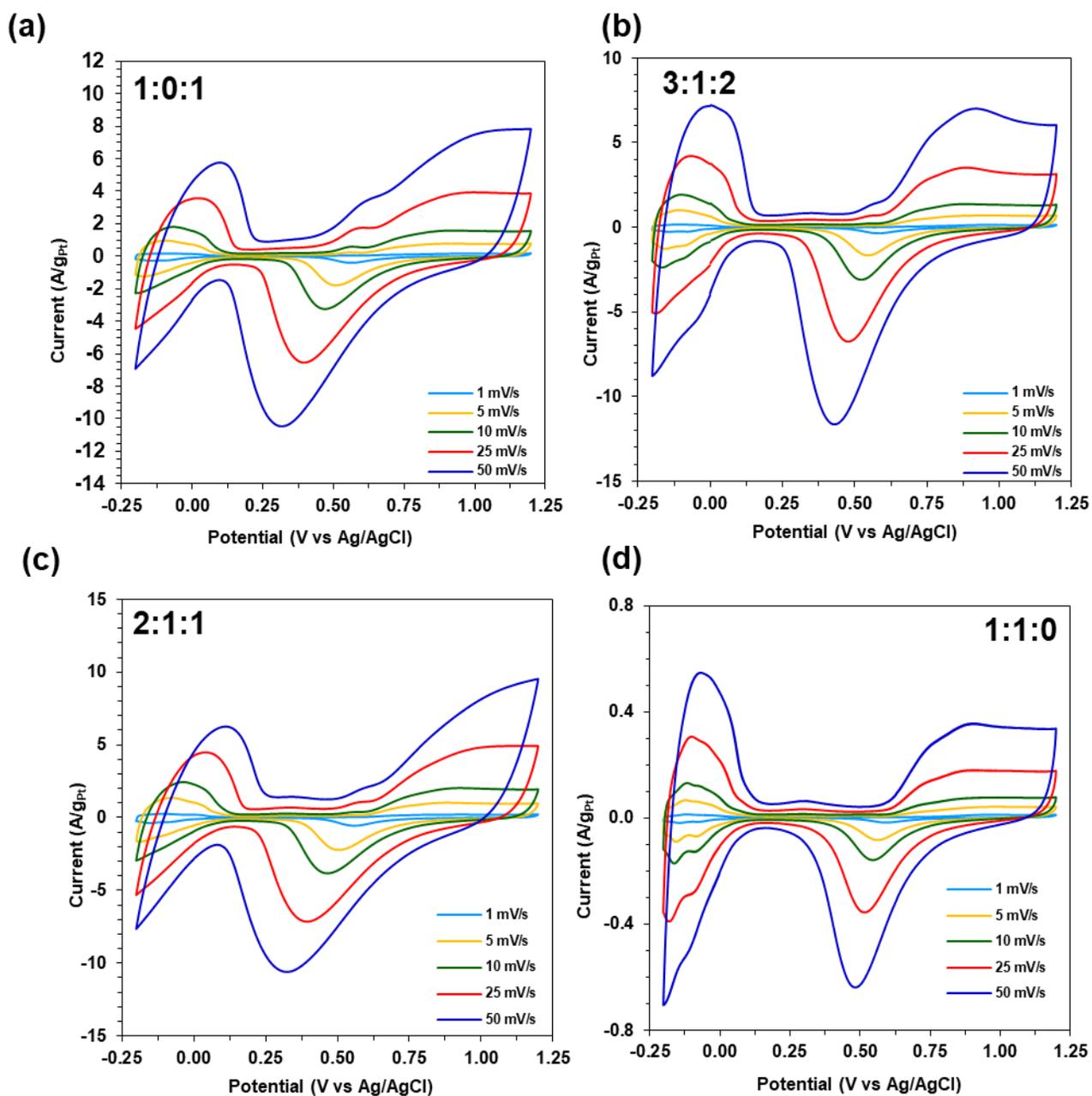


Figure S8. Cyclic voltammetry (CV) curves of platinum-copper macrobeams from DMAB reduced salts with Pt²⁺:Pt⁺:Cu²⁺ ratios of (a) 1:0:1, (b) 3:1:2, (c) 2:1:1, and (d) 1:1:0 in 0.5 M H₂SO₄ at scan rates of 1, 5, 10, 25, and 50 mV/s.

