

Supporting Information

Chiroptically Active Multi-Modal Calcium Carbonate-Based Nanocomposites

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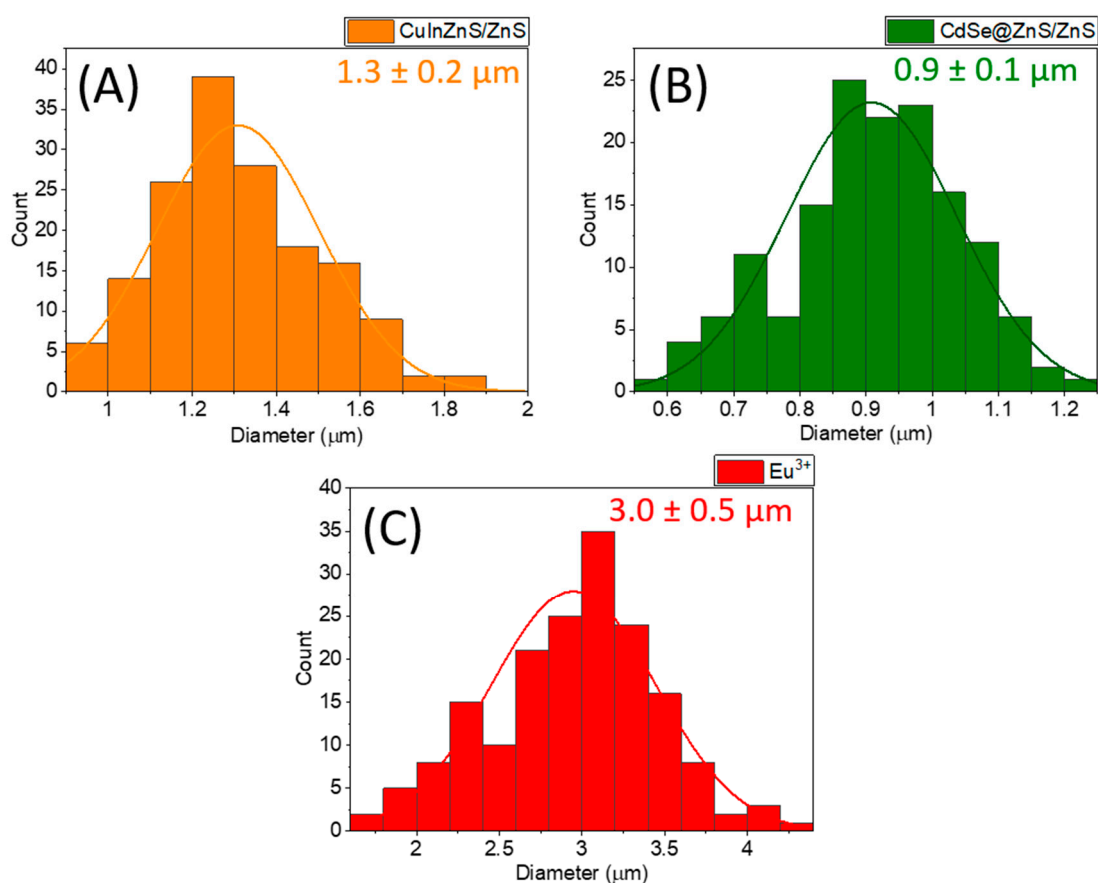


Figure S1. Size distributions of (A) CuInZnS/ZnS (B) CdSe@ZnS/ZnS loaded and (C) Eu³⁺ doped microspheres where $N = 160, 150$ and 175 , respectively. .

Additional SEM Images

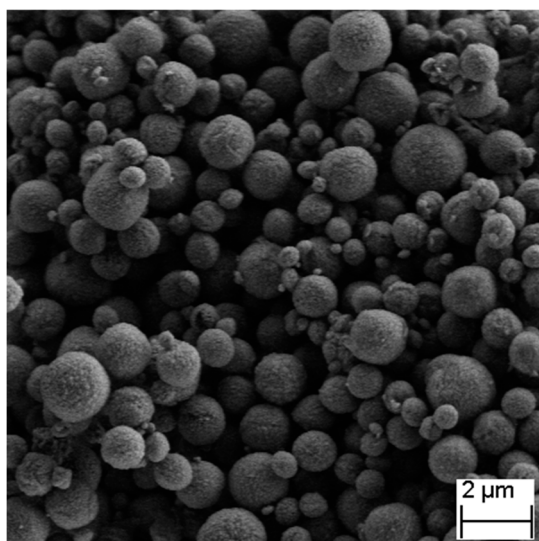


Figure S2. Achiral CaCO_3 composites.

