

Supplementary material

Article

Impact and Sustainability of Antibiotic Stewardship in Pediatric Emergency Departments: Why Persistence Is the Key to Success

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Tables

Table S1. Missing data in the different periods in the three Centers (A, B, C).

Outcome	Centre A				Centre B			Centre C			
	Pre	Post 1	Post 2	Post 3	Pre	Post 1	Post 2	Pre	Post 1	Post 2	Post 3
GAS pharyngitis episode											
Amoxicillin dosage, N(%)	/	/	/	/	2/108 (1.9)	2/97 (2.1)	4/114 (3.5)				
DOT, N (%)	/	/	/	/	29/155 (18.7)	/	4/129 (3.1)	3/340 (0.9)	4/202 (2.0)	1/272 (0.4)	4/296 (1.4)
AOM episodes											
Amoxicillin dosage, N(%)	/	/	/	2/109 (1.8)	2/56 (4)	6/66 (9)	4/97 (4)	/	/	/	
Co-amoxiclav dosage, N(%)	/	/	/	1/62 (1.6)	4/44 (9)	1/22 (4)	1/34 (3)	/	/	/	
DOT, N (%)											
2-23 months	/	/	/	1/68 (1.5)	9/52 (17.3)	/	1/68 (1.5)	3/75 (4.0)	1/89 (1.1)	/	2/133 (1.5)
2-14 years	/	/	/	3/108 (2.8)	11/77 (14.3)	/	/	7/169 (4.1)	3/129 (2.3)	/	5/282 (1.8)
Non-complicated AOM episodes											
Amoxicillin dosage, N(%)	/	/	/	3/78 (3.8)	2/56 (3.6)	6/60 (10.0)	4/93 (4.3)	/	/	/	
Co-amoxiclav dosage, N(%)	/	/	/	/	4/41 (9.8)	1/19 (5.3)	1/26 (3.8)	/	/	/	
DOT, N (%)											
2-23 months	/	/	/	1/49 (2.0)	9/50 (18.0)	/	1/65 (1.5)	2/44 (4.5)	1/64 (1.6)	/	1/91 (1.1)
2-14 years	/	/	/	2/80 (2.5)	11/73 (15.1)	/	/	6/103 (5.8)	3/78 (3.8)	/	3/194 (1.5)

Table S2 Demographic characteristics of included and excluded patients with pharyngitis and AOM in the different periods in the three Centers (A, B, C).

	Pre		Post 1		Post 2		Post 3		p value^a
	I	E	I	E	I	E	I	E	
Centre A									
Pharyngitis episodes, N	281	49	273	64	299	68	267	92	
Sex, Male, N(%)	165 (58.7)	27 (55.1)	154 (56.4)	35 (54.7)	156 (52.2)	42 (61.8)	150 (56.2)	52 (56.5)	0.454
Age class, 2-23 months, N (%)	96 (34.2)	15 (30.6)	78 (28.6)	13 (20.3)	86 (28.8)	32 (47.1)	77 (28.8)	22 (23.9)	0.397
Presence of otorrhea, N (%)	44 (15.7)		60 (22.0)		69 (23.1)		49 (18.4)		0.101
Ongoing antibiotic therapy, N (%)		24 (49.0)		17 (26.6)		34 (50.0)		29 (31.5)	
Exclusion criteria									
Chemotherapy, wound care or attend a hemodialysis clinic		/		2 (4.55)		/		1 (1.28)	
Chronic otitis media		11 (22.4)		20 (31.3)		6 (8.8)		46 (50.0)	
Concomitant diseases		/		1 (1.6)		17 (25.0)		9 (9.8)	
Craniofacial abnormalities		/		13 (20.3)		9 (13.3)		9 (9.8)	
Diabetes		/		1 (1.6)		/		/	
Essudative otitis		3 (6.1)		1 (1.6)		9 (13.3)		2 (2.2)	
Immunodeficiency or immunosuppressive therapy		/		2 (3.5)		4 (5.9)		1 (1.1)	
Patient hospitalized		/		/		2 (2.9)		1 (1.1)	
Systemic antibiotic therapy, intravenous		5 (10.2)		1 (1.6)		2 (2.9)		3 (3.3)	
Tympanostomy tubes at the time of diagnosis		/		1 (1.6)		1 (1.5)		1 (1.1)	
Centre B									
Pharyngitis episodes, N	139	28	105	11	151	15			

