

Characterising supramolecular architectures in crystals featuring I···Br halogen-bonding: Persistence of X···X' secondary-bonding in their congeners

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***** SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL *****

Table S1. Details of composition, images and geometric details in crystals featuring I···Br interactions in **1-41**.

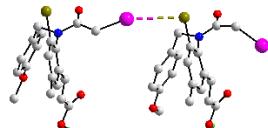
Table S2. Details of composition, images, unit-cell details and geometric details in congener crystals featuring putative X···X interactions.

Table S1. Details of composition, images and geometric details in crystals featuring I···Br interactions in 1-41.

Zero-dimensional aggregates

1. OJACUY (P)-3-(3-bromo-2-((iodoacetyl)(4-methoxybenzyl)amino)-5-methylphenyl)acrylic acid

Guthrie, D.B.; Geib, S.J.; Curran, D.P. Synthesis of highly enantioenriched 3,4-dihydroquinolin-2-ones by 6-exo-trig radical cyclizations of axially chiral α -halo-ortho-alkenyl anilides. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2009, 131, 15492-15500. doi: 10.1021/ja9066282.



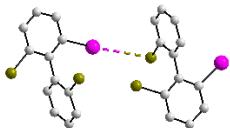
Four independent molecules with two being connected via one interaction; the second pair are connected similarly but, beyond the van der Waals radii [3.9125(11) Å].

$$d(I \cdots Br) = 3.6830(11) \text{ \AA}; C-I \cdots Br = 161.3(2)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br \cdots I = 102.6(2)^\circ$$

$$d(I \cdots Br) = 3.9125(11) \text{ \AA}; C-I \cdots Br = 116.2(2)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br \cdots I = 154.8(2)^\circ$$

2. RECROI 2,2'-dibromo-6-iodobiphenyl

Leroux, F.R.; Berthelot, A.; Bonnafoux, L.; Panossian, A.; Colobert, F. Transition-metal-free atropo-selective synthesis of biaryl compounds based on arynes. *Chem.-Eur. J.* 2012, 18, 14232-14236. doi: 10.1002/chem.201202739.



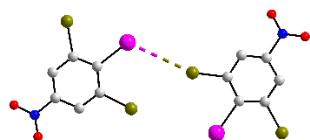
Two independent molecules connected via one interaction – supporting Br···Br contact at 3.6861(10) Å.

$$d(I \cdots Br) = 3.7397(9) \text{ \AA}; C-I \cdots Br = 172.38(19)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br \cdots I = 85.37(16)^\circ$$

$$d(Br \cdots Br) = 3.6861(10) \text{ \AA}; C-Br \cdots Br = 170.8(2)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br \cdots Br = 86.91(16)^\circ$$

3. DUPNIN 1,3-dibromo-2-iodo-5-nitrobenzene

Romero, J.A.; Aguirre Hernández, G.; Bernès, S. Anomalous halogen bonds in the crystal structures of 1,2,3-tri-bromo-5-nitro-benzene and 1,3-di-bromo-2-iodo-5-nitro-benzene. *Acta Crystallogr., Sect. E: Cryst. Commun.* 2015, 71, 960-965. doi: 10.1107/S2056989015013377.

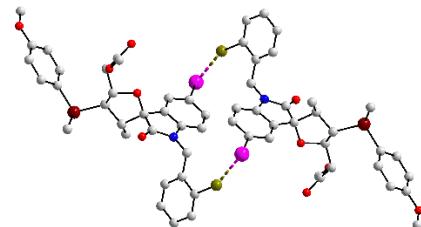


Two independent molecules connected via one interaction; the non-bonded I...Br contact within the dimer = 4.737(3) Å

$$d(I \cdots Br) = 3.813(3) \text{ \AA}; C-I \cdots Br = 117.2(5)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br \cdots I = 161.2(5)^\circ$$

4. NEYSUG methyl (1'-(2-bromobenzyl)-5'-ido-4-(4-methoxyphenyl(dimethyl)silyl)-3-methyl-2'-oxo-1',2',4,5-tetrahydro-3H-spiro(furan-2,3'-indol)-5-yl)acetate

Franz, A.K.; Dreyfuss, P.D.; Schreiber, S.L. Synthesis and cellular profiling of diverse organosilicon small molecules. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2007, 129, 1020-1021. doi: 10.1021/ja067552n.

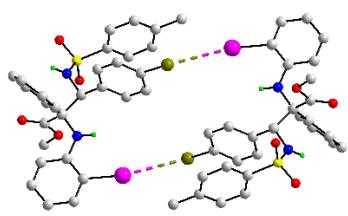


Two independent molecules, one self-associates into a centrosymmetric dimer. No other I...Br contacts less than the sum of the van der Waals radii

$$d(I \cdots Br) = 3.5640(3) \text{ \AA}; C-I \cdots Br = 73.4(3)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br \cdots I = 159.70(4)^\circ$$

5. LOBHOB methyl 4-bromo-N-(2-iodophenyl)-b-(((4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl)amino)- α -phenylphenylalaninate

Qiu, L.; Wang, D.; Lv, F.; Guo, X.; Hu, W.; Yang, L.; Liu, S. Three-component reactions based on trapping ammonium ylides with N-sulfonyl aldimines via cooperative catalysis of squaramides and Rh₂(OAc)₄. *Tetrahedron* 2014, 70, 1471-1477. doi: 10.1016/j.tet.2013.12.082.

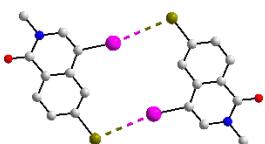


Centrosymmetric dimer

$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.6449(9)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 160.07(13)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 124.72(15)^\circ$

6. SIZTED 6-bromo-4-iodo-2-methylisoquinolin-1(2H)-one

Fang, Z.; Wang, Y.; Wang, Y. Synthesis of 4-iodoisooquinolin-1(2H)-ones by a dirhodium(II)-catalyzed 1,4-bisfunctionalization of isoquinolinium iodide salts. *Org. Lett.* 2019, 21, 434-438. doi: 10.1021/acs.orglett.8b03614.



Two independent molecules; one self-assembles into a centrosymmetric dimer

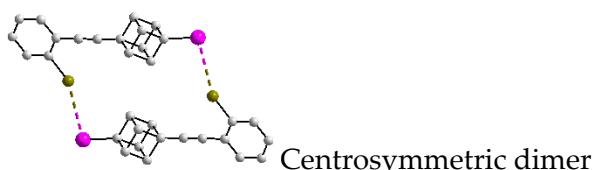
$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.7068(13)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 168.8(2)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 102.8(3)^\circ$

The other independent molecule also assembles into a centrosymmetric dimer via $Br\cdots Br$ contacts

$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.7068(13)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 168.8(2)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 102.8(3)^\circ$

7. QOCSUZ 1-((2-bromophenyl)ethynyl)-4-iodocubane

Flanagan, K.; Bernhard, S.S.R.; Plunkett, S.; Senge, M.O. Not Your Usual bioisosteres: Solid state study of 3D interactions in cubanes. *Chem.-Eur. J.* 2019, 25, 6941-6954. doi: 10.1002/chem.201806432.



$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.7556(4)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 93.01(5)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 155.75(6)^\circ$

8. KAGQUH 1-(4-bromo-3-iodophenyl)-1H-pyrrole

Messaoud, M.Y.A.; Bentabed-Ababsa, G.; Hedidi, M.; Derdour, A.; Chevallier, F.; Halauko, Y.S.; Ivashkevich, O.A.; Matulis, V.E.; Picot, L.; Thiéry, V.; Roisnel, T.; Dorcet, V.; Mongin, F.

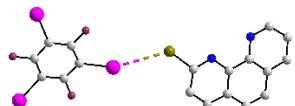
Deproto-metallation of N-arylated pyrroles and indoles using a mixed lithium–zinc base and regioselectivity-computed CH acidity relationship. Beilstein J. Org. Chem. 2015, 11, 1475–1485. doi: 10.3762/bjoc.11.160.



$$d(I \cdots Br) = 3.8122(5) \text{ \AA}; C-I \cdots Br = 117.83(10)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br \cdots I = 166.26(12)^\circ$$

9. VIXWIL 2-bromo-1,10-phenanthroline 1,3,5-trifluoro-2,4,6-triiodobenzene

Zhang, Y.; Wang, J.-G.; Wang, W. Noncovalent interactions between 1,3,5-trifluoro-2,4,6-triiodobenzene and a series of 1,10-phenanthroline derivatives: A combined theoretical and experimental study. Crystals 2019, 9, 140. doi: 10.3390/crust9030140.



1:1 co-crystal

$$d(I \cdots Br) = 3.6927(7) \text{ \AA}; C-I \cdots Br = 156.68(11)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br \cdots I = 130.84(14)^\circ$$

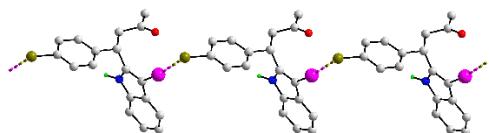
Also present but just beyond the van der Waals radii are type-II I···F interactions which connected the aggregates into a helical chain

$$d(I \cdots F) = 3.452(3) \text{ \AA}; C-I \cdots F = 154.09(11)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br \cdots I = 146.5(2)^\circ$$

Linear chains

10. MUJKUY (R)-4-(4-bromophenyl)-4-(3-iodo-1H-indol-2-yl)butan-2-one

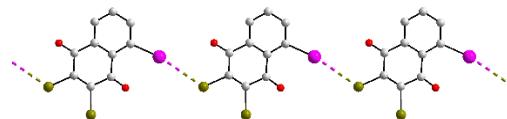
Hong, L.; Sun, W.; Liu, C.; Wang, L.; Wong, K.; Wang, R. Enantioselective Friedel–Crafts alkylation of 4,7-dihydroindoles with enones catalyzed by primary–secondary diamines. Chem.-Eur. J. 2009, 15, 11105–11108. doi: 10.1002/chem.200901635.



$$d(I \cdots Br) = 3.5402(4) \text{ \AA}; C-I \cdots Br = 169.74(9)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br \cdots I = 121.58(9)^\circ$$

11. MAMFIS 2,3-dibromo-5-iodo-1,4-naphthoquinone

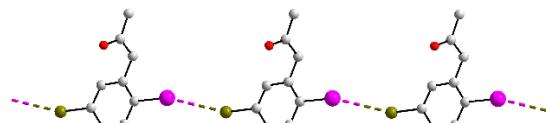
Jardim, G.A.M.; da Silva Júnior, E.N.; Bower, J.F. Overcoming naphthoquinone deactivation: Rhodium-catalyzed C-5 selective C–H iodination as a gateway to functionalized derivatives. *Chem. Sci.* 2016, 7, 3780–3784. doi: 10.1039/C6SC00302H.