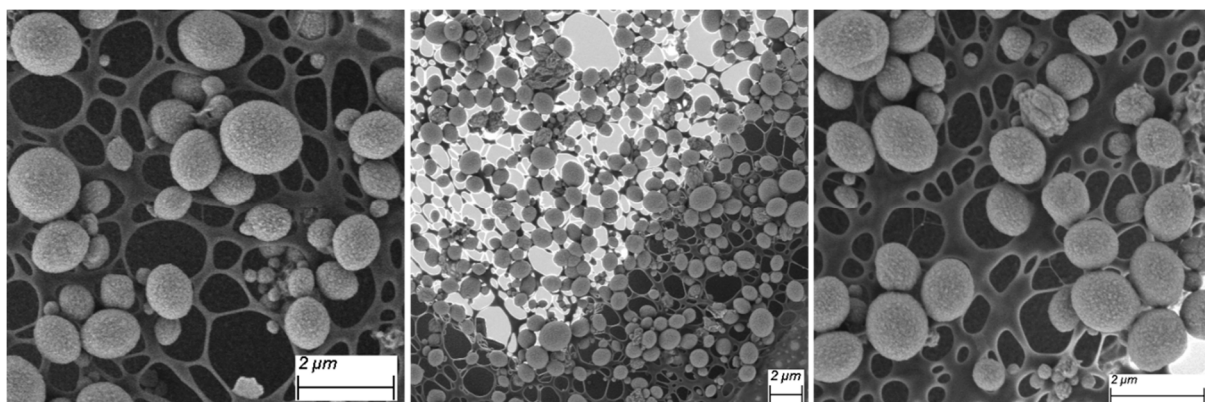


Figure S3. SEM images of CaCO_3 composites loaded with $\text{CuInZnS}:\text{ZnS}$ QDs.

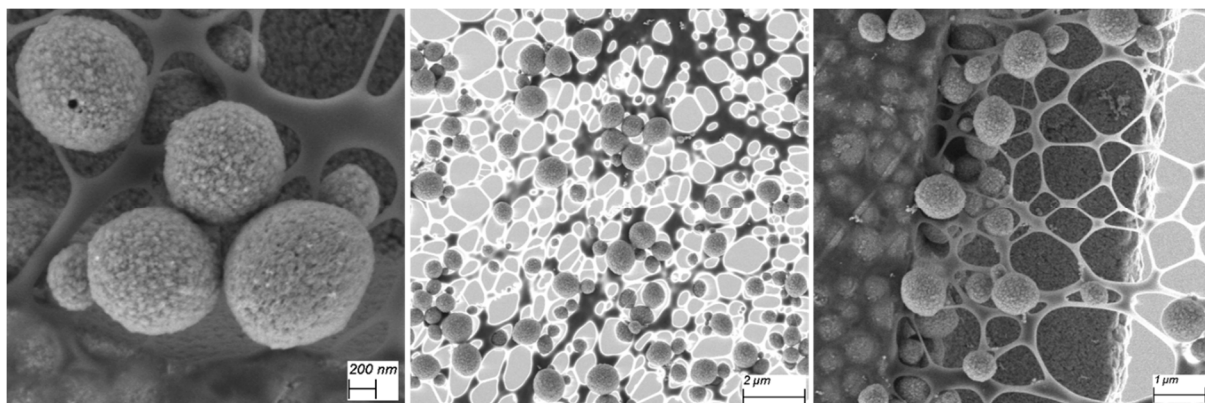


Figure S4. SEM images of CaCO_3 composites loaded with $\text{CdSe}@\text{ZnS}/\text{ZnS}$ QDs.