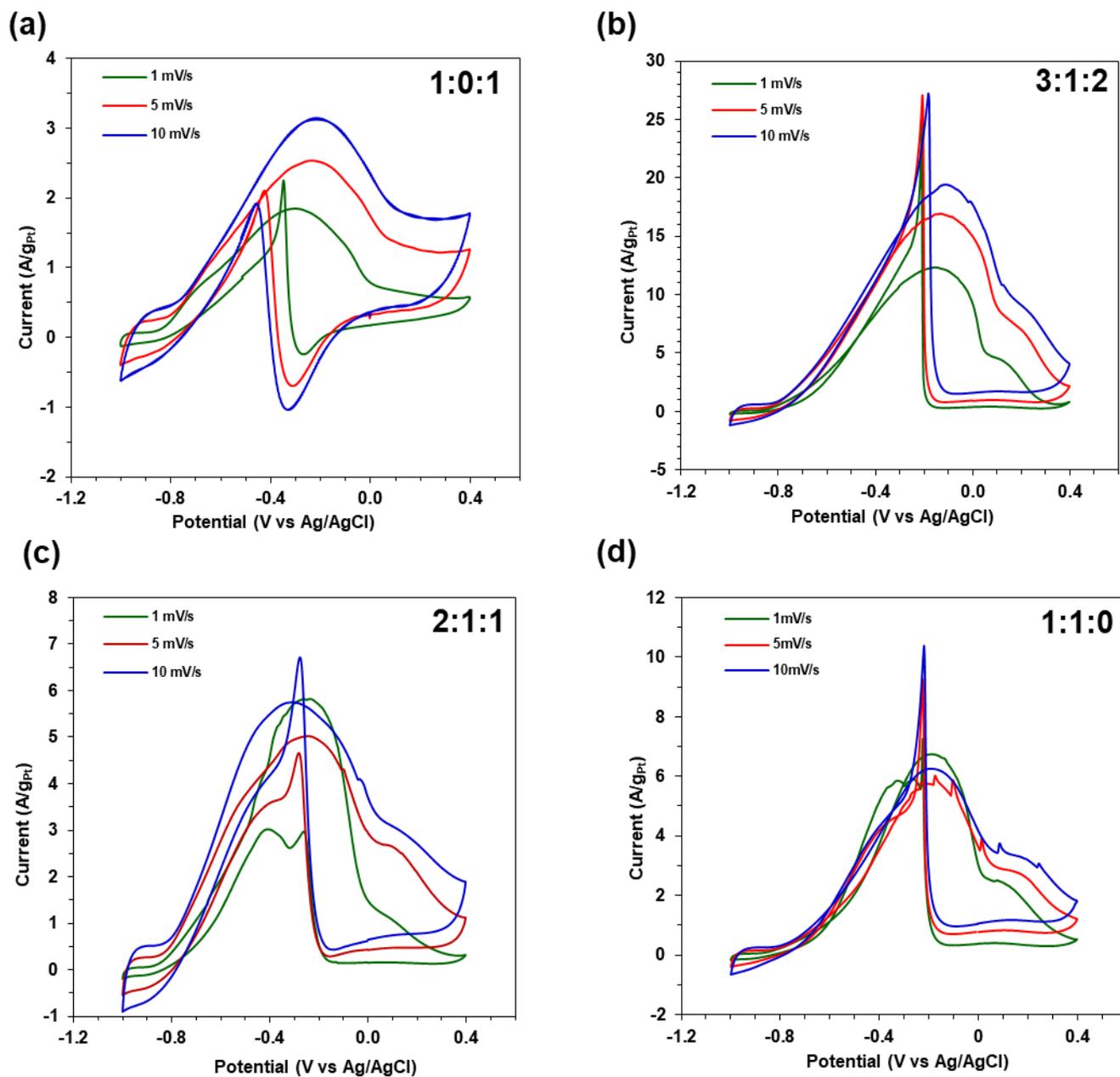


Figure S9. Cyclic voltammetry (CV) curves of platinum-copper macrobeams from DMAB reduced salts with Pt²⁺:Pt³⁺:Cu²⁺ ratios of (a) 1:0:1, (b) 3:1:2, (c) 2:1:1, and (d) 1:1:0 in 1 M KOH and 1 M ethanol at scan rates of 1, 5, and 10 mV/s.

