

Supplementary Materials

Table S1. Characteristics of studies reporting outcomes of TMZ in NENs.

CI: Confidence Intervals; CR: Complete Response; MGMT: O6-methylguanine DNA methyltransferase; NENs: NeuroEndocrine Neoplasms; NR: Not Reported; OS: Overall Survival; PR: Partial Response; PS: Performance Status; pts: patients; PD: Progressive Disease; RFA: Radio-Frequency Ablation; RT: RadioTherapy; SD: Stable Disease; TACE: Trans-Arterial Chemo-Embolization; TAE: Trans-Arterial Embolization; TMZ: temozolomide; TTP: time-to-progression.

Year, First Author	Type of NENs	PS of pts	Line of therapy	Associa- tion with other drugs	Prospecti- ve	TMZ doses	Treatmen- t exposure	Toxicity (G3/G4 total events)	Objective responses	Time- to- outcom- e results	MGMT evaluatio- n
2006, Kulke MH	Locally unresectab- le or metastatic neuroendo- crine tumors, excluding small-cell carcinoma.	ECOG 0: 20 1: 9	Pts received from 0 to 4 previous systemic therapies. Previous TACE in 3 pts. Eleven patients received prior therapy with octreotide and remained on octreotide during study.	Yes (Thalido- mide)	Yes (phase II, primary objective was to determine the response rate)	150 mg/mq, days 1–7 and days 15–21 every 28 days.	Median: 7.3 months (range: 1– 23).	Hematolog- ic: 29 Non- hematologi- c: 30	28 evaluable pts CR: 1 PR: 6 SD: 19 PD: 2	Median TTP: not reached. Median OS: not reached. The 1– year survival rate was 79%, and the 2-year survival rate was 61%.	Not done.
2007, Eklebad S	All advanced or progressing NENs.	NR	Pts received from 0 to 6 previous systemic therapies.	No	No	100–150 mg/mq, days 1–5 every 28. (dose was escalated to 200 mg/mq/d in 20 pts).	Median: 4.5 cycles (range: 0– 17).	Hematolog- ic: 8 Non- hematologi- c: 3	CR: 0 PR: 5 SD: 19 PD: 12	Median TTP: 7 months (95%CI: 3–10). Median OS: 16 months (95%CI: 11–22).	Yes (23/36). No predictive power.
2011, Welin S	Poorly differentiat- ed endocrine carcinoma progressed on first- line chemother- apy.	Not detailed. All patients had a PS ECOG 0–2.	Twenty- four patients received cisplatin and etoposide as first line treatment, and 1 patient received docetaxel and doxorubici	Yes (TMZ alone –5 pts–or in combina- tion with capecita- bine –19 pts–. A subset –7pts– received also	No	Alone: 150–200 mg/mq, days 1–5 every 28 days. In combina- tion: 150 mg/m2, days 10– 14 every 28 days.	NR	Hematolog- ic: 2 Non- hematologi- c: 2	CR: 1 PR: 7 SD: 10 PD: 7	Median TTP: 6 months (95% CI, 4– 14). Median OS: 22 months (95% CI, 8– 27).	Only 1 patient had a MGMT methylation (This patient had a PR for 15 months and an OS of 22 months).

			n. Seven patients received docetaxel and doxorubicin as 2-line chemotherapy and were given TMZ therapy as 3-line therapy.	bevacizumab. One patient died after 2 months due to a myocardial infarction not suspected to be related to the disease or medication.								
2011, Strosberg JR 30	Metastatic, well, or moderately differentiated pancreatic endocrine carcinomas.	NR	First-line for advanced disease (pts treated prior octreotide, interferon-α, or hepatic artery embolization were included).	Yes (Capecitabine)	No	200 mg/mq, days 10–14 every 28 days.	Median: 8 cycles (range 3–23).	Hematologic: 2 Non-hematologic: 2	CR: 0 PR: 21 SD: 8 PD: 1	Median TTP: 18 months (95% CI: 9–31) 2-year OS: 92% (95% CI, 72–98).	Not done.	
2012, Koumarianou A 15	advanced NETs (Ki67 < 20%) who progressed after at least one regimen of chemotherapy	NR	Pts received from 1 to 3 previous systemic therapies. Other previous therapies were: interferon (7), octreotide long-acting release (15) Everolimus (1), radiolabeled peptides (2), surgery (6).	Yes (Bevacizumab and octreotide long-acting release.	Yes (pilot study to assess toxicity and activity)	Continuous standard daily dose of 100 mg before bedtime.	Median: 12 cycles (range 4–20).	Hematologic: 0 Non-hematologic: 1	14 evaluable pts CR: 1 PR: 8 SD: 3 PD: 2	Median TTP: 36 weeks (range: 10–60 weeks, 95% CI: 25.2–41.8).	Not done.	
2012, Chan JA 34	Metastatic or locally unresectable NETs (carcinoids)	ECOG 0: 12 1: 20 2: 2	Pts received from 0 to “2 or more” previous	Yes (Bevacizumab)	Yes (phase II study, primary objectives were	150mg/mq, days 1–7 and days 15–21 every 28 days.	Median: 4 cycles (range 1–39).	Hematologic: 29 Non-hematologic: 13	31 evaluable pts CR: 0 PR: 5	Median TTP: 11.0 months	Not done	

