

Supporting Information

Experimental and Computational Study of the Antioxidative Potential of Novel Nitro and Amino Substituted Benzimidazole/Benzothiazole-2-Carboxamides with Antiproliferative Activity

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4. Materials and methods: *Cell culturing, Cellular ROS measurement assay , Mitochondrial ROS measurement assay* (page S29)

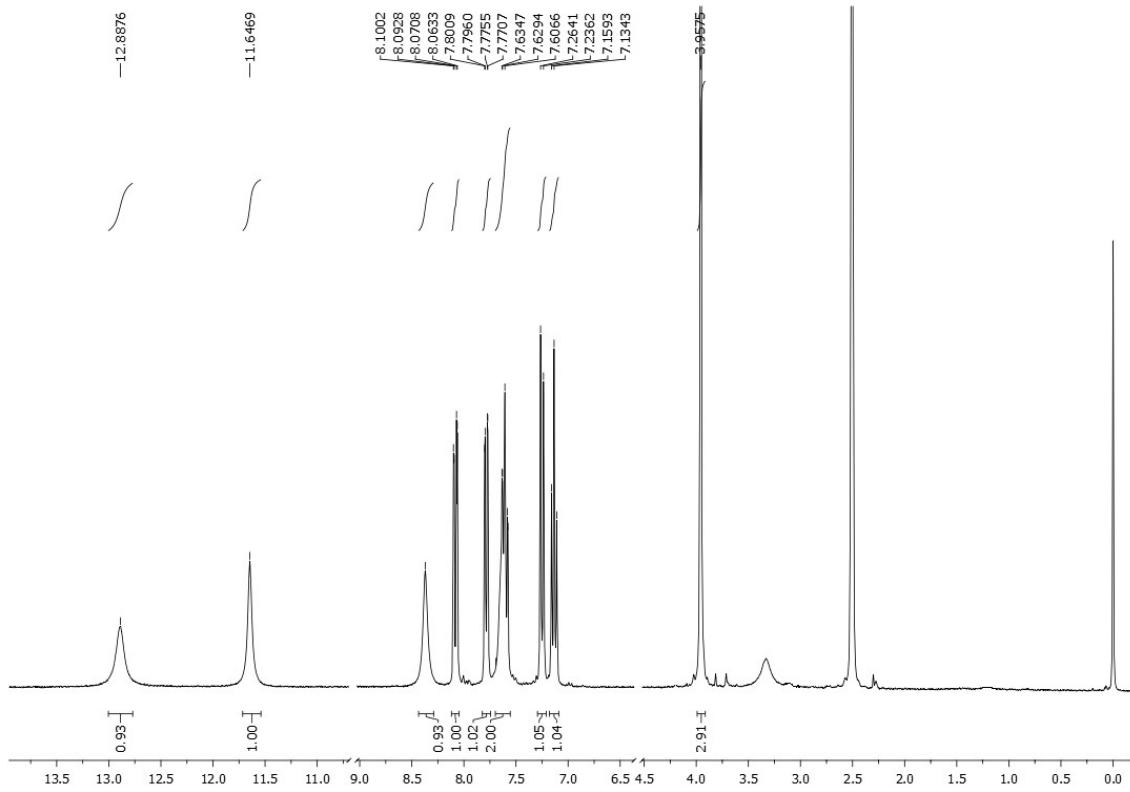


Figure S1. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of 2-methoxy-N-[5(6)-nitrobenzimidazol-2-yl]benzamide 6.

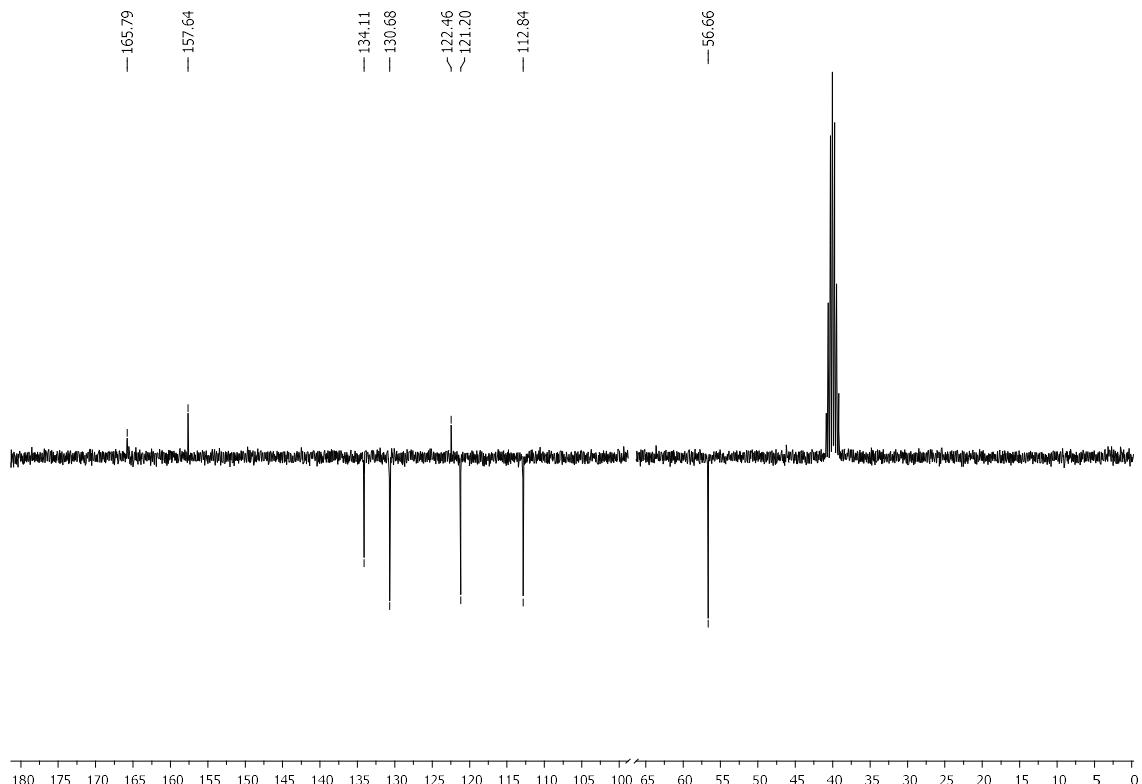


Figure S2. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 75 MHz) of 2-methoxy-N-[5(6)-nitrobenzimidazol-2-yl]benzamide 6.

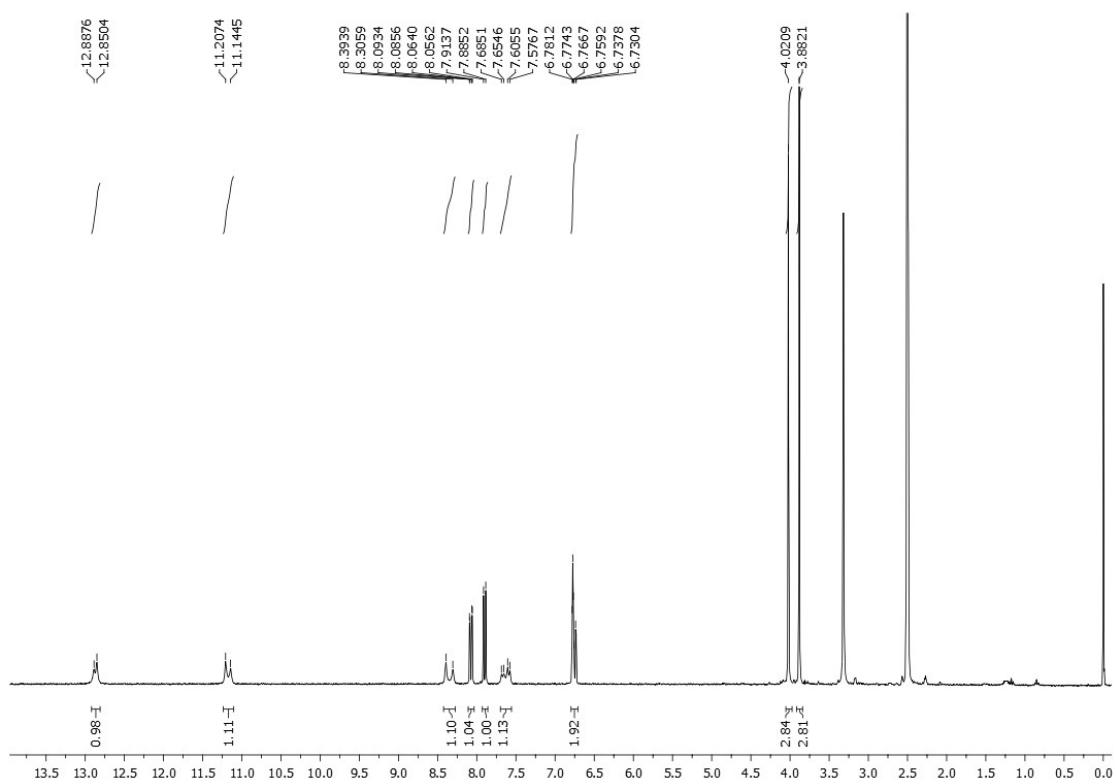


Figure S3. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of 2,4-dimethoxy-N-[5(6)-nitrobenzimidazol-2-yl]benzamide 7.

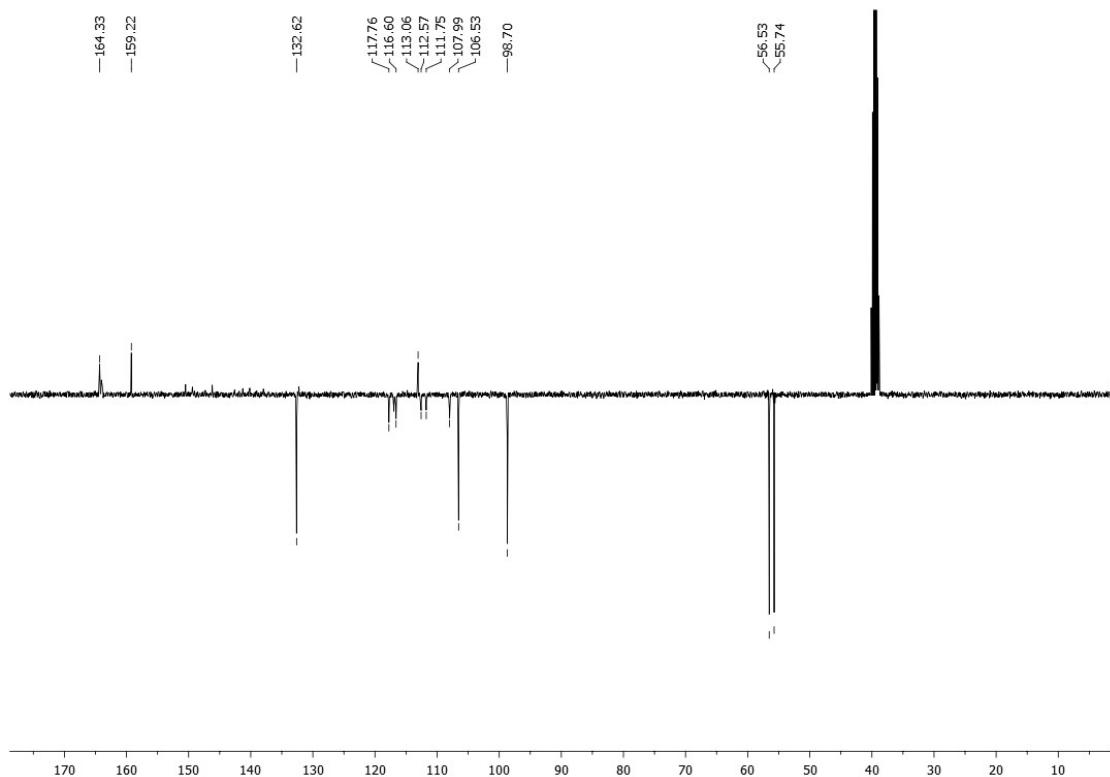


Figure S4. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 100 MHz) of 2,4-dimethoxy-N-[5(6)-nitrobenzimidazol-2-yl]benzamide 7.

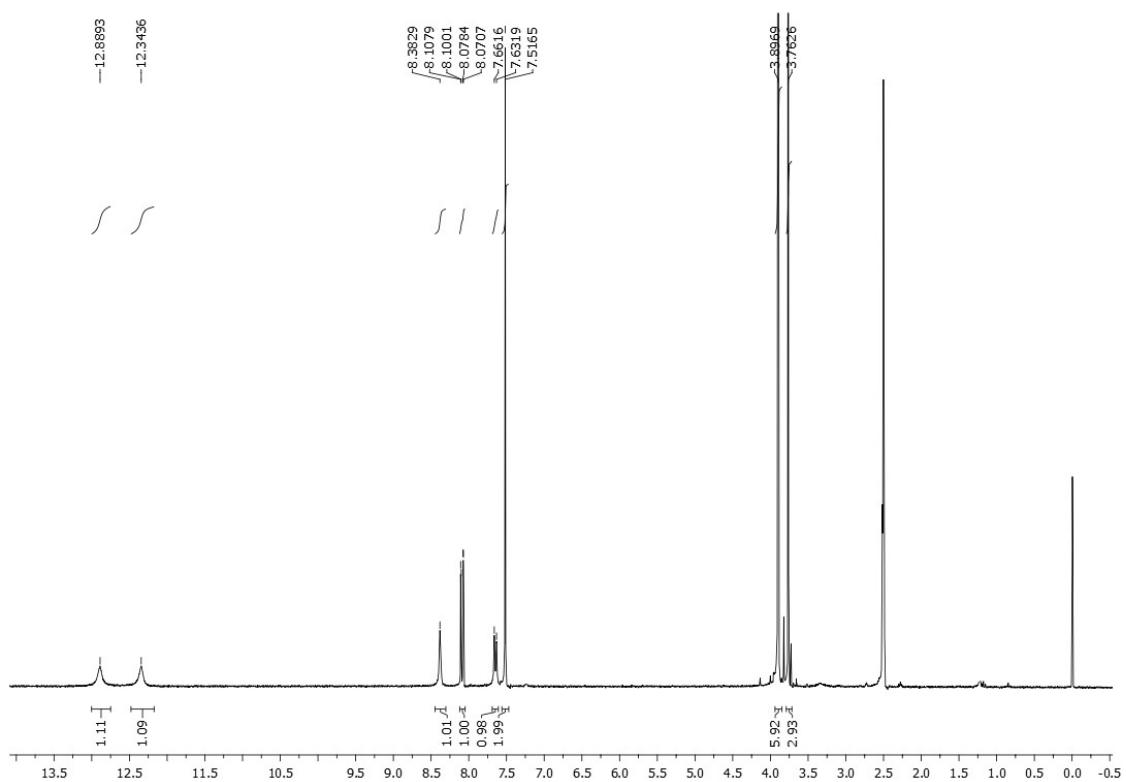


Figure S5. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *3,4,5-trimethoxy-N-[5(6)-nitrobenzimidazol-2-yl]benzamide 8*.

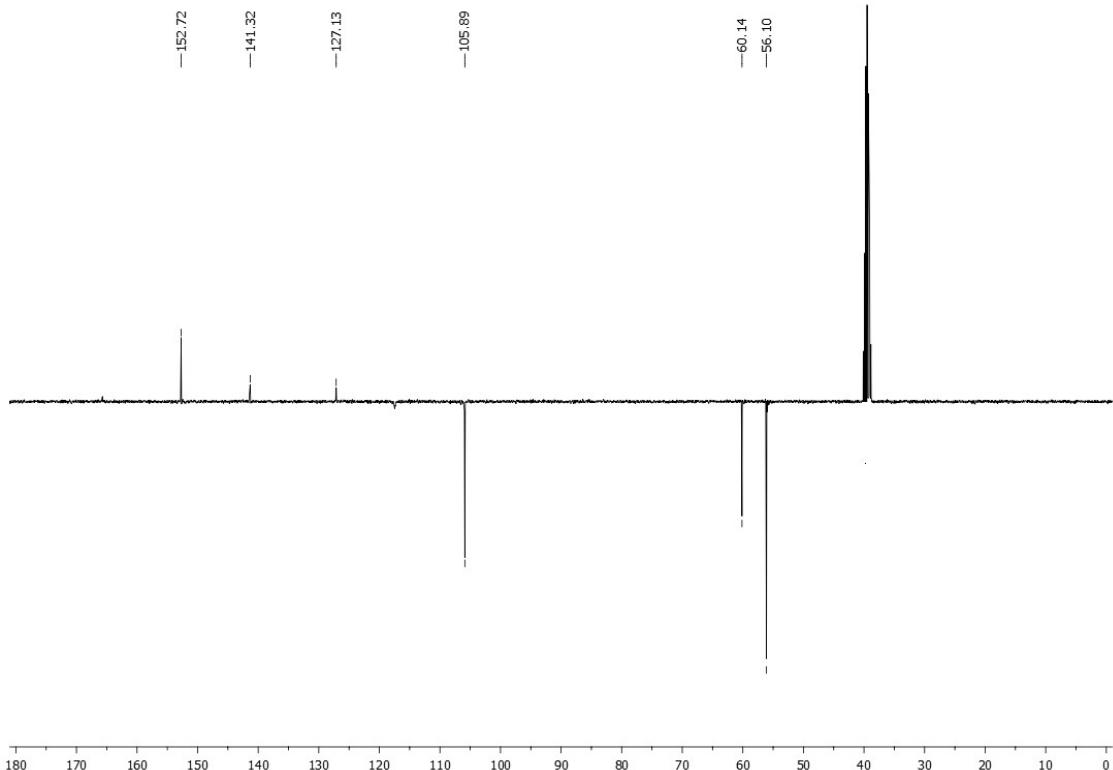


Figure S6. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 100 MHz) of *3,4,5-trimethoxy-N-[5(6)-nitrobenzimidazol-2-yl]benzamide 8*.

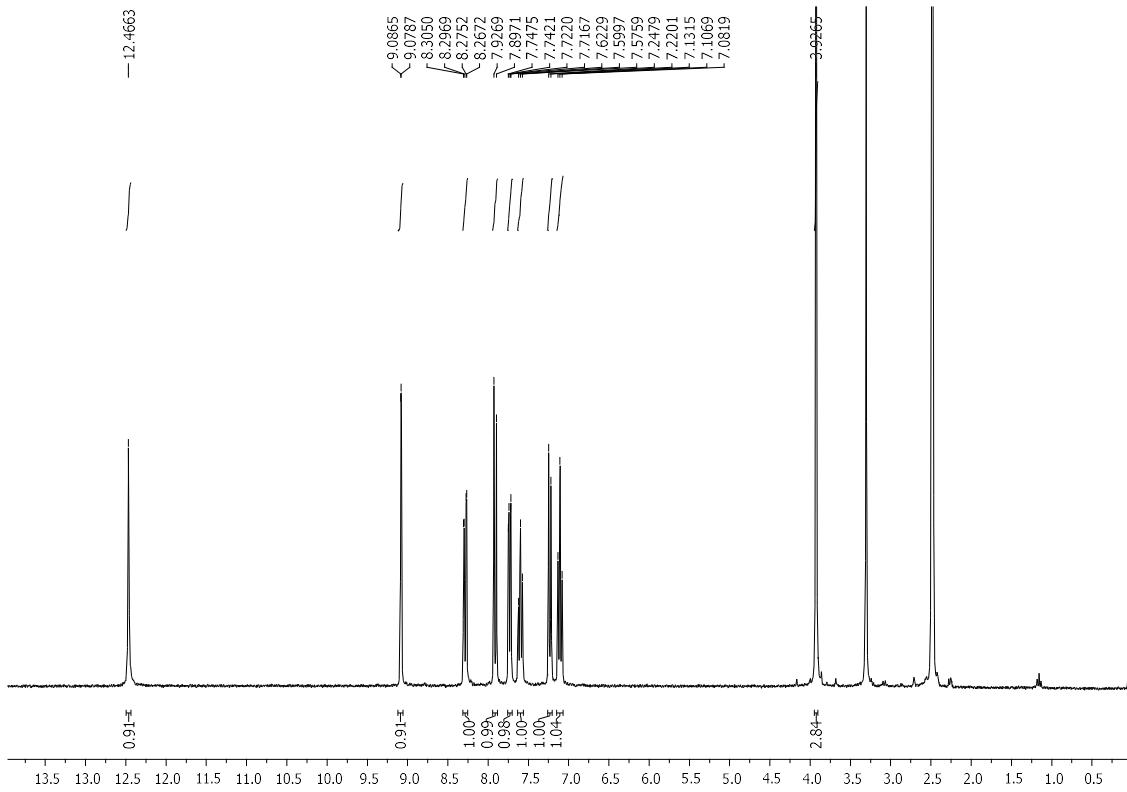


Figure S7. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *2-methoxy-N-(6-nitrobenzothiazol-2-yl)benzamide 9*.