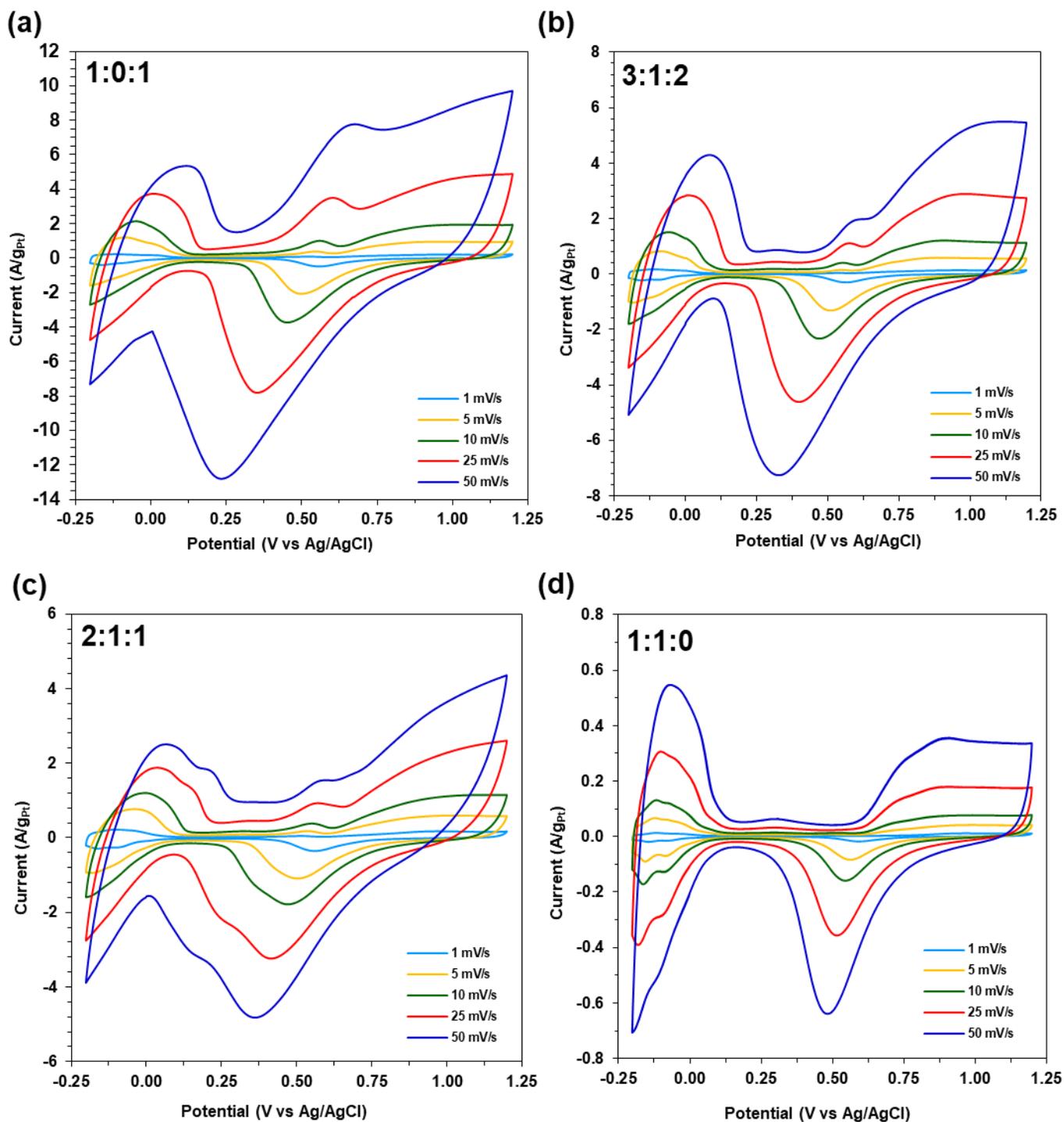


Figure S10. Cyclic voltammetry (CV) curves of platinum-copper macrobeams from NaBH_4 reduced salts with $\text{Pt}^{2+}:\text{Pt}^{3+}:\text{Cu}^{2+}$ ratios of (a) 1:0:1, (b) 3:1:2, (c) 2:1:1, and (d) 1:1:0 in 0.5 M H_2SO_4 at scan rates of 1, 5, 10, 25, and 50 mV/s.