$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.540(2)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 173.67(16)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 91.44(19)^\circ$

12. SUWKUT 1-(5-bromo-2-iodophenyl)propan-2-one

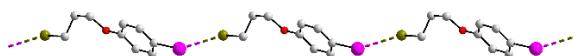
Bian, H.-L.; Tang, S.-Z.; Chen, M.-E.; Zhang, X.-M.; Lv, J.-W.; Chen, X.-W.; Qi, F.-M.; Chen, S.-W.; Zhang, F.-M. Transition-metal-free site-selective γ -C(sp²)–H monoiodination of arenes directed by an aliphatic keto group. *Org. Lett.* 2020, 22, 5314–5319. doi: 10.1021/acs.orglett.0c01466.



$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.6421(9)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 161.23(11)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 160.90(13)^\circ$

13. CIQMEV 1-(3-bromopropoxy)-4-iodobenzene

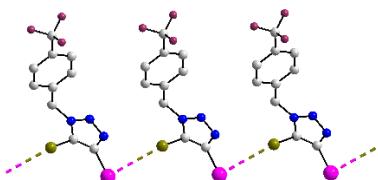
Wu, Z.; Liu, X.; Shen, P.; Jiang, S. 1-(3-Bromopropoxy)-4-iodobenzene. *Acta Crystallogr., Sect. E: Struct. Rep. Online* 2007, 63, o4760. doi: 10.1107/S1600536807058801.



$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.6623(10)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 155.87(8)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 160.15(9)^\circ$

14. CORZER 5-bromo-4-ido-1-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole

Rheingold, A.L. Private Communication to the Cambridge Structural Database (2019), Refcode CORZER.



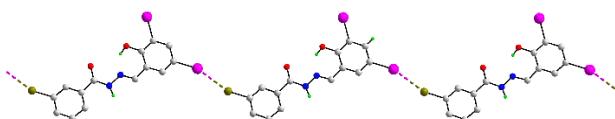
$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.7163(11)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 84.5(3)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 148.8(3)^\circ$

$Br\cdots F$ interactions just above the van der Waals radii connect chains into a supramolecular tube

$d(Br\cdots F) = 3.322(9)$ Å; $C-Br\cdots F = 75.8(3)^\circ$ & $C-F\cdots Br = 133.1(7)^\circ$

15. VOQQIC 3-bromo-N'-(2-hydroxy-3,5-diiodobenzylidene)benzohydrazide monohydrate

Ning, J.-H.; Xu, X.-W. 3-Bromo-N'-(2-hydroxy-3,5-diiodobenzylidene)benzohydrazide monohydrate. *Acta Crystallogr., Sect. E: Struct. Rep. Online* 2009, 65, o905-o906. doi: 10.1107/S1600536809010964.

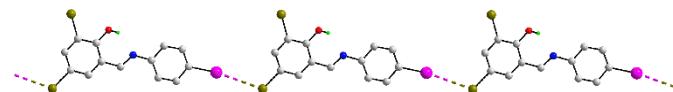


I \cdots O interactions of 2.930(5) Å link chains into a double-layer

$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.7169(12)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 149.09(17)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 140.37(19)^\circ$

16. HIRHUM 2,4-dibromo-6-(4-iodophenyliminomethyl)phenol

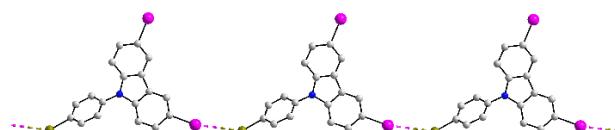
Guo, M.-L.; Nong, X.-R.; Yin, H. 2,4-Dibromo-6-(4-iodo-phenyl-imino-methyl)phenol. *Acta Crystallogr., Sect. E: Struct. Rep. Online* 2007, 63, o4640. doi: 10.1107/S1600536807055675.



$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.7226(16)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 166.3(3)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 112.8(3)^\circ$

17. QAPQAC 9-(4-bromophenyl)-3,6-diiodo-9H-carbazole

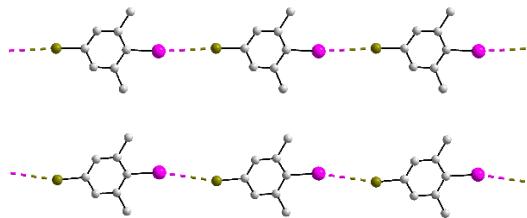
Tang, G.-M.; Chi, R.-H.; Wan, W.-Z.; Wang, Y.-T.; Cui, Y.-Z.; Ng, S.W. Synthesis, crystal structures, and nonlinear optic and thermal properties of two diiodocarbazole derivatives. *J. Chem. Res.* 2017, 41, 79-81. doi: 10.3184/174751917X14839766277297.



$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.7228(12)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 158.5(2)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 135.2(2)^\circ$

18. YIRTOJ 5-bromo-2-iodo-1,3-dimethylbenzene

Liu, R.; Li, Y.-H.; Luo, W ; Liu, S.; Zhu, H.-J. 5-Bromo-2-iodo-1,3-dimethylbenzene. Acta Crystallogr., Sect. E: Struct. Rep. Online 2008, 64, o219. doi: 10.1107/S1600536807064537.



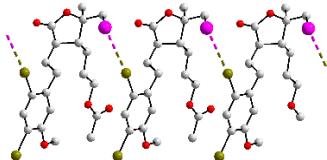
Three independent molecules: two self-associate into linear chains. The iodide and bromide atoms in the third molecule do not form a halogen bonding interaction $< 4.0\text{\AA}$

$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.6869(15)\text{ \AA}$; $C-I\cdots Br = 162.8(2)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 161.1(3)^\circ$ {top view}

$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.7413(15)\text{ \AA}$; $C-I\cdots Br = 159.8(3)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 156.0(3)^\circ$

19. CABCAM (R,R,R)-3-(4-(2-(2,4-dibromo-5-methoxyphenyl)ethyl)-2-(iodomethyl)-2-methyl-5-oxotetrahydrofuran-3-yl)propyl acetate

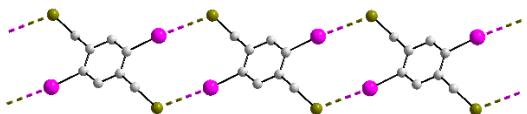
Kaluza, N.M.; Schollmeyer, D.; Nubbemeyer, U. Total synthesis of (-)-C/D-cis-de-hydro-3-O-methyl-estradiols. Eur. J. Org. Chem. 2016, 2016, 357-366. doi: 10.1002/ejoc.201501341.



$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.7558(13)\text{ \AA}$; $C-I\cdots Br = 84.5(3)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 171.2(4)^\circ$

20. MESMED 2,5-diido-1,4-bis(bromomethyl)benzene

Gaefke, G.; Enkelmann, V.; Höger, S. A practical synthesis of 1,4-diido-2,5-bis(chloromethyl)benzene and 1,4-diido-2,5-bis(bromomethyl)benzene. Synthesis 2006, 2971-2973. doi: 10.1055/s-2006-942534.



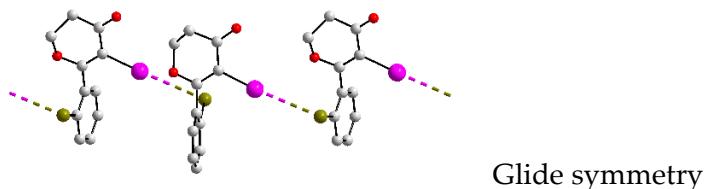
Molecule is centrosymmetric

$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.6271(4)\text{ \AA}$; $C-I\cdots Br = 166.66(7)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 97.45(10)^\circ$

Zig-zag chains

21. YIZFUL 6-(2-bromophenyl)-5-iodo-2,3-dihydro-4H-pyran-4-one

Gholap, S.P; Jangid, D.; Fernandes, R.A. Metal-free Brønsted acid-catalyzed rearrangement of δ -hydroxyalkynones to 2,3-dihydro-4H-pyran-4-ones: Total synthesis of obolactone and a catechol pyran isolated from *Plectranthus sylvestris*. *J. Org. Chem.* 2019, 84, 3537-3551. doi: 10.1021/acs.joc.8b03141.

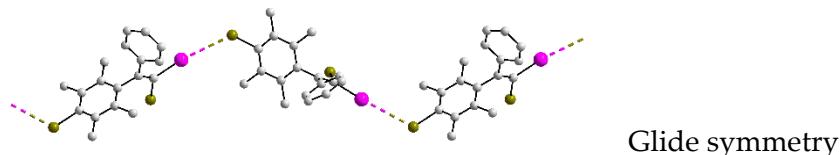


Glide symmetry

$$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.6011(6) \text{ \AA}; C-I\cdots Br = 175.22(11)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br\cdots I = 103.29(13)^\circ$$

22. JIPTEK 1-bromo-4-(2-bromo-2-iodo-1-phenylethenyl)-2,3,5,6-tetramethylbenzene

Maji, B.; Bhattacharya, A.; Hazra, S. Halogen-induced Friedel-Crafts alkenylation reactions with haloalkynes: Direct access to gem-1, 1-dihaloalkenes. *Chem. Sel.* 2017, 2, 10375-10378. doi: 10.1002/slct.201702265.

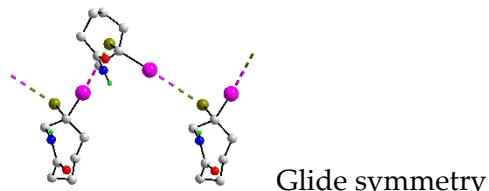


Glide symmetry

$$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.640(1) \text{ \AA}; C-I\cdots Br = 168.25(17)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br\cdots I = 118.41(17)^\circ$$

23. SELYOY 7-bromo-7-iodo-perhydro-1-azocin-2-one

Hu, T.; Shen, M.; Chen, Q.; Li, C. Pushing radical cyclization from regioselective to regiospecific: Cyclization of amidyl radicals controlled by vinylic halogen substitution. *Org. Lett.* 2006, 8, 2647-2650. doi: 10.1021/o1060983q.