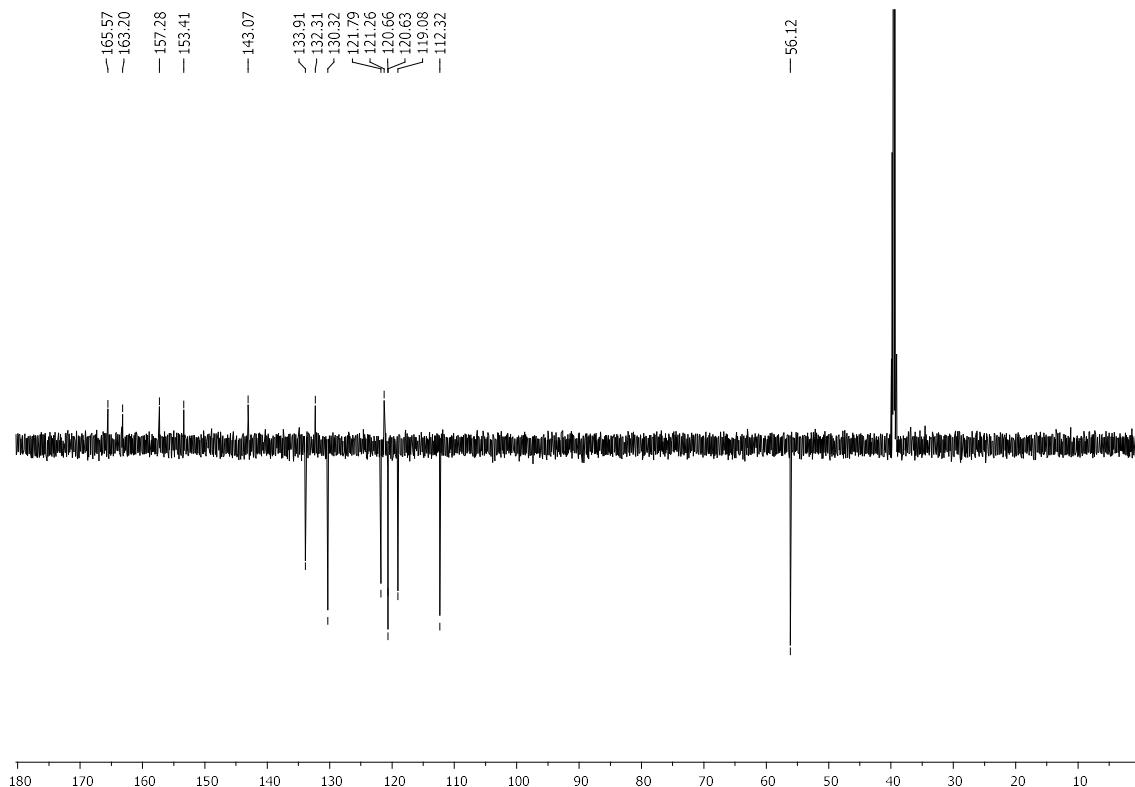


Figure S8. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 100 MHz) of *2-methoxy-N-(6-nitrobenzothiazol-2-yl)benzamide 9*.

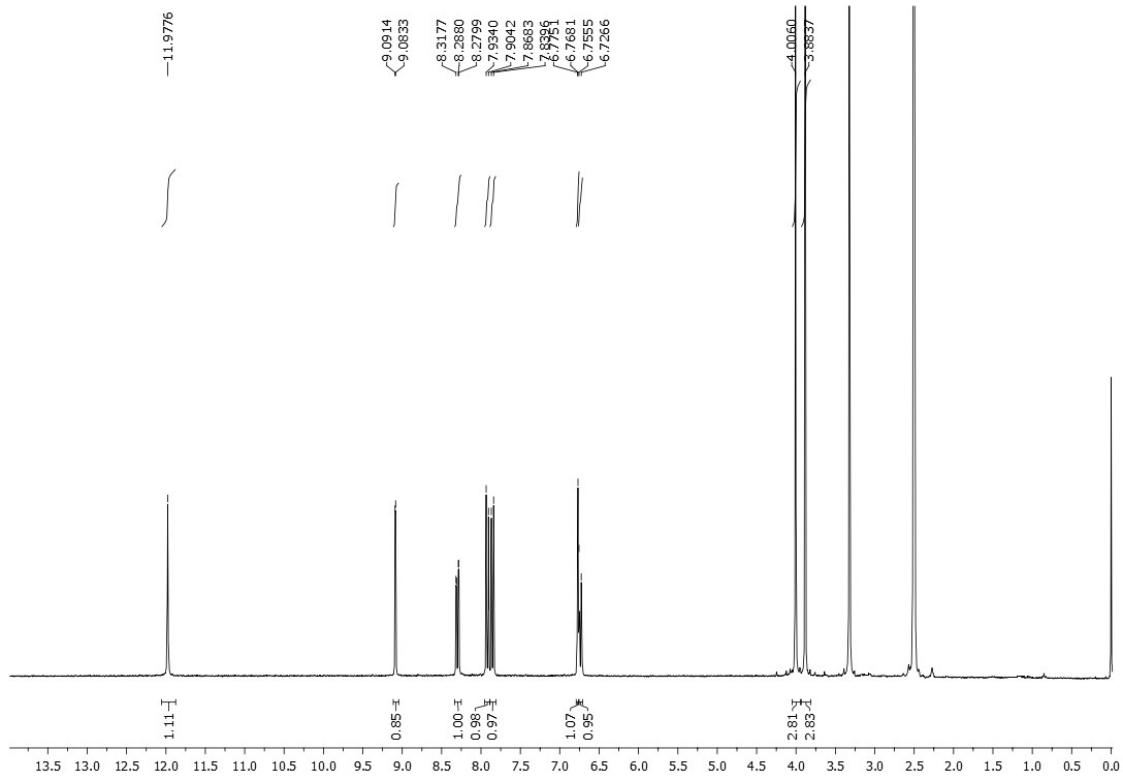


Figure S9. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *2,4-dimethoxy-N-(6-nitrobenzothiazol-2-yl)benzamide 10*.

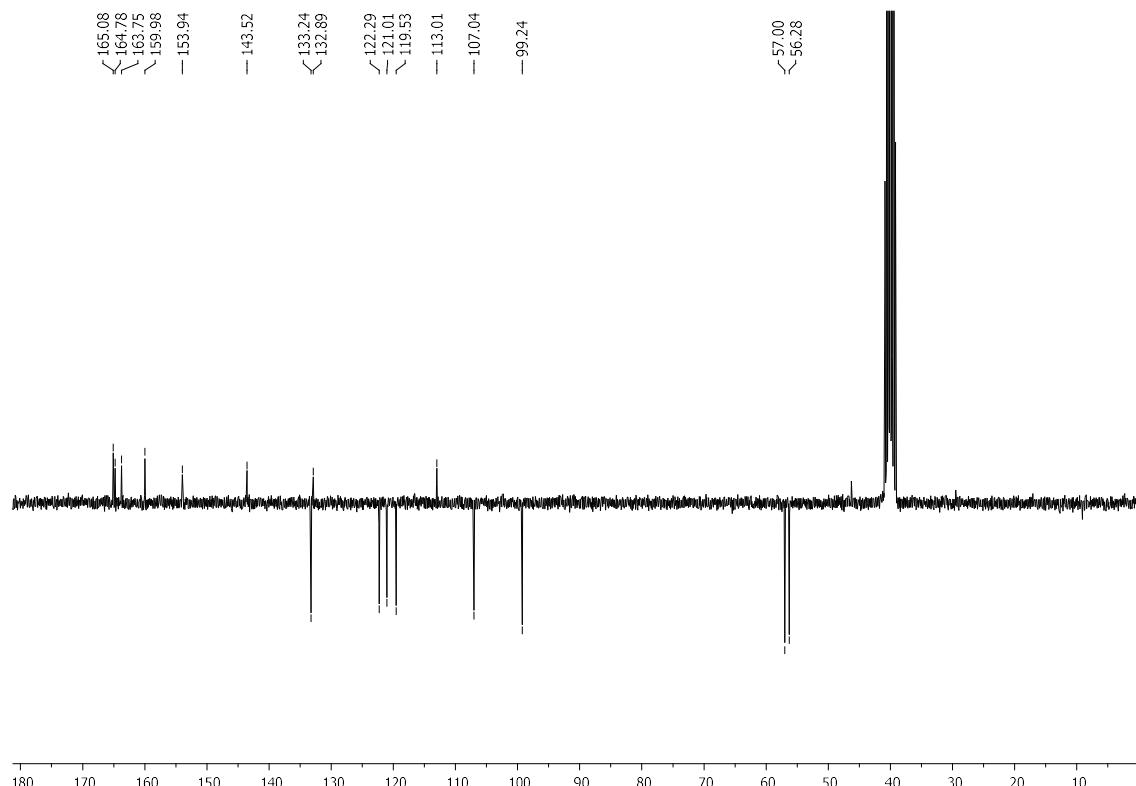


Figure S10. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 75 MHz) of *2,4-dimethoxy-N-(6-nitrobenzothiazol-2-yl)benzamide 10*.

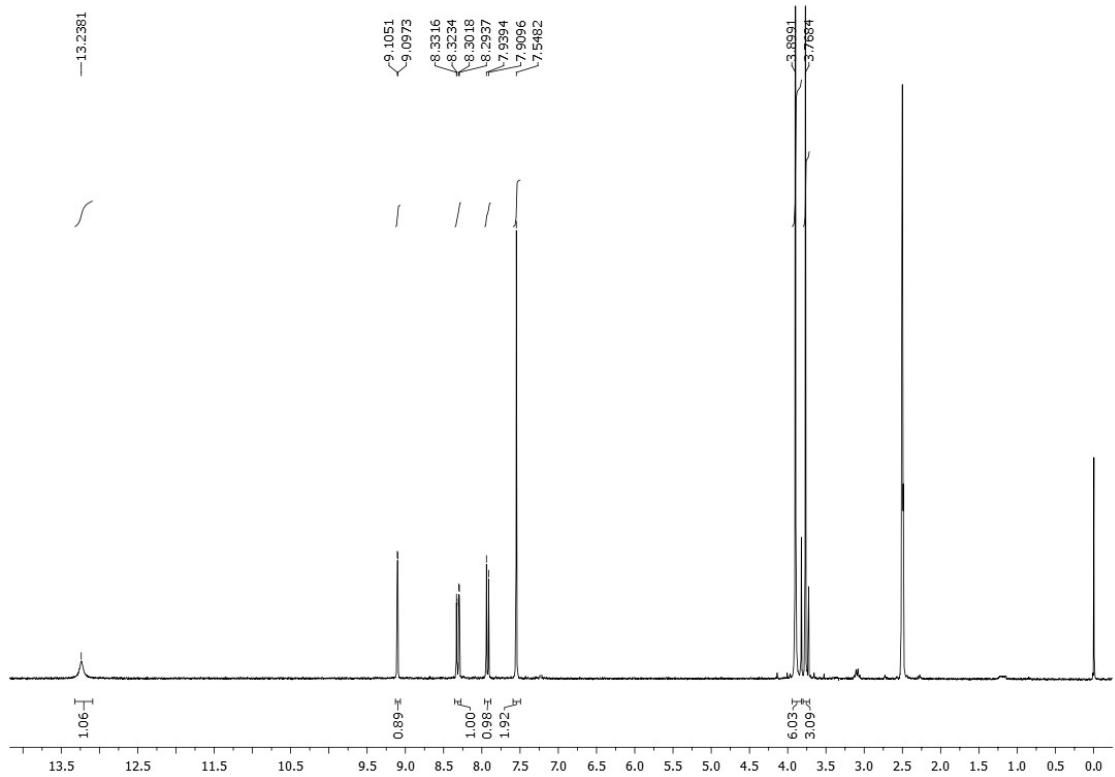


Figure S11. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *3,4,5-trimethoxy-N-(6-nitrobenzothiazol-2-yl)benzamide 11*.

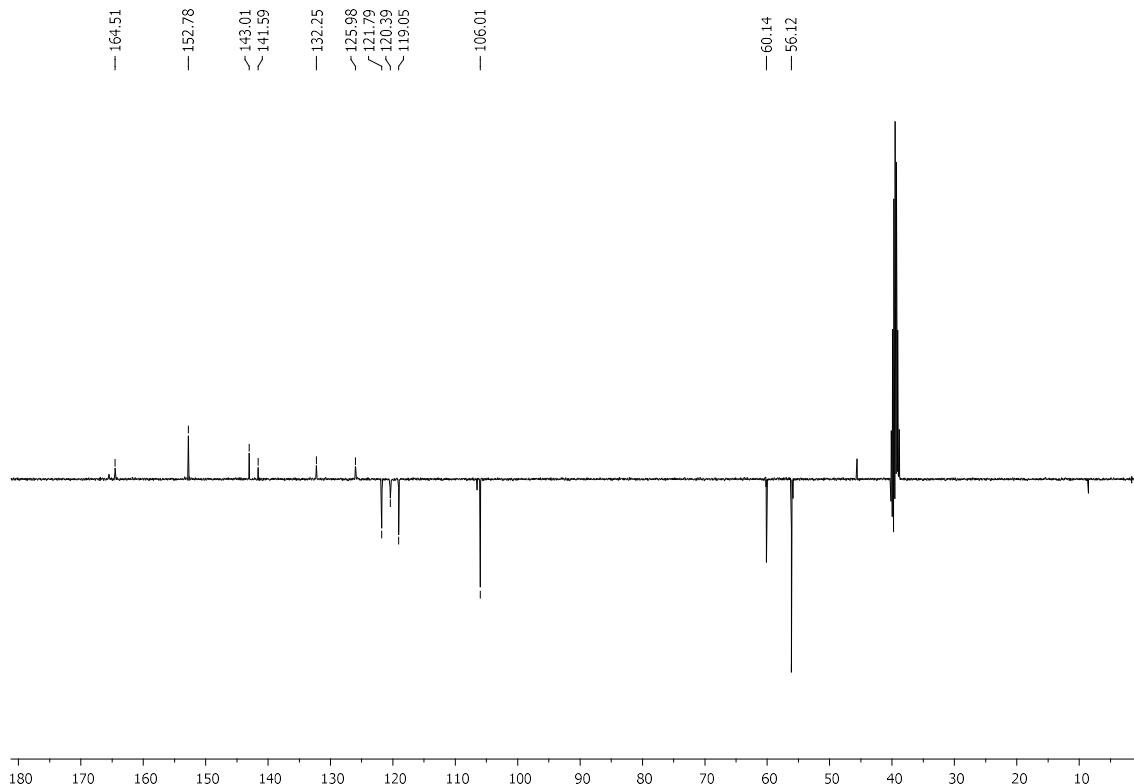


Figure S12. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 100 MHz) of *3,4,5-trimethoxy-N-(6-nitrobenzothiazol-2-yl)benzamide 11*.

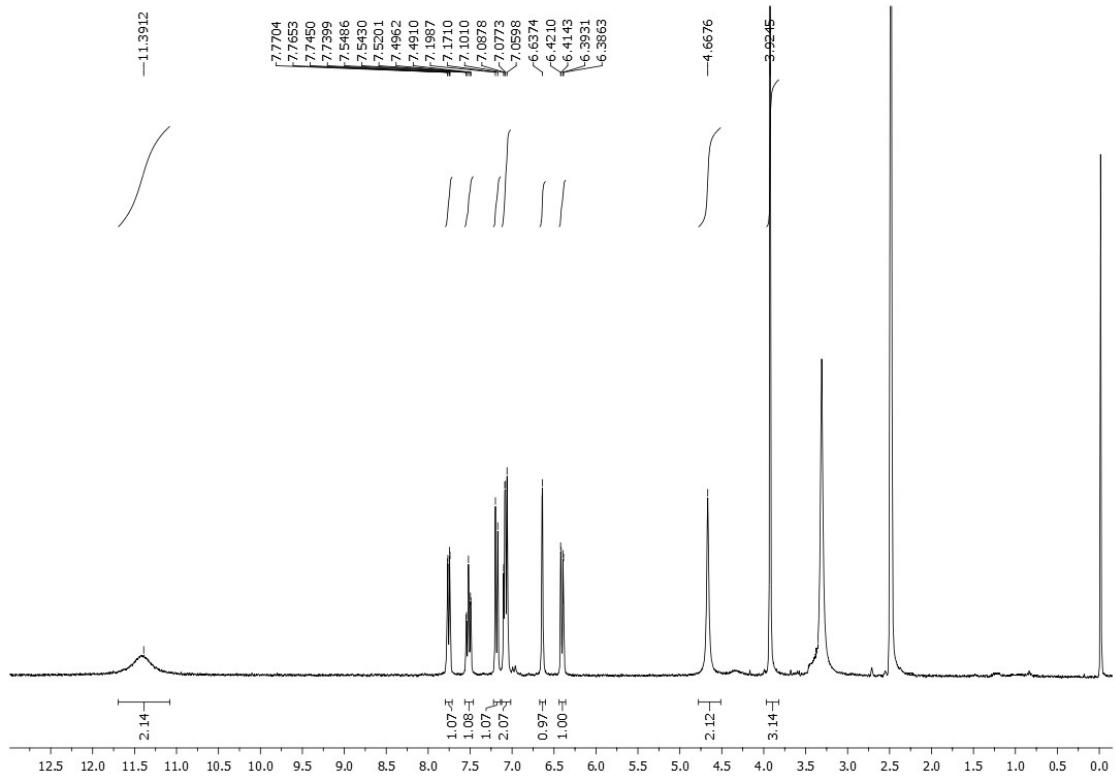


Figure S13. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *N*-(5(6)-aminobenzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide **12**.