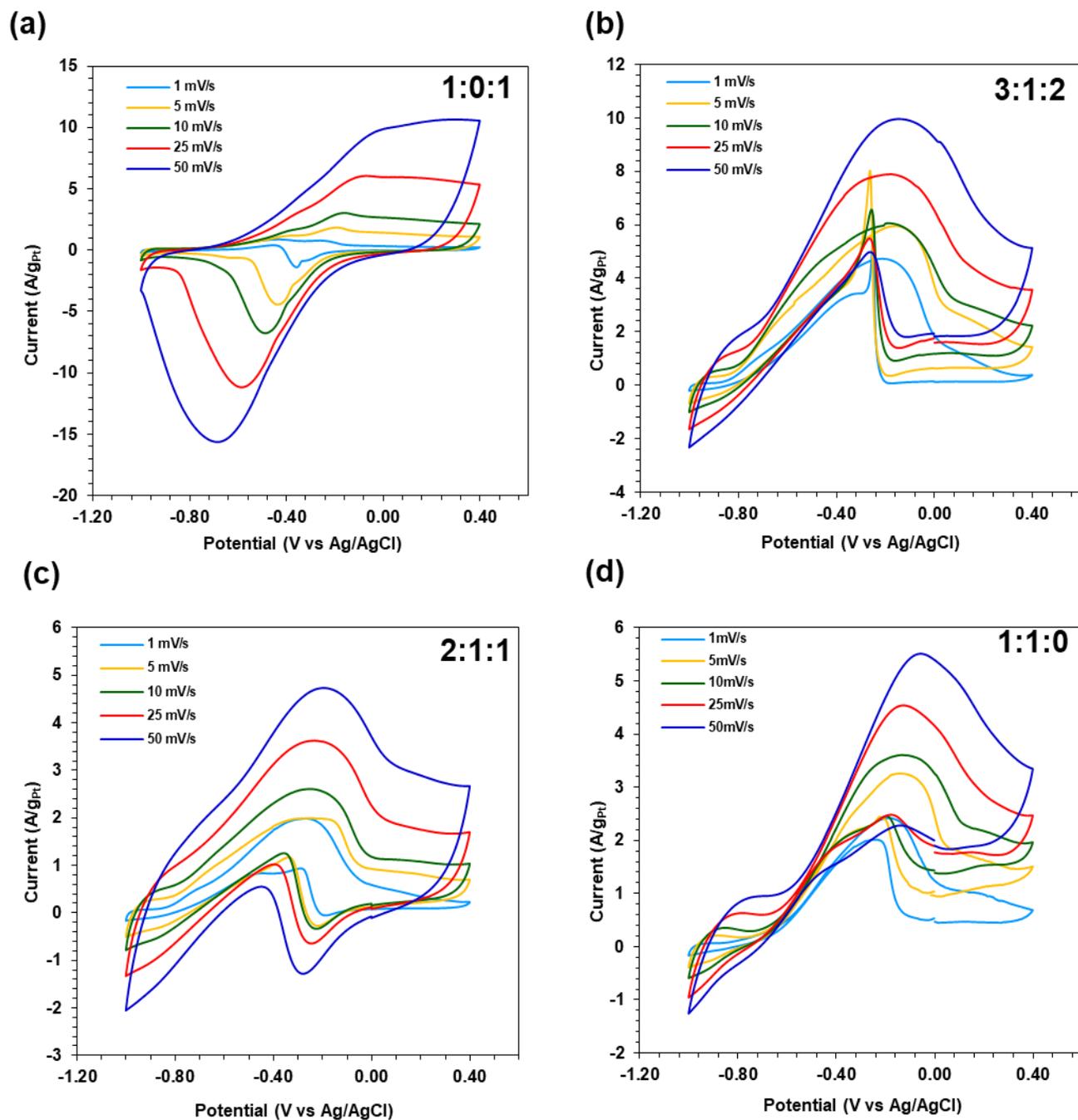


Figure S11. Cyclic voltammetry (CV) curves of platinum-copper macrobeams from NaBH_4 reduced salts with $\text{Pt}^{2+}:\text{Pt}^{2+}:\text{Cu}^{2+}$ ratios of (a) 1:0:1, (b) 3:1:2, (c) 2:1:1, and (d) 1:1:0 in 1 M KOH and 1 M ethanol at scan rates of 1, 5, 10, 25, and 50 mV/s.