	and pNETs), excluding small-cell carcinoma.		systemic therapies including octreotide, chemotherapy, interferons, sunitinib. Previous TAE in 11 pts, RFA in 3, RT in 4.		activity and toxicity)				SD: 22 PD: 4	(95%CI, 7.3–Not reached). Median OS: 33.3 months (95%CI, 13.4–41.7).	
2012, Holsen IH 28	Metastatic NEC (Ki-67 > 20%).	ECOG 0–1: 22 2: 6	Second-line after previous exposure to carboplatin and etoposide. Pts received from 1 to 3 previous systemic therapies. Previous TAE/TACE in 4 pts. One resection of PT.	No	No	200 mg/mq, days 1–5 every 28 days.	Median: 3 cycles (range 1–12).	Hematologic: 3 Non-hematologic: NR	16 evaluable pts CR: 0 PR: 0 SD: 10 PD: 6	Median TTP: 2.4 months. Median OS: 3.5 months.	Not done.
2013, Saif MW 7	Metastatic pNETs	ECOG 0: 1 1: 4 2: 2		Yes (capecitabine)	No	200 mg/mq, days 10–14 of a 28-day cycle	NR	Hematologic: 1 Non-hematologic: 1	CR: 0 PR: 3 SD: 2 PD: 2	Median TTP: 12 months (range: 10–16). Median OS: 24 months. (range: NR)	Not done.
2013, Chan JA 43	Low- or intermediate-grade metastatic or locally unresectable pNETs.	ECOG 0: 20 1: 23	Number of previous systemic therapies (other than octreotide) were 0 in 77%, 1 in 16% and 2 in 7% of pts. One patient received also TACE, 3 pts RT.	Yes (everolimus)	Yes (phase I/II, primary objective was to determine the response rate).	150 mg/mq, days 1–7 and days 15–21 every 28 days.	Median: 8.5 cycles (range 1–28).	Hematologic: 36 Non-hematologic: 29	40 evaluable pts CR: 0 PR: 16 SD: 21 PD: 3	Median TTP: 15.4 months (95% CI, 9.4–20.4). Median OS was not reached.	Not done.
2013, Fine RL 18	Metastatic, well differentiated neuroendocrine cancers.	ECOG 0: 4 1: 9 2: 5	All pts progressed on Sandostatin LAR 60 mg/month. Pts received a median of 2 previous chemotherapy lines (range: 1–5). Previous	Yes (capecitabine)	No	150–200 mg/mq, days 10–14 every 28 days.	NR	Hematologic: 2 Non-hematologic: 1	18 evaluable pts CR: 1 PR: 10 SD: 4 PD: 3	Median TTP: 14.0 months (range: 4.2–18). Median OS: 83 months (range 18.5–140).	Not done.

		TACE: 9.		Previous surgery: 3.											
		Patient 1: radiation concurrent with cisplatin and etoposide, cytoreductive surgery, bilateral adrenalectomy for palliation of hypercortisolism, octreotide LAR, further chemotherapy with carboplatin and paclitaxel.		Patient 2: octreotide LAR and interferon-alpha, Patient 3: pasireotide LAR.											
2013, Saranga-Perry V 3	Metastatic neuroendocrine tumors of the thymus.	NR	Yes (capecitabine)	No	170–190 mg/mq days 10–14 every 28 days.	Patient 1: 19 cycles. Patient 2: 12 cycles—on treatment without dose modification ns. Patient 3: 3 cycles—on treatment without dose modification ns.	Hematologic: 0 Non-hematologic: 1	Patient 1: PR Patient 2: PR Patient 3: SD	Patient 1: TTP: 28 months, alive. Patient 2, alive without progression. Patient 3, alive without progression.	Not done.					

Table S2. Clinico-pathological characteristics of patients according to treatment response.

CR: complete response; CT:chemotherapy; GI: Gastro-Intestinal; PR: partial response.

Responses (CR+PR)				P*
Characteristics	No. (%)	Yes	No	
Age, years				
≤ 65	13 (50.0)	3	10	0.6256
> 65	13 (50.0)	2	11	
Gender				
Male	13 (50.0)	3	10	0.6256
Female	13 (50.0)	2	11	
Grading				
G1	0 (0.0)	0	0	0.2706
G2	11 (42.3)	1	10	
G3	15 (57.7)	4	11	
KI-67 level				
3–20	11 (42.3)	1	10	0.3464
20–55	10 (38.5)	2	8	
> 55	5 (19.2)	2	3	
Performance Status				
0	0 (0.0)	0	0	
1	11 (42.3)	2	9	

2	15 (57.7)	3	12	0.9093
Site of primary tumor				
GI	13 (50.0)	2	11	
Non-GI	13 (50.0)	3	10	0.6256
No. of involved metastatic sites				
1	13 (50.0)	3	10	
2	8 (30.8)	2	6	
≥ 3	5 (19.2)	0	5	0.4758
Previous treatments				
Platinum-based CT	12 (46.1)	3	9	
Non-platinum based CT	2 (7.7)	0	2	
Somatostatin analogues	8 (30.8)	1	7	
Clinical trials drugs	4 (15.4)	1	3	0.7886

* At Chi-square test with Yates correction for small datasets.