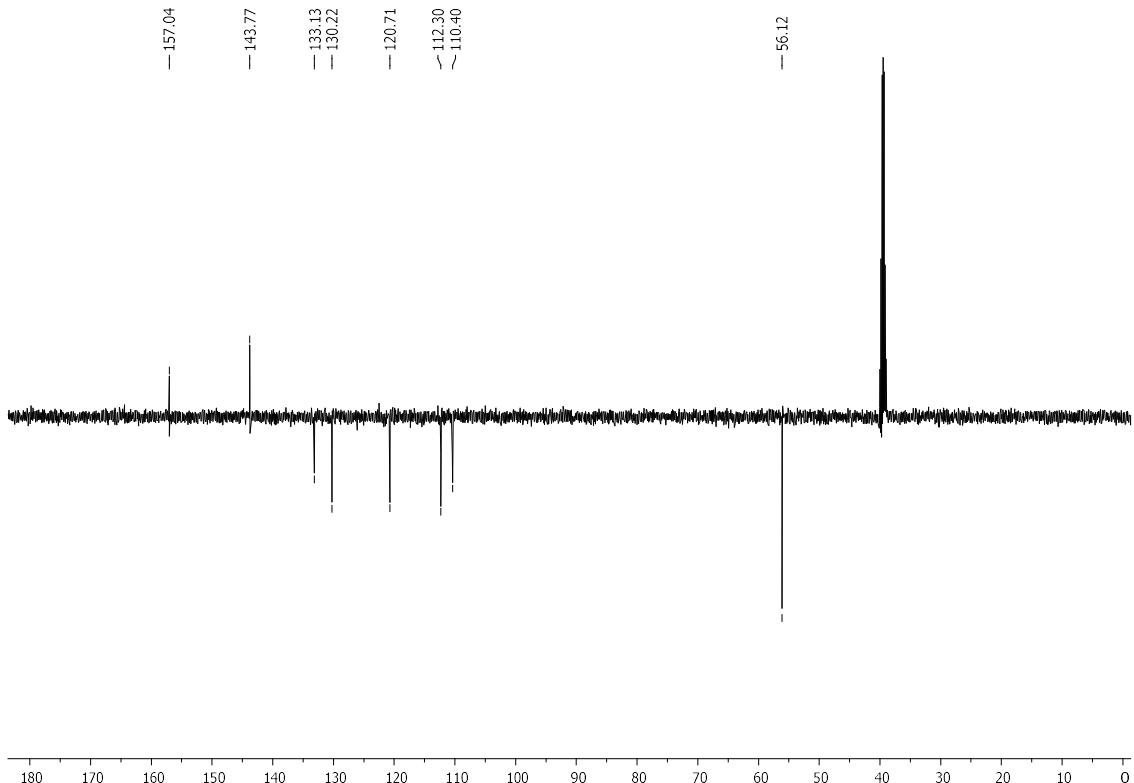


Figure S14. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 125 MHz) of *N*-(5(6)-aminobenzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide **12**.

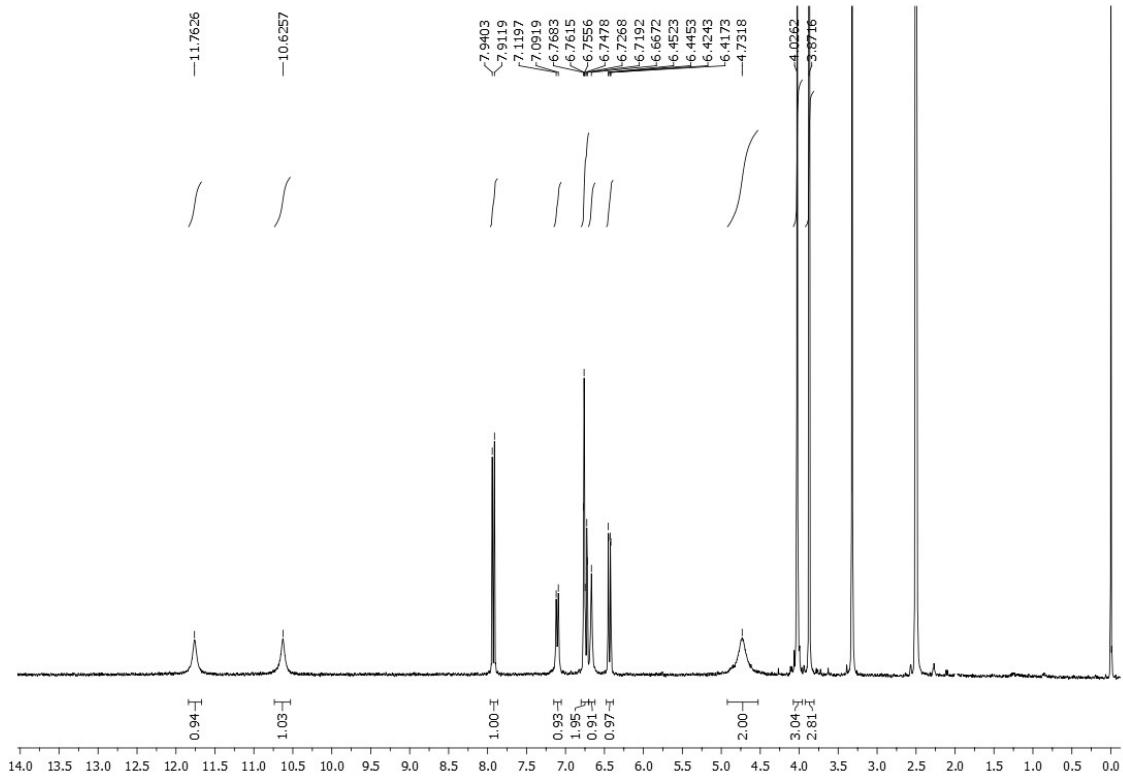


Figure S15. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *N*-(5(6)-aminobenzimidazol-2-yl)-2,4-dimethoxybenzamide **13**.

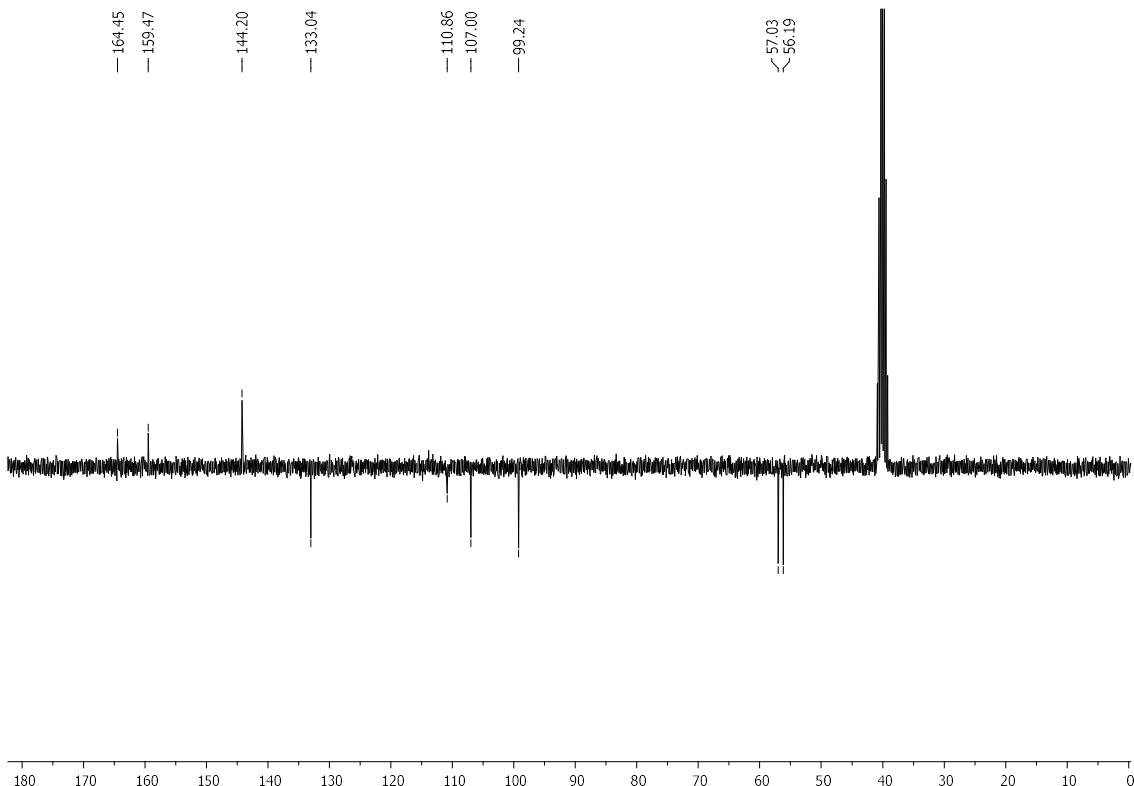


Figure S16. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 75 MHz) of *N*-(5(6)-aminobenzimidazol-2-yl)-2,4-dimethoxybenzamide **13**.

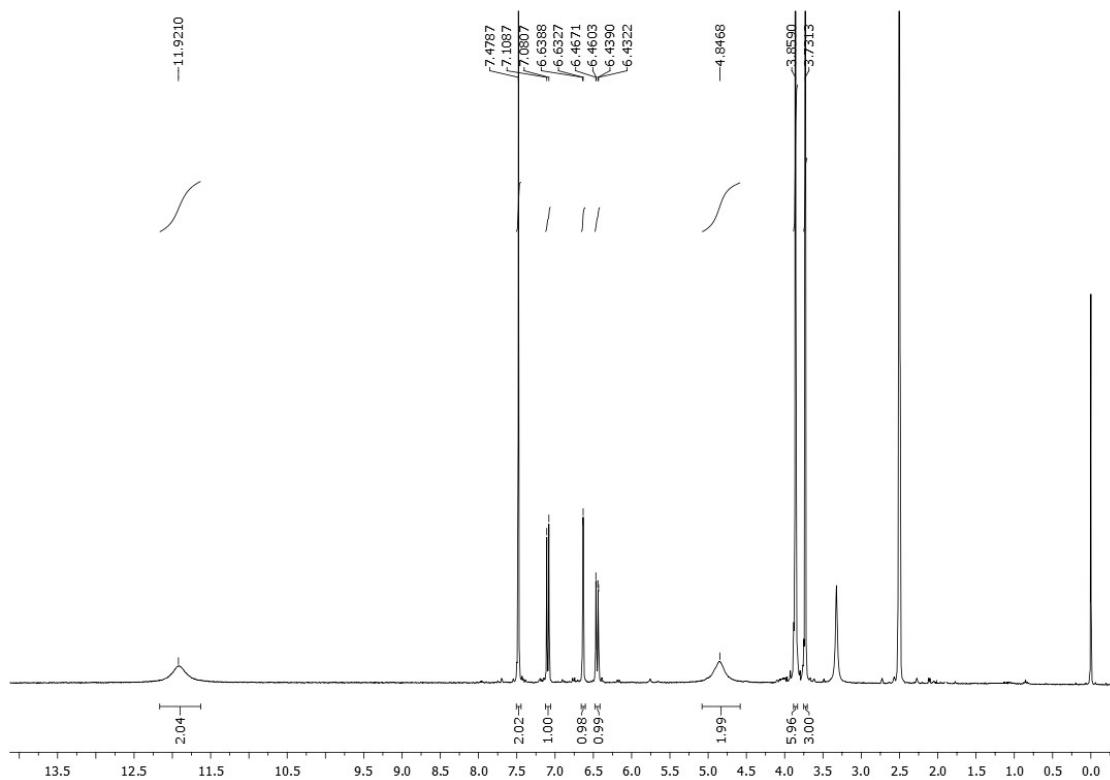


Figure S17. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *N*-(5(6)-aminobenzimidazol-2-yl)-3,4,5-trimethoxybenzamide **14**.

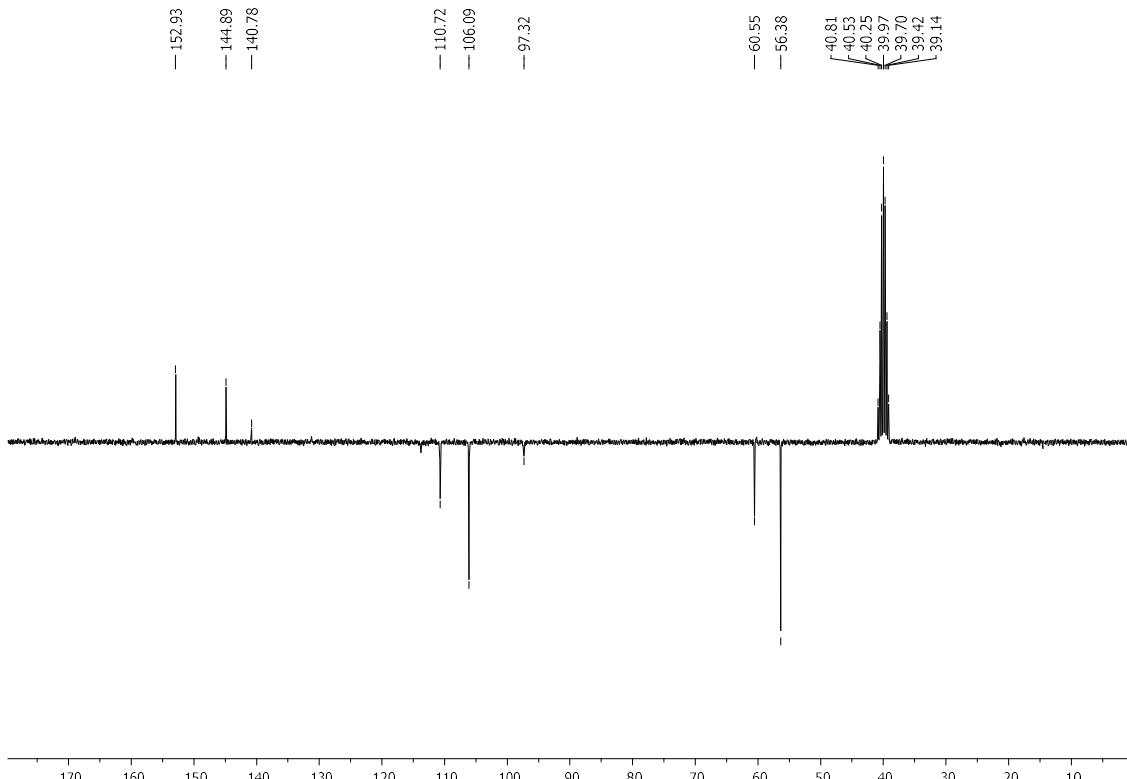


Figure S18. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 75 MHz) of *N*-(5(6)-aminobenzimidazol-2-yl)-3,4,5-trimethoxybenzamide **14**.

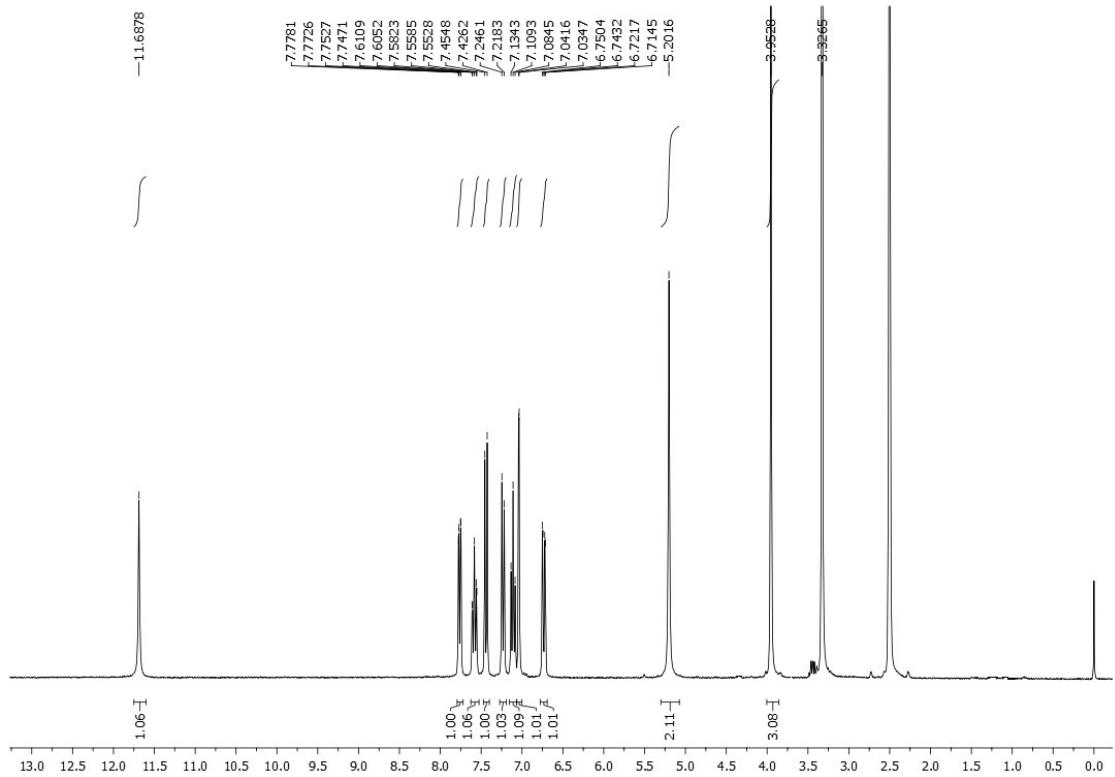


Figure S19. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *N*-(6-aminobenzothiazol-2-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide **15**.

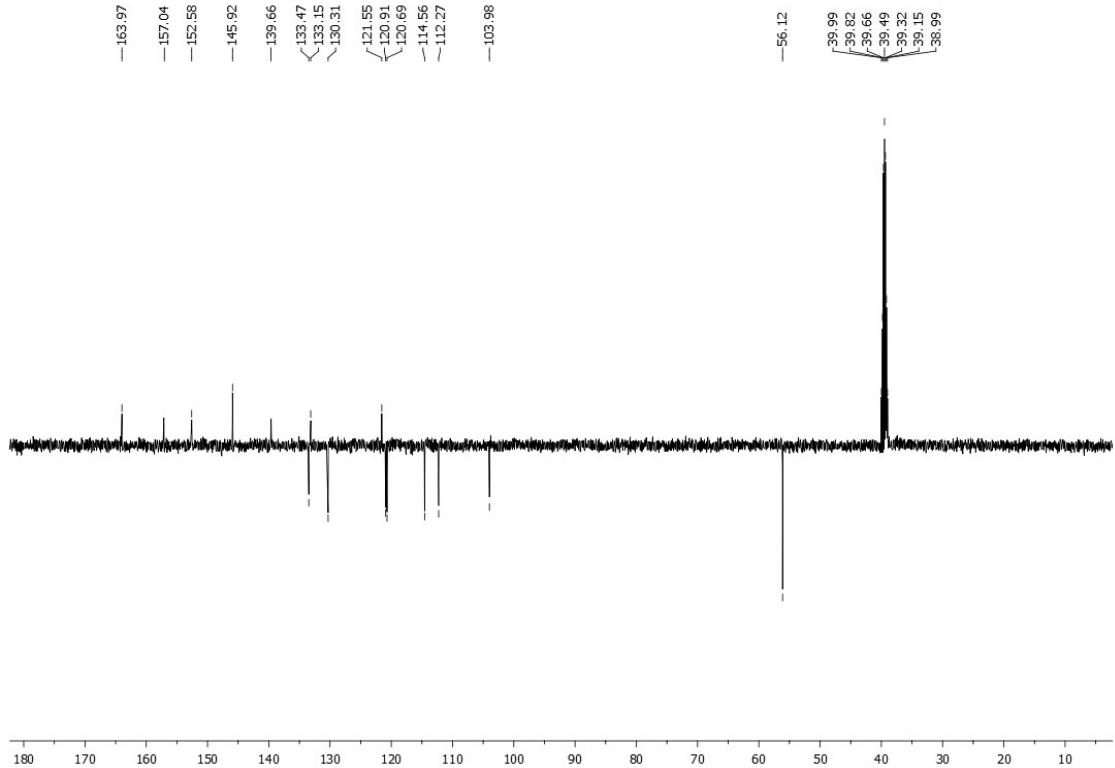


Figure S20. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 125 MHz) of *N*-(6-aminobenzothiazol-2-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide **15**.