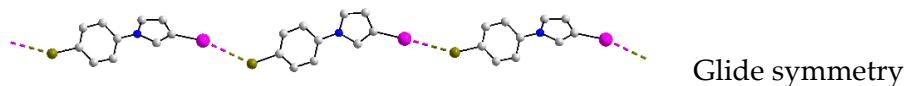


Glide symmetry

$$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.6666(12) \text{ \AA}; C-I\cdots Br = 175.7(2)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br\cdots I = 115.3(2)^\circ$$

24. JINJUO 1-(4-bromophenyl)-3-iodo-1H-pyrrole

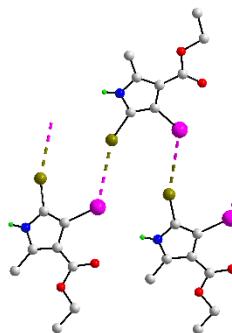
Wang, F.; Zhang, X.; He, Y.; Fan, X. Selective synthesis of pyrrolidin-2-ones and 3-iodopyrroles via the ring contraction and deformylative functionalization of piperidine derivatives. *Org. Biomol. Chem.* 2019, 17, 156-164. doi: 10.1039/C8OB02640H.



$$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.691(3) \text{ \AA}; C-I\cdots Br = 151.5(4)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br\cdots I = 126.0(5)^\circ$$

25. MOZTED ethyl 5-bromo-4-ido-2-methyl-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxylate

Pandeeti, O.; Bijigiri, S.K.; Panda, P.K. One-pot synthesis of benzotripyrrole derivatives from 1H-pyrroles. *New J. Chem.* 2019, 43, 18437-18841. doi: 10.1039/C9NJ04700J.



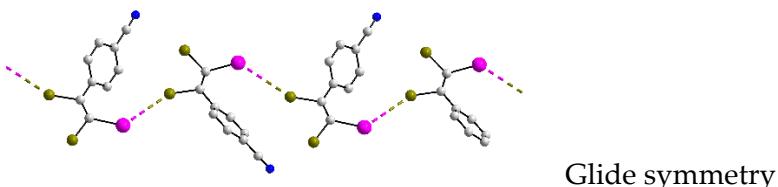
Two independent molecules associate and the two-molecule aggregates are connected into a zig-zag chain (glide symmetry)

$$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.7380(17) \text{ \AA}; C-I\cdots Br = 127.2(3)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br\cdots I = 151.3(4)^\circ$$

$$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.7905(14) \text{ \AA}; C-I\cdots Br = 126.8(3)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br\cdots I = 158.3(4)^\circ$$

26. BULZIU 4-(1,2-dibromo-2-iodoethenyl)benzonitrile

Zeng, X.; Liu, S.; Yang, Y.; Yang, Y.; Hammond, G.B.; Xu, B. Regio- and stereoselective synthesis of 1,2-dihaloalkenes using in-situ-generated ICl , IBr , $BrCl$, I_2 , and Br_2 . *Cell Press: Chem.* 2020, 6, 1018-1031. doi: 10.1016/j.chempr.2020.03.011.

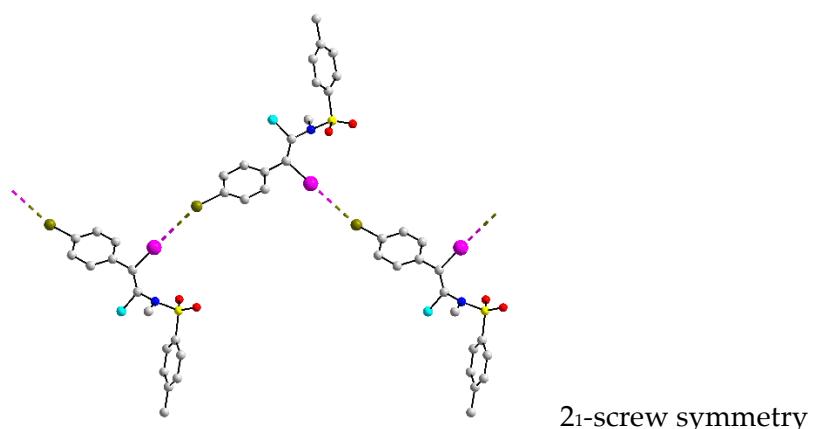


$$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.8025(5) \text{ \AA}; C-I\cdots Br = 127.28(11)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br\cdots I = 152.94(12)^\circ$$

Helical chains

27. BUNBAQ N-[2-(4-bromophenyl)-1-chloro-2-iodoethyl]-N,4-dimethylbenzene-1-sulfonamide

Zeng, X.; Liu, S.; Yang, Y.; Yang, Y.; Hammond, G.B.; Xu, B. Regio- and stereoselective synthesis of 1,2-dihaloalkenes using in-situ-generated ICl, IBr, BrCl, I₂, and Br₂. Cell Press: Chem. 2020, 6, 1018-1031. doi: 10.1016/j.chempr.2020.03.011.



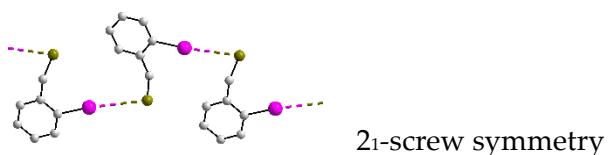
$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.6889(8)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 169.87(9)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 138.90(11)^\circ$

Extra $I\cdots Br$ interactions [3.8353(6) Å] longer the van der Waals radii link chains into a layer

$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.8353(6)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 72.94(10)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 157.93(11)^\circ$

28. CIQLEU 1-bromomethyl-2-iodobenzene

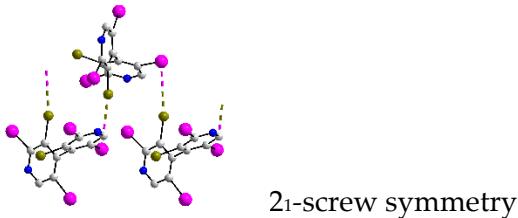
Betz, R.; Klüfers, P. 1-Bromomethyl-2-iodobenzene. Acta Crystallogr., Sect. E: Struct. Rep. Online 2007, 63, o4753. doi: 10.1107/S1600536807058151.



$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.6943(4)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 170.95(7)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 90.81(11)^\circ$

29. IMURAL 3,3'-dibromo-2,2',5,5'-tetraiodo-4,4'-bipyridine

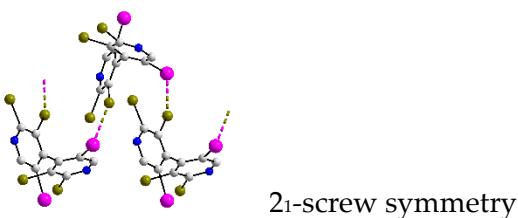
Mamane, V.; Peluso, P.; Aubert, E.; Cossu, S.; Pale, P. Chiral hexahalogenated 4,4'-bipyridines. J. Org. Chem. 2016, 81, 4576-4587. doi: 10.1021/acs.joc.6b00413.



d(I···Br) = 3.7136(15) Å; C–I···Br = 78.41(9)° & C–Br···I = 170.13(11)°

30. INADIM 2,2',3,3'-tetrabromo-5,5'-diiodo-4,4'-bipyridine

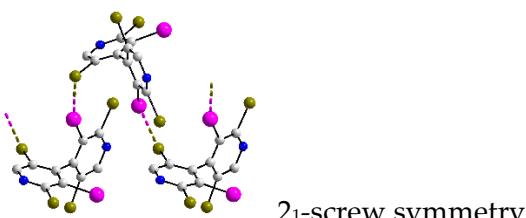
Mamane, V.; Peluso, P.; Aubert, E.; Cossu, S.; Pale, P. Chiral hexahalogenated 4,4'-bipyridines. *J. Org. Chem.* 2016, 81, 4576–4587. doi: 10.1021/acs.joc.6b00413.



d(I···Br) = 3.7281(18) Å; C–I···Br = 71.91(14)° & C–Br···I = 161.19(15)°

31. IMUQOY 2,2',5,5'-tetrabromo-3,3'-diiodo-4,4'-bipyridine

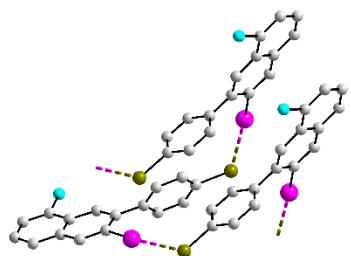
Mamane, V.; Peluso, P.; Aubert, E.; Cossu, S.; Pale, P. Chiral hexahalogenated 4,4'-bipyridines. *J. Org. Chem.* 2016, 81, 4576–4587. doi: 10.1021/acs.joc.6b00413.



d(I···Br) = 3.7330(7) Å; C–I···Br = 162.62(7)° & C–Br···I = 81.66(7)°

32. FABWIR 7-(4-bromophenyl)-1-chloro-6-iodonaphthalene

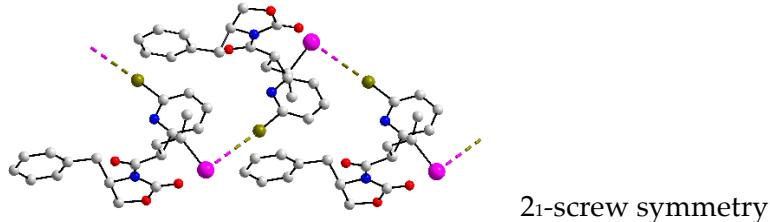
Lehnher, D.; Alzola, J.M.; Lobkovsky, E.B.; Dichtel, W.R. Regioselective synthesis of polyheterohalogenated naphthalenes via the benzannulation of haloalkynes. *Chem.-Eur. J.* 2015, 21, 18122–18127. doi: 10.1002/chem.201503418.



Two independent molecules – one self-associates into a helical chain (2_1 -screw symmetry). No $\text{I}\cdots\text{Br} < 4.0 \text{ \AA}$ for the second molecule and no $\text{X}\cdots\text{X}$ less than the sum of the van der Waals radii. $d(\text{I}\cdots\text{Br}) = 3.7592(4) \text{ \AA}$; $\text{C}-\text{I}\cdots\text{Br} = 173.40(6)^\circ$ & $\text{C}-\text{Br}\cdots\text{I} = 104.68(8)^\circ$
 $\text{Br}\cdots\text{Cl}$ contacts beyond the van der Waals radii (shortest = $3.6511(8) \text{ \AA}$) link both independent molecules into a 2-D array.