Sex, Male, N(%)	71 (51·1)	14 (50·0)	62 (59·0)	7 (63·6)	75 (49·7)	10 (66·7)	0·662		
Age class, 2-23 months, N (%)	56 (40·3)	9 (32·1)	40 (38·1)	2 (18·2)	68 (45·0)	4 (26·7)	0·027		
Presence of otorrhea, N (%)	7 (5·0)		11 (10·5)		14 (9·3)		0·243		
Ongoing antibiotic therapy, N (%)		25 (89·3)		9 (81·8)		13 (86·7)			
Exclusion criteria									
Chemotherapy, wound care or attend a hemodialysis clinic		/		/		/			
Chronic otitis media		/		2 (18·2)		/			
Concomitant diseases		1 (3·6)		/		/			
Craniofacial abnormalities		2 (7·1)		/		/			
Diabetes		/		/		/			
Essudative otitis		/		1 (9·1)		1 (6·7)			
Immunodeficiency or immunosuppressive therapy		/		/		/			
Patient hospitalized		1 (3·6)		/		/			
Systemic antibiotic therapy, intravenous		1 (3·6)		/		1 (6·7)			
Tympanostomy tubes at the time of diagnosis		/		/		/			
Acute otitis media episodes, N	290	65	241	31	251	43			
Sex, Male, N(%)	168 (57·9)	37 (56·9)	131 (54·4)	19 (61·3)	145 (57·8)	24 (55·8)	0·659		
Age class, 2-35 months, N (%)	124 (42·8)	18 (27·7)	92 (38·2)	7 (22·6)	92 (36·7)	7 (16·3)	0·314		
Ongoing antibiotic therapy, N (%)		60 (92·3)		24 (77·4)		38 (88·4)			
Exclusion criteria									
Chronic diseasees		2 (3·1)							
Complicated disease		3 (4·6)		1 (3·2)					
Concomitant diseases				3 (9·7)		3 (7·0)			
Immunodeficiency or immunosuppressive therapy		2 (3·1)		2 (6·5)					
Patient hospitalized									
PFAPA ^b									
Previous tonsillectomy					1 (2·3)				
Systemic antibiotic therapy, intravenous					1 (2·3)				
Centre C									
Pharyngitis episodes, N	302	159	324	163	387	173	481	149	
Sex, Male, N(%)	156 (51·7) ^c	83 (52·2)	177 ^c (54·6)	75 (46·0)	212 (54·8)	95 (54·9)	269 (55·9) ^c	72 (48·3)	0·705
Age class, 2-23 months, N (%)	85 (28·1)	51 (32·1)	109 (33·6)	59 (36·2)	146 (37·7)	50 (28·9)	146 (30·4)	49 (32·9)	0·035
Presence of otorrhea, N (%)	108 (35·8)		87 (26·9)		116 (30·0)		134 (27·9)		0·068
Ongoing antibiotic therapy, N (%)		67 (42·1)		67 (41·1)		85 (49·1)		58 (38·9)	
Exclusion criteria									
Chemotherapy, wound care or attend a haemodialysis clinic		/		/		1 (0·69)		/	
Chronic otitis media		1 (0·6)		3 (1·8)		5 (2·9)		3 (2·0)	

Concomitant diseases	36 (22·6)	26 (16·0)	71 (41·0)	26 (17·4)
Craniofacial abnormalities	13 (8·2)	1 (0·6)	1 (0·69)	3 (2·0)
Diabetes	/	/	/	/
Essudative otitis	3 (1·9)	8 (4·9)	6 (3·5)	3 (2·0)
Immunodeficiency or immunosuppressive therapy	5 (3·1)	3 (1·8)	1 (0·6)	2 (1·3)
Patient hospitalized	/	/	/	/
Systemic antibiotic therapy, intravenous	89 (56·0)	97 (59·5)	15 (10·34)	19 (20·88)
Tympanostomy tubes at the time of diagnosis	9 (5·7)	8 (4·9)	3 (1·7)	3 (2·0)
Acute otitis media episodes, N	363	248	217	208
Sex, Male, N(%)	199 (54·8)	154 (62·1)	113 (52·1)	120 (57·7)
Age class, 2-35 months, N (%)	195 (53·7)	112 (45·2)	105 (48·4)	87 (41·8)
Ongoing antibiotic therapy, N (%)	239 (96·4)		139 (66·8)	159 (97·0)
Exclusion criteria				
Chronic diseases	1 (0·4)		7 (3·4)	5 (2·3)
Complicated disease			12 (5·8)	2 (0·9)
Concomitant diseases	5 (2·0)		8 (3·8)	14 (6·4)
Immunodeficiency or immunosuppressive therapy	2 (0·8)			1 (0·6)
Patient hospitalized	1 (0·4)			3 (1·8)
PFAPA ^b			2 (1·0)	7 (9·6)
Previous tonsillectomy	34 (13·7)		36 (17·3)	43 (26·2)
Systemic antibiotic therapy, intravenous				27 (12·3)

I=Included cases, E= Excluded cases.

