

Supplementary Materials Table S3. SWOT (strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats).

	Species	Habitat	Stakeholders	Management
<b>Opportunities</b>	<b>Good</b> knowledge of the biology and ecology of the sister species <i>C. asper</i> .	<b>Abundant</b> ecological information. <b>Many</b> forest ecology research groups. <b>Interdisciplinarity</b> of research.	<b>Involvement</b> of many administrations or entities. <b>Entities</b> and landowners in favour of conservation.	<b>Successful</b> ex-situ reproduction of the species. <b>Public</b> administration involvement.
<b>Threats</b>	<b>Insufficient</b> knowledge. <b>Nocturnal</b> activity. <b>Fissural</b> behaviour. <b>Fragmented</b> population. <b>Low</b> number of individuals. <b>Restricted</b> distribution. <b>Illegal</b> capture.	<b>Orography.</b> 80% is private property <b>High</b> human attendance. <b>Traditional</b> resource exploitation. <b>Reduced</b> distribution area. <b>Allochthonous</b> riparian habitat. <b>Overexploitation</b> of hydric resources. <b>Poor</b> forestry practices.	<b>Involvement</b> of many administrations or entities. <b>Difficult</b> and time-consuming interlocution with private property <b>Ignorance</b> of the species and its threats.	<b>Cost</b> of habitat management. <b>Land</b> ownership. <b>Agreements</b> with landlords. Administrative slowness. <b>High</b> cost of actions <b>Short</b> duration of the Life project to continue the habitat restoration.
<b>Weakness</b>	<b>Little</b> information is available on the biology of the species. <b>Critical</b> status of conservation of the species.	<b>Short</b> duration of the project in relation to the time required to observe the evolution of some actions.	<b>Lack</b> of similar previous experiences.	<b>Slowness</b> of administrative procedures to act in the territory.
<b>Strengths</b>	<b>Successful</b> creation of new populations. <b>Successful</b> ex-situ reproduction of the species. <b>Significant</b> improvement in knowledge of the biology of the species.	<b>Restoration</b> of riparian habitats. <b>Removal</b> of barrier structures. <b>Deep</b> knowledge of the environment and its dynamics.	<b>Multidisciplinary</b> of decisions made. <b>Post-Life</b> commitment of the administrations to continue with the management plan of the species.	<b>Writing</b> a management and conservation plan. <b>Acquired</b> experience.