33. ZIMLIT (R)-4-benzyl-3-((S)-2-(6-bromopyridin-2-yl)-4-iodopent-4-enoyl)oxazolidin-2-one

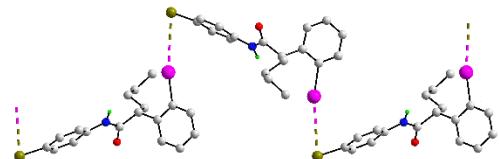
Barát, V.; Csókás, D.; Bates, R.W. Synthesis of (-)-cytisine using a 6-endo aza-Michael addition. *J. Org. Chem.* 2018, 83, 9088-9095. doi: 10.1021/acs.joc.8b01156.



$d(\text{I}\cdots\text{Br}) = 3.7631(7) \text{ \AA}$; $\text{C}-\text{I}\cdots\text{Br} = 87.09(15)^\circ$ & $\text{C}-\text{Br}\cdots\text{I} = 168.75(18)^\circ$

34. WUJYUY (R)-N-(4-bromophenyl)-2-(2-iodophenyl)hexanamide

Tian, J.; Luo, F.; Zhang, Q.; Liang, Y.; Li, D.; Zhan, Y.; Kong, L.; Wang, Z.-X.; Peng, B. Asymmetric iodonio-[3,3]-sigmatropic rearrangement to access chiral α -aryl carbonyl compounds. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2020, 142, 6884-6890. doi: 10.1021/jacs.0c00783.

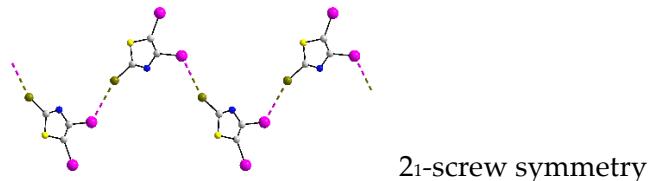


Two independent molecules: only one forms $\text{I}\cdots\text{Br}$ interactions (2_1 -screw symmetry). For the second molecule, no $\text{X}\cdots\text{X}$ interactions $< 4.0 \text{ \AA}$ are apparent. The independent molecules are connected into a supramolecular chain via amide-N–H \cdots O(carbonyl) hydrogen-bonds, also having 2_1 -screw symmetry (different direction)

$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.7724(9)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 167.18(16)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 76.25(18)^\circ$

35. IKUZAR 2-bromo-4,5-diiodo-1,3-thiazole

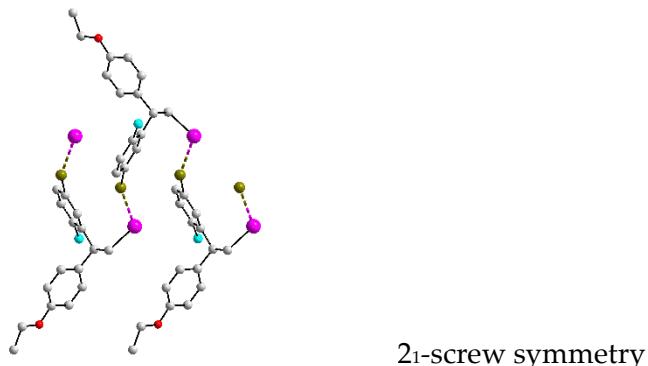
Shi, Q.; Zhang, S.; Zhang, J.; Oswald, V.F.; Amassian, A.; Marder, S.R.; Blakey, S.B. KO^tBu-initiated aryl C–H iodination: A powerful tool for the synthesis of high electron affinity compounds. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2016, 138, 3946–3949. doi: 10.1021/jacs.5b12259.



$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.7966(13)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 107.0(3)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 160.7(3)^\circ$

36. GUMMEI 4-bromo-1-chloro-2-(1-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-2-iodoethyl)benzene

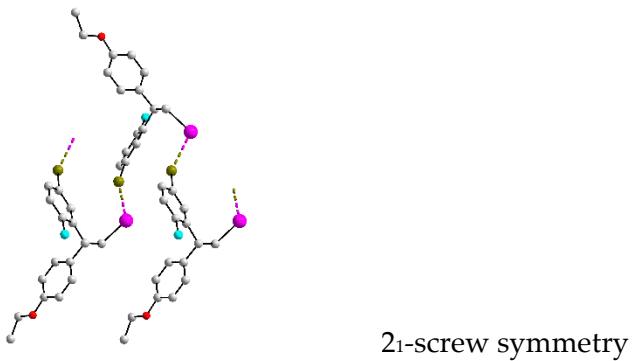
Zhang, S.; Wang, W.; Li, C.; Liu, P.; Xu, W.; Tang, L.; Wang, J.; Zhao, G. Facile synthesis of enantiomerically pure 1-(5-bromo-2-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-ethoxyphenyl)ethane. *Chem. Res. Chin. Univ.* 2014, 30, 250–256. doi: 10.1007/s40242-014-3257-1.



$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.7973(9)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 103.12(13)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 159.62(14)^\circ$

37. GUMLUX 4-bromo-1-chloro-2-(1-(4-ethoxyphenyl)-2-iodoethyl)benzene

Zhang, S.; Wang, W.; Li, C.; Liu, P.; Xu, W.; Tang, L.; Wang, J.; Zhao, G. Facile synthesis of enantiomerically pure 1-(5-bromo-2-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-ethoxyphenyl)ethane. *Chem. Res. Chin. Univ.* 2014, 30, 250–256. doi: 10.1007/s40242-014-3257-1.

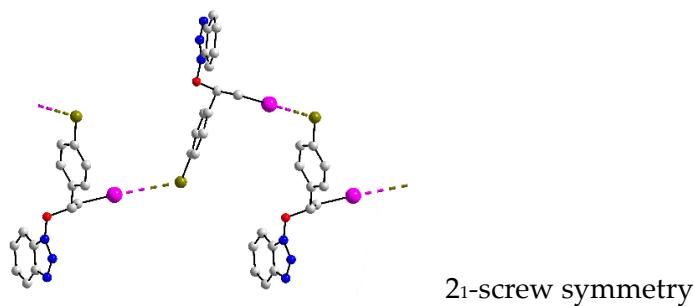


2₁-screw symmetry

$$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.8053(7) \text{ \AA}; C-I\cdots Br = 103.40(10)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br\cdots I = 159.58(11)^\circ$$

38. VEXDAG 1-[1-(4-bromophenyl)-2-iodoethoxy]-1H-benzotriazole

Sun, K.; Zhang, S.; Liu, Z.; Lv, Y. Eco-friendly C–I and C–O bond formation of simple alkenes: Direct access to β -ido oxyamines. *Chem. Sel.* 2018, 3, 5766–5768. doi: 10.1002/slct.201800878.

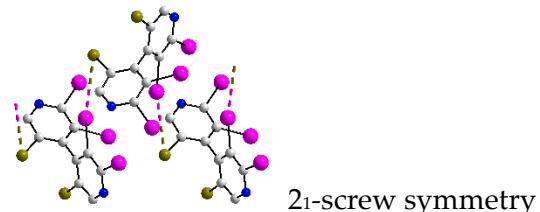


2₁-screw symmetry

$$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.8001(10) \text{ \AA}; C-I\cdots Br = 165.44(11)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br\cdots I = 121.92(14)^\circ$$

39. IMURUF 5,5'-dibromo-2,2',3,3'-tetraiodo-4,4'-bipyridine

Mamane, V.; Peluso, P.; Aubert, E.; Cossu, S.; Pale, P. Chiral hexahalogenated 4,4'-bipyridines. *J. Org. Chem.* 2016, 81, 4576–4587. doi: 10.1021/acs.joc.6b00413.



2₁-screw symmetry

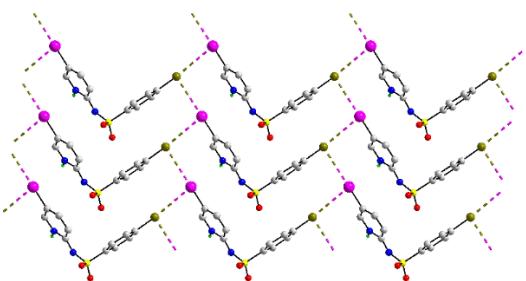
$$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.8140(9) \text{ \AA}; C-I\cdots Br = 169.03(7)^\circ \text{ & } C-Br\cdots I = 77.36(8)^\circ$$

Two-dimensional array

40. VEGSOR (5-iodopyridinium-2-yl)([4-bromophenyl]sulfonyl)azanide

Gelbrich, T.; Threlfall, T.L.; Hursthouse, M.B. XPac dissimilarity parameters as quantitative descriptors of isostructurality: The case of fourteen 4,5'-substituted benzenesulfonamido-2-pyridines obtained by substituent interchange involving $\text{CF}_3/\text{I}/\text{Br}/\text{Cl}/\text{F}/\text{Me}/\text{H}$.

CrystEngComm 2012, 14, 5454-5464. doi: 10.1039/c2ce25508a.



Flat topology

$d(\text{I}\cdots\text{Br}) = 3.7436(5)$ Å; $C-\text{I}\cdots\text{Br} = 158.64(11)^\circ$; $C-\text{Br}\cdots\text{I} = 87.49(12)^\circ$

$d(\text{I}\cdots\text{Br}) = 3.7465(6)$ Å; $C-\text{I}\cdots\text{Br} = 80.73(11)^\circ$; $C-\text{Br}\cdots\text{I} = 172.51(12)^\circ$

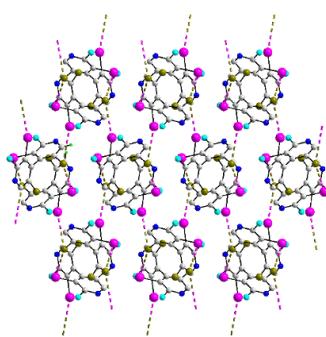
{Evidence for a $\text{S}=\text{O}\cdots\pi(\text{arene})$ contact within the pictured array with the $\text{O}\dots\text{Cg}(\text{arene})$ separation being 3.137(3) Å and angle at O being 127.86(16)°. This separation shorter than the assumed van der Waals radius of O (1.52 Å) and half a phenyl ring (1.80 Å)}

C. Janiak, J. Chem. Soc., Dalton Trans., 2000, 3885–3896. doi: 10.1039/B003010O}

Three-dimensional architecture

41. INADOS 5,5'-dibromo-2,2'-dichloro-3,3'-diiodo-4,4'-bipyridine

Mamane, V.; Peluso, P.; Aubert, E.; Cossu, S.; Pale, P. Chiral hexahalogenated 4,4'-bipyridines. J. Org. Chem. 2016, 81, 4576-4587. doi: 10.1021/acs.joc.6b00413.