^a included cases only, ^b Periodic fever, aphthous stomatitis, pharyngitis and adenitis syndrome , ^c Missing data = 1/302 (0·3%), 4/324 (1·2%), 1/481 (0·2%).

Table S3. Treatment option for non-complicated AOM in the different periods in the three Centers (A, B, C).

	Centre A				p valu e	Centre B				Centre C				
	Pre	Post 1	Post 2	Post 3		Pre	Post 1	Post 2	p valu e	Pre	Post 1	Post 2	Post 3	p valu e
N. of episodes	236	213	230	218		132	94	137		194	237	271	347	
Wait and see, N (%)	58 (24·5)	89 (41·8)	83 (36·1)	89 (40·8)	<0·0	9 (6·8) (10·6)	10 (10·6)	5 (3·6) (96·4)	0·10	47 (24·2)	95 (40·1)	66 (24·4)	62 (17·9)	<0·0
Antibiotic treatment, N (%)	179 (75·5)	124 (58·2)	147 (63·9)	129 (59·2)	01	123 (93·2)	84 (89·4)	132 (96·4)	9	147 (75·8)	142 (59·9)	205 (75·6)	285 (82·1)	01

Amoxicillin, N (%)	68 (38.0)	80 (64.5)	106 (72.1)	101 (78.3)	<0.0 01	56 (45.5)	60 (71.4)	93 (70.5)	<0.0 01	22 (15.0)	55 (38.7)	40 (19.5)	49 (17.2)	<0.0 01
Broad spectrum, N(%)	111 (62.0)	44 (35.5)	41 (27.9)	28 (21.7)		67 (54.5)	24 (28.6)	39 (29.5)		125 (85.0)	87 (61.3)	165 (80.5)	236 (82.8)	
Co-amoxiclav, N(%)	78 (43.6)	33 (26.6)	34 (23.1)	24 (18.6)	<0.0 01	41 (33.3)	19 (22.6)	26 (19.7)	0.03 5	98 (66.7)	74 (52.1)	122 (59.5)	199 (69.8)	0.00 2
Cephalosporins, N(%)	29 (16.2)	8 (6.5)	6 (4.1)	4 (3.1)	<0.0 01	25 (20.3)	4 (4.8)	13 (9.8)	0.00 2	23 (15.6)	11 (7.7) (19.0)	39 (11.9)	34 (6)	0.01
Macrolides, N(%)	4 (2.2)	3 (2.4)	/	/	0.05 6	1 (0.8)	1 (1.2)	/	0.52	4 (2.7)	2 (1.4)	4 (2.0)	3 (1.1)	5667
Fluoroquinolones, N(%)	/	/	1 (0.7)	/		/	/	/		/	/	/	/	
Amoxicillin dosage, Median [IQR], mg/kg/die	50.0 [10.0]	75.0 [25.0]	75.0 [3.7]	75.0 [0.0]	<0.0 01	57.6 [14.3]	73.0 [9.1]	75.0 [6.9]	<0.0 01	/	/	/	/	/
Co-amoxiclav dosage, Median [IQR], mg/kg/die	50.0 [10.0]	75.0 [25.0]	72.0 [14.8]	75.0 [5.0]	<0.0 01	56.1 [8.1]	62.1 [23.7]	68.6 [15.0]	<0.0 01	/	/	/	/	/
DOT, Median [IQR], 2-23 months	8.0 [2.3]	10.0 [2.0]	10.0 [0.0]	10.0 [0.0]	<0.0 01	10.0 [2.0]	10.0 [0.0]	10.0 [2.0]	0.12 2	7.0 [1.0]	7.0 [2.0]	7.0 [1.0]	7.0 [1.0]	0.47 2
DOT, Median [IQR], ≥ 24 months	8.0 [1.5]	7.0 [3.0]	7.0 [3.0]	5.0 [2.0]	<0.0 01	10.0 [2.0]	7.0 [2.8]	8.0 [5.0]	<0.0 01	7.0 [1.0]	7.0 [1.0]	7.0 [1.0]	7.0 [1.0]	0.23 8