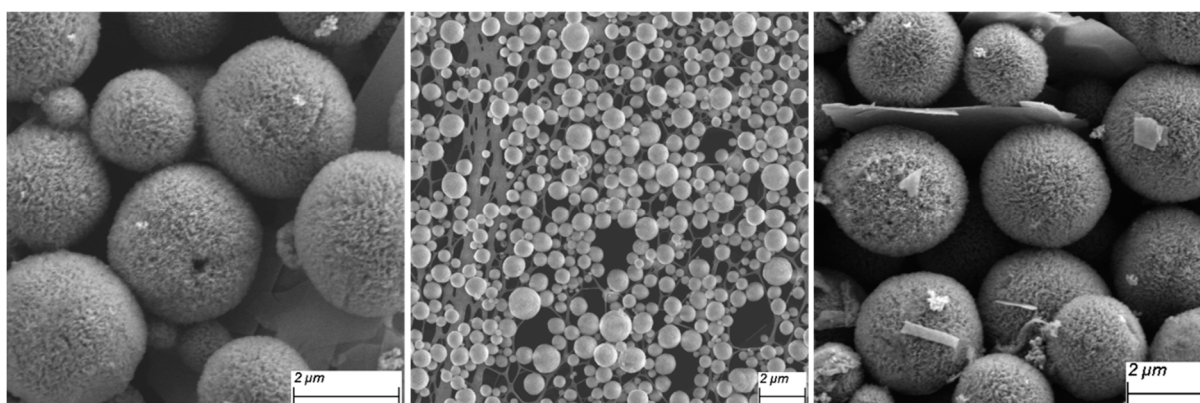


Figure S5. SEM images of Eu^{3+} doped CaCO_3 composites.