$d(\text{I}\cdots\text{Br}) = 3.6944(7)$ Å; $C-\text{I}\cdots\text{Br} = 161.40(5)^\circ$ & $C-\text{Br}\cdots\text{I} = 83.20(5)^\circ$

$d(\text{I}\cdots\text{Br}) = 3.7405(5)$ Å; $C-\text{I}\cdots\text{Br} = 95.99(5)^\circ$ & $C-\text{Br}\cdots\text{I} = 155.52(5)^\circ$

Table S2. Details of composition, images, unit-cell details and geometric details in congener crystals featuring putative X···X interactions.

2. RECROI 2,2'-dibromo-6-iodobiphenyl

Leroux, F.R.; Berthelot, A.; Bonnafoux, L.; Panossian, A.; Colobert, F. Transition-metal-free atropo-selective synthesis of biaryl compounds based on arynes. *Chem.-Eur. J.* 2012, 18, 14232-14236. doi: 10.1002/chem.201202739.



Two independent molecules connected via one interaction

orthorhombic $P2_12_12$, $Z' = 2$; $a = 16.7820(4)$, $b = 18.8039(5)$, $c = 7.9459(2)$ Å, $\beta = 91.429(3)^\circ$
 $d(I\cdots Br) = 3.7397(9)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 172.38(19)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 85.37(16)^\circ$

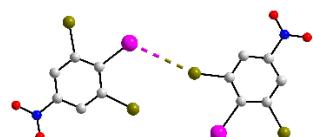
RECSAV 2'-bromo-2-chloro-6-iodobiphenyl

monoclinic $C2$, $Z' = 2$; $a = 21.2611(10)$, $b = 7.9582(2)$, $c = 16.1680(8)$ Å, $\beta = 114.519(2)^\circ$
 $d(I\cdots Br) = 3.8303(9)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 167.5(2)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 90.87(18)^\circ$

{the Br substituted by a Cl in the disubstituted ring, leaving one each of I and Br; not isostructural; interaction persists but at the van der Waals limit}

3. DUPNIN 1,3-dibromo-2-iodo-5-nitrobenzene

Romero, J.A.; Aguirre Hernández, G.; Bernès, S. Anomalous halogen bonds in the crystal structures of 1,2,3-tri-bromo-5-nitro-benzene and 1,3-di-bromo-2-iodo-5-nitro-benzene. *Acta Crystallogr., Sect. E: Cryst. Commun.* 2015, 71, 960-965. doi: 10.1107/S2056989015013377.



Two independent molecules connected via one interaction; the non-bonded contact within the dimer = 4.737(3) Å

monoclinic $P2_1/c$, $Z' = 2$; $a = 13.548(3)$, $b = 20.037(3)$, $c = 9.123(2)$ Å, $\beta = 130.37(2)^\circ$
 $d(I\cdots Br) = 3.813(3)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 117.2(5)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 161.2(5)^\circ$

DUPNEJ 1,2,3-tribromo-5-nitrobenzene

Triclinic P $\bar{1}$, $Z' = 2$; $a = 7.641(5)$, $b = 8.040(5)$, $c = 14.917(6)$ Å, $\alpha = 83.91(3)$, $\beta = 79.86(4)$, $\gamma = 81.94(4)$ °

$d(\text{Br}\cdots\text{Br}) = 3.642(3)$ Å; $C-\text{Br}\cdots\text{Br} = 165.2(4)$ ° & $C-\text{Br}\cdots\text{Br} = 82.2(5)$ °

{the I substituted by a Br; not isostructural; is with HIBWIY; Br···Br involving equivalent atoms}

HIBWIY 3,4,5-trichloronitrobenzene

Bhar, A.; Aune, J.P.; Benali-Cherif, N.; Benmenni, L.; Giorgi, M. Three polychloromononitrobenzenes: $\text{C}_6\text{H}_3\text{Cl}_2\text{NO}_2$, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_2\text{Cl}_3\text{NO}_2$ and $\text{C}_6\text{HCl}_4\text{NO}_2$. Acta Crystallogr., Sect. C: Cryst. Struct. Commun. 51 (1995) 256-260. doi: 10.1107/S0108270194002957

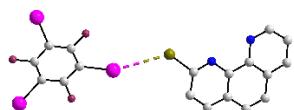
Triclinic P $\bar{1}$, $Z' = 2$; $a = 7.842(2)$, $b = 14.450(5)$, $c = 7.548(2)$ Å, $\alpha = 101.08(2)$, $\beta = 98.10(2)$, $\gamma = 84.38(3)$ °

$d(\text{Cl}\cdots\text{Cl}) = 3.571(3)$ Å; $C-\text{Cl}\cdots\text{Cl} = 168.1(2)$ ° & $C-\text{Cl}\cdots\text{Cl} = 82.5(2)$ °

{all X substituted by a Cl; not isostructural; is isostructural with DUPNEJ; Cl···Cl involving equivalent atoms}

9. VIXWIL 2-bromo-1,10-phenanthroline 1,3,5-trifluoro-2,4,6-triiodobenzene

Zhang, Y.; Wang, J.-G.; Wang, W. Noncovalent interactions between 1,3,5-trifluoro-2,4,6-triiodobenzene and a series of 1,10-phenanthroline derivatives: A combined theoretical and experimental study. Crystals 2019, 9, 140. doi: 10.3390/crust9030140.



1:1 co-crystal

Monoclinic P $2_1/c$, $Z' = 1$ (pair); $a = 14.2515(4)$, $b = 18.2923(6)$, $c = 7.6939(3)$ Å, $\beta = 90.725(3)$ °

$d(\text{I}\cdots\text{Br}) = 3.6927(7)$ Å; $C-\text{I}\cdots\text{Br} = 156.68(11)$ ° & $C-\text{Br}\cdots\text{I} = 130.84(14)$ °

VIXWUX 2-chloro-1,10-phenanthroline 1,3,5-trifluoro-2,4,6-triiodobenzene

Monoclinic P $2_1/c$, $Z' = 1$; $a = 14.2733(5)$, $b = 18.2696(6)$, $c = 7.6371(4)$ Å, $\beta = 91.662(3)$ °

$d(\text{I}\cdots\text{Cl}) = 3.6748(15)$ Å; $C-\text{I}\cdots\text{Cl} = 158.55(11)$ ° & $C-\text{Cl}\cdots\text{I} = 133.47(16)$ °

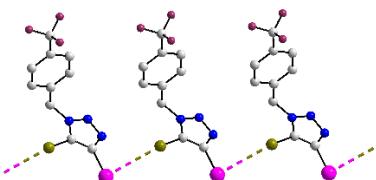
$d(I \cdots F) = 3.436(3) \text{ \AA}$; $C-I \cdots F = 154.15(11)^\circ$ & $C-F \cdots I = 146.6(2)^\circ$

{Phen-Br now a Cl; isostructural; $I \cdots Cl$ involving equivalent atoms; type I $I \cdots F$ also noted, just below the sum of the van der Waals radii}

14. CORZER 5-bromo-4-iodo-1-{{[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole

Rheingold, A.L. Private Communication to the Cambridge Structural Database (2019),

Refcode CORZER.



$d(I \cdots Br) = 3.7163(11) \text{ \AA}$; $C-I \cdots Br = 84.5(3)^\circ$ & $C-Br \cdots I = 148.8(3)^\circ$

Orthorhombic Pbca, $Z' = 1$; $a = 6.7102(5)$, $b = 14.0870(11)$, $c = 25.650(2) \text{ \AA}$

COMJUM 4-bromo-5-iodo-1-{{[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}-1H-1,2,3-triazole

Rheingold, A.L. Private Communication to the Cambridge Structural Database (2019),

Refcode COMJUM.

Monoclinic $P2_1/c$, $Z' = 1$; $a = 12.880(4)$, $b = 7.414(2)$, $c = 13.948(4) \text{ \AA}$, $\beta = 106.247(3)^\circ$

{Isomer: the positions of the I and Br atoms have been interchanged; not isostructural; $I \cdots Br$ contacts are noted but at $3.88(1) \text{ \AA}$, beyond the van der Waals radii; the topology of the chain is zig-zag (glide symmetry)}

16. HIRHUM 2,4-dibromo-6-(4-iodophenyliminomethyl)phenol

Guo, M.-L.; Nong, X.-R.; Yin, H. 2,4-Dibromo-6-(4-iodo-phenyl-imino-methyl)phenol. Acta Crystallogr., Sect. E: Struct. Rep. Online 2007, 63, o4640. doi: 10.1107/S1600536807055675.