Figures

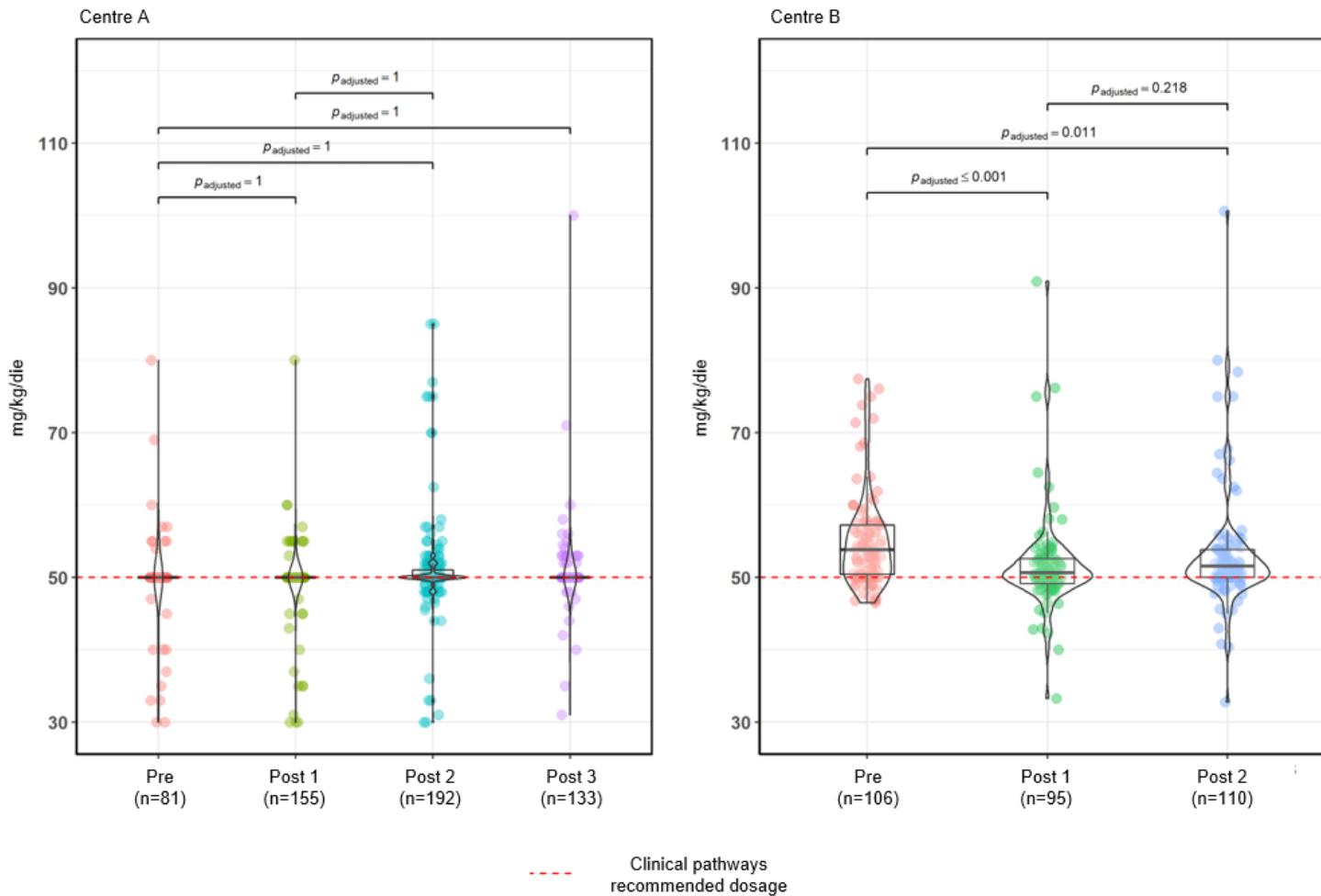


Figure S1. Distribution of amoxicillin dosage for pharyngitis among different periods in Centre A and B with pairwise comparison. The dots represent the granular data, horizontal lines are median and IQR; whiskers extend to the minimum and maximum within 1.5 times the IQR. Violin plots present quantifications. The dotted red line represents the clinical pathways recommended dosage (50 mg/kg/die).