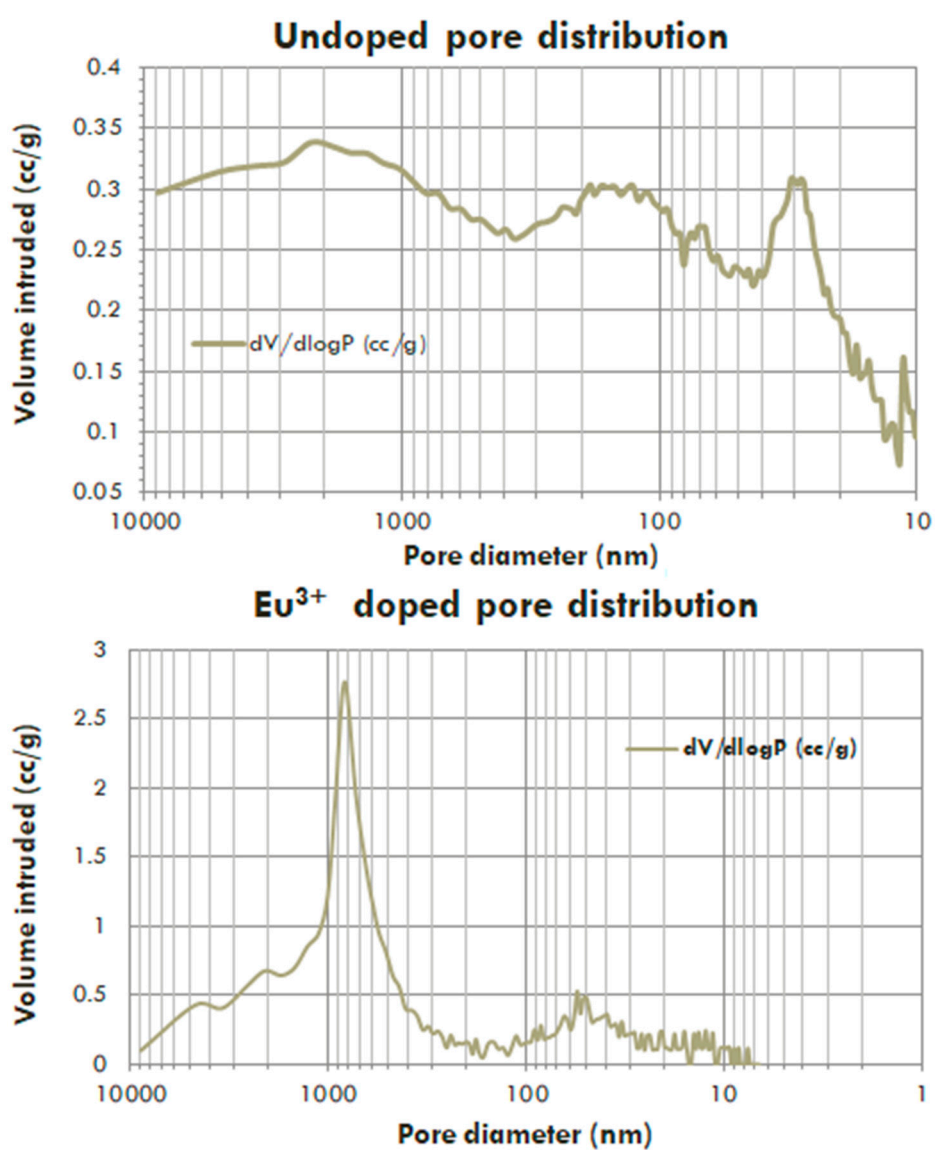


Figure S6. Mercury porosimetry measurements of doped and undoped CaCO_3 composites. In the undoped composites there are two main pore sizes of 30 and 11 nm. In the doped samples, the

average pore diameter is c. 70 nm. In both plots, the large peaks at higher diameters correspond to voids between the microspheres and can therefore be discounted.

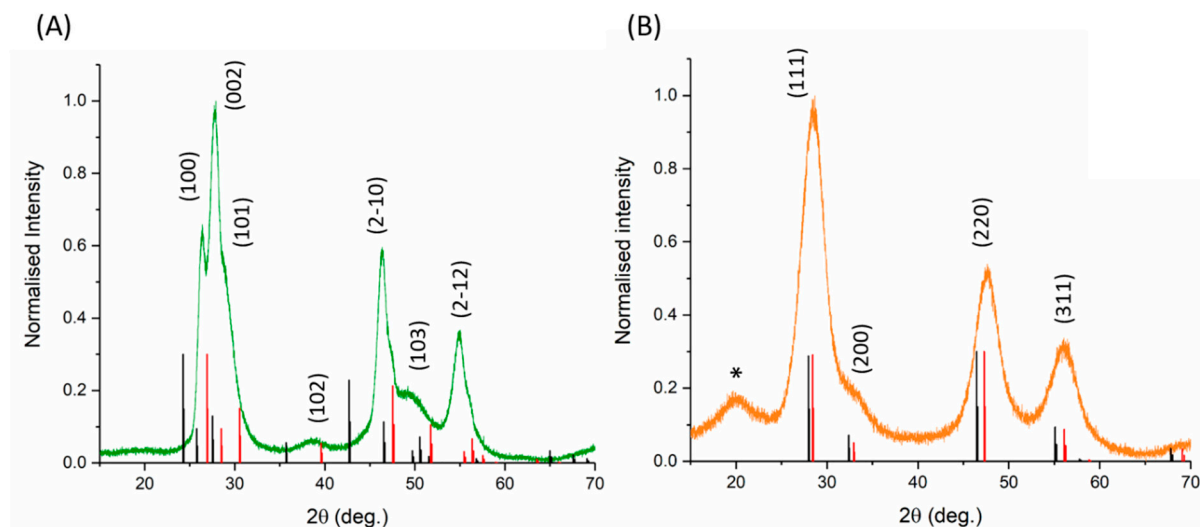


Figure S7. A) XRD pattern of CdSe@ZnS/ZnS QDs, reference pattern: CdSe wurtzite phase (black) ICSD 415784 and ZnS wurtzite phase (red) 67453. B) XRD pattern of CuInZnS/ZnS QDs, reference patterns: Cu₂SnInS₄ sphalerite phase (black) and ZnS sphalerite phase (red). The asterisk marks the residual contribution from organic ligands.