Triclinic $P\bar{1}$, $Z' = 1$; $a = 8.0213(17)$, $b = 8.5936(18)$, $c = 11.290(2) \text{ \AA}$, $\alpha = 87.066(3)$, $\beta = 76.541(4)$, $\gamma = 66.203(3)^\circ$

$d(I \cdots Br) = 3.7226(16) \text{ \AA}$; $C-I \cdots Br = 166.3(3)^\circ$ & $C-Br \cdots I = 112.8(3)^\circ$

CIQBUA 2,4-dibromo-6-(4-bromophenyliminomethyl)phenol

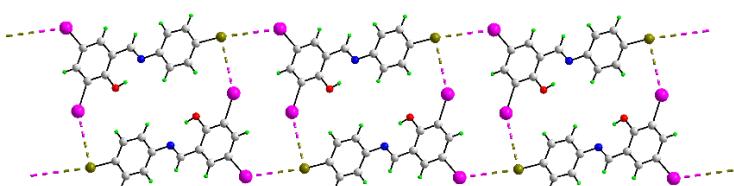
Guo, M.-L.; Zhang, L. 2,4-Dibromo-6-(4-bromophenyliminomethyl)phenol. Acta Crystallogr., Sect. E: Struct. Rep. Online 63 (2007) o4558 doi: 10.1107/S1600536807054335.
Triclinic $P\bar{1}$, $Z' = 1$; $a = 7.985(3)$, $b = 8.594(3)$, $c = 11.020(4) \text{ \AA}$, $\alpha = 87.801(6)$, $\beta = 76.688(7)$, $\gamma = 65.180(5)^\circ$

$d(Br \cdots Br) = 3.669(2) \text{ \AA}$; $C-Br \cdots Br = 167.3(3)^\circ$ & $C-Br \cdots Br = 116.5(3)^\circ$

{The I has been replaced by a Br; isostructural; same linear chain mediated by Br \cdots Br contacts}

LAPTIH 2-(((4-bromophenyl)imino)methyl)-4,6-diiodophenol

Ji, H.; Ma, H.-P.; Yang, Y.-A.; Zhu, H.-L. 2-[(4-Bromophenylimino)methyl]-4,6-diiodophenol. Acta Crystallogr., Sect. E: Struct. Rep. Online 68 (2012) o788. doi: 10.1107/S160053681200551X
Triclinic $P\bar{1}$, $Z' = 1$; $a = 7.9870(13)$, $b = 8.9811(14)$, $c = 11.3907(18) \text{ \AA}$, $\alpha = 91.093(2)$, $\beta = 99.873(2)$, $\gamma = 114.570(2)^\circ$ {apply transformation [1 0 0 0 -1 0 0 0 -1]}



{Interchange of I with Br throughout; two independent type-II I \cdots Br interaction occur at beyond the van der Waals radii, that is, 3.9394(10), to give a dimer, and 3.9489(9) \AA , to connect the dimers, link molecules into a tape}

RAHWUU 2-bromo-6-(((4-bromophenyl)imino)methyl)-4-chlorophenol

Zhang, X.-L.; Guo, Y.-N. Crystal structure of 2-bromo-4-chloro-6-[(4-bromophenylimino)methyl]phenol, $C_{13}H_8Br_2ClNO$. Z. Kristallogr. - New Cryst. Struct. 226 (2011) 521-522. doi: 10.1524/ncrs.2011.0231.

Triclinic $P\bar{1}$, $Z' = 1$; $a = 7.941(5)$, $b = 8.486(6)$, $c = 11.024(8) \text{ \AA}$, $\alpha = 86.83(3)$, $\beta = 75.39(3)$, $\gamma = 64.50(2)^\circ$

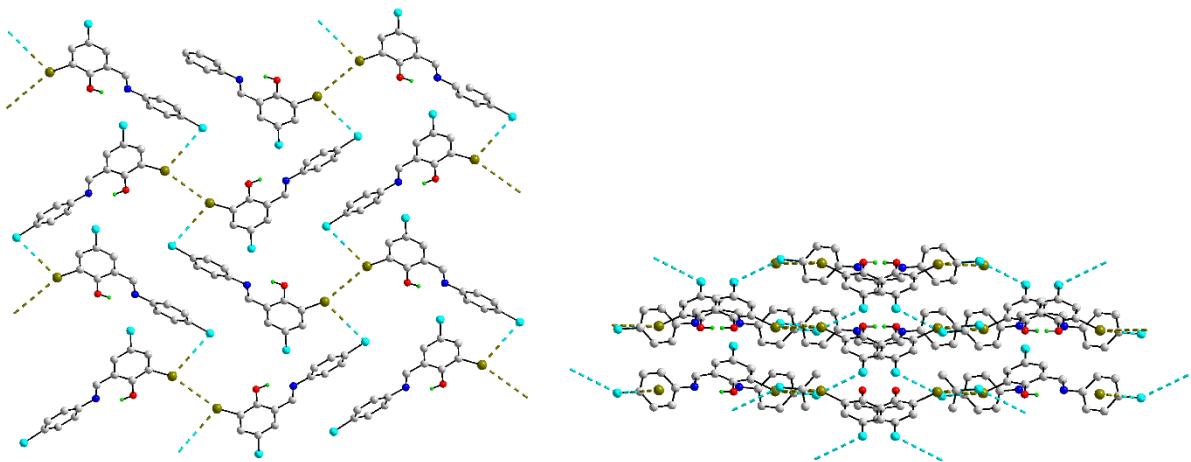
{The Br away from the OH group is now a Cl and the terminal I is now a Br; isostructural; independent type-II Br \cdots Br and Br \cdots Cl interactions occur at beyond the van der Waals radii,

that is, 3.815(3) and 3.660(3) Å, respectively, link molecules into a tape as for LAPTIH; the Br···Br interaction lead to the dimer}

RAJCEM 2-bromo-4-chloro-6-((4-chlorophenyl)imino)methyl)phenol

Zhang, X.-L. Z. Crystal structure of 2-bromo-4-chloro-6-[(4-chlorophenylimino)methyl]phenol, C₁₃H₈BrCl₂NO. Kristallogr. - New Cryst. Struct. 226 (2011) 567-568. doi: 10.1524/ncrs.2011.0253.

Monoclinic P2₁/c, Z' = 1; a = 7.712(2), b = 21.437(5), c = 8.541(2) Å, β = 113.138(3)°



{The Br away from the OH group is now a Cl and the terminal I is now a Cl; independent type-II Br···Br and Br···Cl interactions occur at beyond the van der Waals radii, that is, 3.8365(8) and 3.9614(10), respectively, and link molecules into a 2-D array. Type-II Cl···Cl interactions of 3.6009(12) Å, again beyond the van der Waals radii occur between layers to form the 3D assembly}

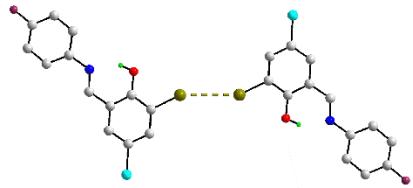
JOFFOA 2-bromo-4-chloro-6-(4-fluorophenyliminomethyl)phenol

Puthilibai, G.; Vasudhevan, S.; Rajagopal, G. 2-Bromo-4-chloro-6-(4-fluorophenyliminomethyl)phenol. Acta Crystallogr., Sect. E: Struct. Rep. Online 64 (2008) o1333. doi: 10.1107/S1600536808017443.

Triclinic P1, Z' = 1; a = 8.2274(3), b = 8.6566(3), c = 10.8880(4) Å, α = 69.545(2), β = 70.820(2), γ = 62.341(2)°

d(Br···Br) = 3.5526(9) Å; C–Br···Br = 140.32(10)° & C–Br···Br = 140.32(10)°

{The I atom has been replaced by a F and one of the Br by a Cl; a type-I Br···Br contact over a centre of inversion leads to a two-molecule aggregate}



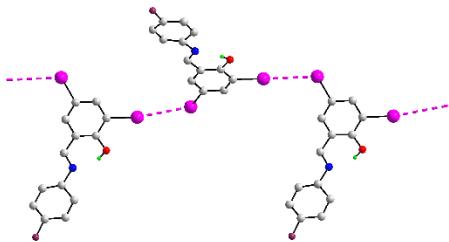
TESBUQ 2-(((4-fluorophenyl)imino)methyl)-4,6-diiodophenol

Yang, Z.-M.; Zhu, H.; Zhu, H.-L. Crystal structure of 2[(4-fluorophenylimino)methyl]-4,6-diiodophenol, $C_{13}H_8FI_2NO$. *Z. Kristallogr. - New Cryst. Struct.* 227 (2012) 447-448. doi: 10.1524/zkri.2012.0202.

Monoclinic Cc, $Z' = 2$; $a = 4.5485(13)$, $b = 35.025(2)$, $c = 17.307(1)$ Å, $\beta = 95.255(2)^\circ$

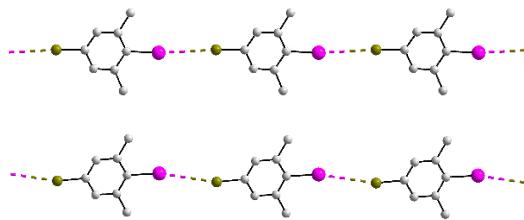
$d(I \cdots I) = 3.7476(15)$ Å; $C-I \cdots I = 161.58(4)^\circ$ & $C-I \cdots I = 109.34(4)^\circ$

{Both positions in the di-substituted ring are I and the terminal position is now F; two independent molecules, one self-associates into a chain via I···I contacts}



18. YIRTOJ 5-bromo-2-iodo-1,3-dimethylbenzene

Liu, R.; Li, Y.-H.; Luo, W ; Liu, S.; Zhu, H.-J. 5-Bromo-2-iodo-1,3-dimethylbenzene. *Acta Crystallogr., Sect. E: Struct. Rep. Online* 2008, 64, o219. doi: 10.1107/S1600536807064537.



Three independent molecules: two self-associate into linear chains. The iodide and bromide atoms in the third molecule do not form a halogen bonding interaction < 4.0 Å

$d(I \cdots Br) = 3.6869(15)$ Å; $C-I \cdots Br = 162.8(2)^\circ$ & $C-Br \cdots I = 161.1(3)^\circ$ {top view}

$d(I \cdots Br) = 3.7413(15)$ Å; $C-I \cdots Br = 159.8(3)^\circ$ & $C-Br \cdots I = 156.0(3)^\circ$

Triclinic P $\bar{1}$, $Z' = 3$; $a = 10.282(2)$, $b = 11.314(2)$, $c = 12.951(3)$ Å, $\alpha = 69.27(3)$, $\beta = 89.11(3)$, $\gamma = 83.70(3)^\circ$

XISQIA 2-bromo-5-iodo-1,3-dimethylbenzene

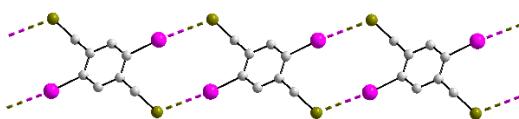
Liu, R.; Wu, W.-Y.; Li, Y.-H.; Deng, S.-P.; Zhu, H.-J. Acta Crystallogr., Sect. E: Struct. Rep. Online 64 (2008) o280. doi: 10.1107/S1600536807065415.

Orthorhombic Pnma, $Z' = 1$; $a = 16.686(3)$, $b = 7.0640(14)$, $c = 8.2130(16)$ Å

{Isomer; molecule has mirror symmetry with the ring in the plane; closest X···X contact is a type-II I···Br contact of 3.9941(13) Å}

20. MESMED 2,5-diiodo-1,4-bis(bromomethyl)benzene

Gaefke, G.; Enkelmann, V.; Höger, S. A practical synthesis of 1,4-diiodo-2,5-bis(chloromethyl)benzene and 1,4-diiodo-2,5-bis(bromomethyl)benzene. Synthesis 2006, 2971-2973. doi: 10.1055/s-2006-942534.