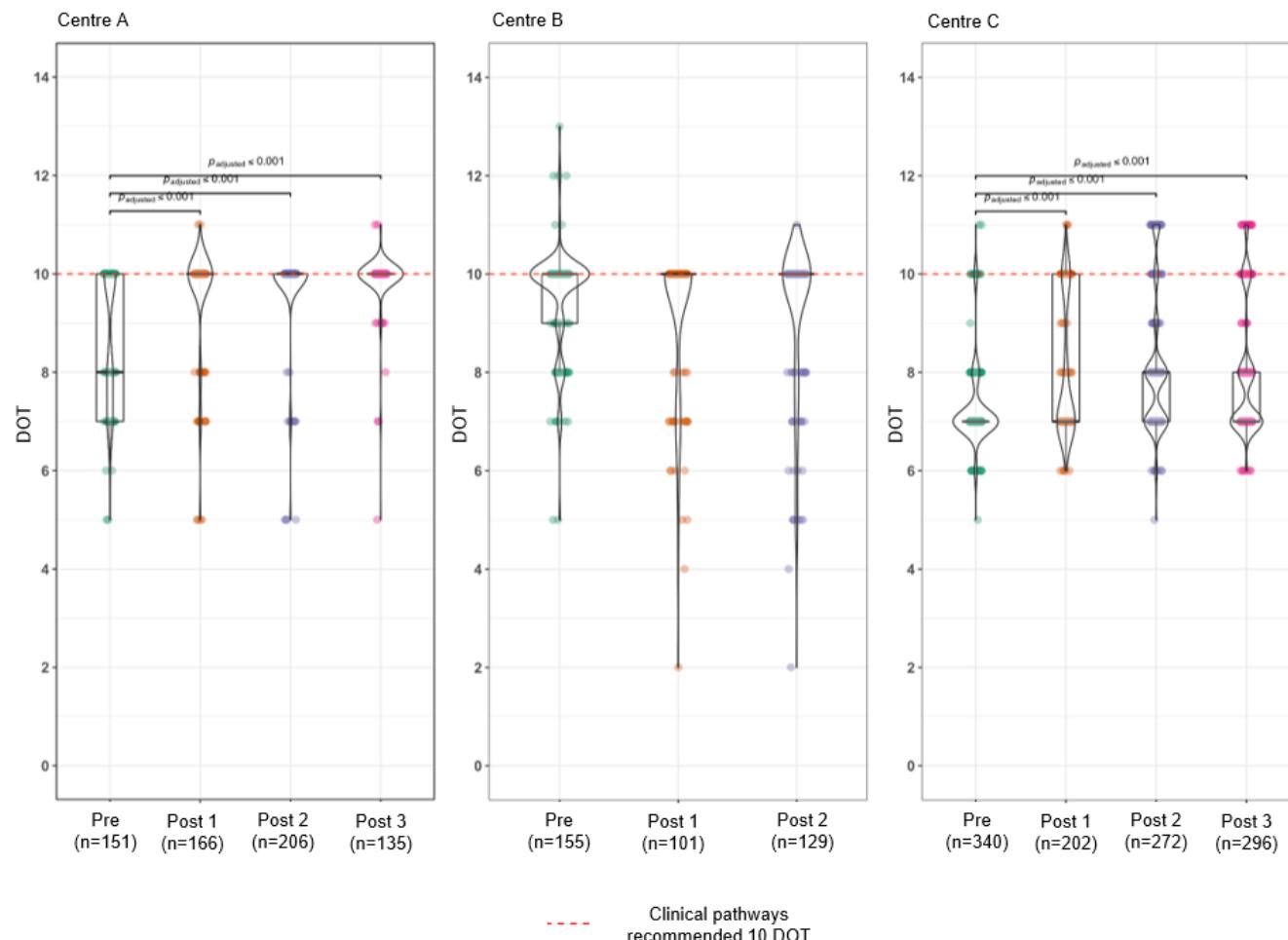


Figure S2 Distribution of days of therapy for pharyngitis among different periods in the three Centers (A, B, C) with pairwise comparison. The dots represent the granular data, horizontal lines are median and IQR; whiskers extend to the minimum and maximum within 1.5 times the IQR. Violin plots present quantifications. The dotted red line represents the clinical pathways recommended 10 DOT.