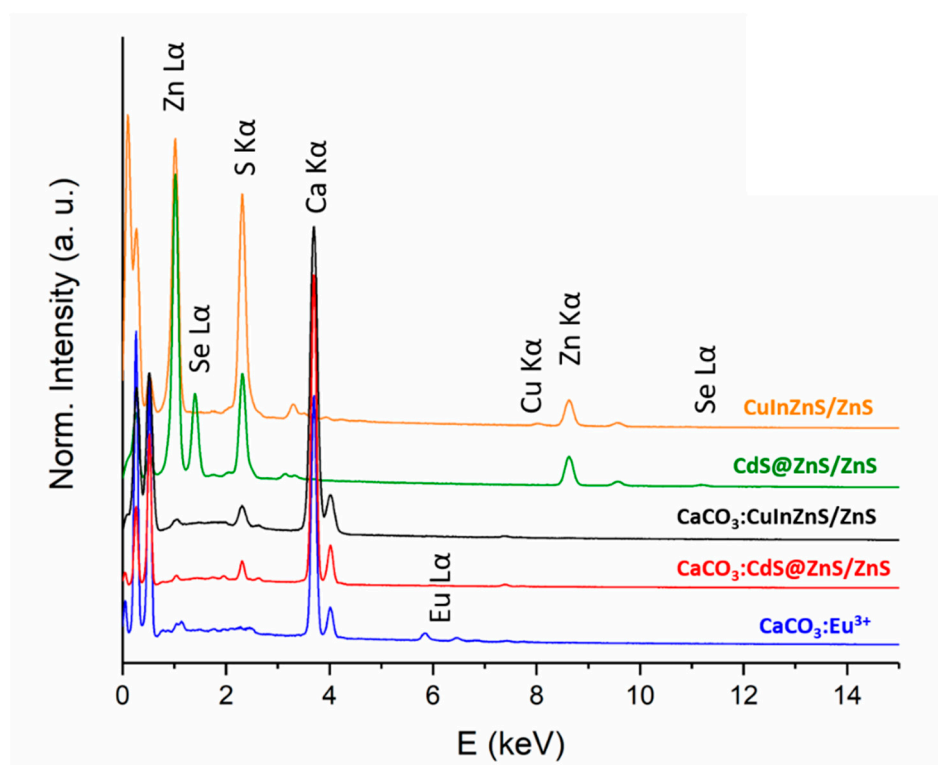


Figure S8. EDS spectra of CdSe@ZnS/ZnS, CuInZnS/ZnS QDs and the different CaCO₃ composites.

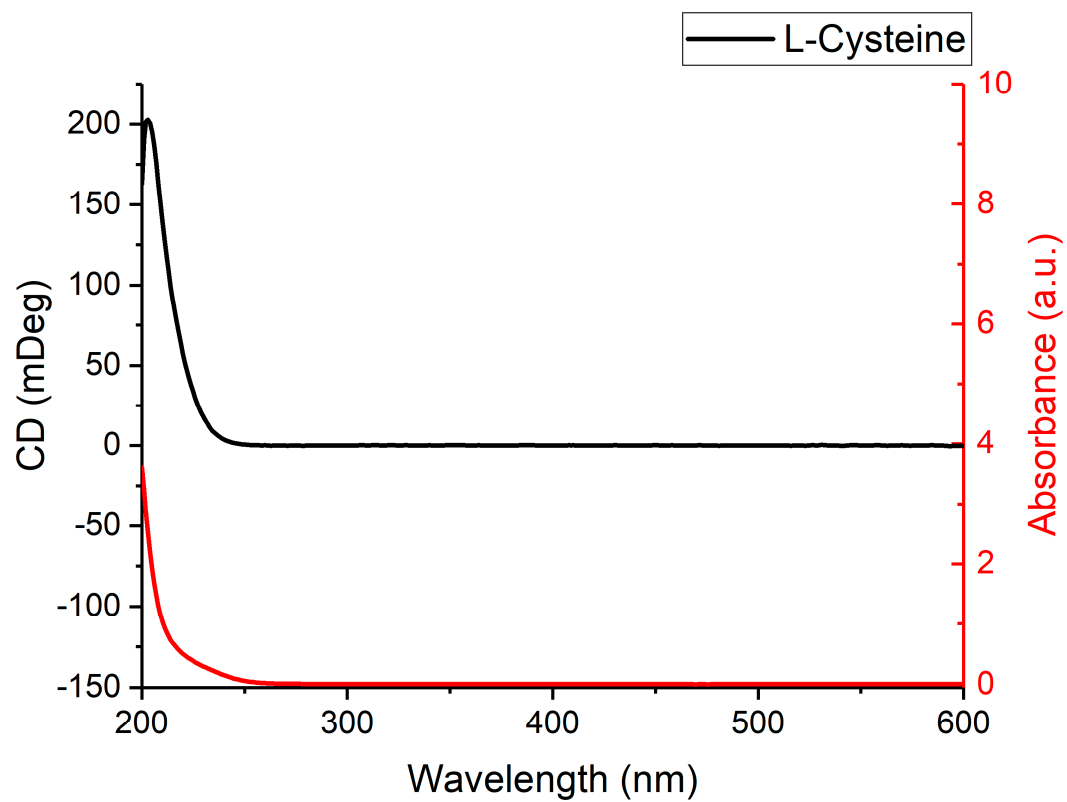


Figure S9. CD spectrum of *L*-cysteine in water.