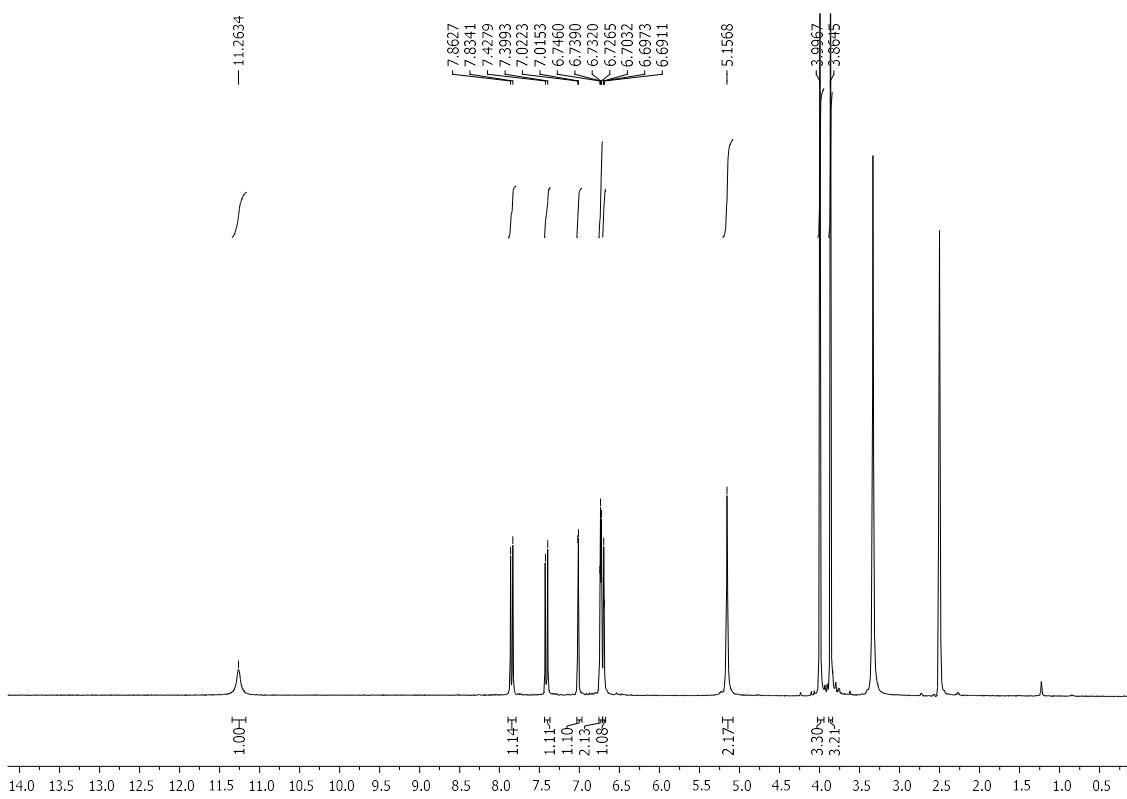


Figure S21. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *N*-(6-aminobenzothiazol-2-yl)-2,4-dimethoxybenzamide **16**.

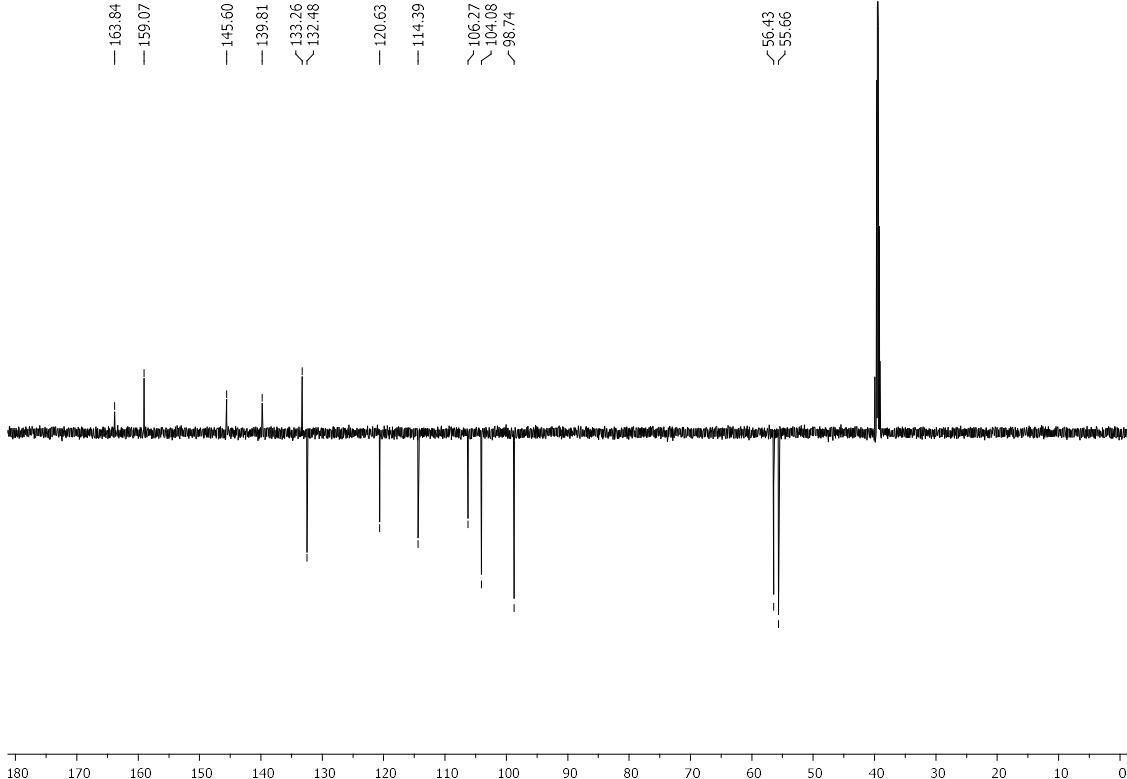


Figure S22. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 150 MHz) of *N*-(6-aminobenzothiazol-2-yl)-2,4-dimethoxybenzamide **16**.

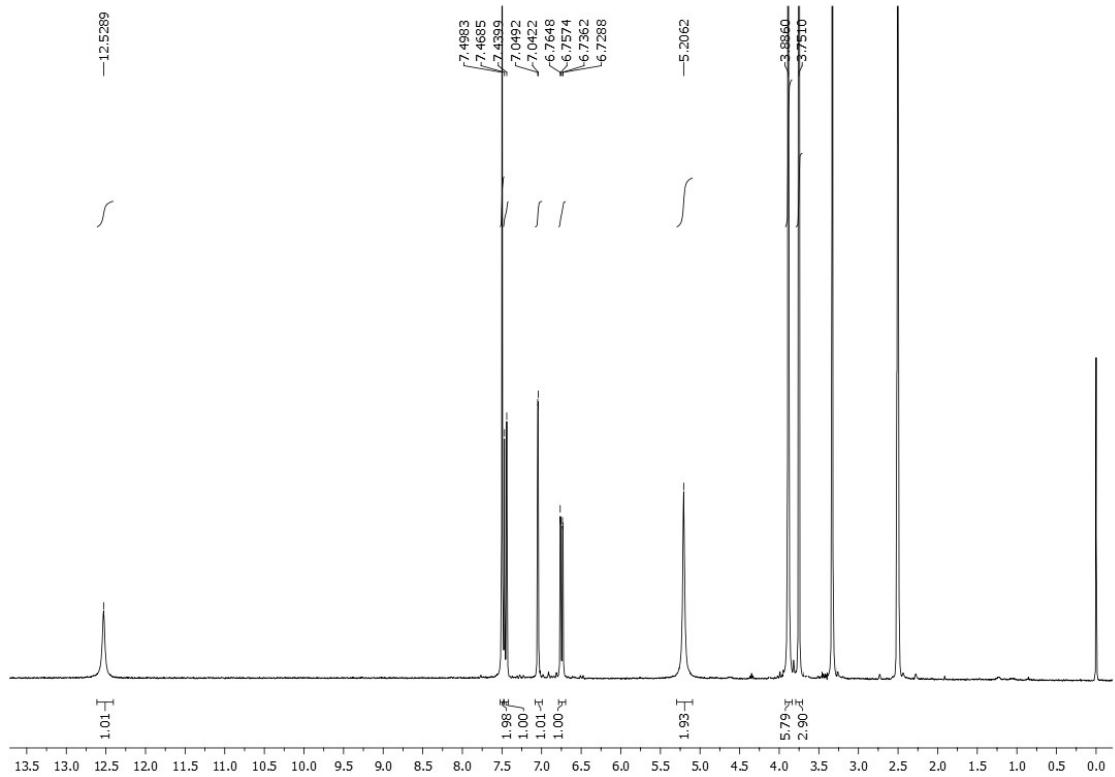


Figure S23. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *N*-(6-aminobenzothiazol-2-yl)-3,4,5-trimethoxybenzamide **17**.

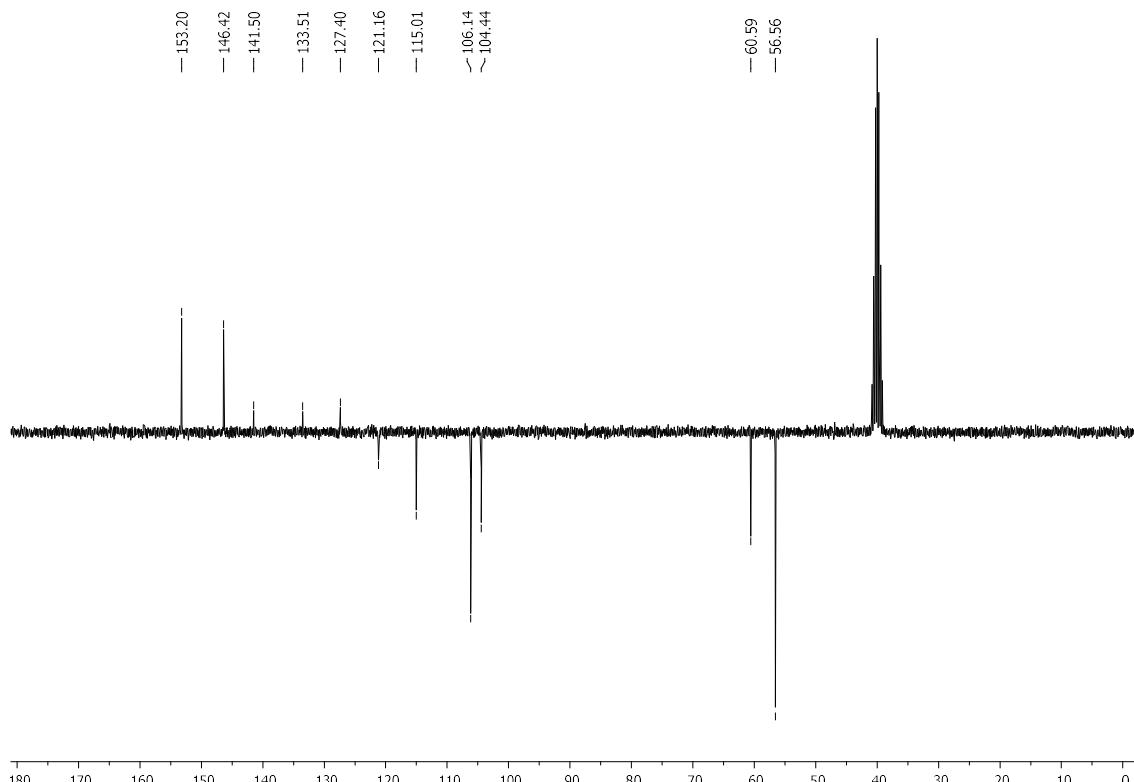


Figure S24. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 75 MHz) of *N*-(6-aminobenzothiazol-2-yl)-3,4,5-trimethoxybenzamide **17**.

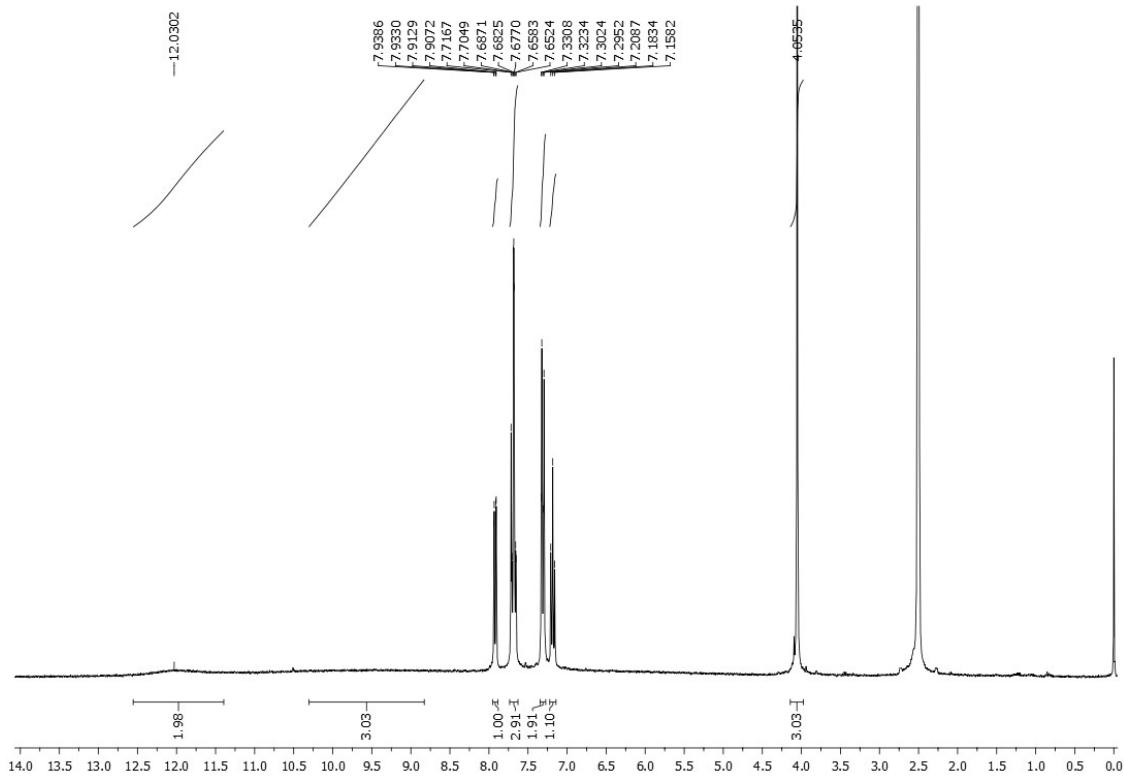


Figure S25. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *N*-(5(6)-aminobenzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide hydrochloride **18**.

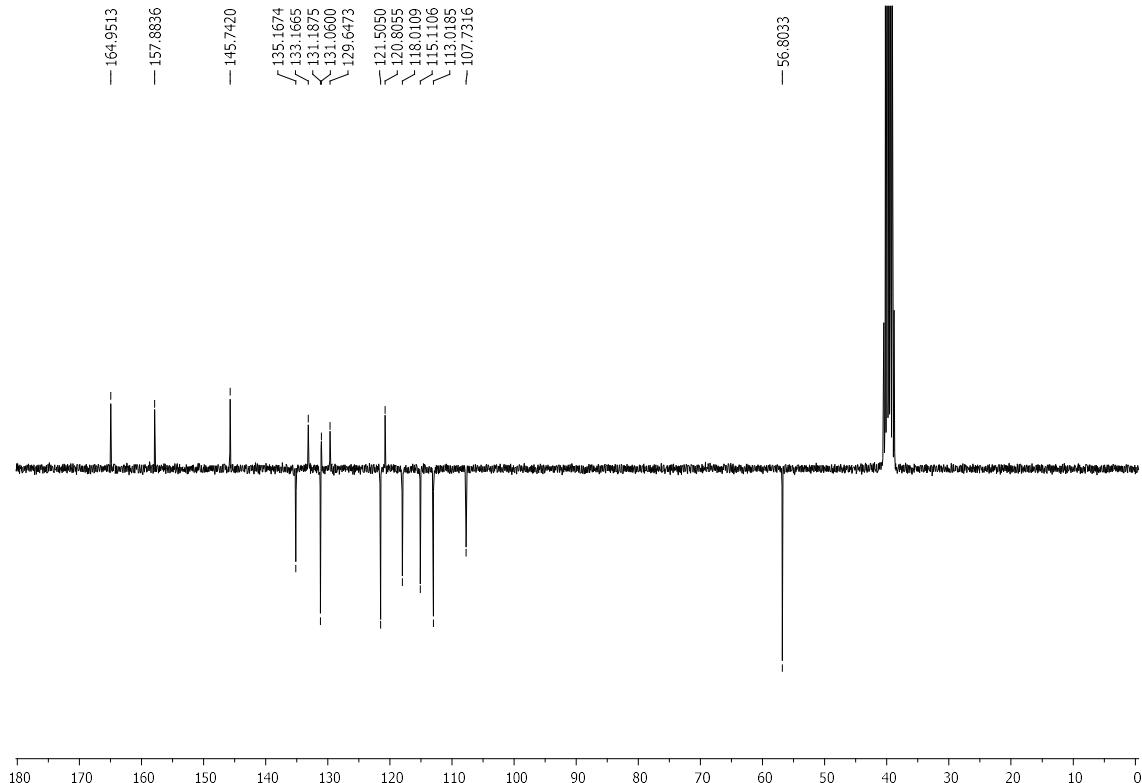


Figure S26. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 75 MHz) of *N*-(5(6)-aminobenzimidazol-2-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide hydrochloride **18**.

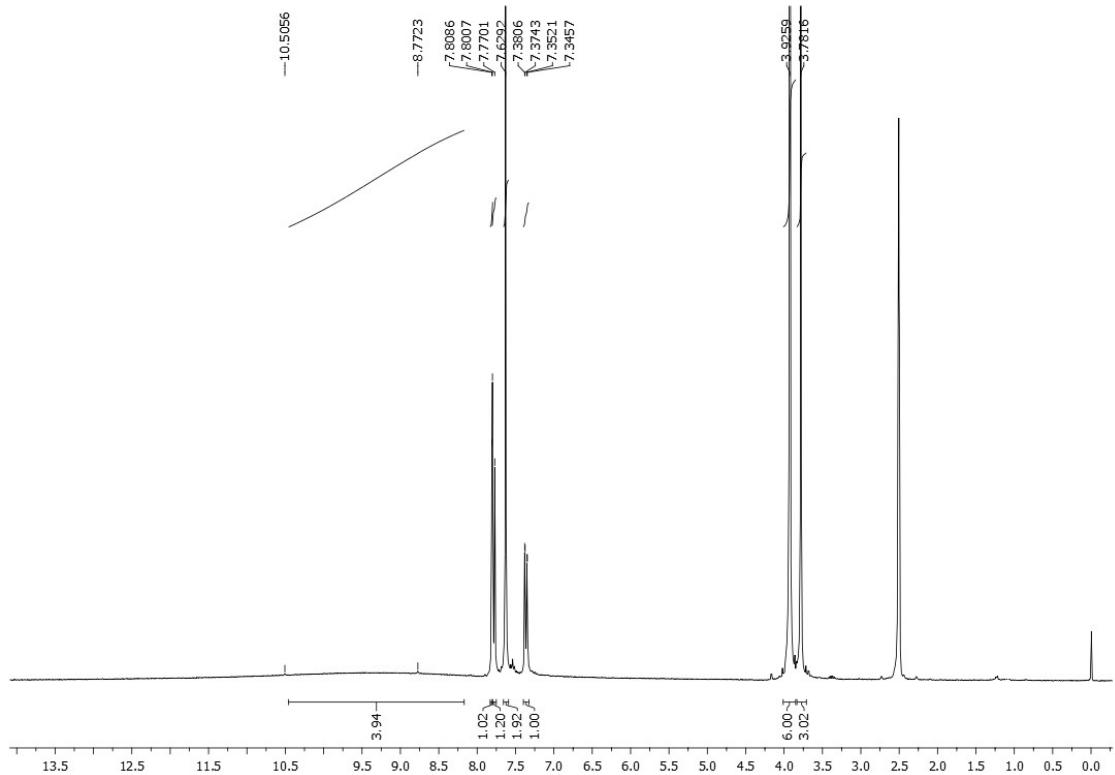


Figure S27. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *N*-(6-aminobenzimidazol-2-yl)-3,4,5-trimethoxybenzamide hydrochloride **20**.