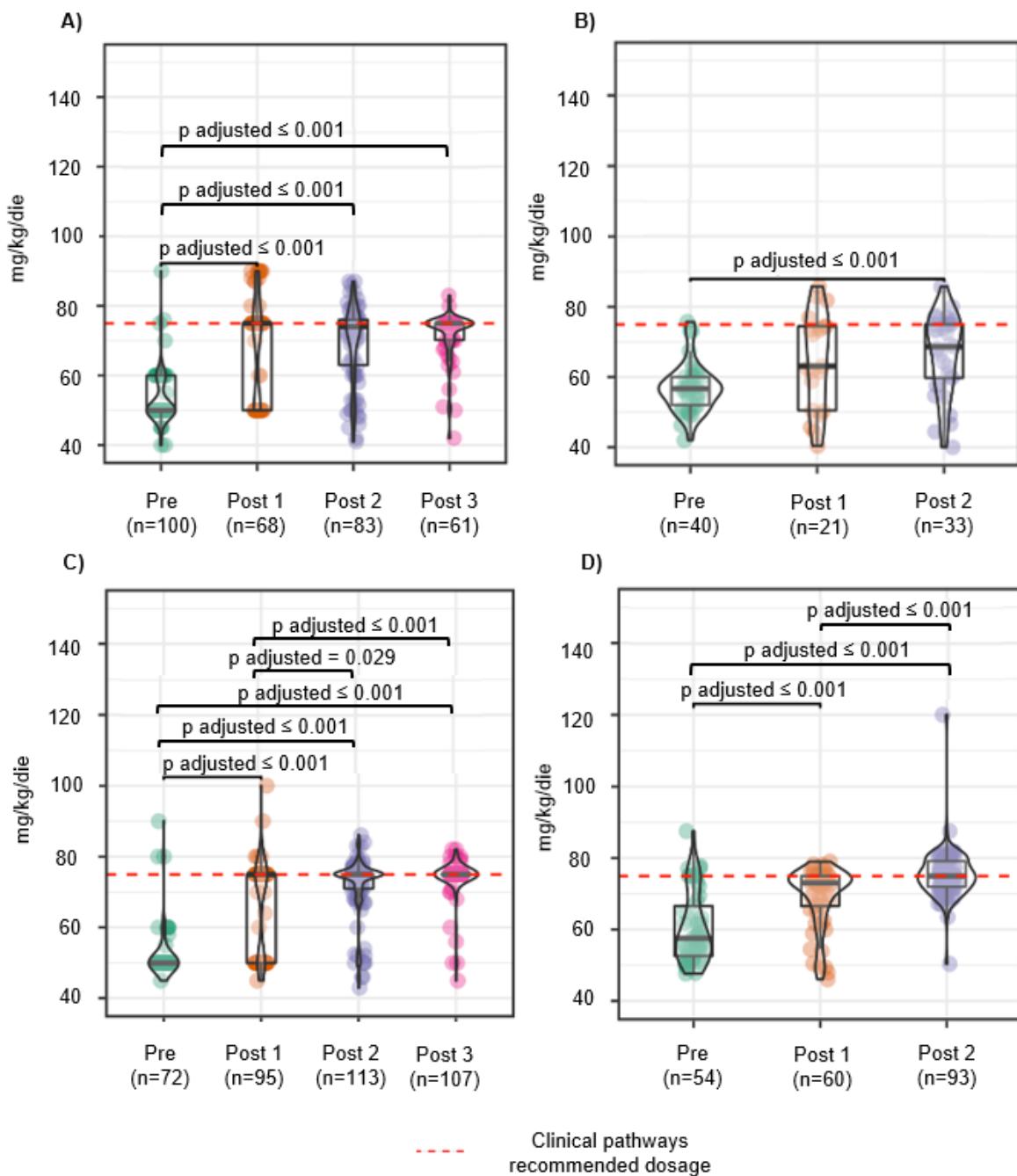


Figure S3. Distribution of co-amoxiclav (A, B) and amoxicillin (C, D) dosage for acute otitis media among different periods in Centre A (A, C) and Centre B (B, D) with pairwise comparison. The dots represent the granular data, horizontal lines are median and IQR; whiskers extend to the minimum and maximum within 1.5 times the IQR. Violin plots present quantifications. The dotted red line represents the clinical pathways recommended dosage (75 mg/kg/die).