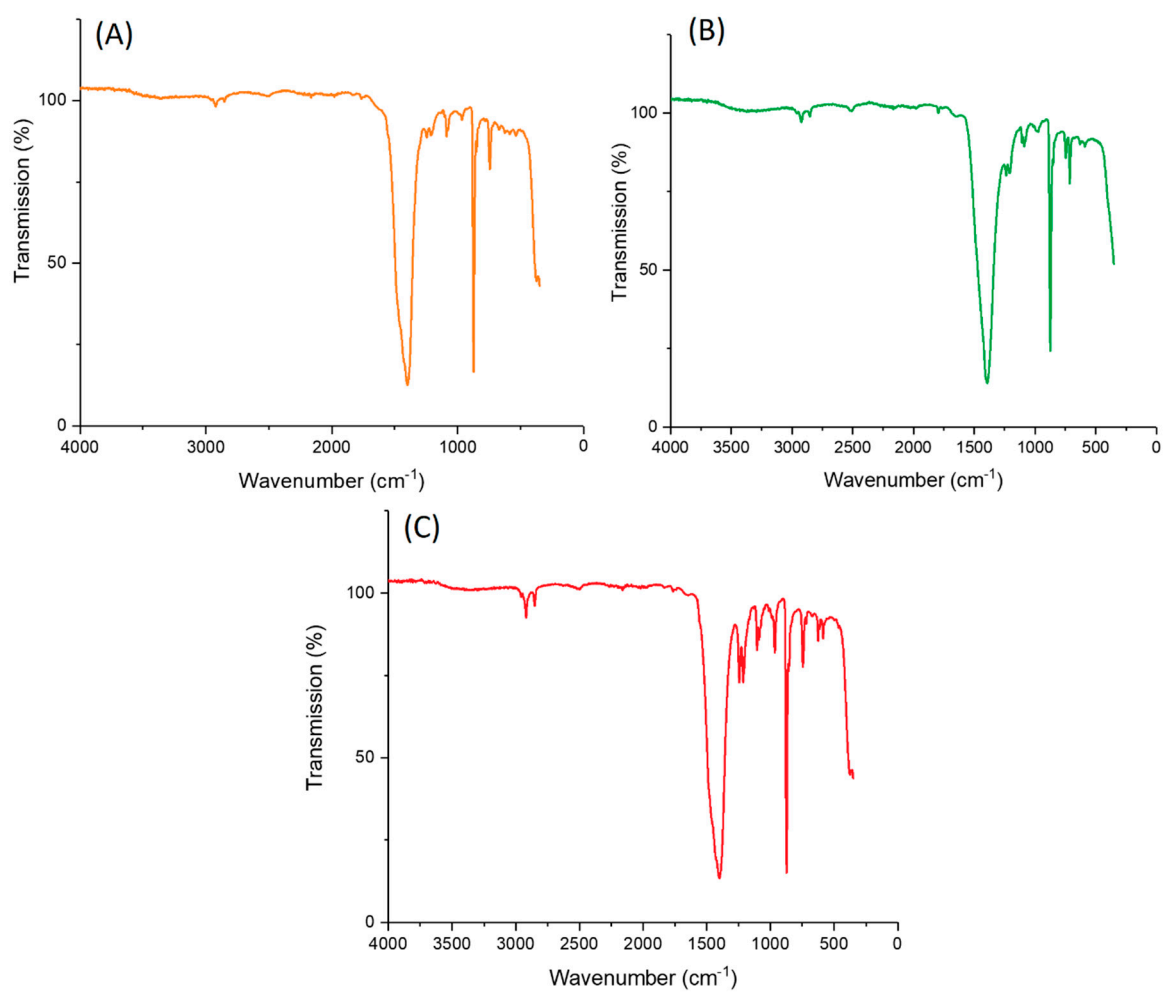


Figure S10. FT-IR spectra of the composites loaded with (A) CuInZnS/ZnS, (B) CdSe@ZnSZnS and (C) doped with Eu³⁺ illustrating the presence of cysteine as evidenced by its characteristic peaks at 3000 cm⁻¹.