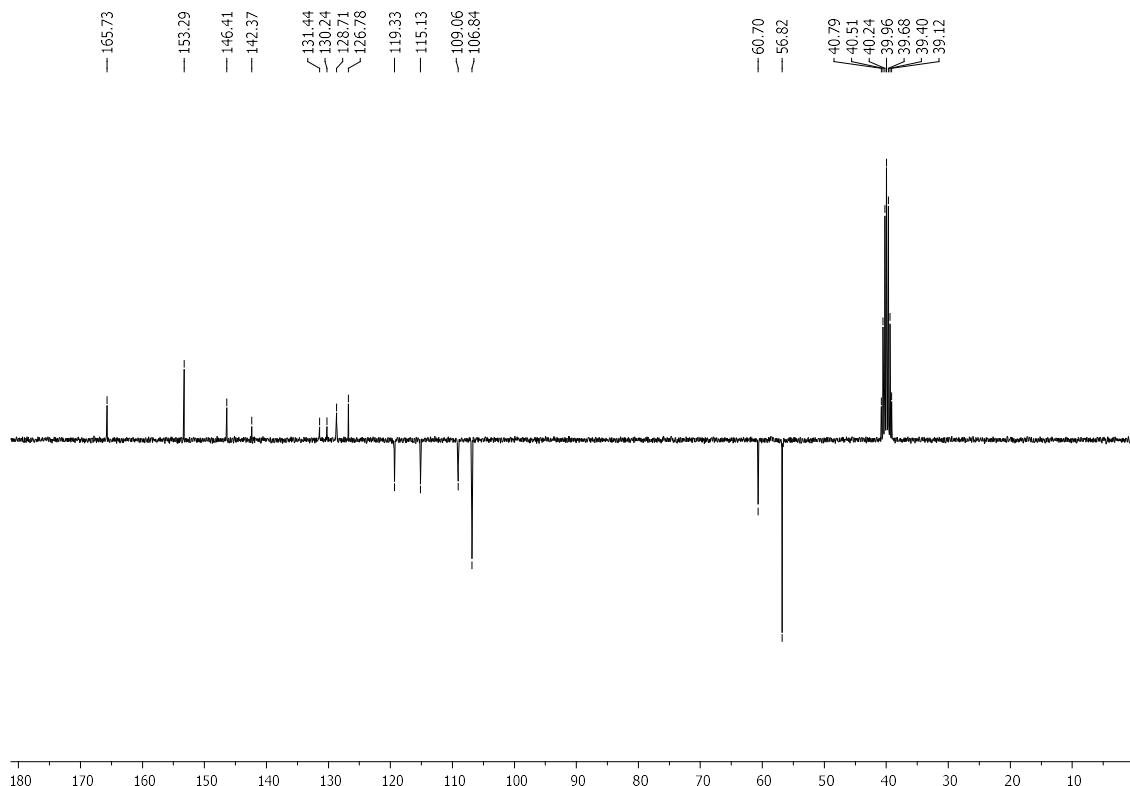


Figure S28. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 75 MHz) of *N*-(6-aminobenzimidazol-2-yl)-3,4,5-trimethoxybenzamide hydrochloride **20**.

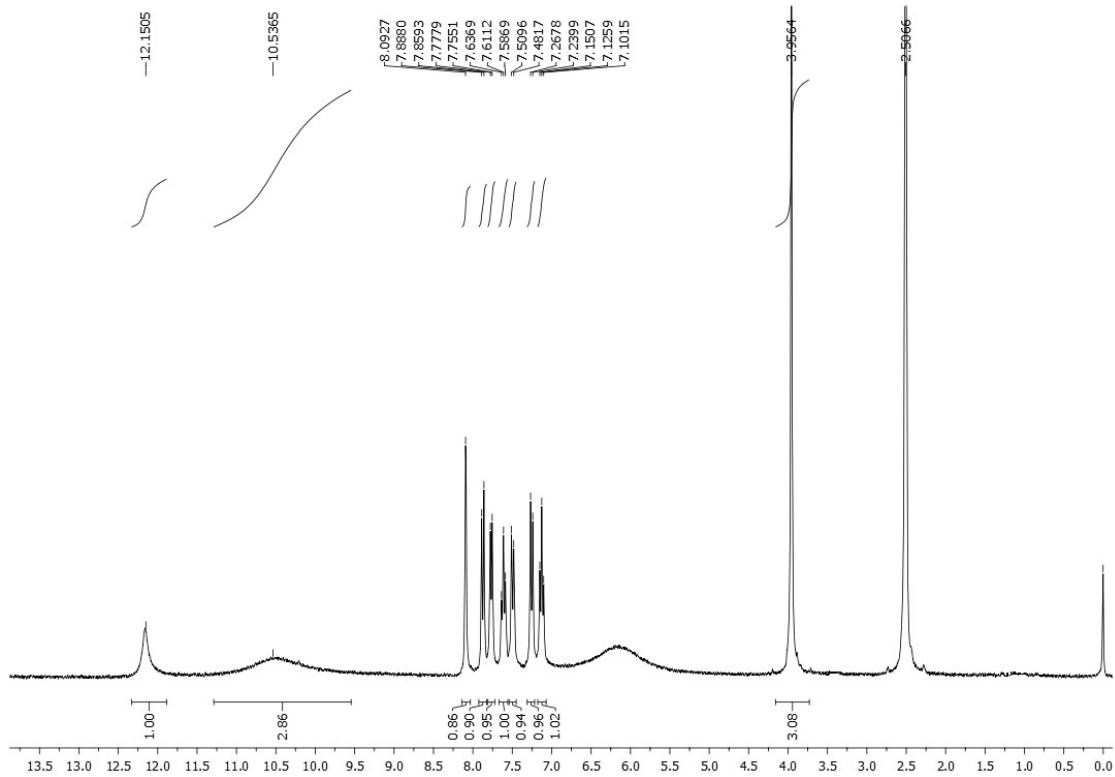


Figure S29. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *N*-(6-aminobenzothiazol-2-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide hydrochloride **21**.

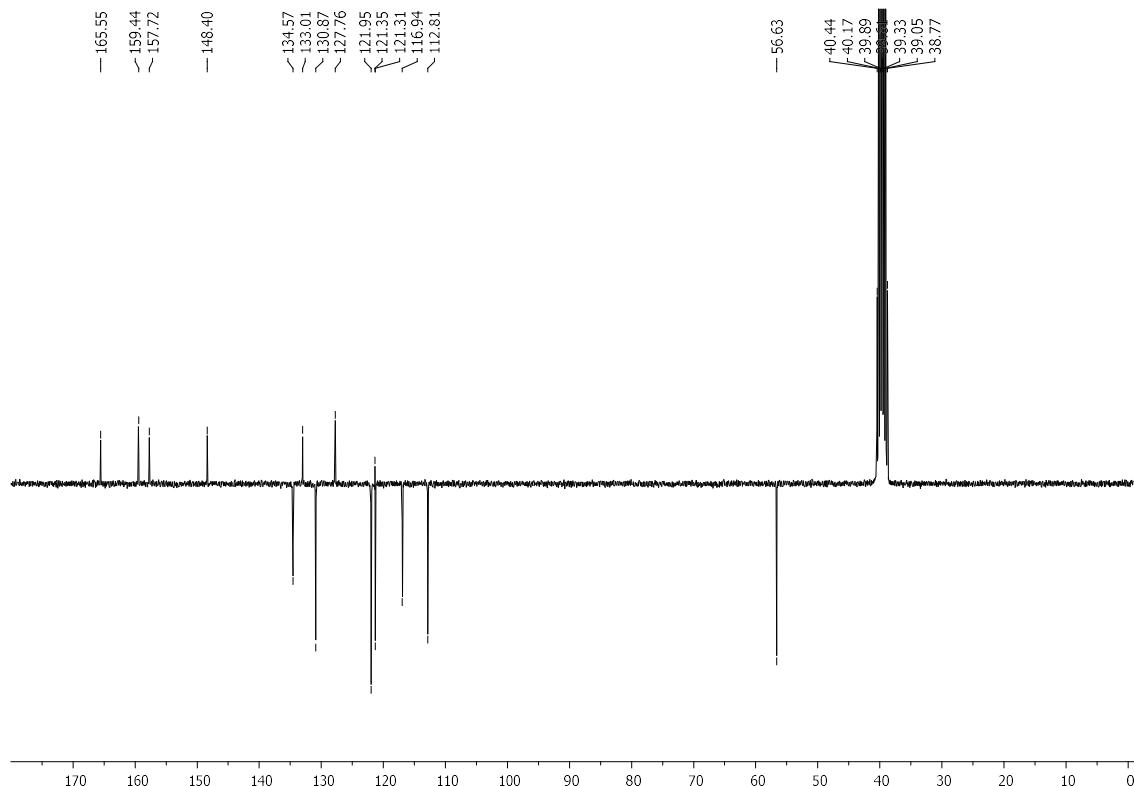


Figure S30. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 75 MHz) of *N*-(6-aminobenzothiazol-2-yl)-2-methoxybenzamide hydrochloride **21**.

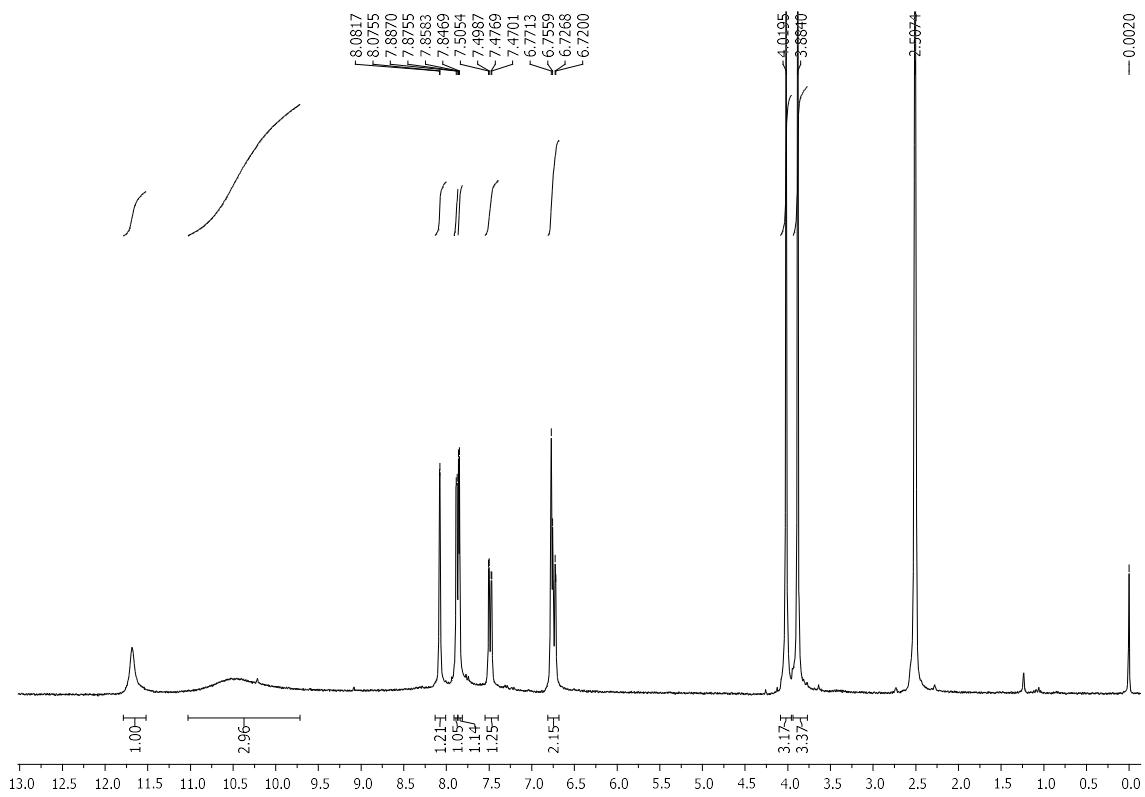


Figure S31. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *N*-(6-aminobenzothiazol-2-yl)-2,4-dimethoxybenzamide hydrochloride **22**.

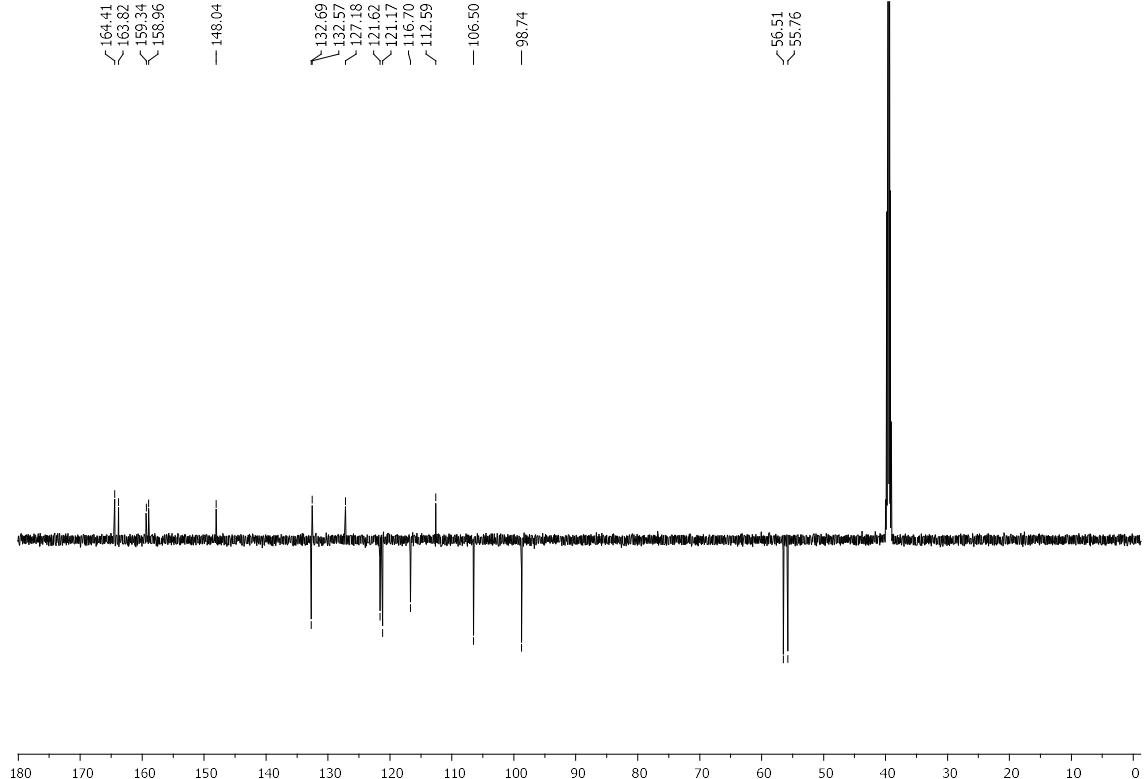


Figure S32. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 150 MHz) of *N*-(6-aminobenzothiazol-2-yl)-2,4-dimethoxybenzamide hydrochloride **22**.

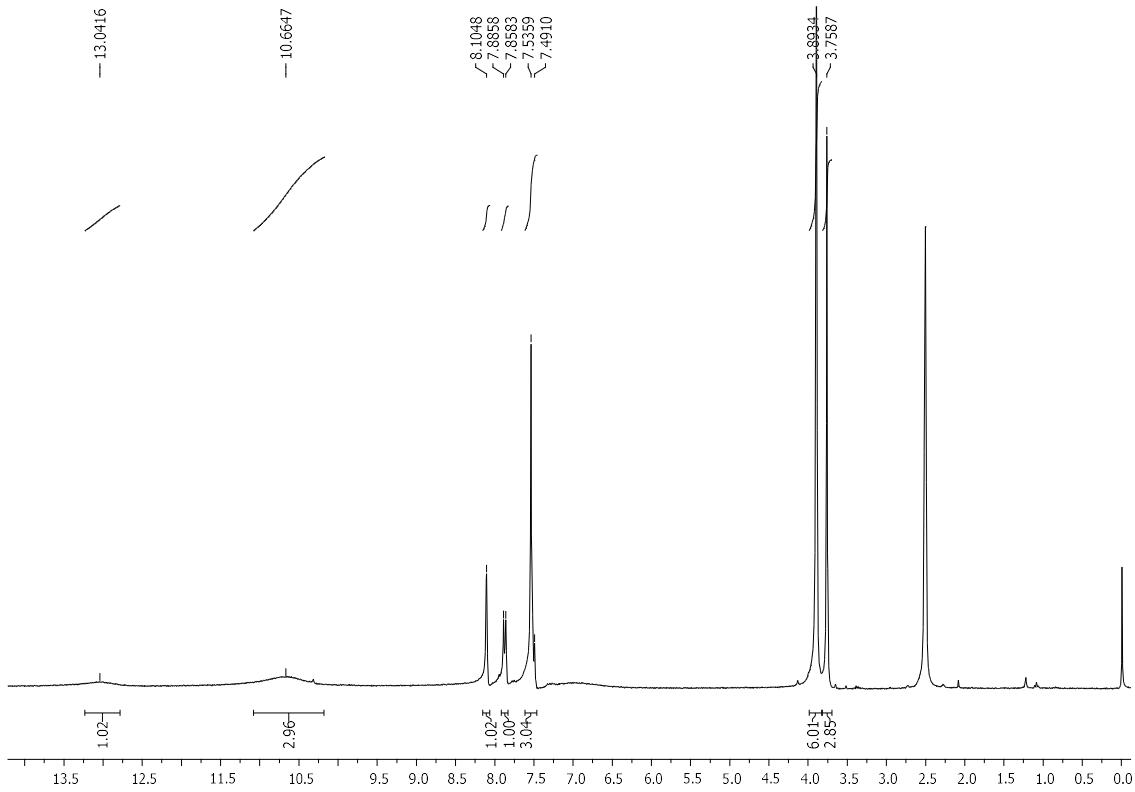


Figure S33. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *N*-(6-aminobenzothiazol-2-yl)-3,4,5-trimethoxybenzamide hydrochloride **23**.