Molecule is centrosymmetric

$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.6271(4)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 166.66(7)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 97.45(10)^\circ$

Triclinic $P\bar{1}$, $Z' = 0.5$; $a = 4.3865(4)$, $b = 7.4454(4)$, $c = 9.0972(5)$ Å, $\alpha = 71.7302(13)$, $\beta = 83.6831(12)$, $\gamma = 84.8666(12)^\circ$

MESMIH 2,5-diiodo-1,4-bis(chloromethyl)benzene

Triclinic $P\bar{1}$, $Z' = 0.5$; $a = 4.3575(4)$, $b = 7.2917(4)$, $c = 8.9994(5)$ Å, $\alpha = 70.8917(13)$, $\beta = 83.3779(12)$, $\gamma = 84.9725(12)^\circ$

$d(I\cdots Cl) = 3.5373(9)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Cl = 166.82(10)^\circ$ & $C-Cl\cdots I = 99.27(14)^\circ$

{Br replaced by Cl; isostructural; I···Cl interactions form}

AKEWIY 1,4-dibromo-2,5-bis(bromomethyl)benzene

Näther, C.; Jess, I.; Kuś, P.; Jones, P.G. Dimorphism of 1,4-dibromo-2,5-bis(bromomethyl)benzene: crystallographic and physicochemical investigations.

CrystEngComm 18 (2016) 3142-3149. doi: 10.1039/C6CE00438E

Triclinic $P\bar{1}$, $Z' = 0.5$; $a = 4.3542(3)$, $b = 7.3675(6)$, $c = 8.7140(6)$ Å, $\alpha = 72.481(7)$, $\beta = 83.722(6)$, $\gamma = 84.917(6)^\circ$

$d(\text{Br}\cdots\text{Br}) = 3.5663(5) \text{ \AA}$; $C-\text{Br}\cdots\text{Br} = 164.25(8)^\circ$ & $C-\text{Br}\cdots\text{Br} = 91.88(7)^\circ$

{I replaced by Br; isostructural; Br \cdots Br interactions form the chain. Weaker ($3.7610(5) \text{ \AA}$) Br \cdots Br contacts link chains into a layer}

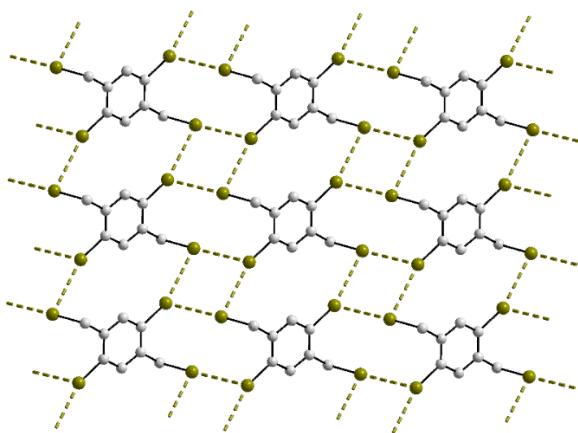
AKEWIY01 1,4-dibromo-2,5-bis(bromomethyl)benzene

Monoclinic $P2_1/c$, $Z' = 0.5$; $a = 6.6114(5)$, $b = 8.7776(6)$, $c = 9.1807(6) \text{ \AA}$, $\beta = 104.041(7)^\circ$

$d(\text{Br}\cdots\text{Br}) = 3.6617(6) \text{ \AA}$; $C-\text{Br}\cdots\text{Br} = 171.60(10)^\circ$ & $C-\text{Br}\cdots\text{Br} = 102.29(11)^\circ$ - to form chain

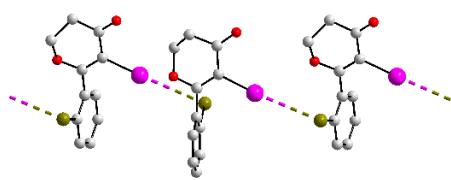
$d(\text{Br}\cdots\text{Br}) = 3.5231(6) \text{ \AA}$; $C-\text{Br}\cdots\text{Br} = 161.48(11)^\circ$ & $C-\text{Br}\cdots\text{Br} = 92.01(10)^\circ$

{Polymorph of AKEWIY; Br \cdots Br interactions form the chain as for the other structures but this contact is longer than the inter-chain interactions which generate the layer}



21. YIZFUL 6-(2-bromophenyl)-5-iodo-2,3-dihydro-4H-pyran-4-one

Gholap, S.P; Jangid, D.; Fernandes, R.A. Metal-free Brønsted acid-catalyzed rearrangement of δ -hydroxyalkynones to 2,3-dihydro-4H-pyran-4-ones: Total synthesis of obolactone and a catechol pyran isolated from *Plectranthus sylvestris*. *J. Org. Chem.* 2019, 84, 3537-3551. doi: 10.1021/acs.joc.8b03141.



Glide symmetry

$d(\text{I}\cdots\text{Br}) = 3.6011(6) \text{ \AA}$; $C-\text{I}\cdots\text{Br} = 175.22(11)^\circ$ & $C-\text{Br}\cdots\text{I} = 103.29(13)^\circ$

Monoclinic $P2_1/c$, $Z' = 1$; $a = 10.7766(4)$, $b = 7.8221(3)$, $c = 13.4995(6) \text{ \AA}$, $\beta = 94.552(4)^\circ$

YIZFOF 5-bromo-6-(2-bromophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-4H-pyran-4-one

Monoclinic P2₁/c, Z' = 1; a = 10.6794(5), b = 7.5795(3), c = 13.4516(6) Å, β = 92.023(4)°

d(Br··Br) = 3.5512(5) Å; C–Br··Br = 175.86(9)° & C–Br··Br = 100.68(9)°

{I replaced by Br; isostructural}

YIZFIZ 5-bromo-6-(2-chlorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-4H-pyran-4-one

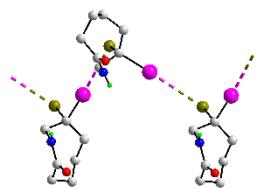
Monoclinic P2₁/c Z' = 1; a = 10.7391(4), b = 7.3560(3), c = 13.5262(4) Å, β = 90.473(3)°

d(Br··Cl) = 3.4969(6) Å; C–Br··Cl = 174.70(6)° & C–Cl··Br = 100.98(7)°

{I replaced by Br and Br replaced by Cl; isostructural}

23. SELYOY 7-bromo-7-iodo-perhydro-1-azocin-2-one

Hu, T.; Shen, M.; Chen, Q.; Li, C. Pushing radical cyclization from regioselective to regiospecific: Cyclization of amidyl radicals controlled by vinylic halogen substitution. Org. Lett. 2006, 8, 2647-2650. doi: 10.1021/o1060983q.



Glide symmetry

d(I··Br) = 3.6666(12) Å; C–I··Br = 175.7(2)° & C–Br··I = 115.3(2)°

Orthorhombic Pbca, Z' = 1; a = 7.9917(13), b = 10.5745(18), c = 23.462(4) Å

SELYUE 7,7-Diiodo-perhydro-1-azocin-2-one

Orthorhombic Pbca, Z' = 1; a = 8.0936(6), b = 10.7502(8), c = 23.5836(17) Å

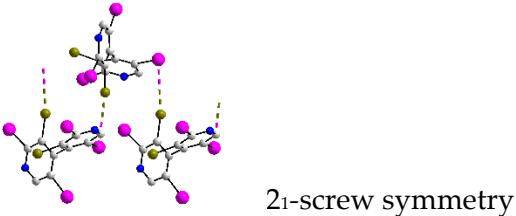
d(I··I) = 3.7541(7) Å; C–I··I = 173.90(16)° & C–I··I = 112.67(16)°

{Extra I; isostructural; zig-zag chain}

29. IMURAL 3,3'-dibromo-2,2',5,5'-tetraiodo-4,4'-bipyridine

d(I··Br) = 3.7136(15) Å; C–I··Br = 78.41(9)° & C–Br··I = 170.13(11)°

Orthorhombic P2₁2₁2₁, Z' = 1; a = 7.985(3), b = 11.766(4), c = 17.716(7) Å



{Chain along the a-axis; no I··I nor I··Br within van der Waals radii}

30. INADIM 2,2',3,3'-tetrabromo-5,5'-diiodo-4,4'-bipyridine

$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.7281(18)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 71.91(14)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 161.19(15)^\circ$

Orthorhombic $P2_12_12_1$, $Z' = 1$; $a = 7.888(4)$, $b = 12.138(5)$, $c = 16.364(8)$ Å

{Chain along the a-axis; no I··I nor I··Br within van der Waals radii }

31. IMUQOY 2,2',5,5'-tetrabromo-3,3'-diiodo-4,4'-bipyridine

$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.7330(7)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 162.62(7)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 81.66(7)^\circ$

Orthorhombic $P2_12_12_1$, $Z' = 1$; $a = 7.997(2)$, $b = 11.722(2)$, $c = 16.948(3)$ Å

{Chain along the a-axis; no I··I nor I··Br within van der Waals radii}

39. IMURUF 5,5'-dibromo-2,2',3,3'-tetraiodo-4,4'-bipyridine

$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.8140(9)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 169.03(7)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 77.36(8)^\circ$

Orthorhombic $P2_12_12_1$, $Z' = 1$; $a = 8.028(2)$, $b = 11.128(2)$, $c = 18.411(4)$ Å

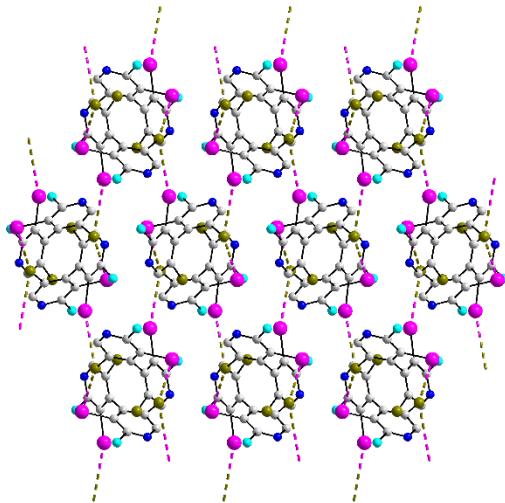
{Isostructural; chain along the a-axis; no I··I nor I··Br within van der Waals radii}

