Supplementary Material

| | D-Dimers Staging at Peak | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|
| | Stage 1 <3 ULN (<i>n</i> = 67) | Stage 2 3–6 ULN (<i>n</i> = 30) | Stage 3 >6 ULN (<i>n</i> = 26) | <i>p</i> value |
| Minimal (<10%) | 10 (14.9) | 2 (6.7) | 1 (3.8) | |
| Moderate (10–25%) | 27 (40.3) | 12 (40.0) | 4 (15.4) | 0.001 |
| Severe (25–50%) | 22 (32.8) | 10 (33.3) | 6 (23.1) | 0.001 |
| Critical (>50%) | 8 (11.9) | 6 (20.0) | 15 (57.7) | - |

Table S1. Lung parenchymal involvement assessed by chest computed tomography according to D-dimers staging at peak.

Data are presented as *n* (%). Abbreviation: ULN, upper limit of normal.

Table S2. Outcomes according to D-Dimers staging at admission.

| | D-Dimers Staging at Admission | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|
| | Stage 1 <3 ULN (<i>n</i> = 79) | Stage 2 3–6 ULN (<i>n</i> = 23) | Stage 3 >6 ULN (<i>n</i> = 16) | <i>p</i> value |
| Critical pulmonary injuries (>50%) | 11 (13.9) | 9 (39.1) | 7 (43.8) | 0.004 |
| Transfer to ICU or in-hospital death | 22 (27.8) | 12 (52.2) | 5 (31.2) | 0.091 |
| ICU Transfer | 22 (27.8) | 11 (47.8) | 5 (31.2) | 0.196 |
| In-hospital death | 0 (0.0) | 1 (4.3) | 1 (6.2) | 0.115 |
| Discharged alive | 65 (95.6) | 20 (90.9) | 13 (86.7) | 0.400 |
| Lung injuries extent Minimal (<10%) | 12 (15.2) | 1 (4.3) | 1 (6.2) | |
| Moderate (10-25%) | 32 (40.5) | 5 (21.7) | 4 (25) | 0.020 |
| Severe (25–50%) | 24 (30.4) | 8 (34.8) | 4 (25) | 0.038 |
| Critical (>50%) | 11 (13.9) | 9 (39.1) | 7 (43.8) | |

Data are presented as *n* (%). Abbreviation: ICU, intensive care unit; ULN, upper limit of normal.

| | Univariable Analysis | | Multivariable Analysis | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------|
| | OR [95%CI] | <i>p</i> Value | OR [95%CI] | <i>p</i> Value |
| Age | 0.98 [0.95–1.00] | 0.089 | | |
| Male | 2.45 [1.08-5.55] | 0.031 | 1.49 [0.47-4.73] | 0.496 |
| BMI >30 kg/m ² | 1.07 [0.47-2.43] | 0.858 | | |
| Fibrinogen at admission | 1.38 [0.99–1.92] | 0.054 | | |
| Fibrinogen at peak | 1.48 [1.12–1.95] | 0.006 | 1.22 [0.87–1.71] | 0.234 |
| CRP at admission | 1.00 [0.99–1.00] | 0.128 | | |
| CRP at peak | 1.01 [1.00-1.01] | < 0.001 | 1.00 [0.99–1.01] | 0.330 |
| Leukocytes at admission | 0.96 [0.85-1.09] | 0.619 | | |
| Leukocytes at peak | 1.00 [0.98-1.02] | 0.460 | | |
| Lymphocytes at admission | 0.59 [0.24–1.46] | 0.258 | | |
| Procalcitonin at admission | 0.93 [0.82–1.06] | 0.318 | | |
| BNP at admission | 0.99 [0.99–1.00] | 0.301 | | |
| D-Dimers staging at admission | 1.17 [0.68–1.99] | 0.556 | | |
| D-Dimers staging at peak | 2.91 [1.76-4.83] | < 0.001 | 2.50 [1.27-4.93] | 0.008 |

Table S3. Predictive factors for the occurrence of the composite of in-hospital death or transfer to the intensive care unit.

Abbreviations: BMI, body mass index; BNP, B-type natriuretic peptide; CI, confidence interval; CRP, C-reactive protein; OR, odds ratio.