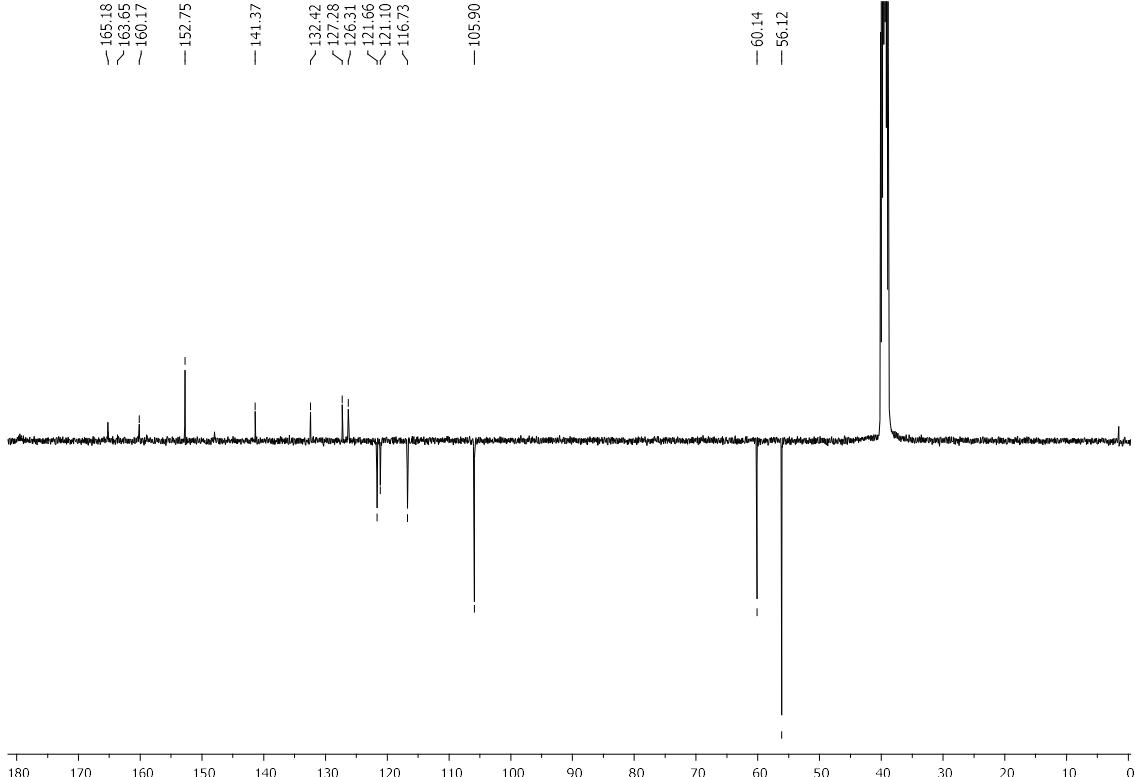


Figure S34. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 100 MHz) of *N*-(6-aminobenzothiazol-2-yl)-3,4,5-trimethoxybenzamide hydrochloride **23**.

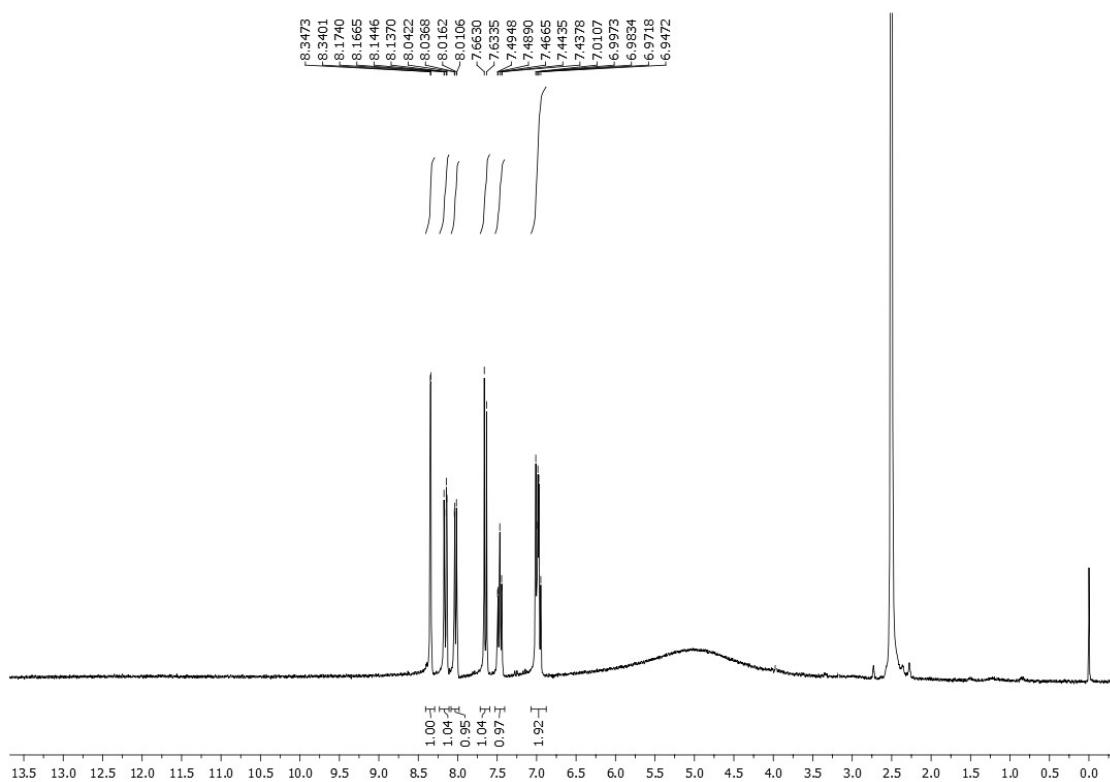


Figure S35. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *2-hydroxy-N-[5(6)-nitrobenzimidazol-2-yl]benzamide 24*.

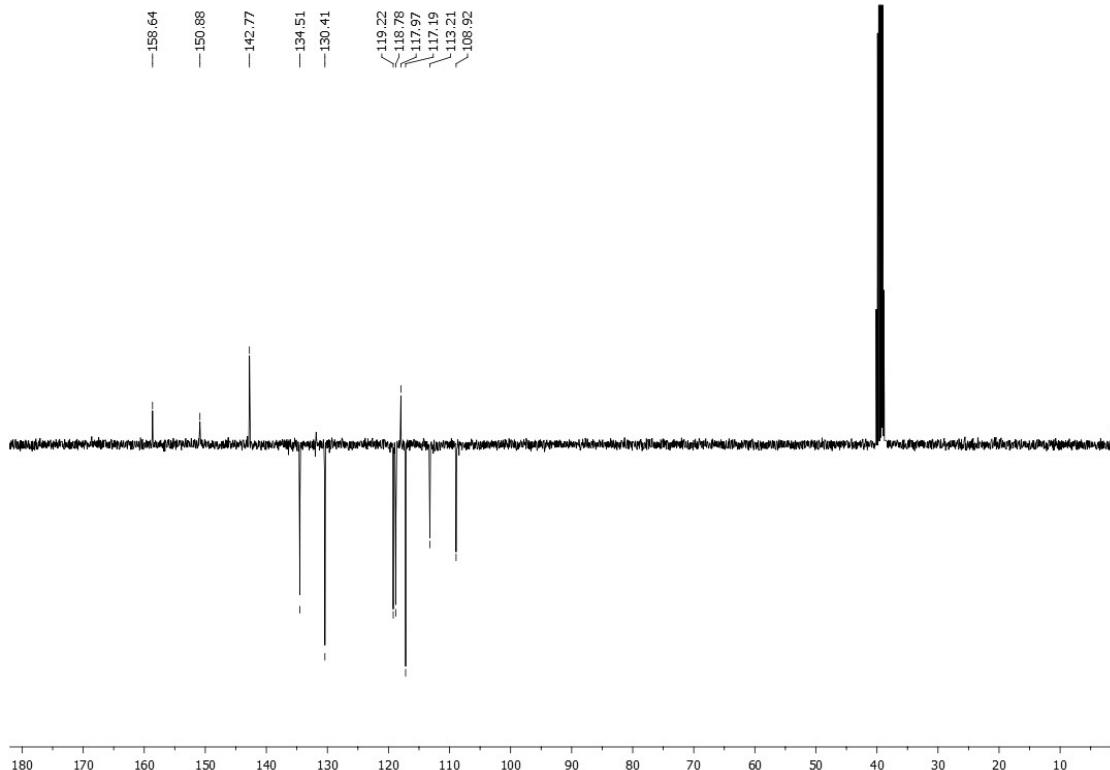


Figure S36. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 100 MHz) of *2-hydroxy-N-[5(6)-nitrobenzimidazol-2-yl]benzamide 24*.

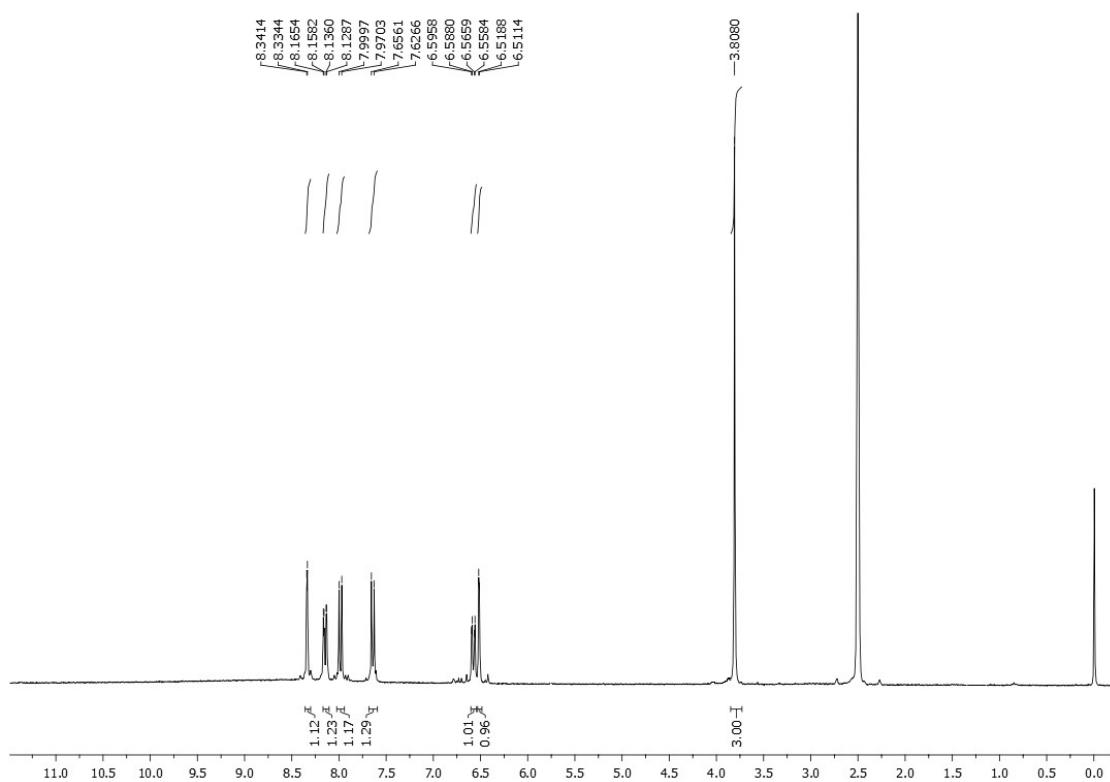


Figure S37. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *2-hydroxy-4-methoxy-N-[5(6)-nitrobenzimidazol-2-yl]benzamide* 25.

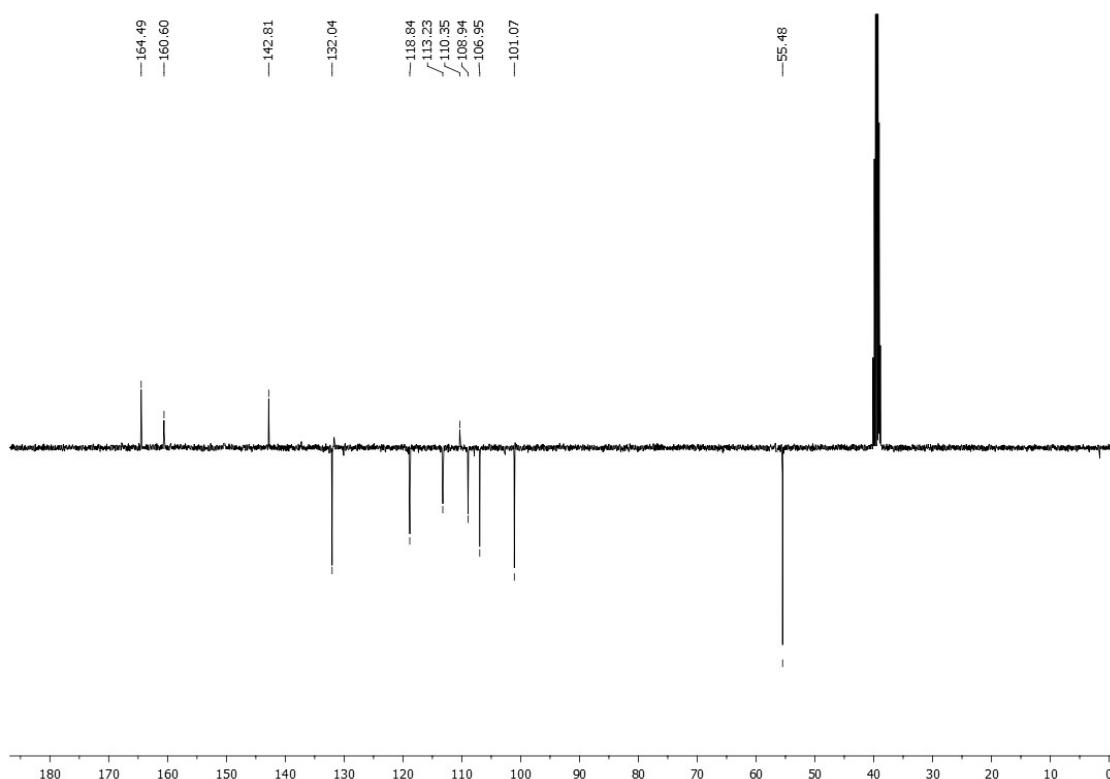


Figure S38. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 100 MHz) of *2-hydroxy-4-methoxy-N-[5(6)-nitrobenzimidazol-2-yl]benzamide* 25.

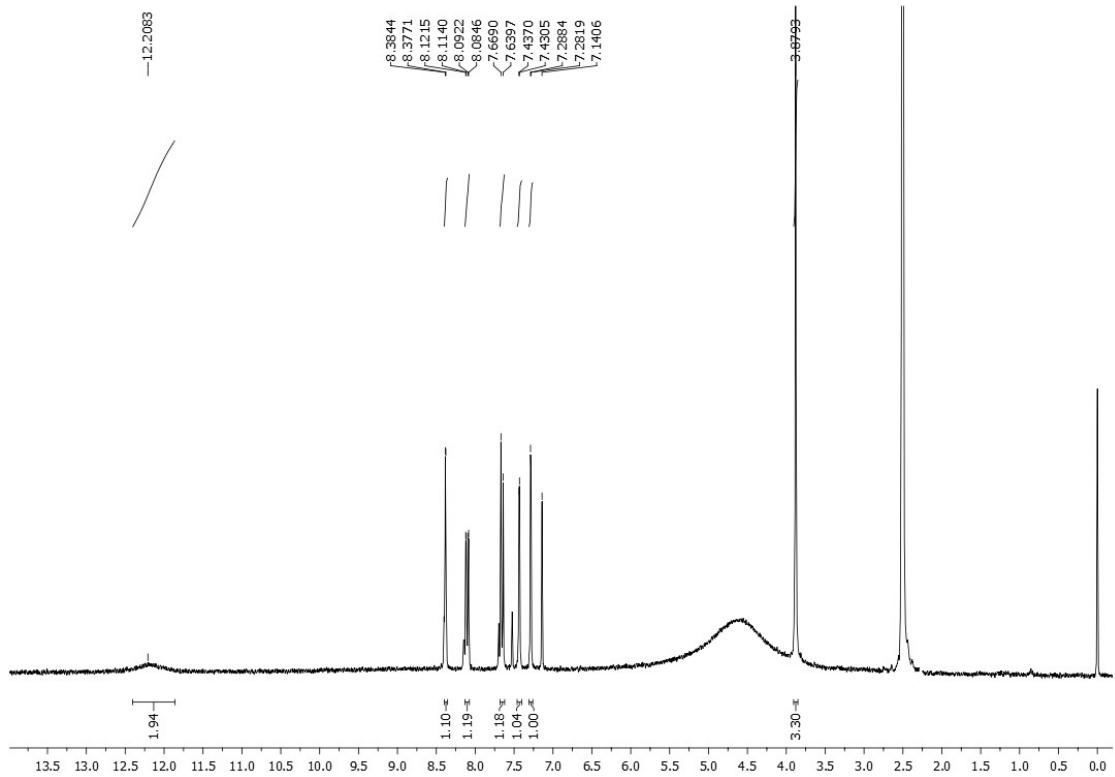


Figure S39. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *3,5-dihydroxy-4-methoxy-N-[5(6)-nitrobenzimidazol-2-yl]benzamide* 26.

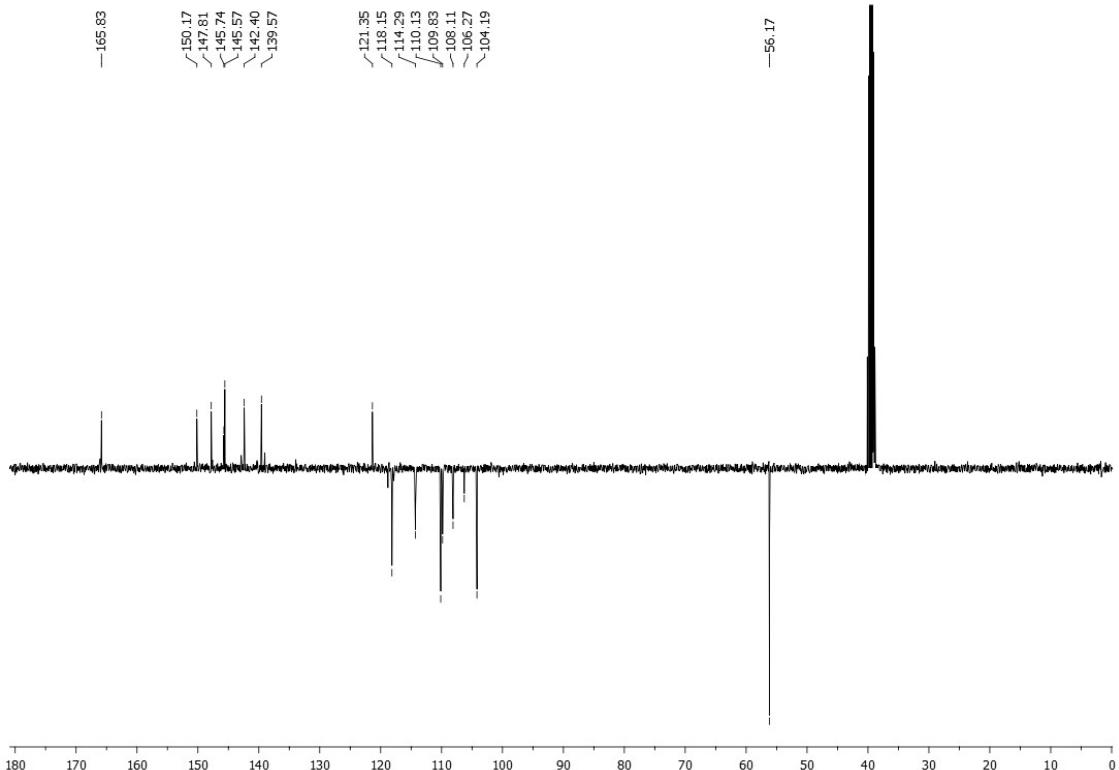


Figure S40. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 100 MHz) of *3,5-dihydroxy-4-methoxy-N-[5(6)-nitrobenzimidazol-2-yl]benzamide* 26.