41. INADOS 5,5'-dibromo-2,2'-dichloro-3,3'-diiodo-4,4'-bipyridine -3D

$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.6944(7)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 161.40(5)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 83.20(5)^\circ$ - chain along a

$d(I\cdots Br) = 3.7405(5)$ Å; $C-I\cdots Br = 95.99(5)^\circ$ & $C-Br\cdots I = 155.52(5)^\circ$

Orthorhombic $P2_12_12_1$, $Z' = 1$; $a = 8.034(2)$, $b = 11.838(2)$, $c = 16.278(3)$ Å



{Chain along the a-axis as observed for other structures but additional, slightly longer I··Br are noted leading to a 3-D architecture; no I··I, I··Cl, Br··Br, Br··Cl nor Cl··Cl within van der Waals radii}

IMURIT 5,5'-dichloro-2,2',3,3'-tetraiodo-4,4'-bipyridine

Orthorhombic P₂12₁2₁, Z' = 1; a = 7.957(3), b = 10.910(4), c = 18.607(7) Å

{isostructural; isolated molecule with no X··X less than 4.0 Å}

IMUQUE 3,3',5,5'-tetrabromo-2,2'-diiodo-4,4'-bipyridine

Orthorhombic P₂12₁2₁, Z' = 1; a = 7.800(3), b = 11.334(5), c = 18.031(7) Å

d(Br··Br) = 3.7441(15) Å; C–Br··Br = 171.66(10)° & C–Br··Br = 75.70(10)°

{isostructural; Br··Br, longer than van der Waals, sustain chain along the a-axis; no I··I nor I··Br within van der Waals radii}

INAFEK 2,2'-dibromo-3,3'-dichloro-5,5'-diiodo-4,4'-bipyridine

Orthorhombic P₂12₁2₁, Z' = 1; a = 7.779(4), b = 12.148(5), c = 16.057(7) Å

d(I··Cl) = 3.7327(17) Å; C–I··Cl = 79.93(6)° & C–Cl··I = 158.98(8)°

{Isostructural; chain along the a-axis via I··Cl; no additional X··X within van der Waals radii}

IMUROZ 3,3'-dichloro-2,2',5,5'-tetraiodo-4,4'-bipyridine

Orthorhombic P₂12₁2₁, Z' = 1; a = 7.906(3), b = 11.780(5), c = 17.605(7) Å

d(I··Cl) = 3.7163(16) Å; C–I··Cl = 77.10(7)° & C–Cl··I = 174.03(8)°

{Isostructural; chain along the a-axis via I···Cl; no additional I···I within van der Waals radii; long I···I [3.9750(12) Å] occur within chain}

INADAE 3,3',5,5'-tetrabromo-2,2'-dichloro-4,4'-bipyridine

Orthorhombic P2₁2₁2₁, Z' = 1; a = 7.659(4), b = 11.921(6), c = 15.999(11) Å

d(Br···Br) = 3.600(2) Å; C–Br···Br = 162.48(6)° & C–Br···Br = 80.95(6)°

{isostructural; Br···Br sustain chain along the a-axis; no Br···Cl nor Cl···Cl within van der Waals radii}

INADEI 2,2',3,3',5,5'-hexabromo-4,4'-bipyridine

Orthorhombic P2₁2₁2₁, Z' = 1; a = 7.6444(1), b = 11.7708(2), c = 16.6604(3) Å

d(Br···Br) = 3.6378(9) Å; C–Br···Br = 164.5(2)° & C–Br···Br = 79.3(2)°

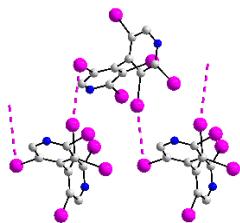
{isostructural; Br···Br sustain chain along the a-axis; no Br···Br within van der Waals radii}

IMUREP 2,2',3,3',5,5'-hexaiodo-4,4'-bipyridine

Orthorhombic P2₁2₁2₁, Z' = 1; a = 8.219(3), b = 11.493(5), c = 18.059(7) Å

d(I···I) = 3.8016(15) Å; C–I···I = 166.46(8)° & C–I···I = 78.27(8)°

{Isostructural; chain along the a-axis via I···I; no additional I···I within van der Waals radii}



INAFAG 2,2'-dibromo-5,5'-dichloro-3,3'-diiodo-4,4'-bipyridine

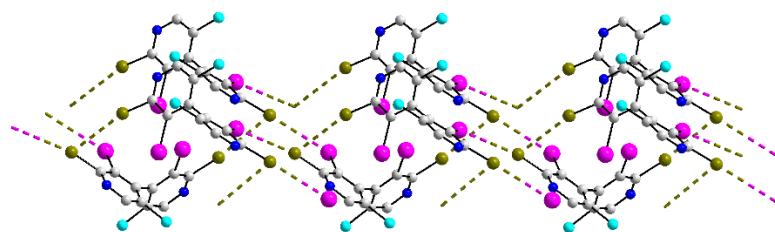
d(I···Br) = 3.749(2) Å; C–I···Br = 125.61(10)° & C–Br···I = 157.27(11)°

Orthorhombic P2₁2₁2₁, Z' = 1; a = 7.913(5), b = 11.911(9), c = 15.781(12) Å

d(Br···Br) = 3.565(2) Å; C–Br···Br = 165.29(11)° & C–Br···Br = 73.51(11)°

d(I···Br) = 3.749(2) Å; C–I···Br = 125.61(10)° & C–Br···I = 157.27(11)°

{Chain along the a-axis via Br···Br interactions; these are linked into a 2-D array via I···Br interactions; one bromide connects to both I and Br and the other only forms Br···Br interactions}



INADUY 2,2'-dibromo-3,3',5,5'-tetraiodo-4,4'-bipyridine

Orthorhombic P2₁2₁2₁, $Z' = 1$; $a = 8.177(6)$, $b = 12.152(8)$, $c = 16.434(10)$ Å

$d(I \cdots I) = 3.817(2)$ Å; $C-I \cdots I = 158.60(7)^\circ$ & $C-I \cdots I = 80.62(6)^\circ$ - chain along a

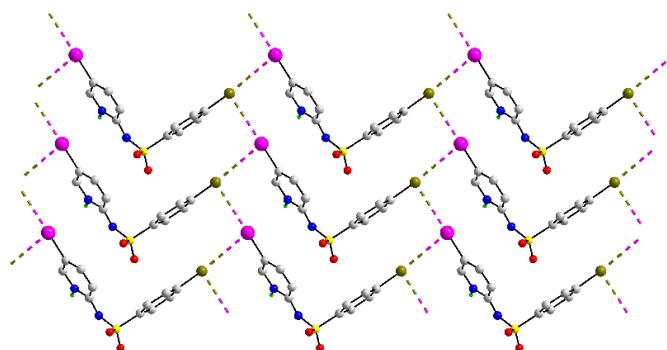
$d(I \cdots I) = 3.8534(17)$ Å; $C-I \cdots I = 92.23(6)^\circ$ & $C-I \cdots I = 160.28(6)^\circ$

{Chain along the a-axis as observed for other structures but additional, slightly longer I··I are noted leading to a 3-D architecture; no Br··Br nor I··Br within van der Waals radii; same as INADOS; one I forms two contacts}

40. VEGSOR (5-iodopyridinium-2-yl)([4-bromophenyl]sulfonyl)azanide

Gelbrich, T.; Threlfall, T.L.; Hursthouse, M.B. XPac dissimilarity parameters as quantitative descriptors of isostructurality: The case of fourteen 4,5'-substituted benzenesulfonamido-2-pyridines obtained by substituent interchange involving CF₃/I/Br/Cl/F/Me/H.

CrystEngComm 2012, 14, 5454-5464. doi: 10.1039/c2ce25508a.



Flat topology

$d(I \cdots Br) = 3.7436(5)$ Å; $C-I \cdots Br = 158.64(11)^\circ$; $C-Br \cdots I = 87.49(12)^\circ$

$d(I \cdots Br) = 3.7465(6)$ Å; $C-I \cdots Br = 80.73(11)^\circ$; $C-Br \cdots I = 172.51(12)^\circ$

Monoclinic, P2₁/c, $Z' = 1$; $a = 12.3761(5)$, $b = 19.3231(7)$, $c = 5.5652(2)$ Å, $\beta = 98.824(1)^\circ$

VEGSIL (5-iodopyridinium-2-yl)([4-iodophenyl]sulfonyl)azanide

Monoclinic, P2₁/c, $Z' = 1$; $a = 12.7165(8)$, $b = 19.5032(14)$, $c = 5.6759(3)$ Å, $\beta = 99.204(4)$ °

$d(I \cdots I) = 3.9277(8)$ Å; $C-I \cdots I = 160.50(19)$ °; $C-I \cdots I = 88.39(19)$ °

$d(I \cdots I) = 3.8761(9)$ Å; $C-I \cdots I = 83.8(2)$ °; $C-I \cdots I = 175.2(2)$ °

{Isostructural; I···I interactions}

VEGSUX (5-iodopyridinium-2-yl)([4-chlorophenyl]sulfonyl)azanide

Monoclinic, P2₁/c, $Z' = 1$; $a = 12.1910(5)$, $b = 19.2471(7)$, $c = 5.5793(2)$ Å, $\beta = 98.441(1)$ °

$d(I \cdots Cl) = 3.6890(9)$ Å; $C-I \cdots Cl = 156.80(8)$ °; $C-Cl \cdots I = 87.45(12)$ °

$d(I \cdots Cl) = 3.7310(11)$ Å; $C-I \cdots Cl = 78.73(8)$ °; $C-Cl \cdots I = 169.42(13)$ °

{Isostructural; I···Cl interactions}

VEGTAE (5-iodopyridinium-2-yl)([4-fluorophenyl]sulfonyl)azanide

Monoclinic, P2₁/c, $Z' = 1$; $a = 11.2100(3)$, $b = 18.4797(4)$, $c = 6.0146(2)$ Å, $\beta = 97.104(2)$ °

$d(I \cdots F) = 3.742(2)$ Å; $C-I \cdots F = 152.21(9)$ °; $C-F \cdots I = 80.44(16)$ °

$d(I \cdots F) = 3.512(3)$ Å; $C-I \cdots F = 69.70(9)$ °; $C-F \cdots I = 159.44(19)$ °

{Isostructural; I···F interactions}