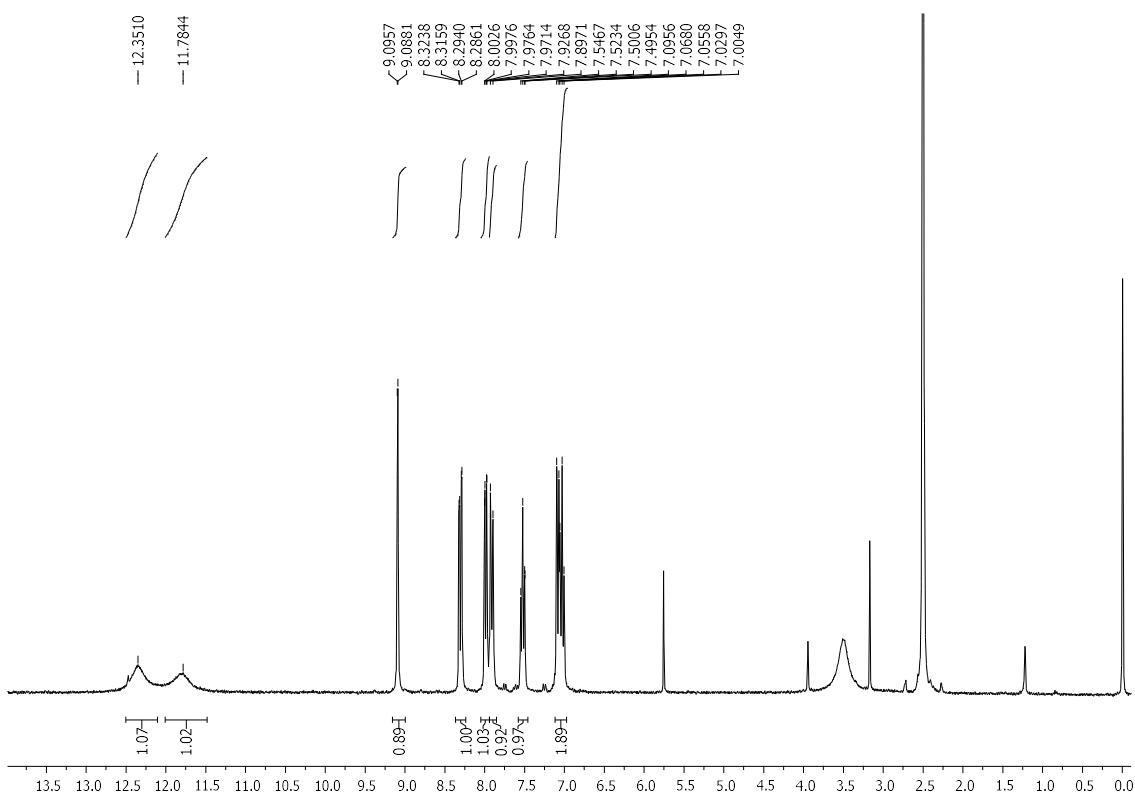


Figure S41. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *2-hydroxy-N-(6-nitrobenzothiazol-2-yl)benzamide* 27.

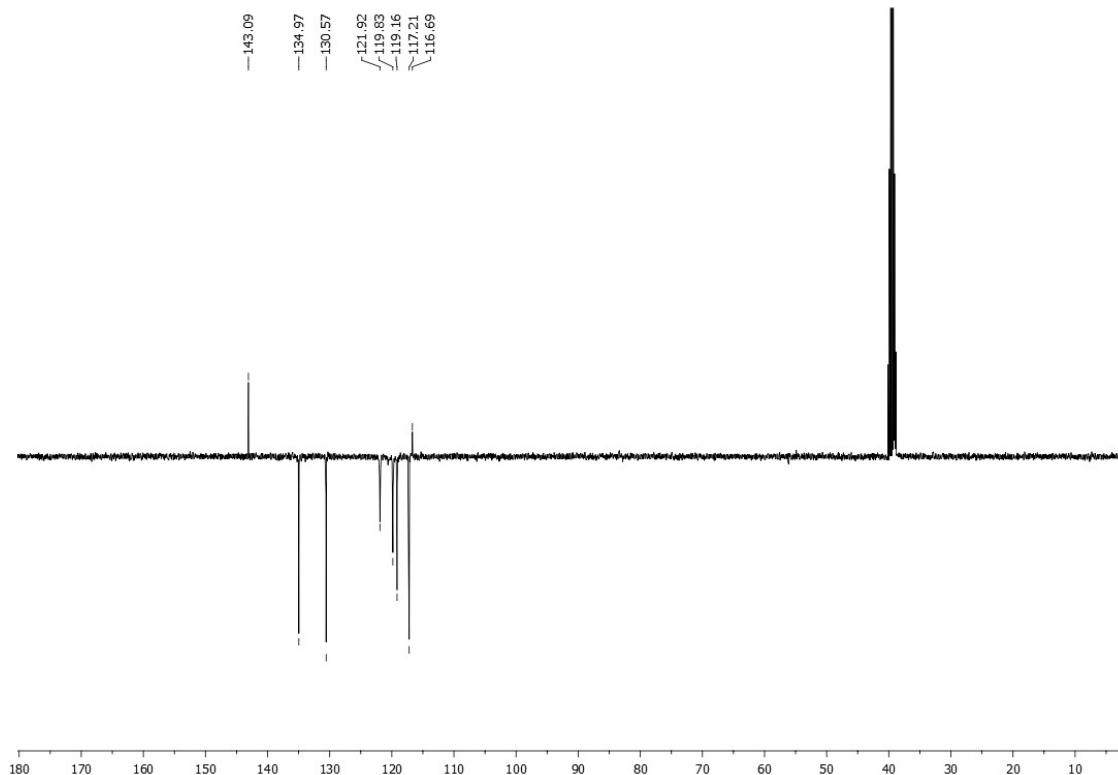


Figure S42. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 100 MHz) of *2-hydroxy-N-(6-nitrobenzothiazol-2-yl)benzamide* 27.

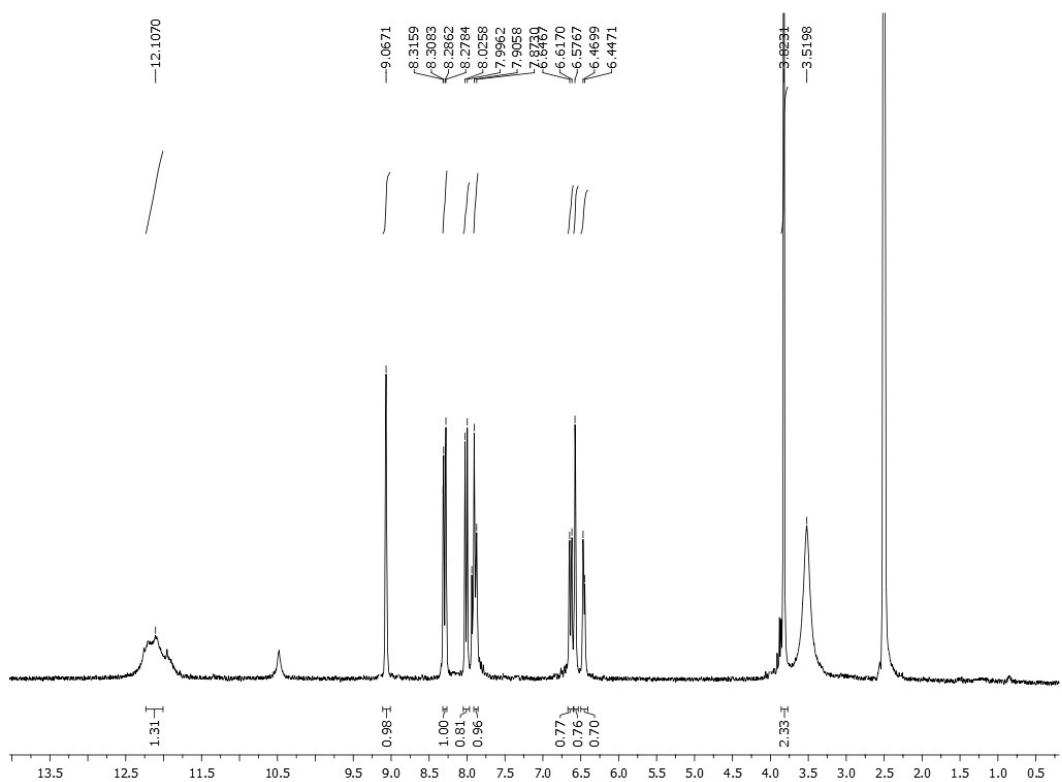


Figure S43. ^1H NMR spectrum ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, 300 MHz) of *2-hydroxy-4-methoxy-N-(6-nitrobenzothiazol-2-yl)benzamide* **28**.

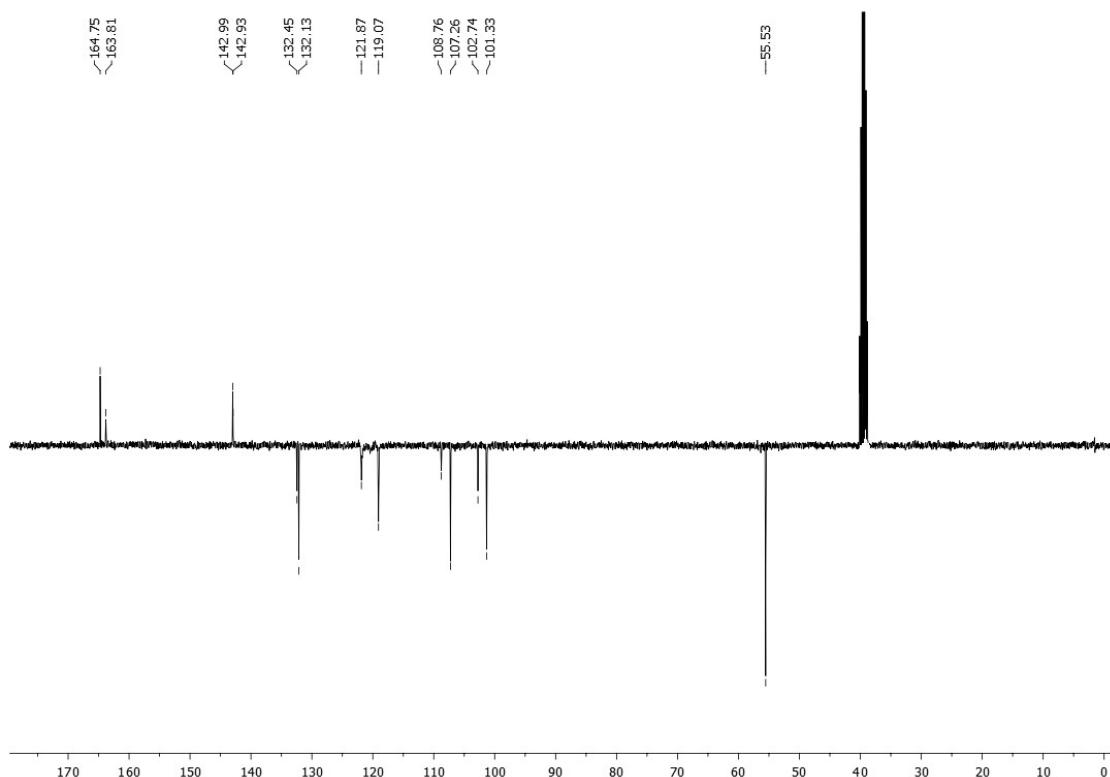


Figure S44. ^{13}C NMR spectrum ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$, 100 MHz) of *2-hydroxy-4-methoxy-N-(6-nitrobenzothiazol-2-yl)benzamide* **28**.

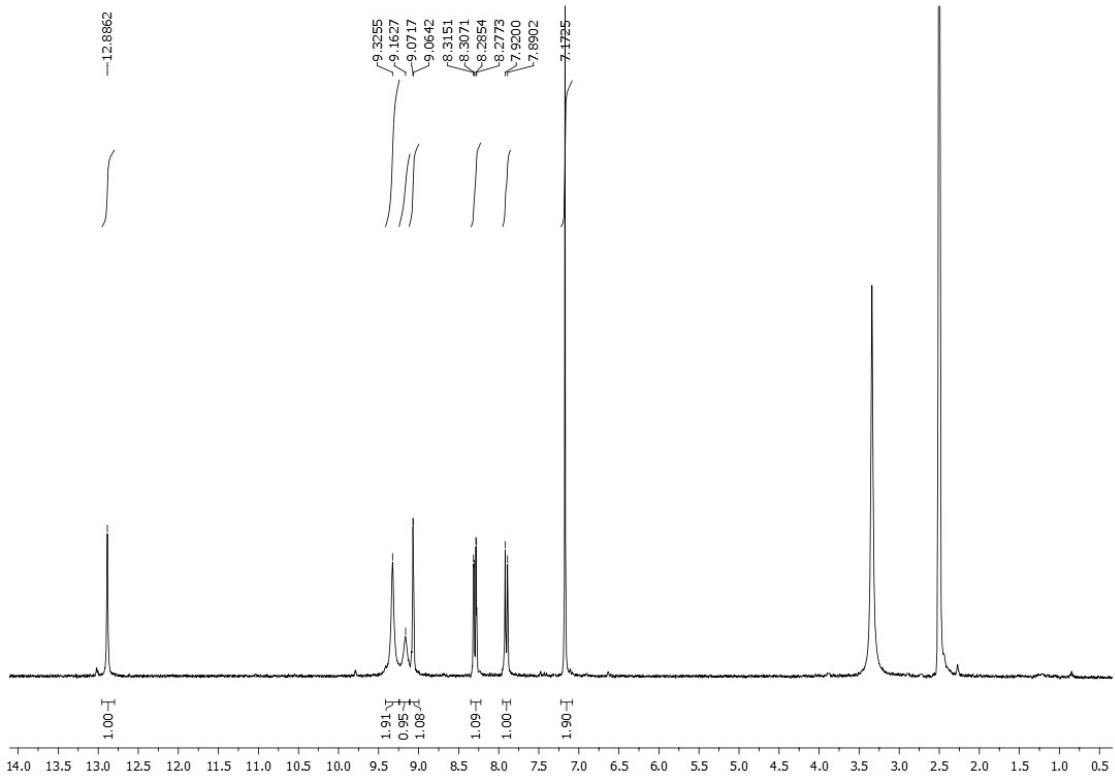


Figure S45. ¹H NMR spectrum (DMSO-*d*₆, 300 MHz) of *3,4,5-trihydroxy-N-(6-nitrobenzothiazol-2-yl)benzamide* 29.

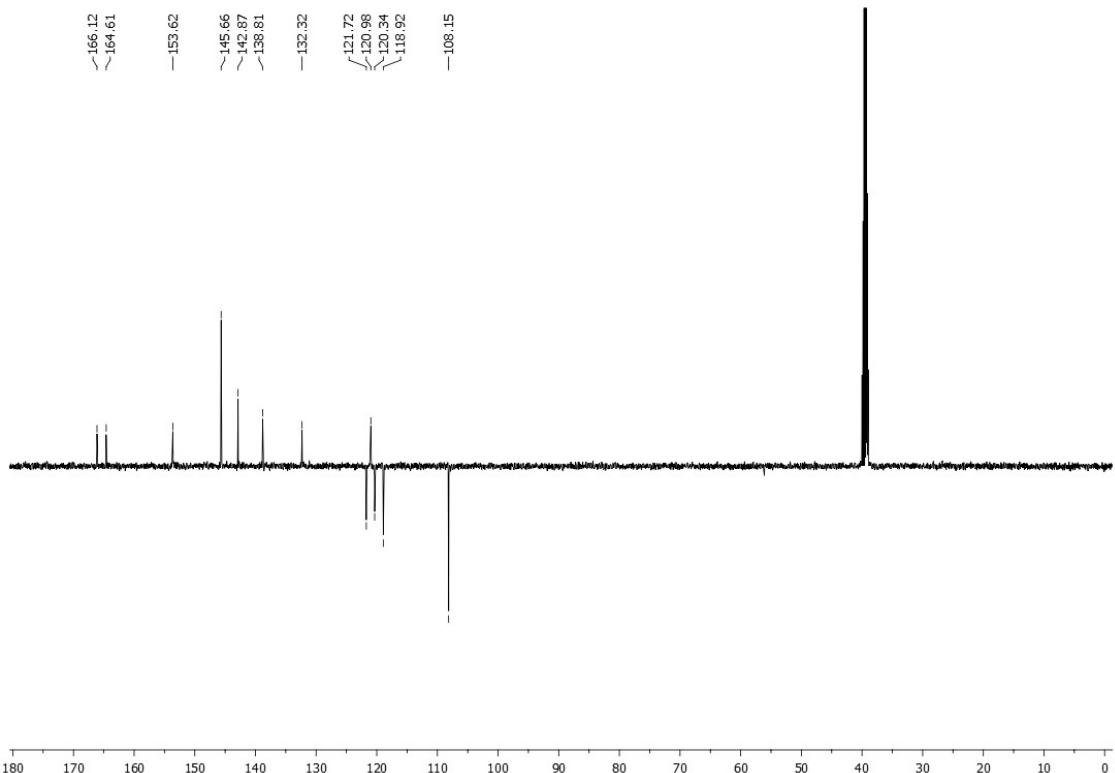


Figure S46. ¹³C NMR spectrum (DMSO-*d*₆, 125 MHz) of *3,4,5-trihydroxy-N-(6-nitrobenzothiazol-2-yl)benzamide* 29.

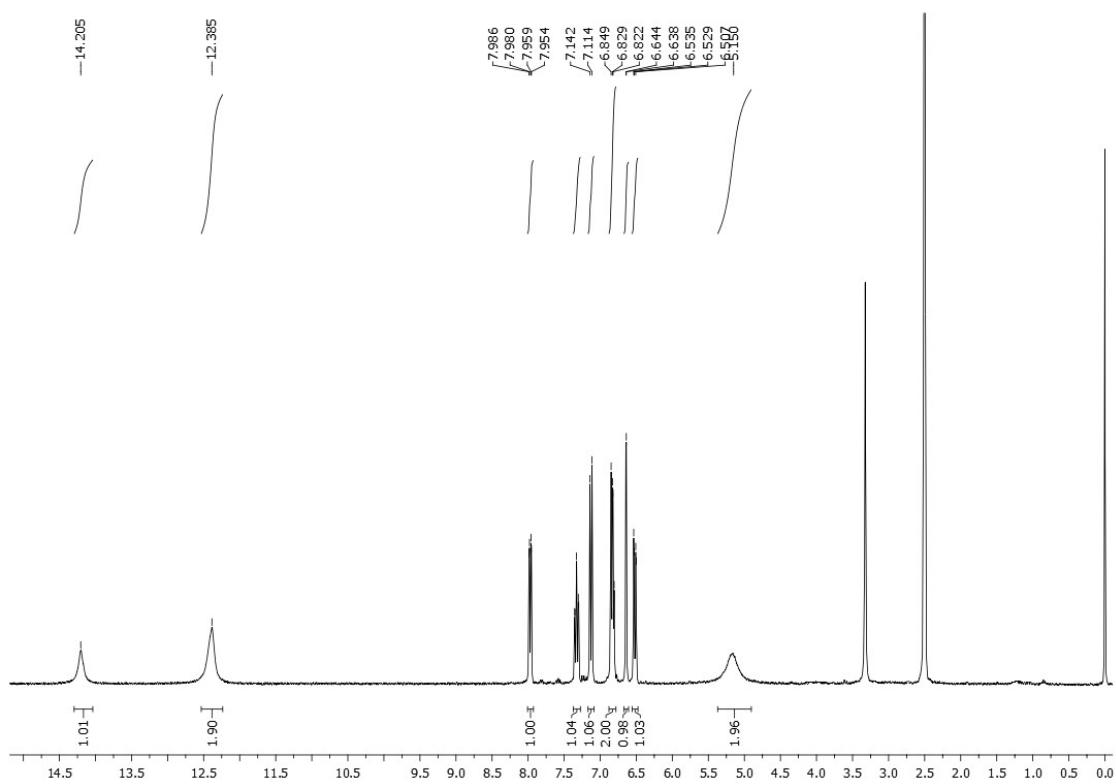


Figure S47. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *N*-(5(6)-aminobenzimidazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxybenzamide **30**.

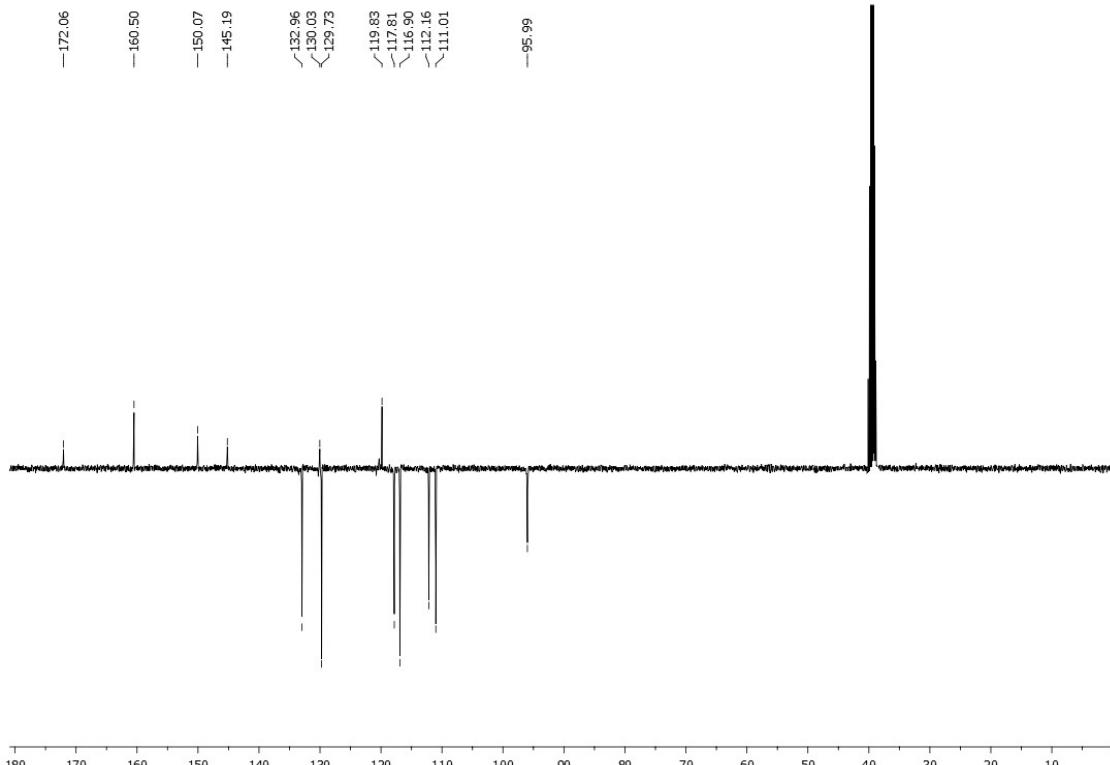


Figure S48. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 100 MHz) of *N*-(5(6)-aminobenzimidazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxybenzamide **30**.

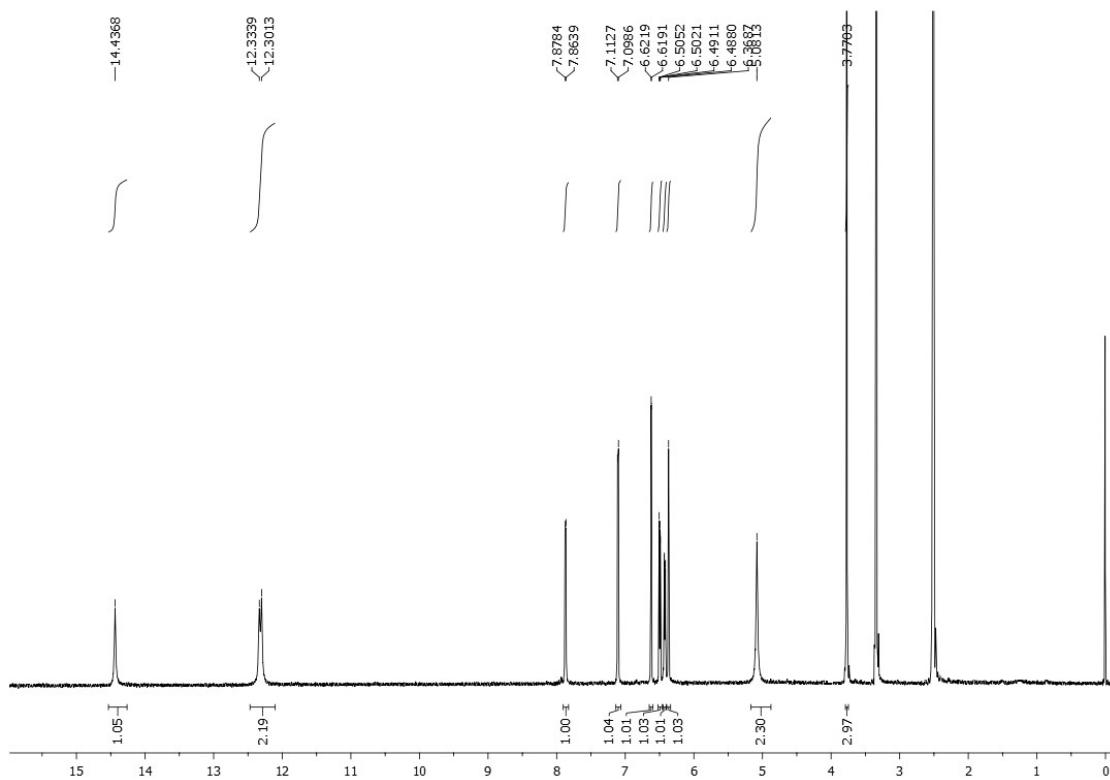


Figure S49. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *N*-(5(6)-aminobenzimidazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzamide **31**.

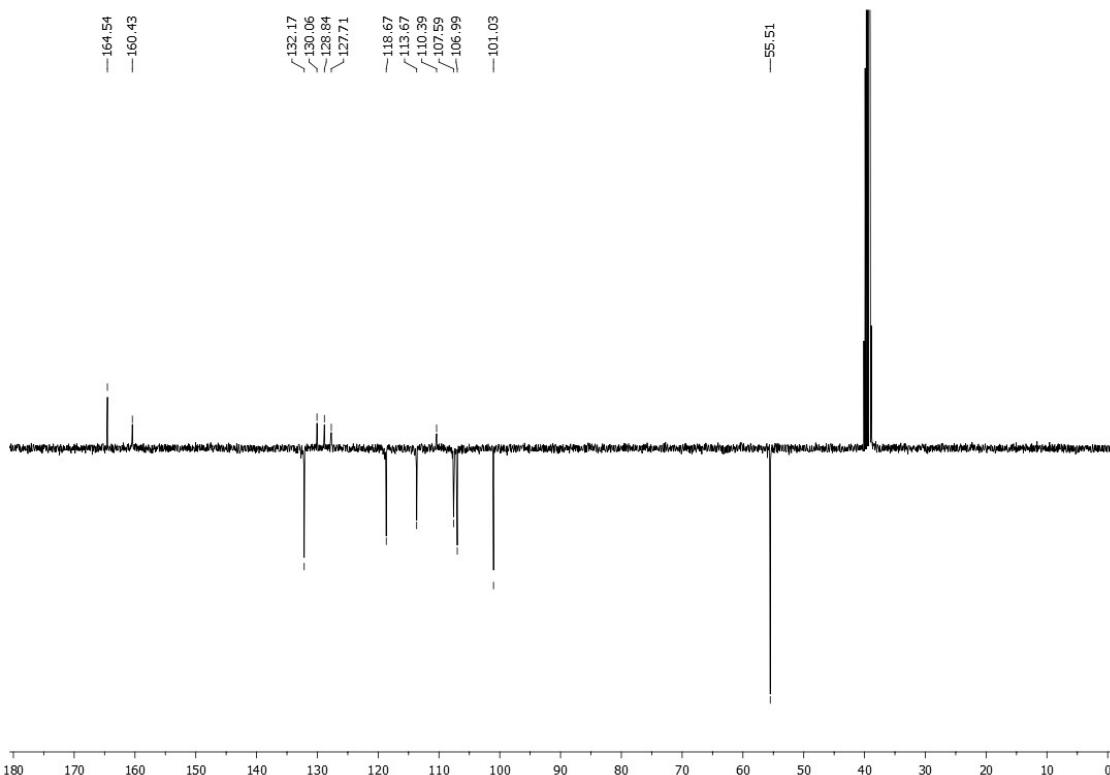


Figure S50. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 100 MHz) of *N*-(5(6)-aminobenzimidazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzamide **31**.

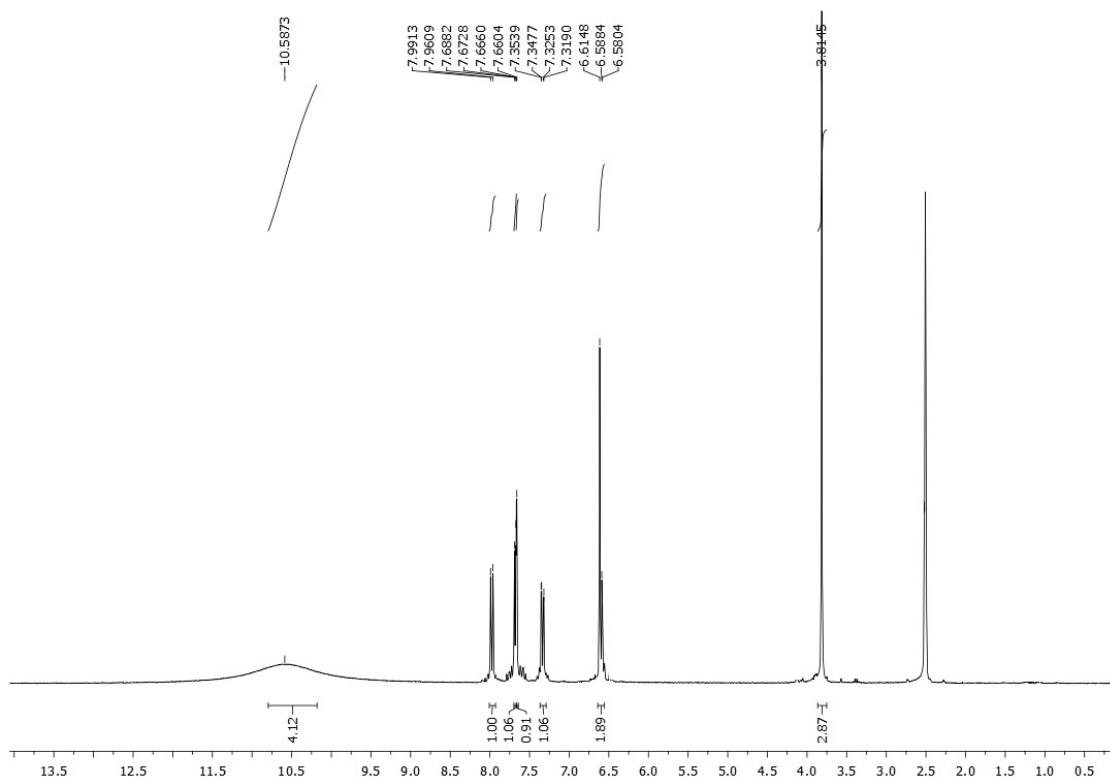


Figure S51. ^1H NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 300 MHz) of *N*-(5(6)-aminobenzimidazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzamide 32.

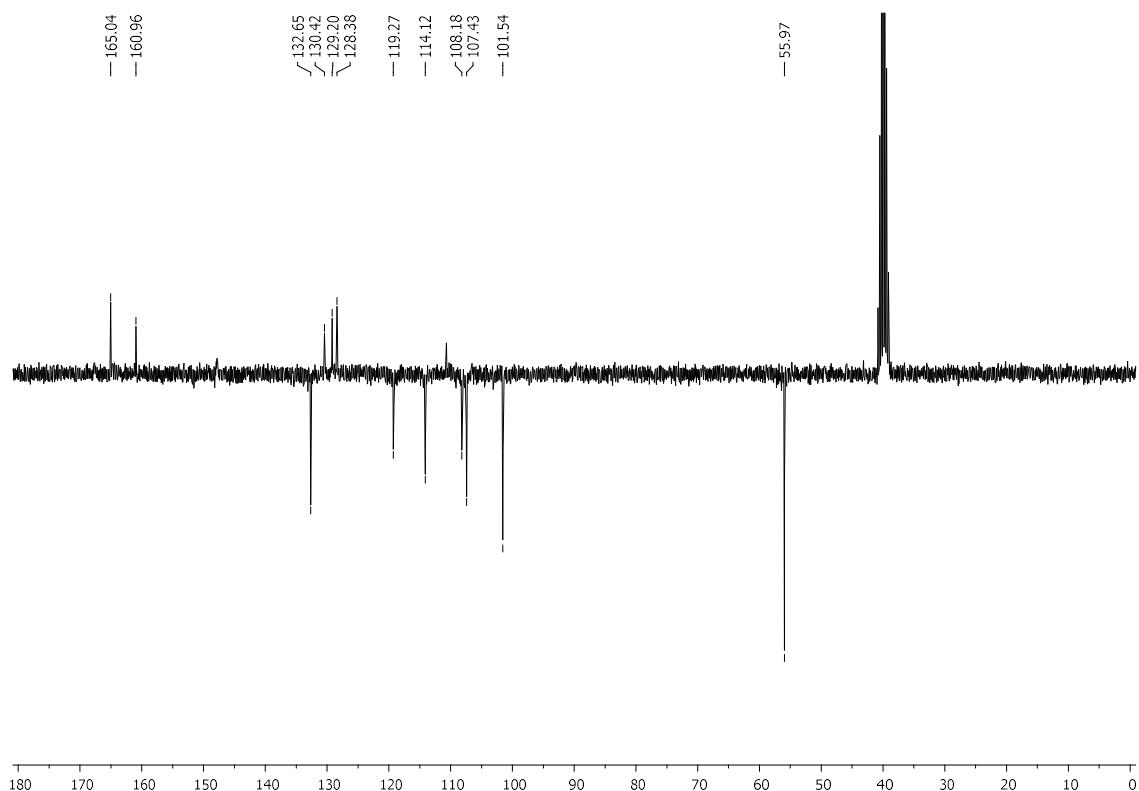


Figure S52. ^{13}C NMR spectrum (DMSO- d_6 , 75 MHz) of *N*-(5(6)-aminobenzimidazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzamide 32.

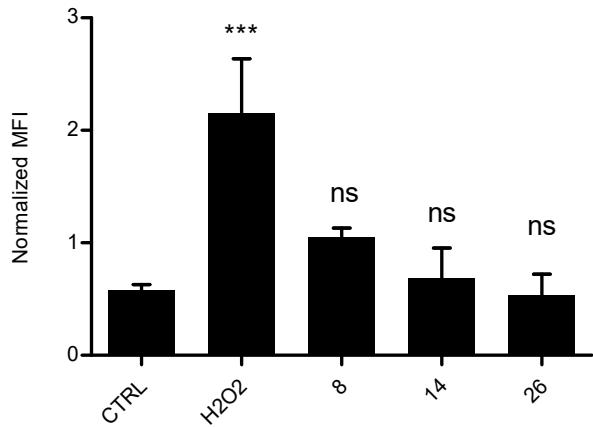


Figure S53. Impact of compounds on cellular ROS production was measured with fluorescent dye DCF-DA in HCT116 cell line, after the treatment with 10 μ M compounds for 1h. H₂O₂ was used as a positive control. Data presented here are the results of 3 independent measurements, done in duplicates. One-way ANOVA with Tukey's post-hoc test was used for statistical analysis, ***- p < 0.001.

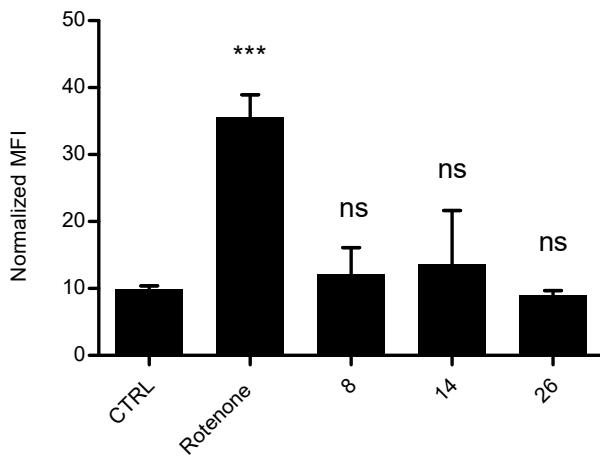


Figure S54. Impact of compounds on mitochondrial ROS production was measured with fluorescent dye MitoSOX in HCT116 cell line, after the treatment with 10 μ M compounds for 1h. Rotenone, which interferes with electron transport chain in mitochondria and induces ROS formation was used as a positive control. Data presented here are the results of 3 independent measurements, done in duplicates. One-way ANOVA with Tukey's post-hoc test was used for statistical analysis, ***- p < 0.001.

Materials and methods

Cell culturing

Human colon carcinoma cell line HCT116 was grown in DMEM medium with the addition of 10% fetal bovine serum (FBS), 2 mM L-glutamine, 100 U/ml penicillin and 100 µg/ml streptomycin, and cultured as monolayers at 37°C in a humidified atmosphere with 5% CO₂.

Cellular ROS measurement assay

For the cellular ROS measurement assay, 2.5×10^4 cells were seeded into 96-well microtiter plates 24h prior to experiment. Next day, cells were trypsinized and incubated in FBS-free DMEM medium with 20 µM DCFH-DA fluorescence dye for 45 minutes. After the incubation, compounds were added without washing and cells were treated with 2 mM H₂O₂ as a positive control and 10 µM compounds **8**, **14** and **26** for 1 hour. Cells were washed in PBS and DCFH-DA signal was measured by flow cytometry, in FL1 channel.

Mitochondrial ROS measurement assay

For the mitochondrial ROS measurement assay, 2.5×10^4 cells were seeded into 96-well microtiter plates 24h prior to experiment. Next day, cells were trypsinized and treated with 3 µM Rotenone as a positive control and 10 µM compounds **8**, **14** and **26** for 1 hour. After the treatment, cells were stained, without washing, with 5 µM MitoSOX fluorescent dye for 30 minutes. Cells were washed in PBS and MitoSOX signal was measured by flow citometry, in FL2 channel.