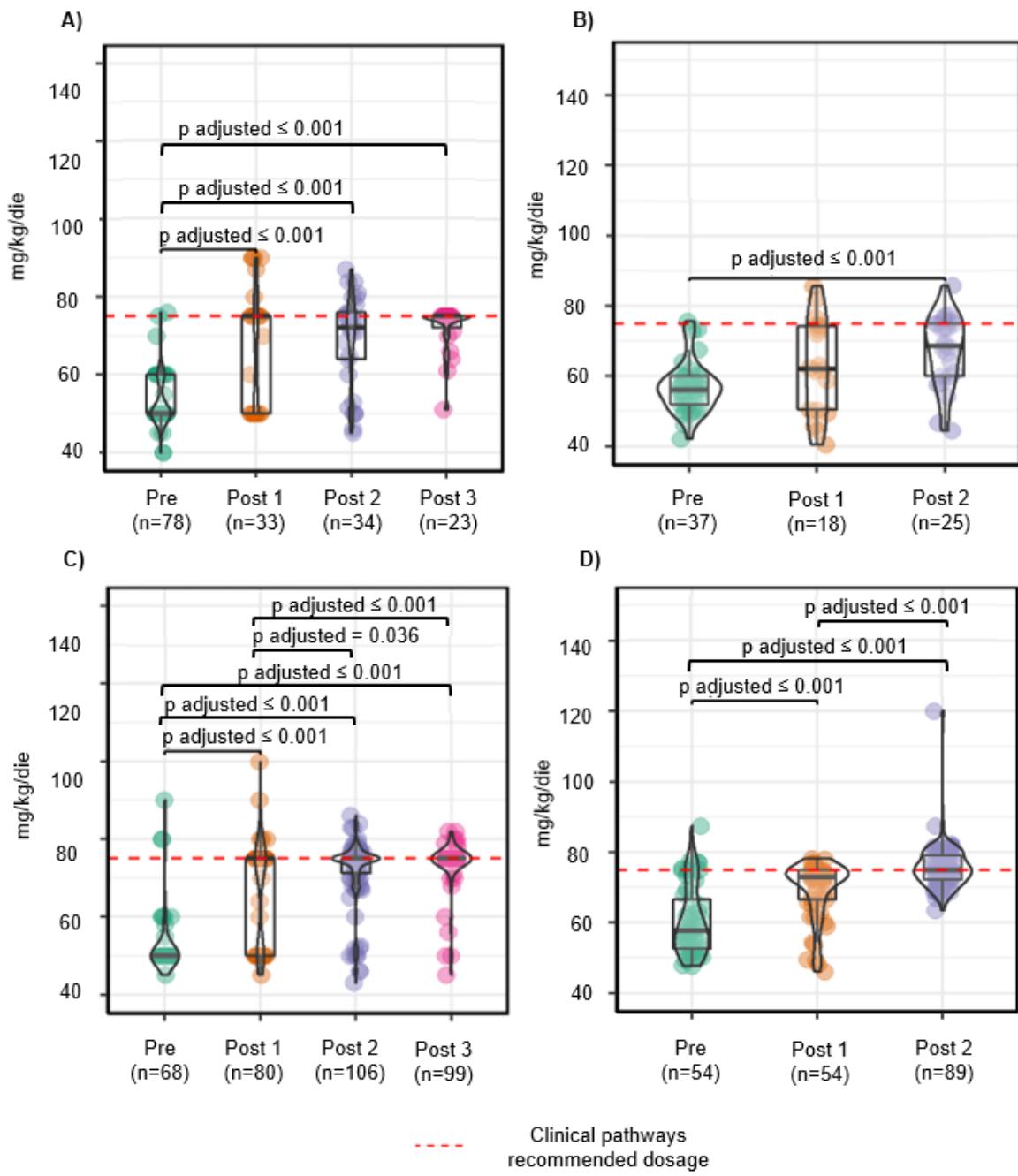


Figure S4. Distribution of co-amoxiclav (A, B) and amoxicillin (C, D) dosage for non- complicated acute otitis media among different periods in Centre A (A, C) and Centre B (B, D) with pairwise comparison. The dots represent the granular data, horizontal lines are median and IQR; whiskers extend to the minimum and maximum within 1.5 times the IQR. Violin plots present quantifications. The dotted red line represents the clinical pathways recommended dosage (75 mg/kg/die).

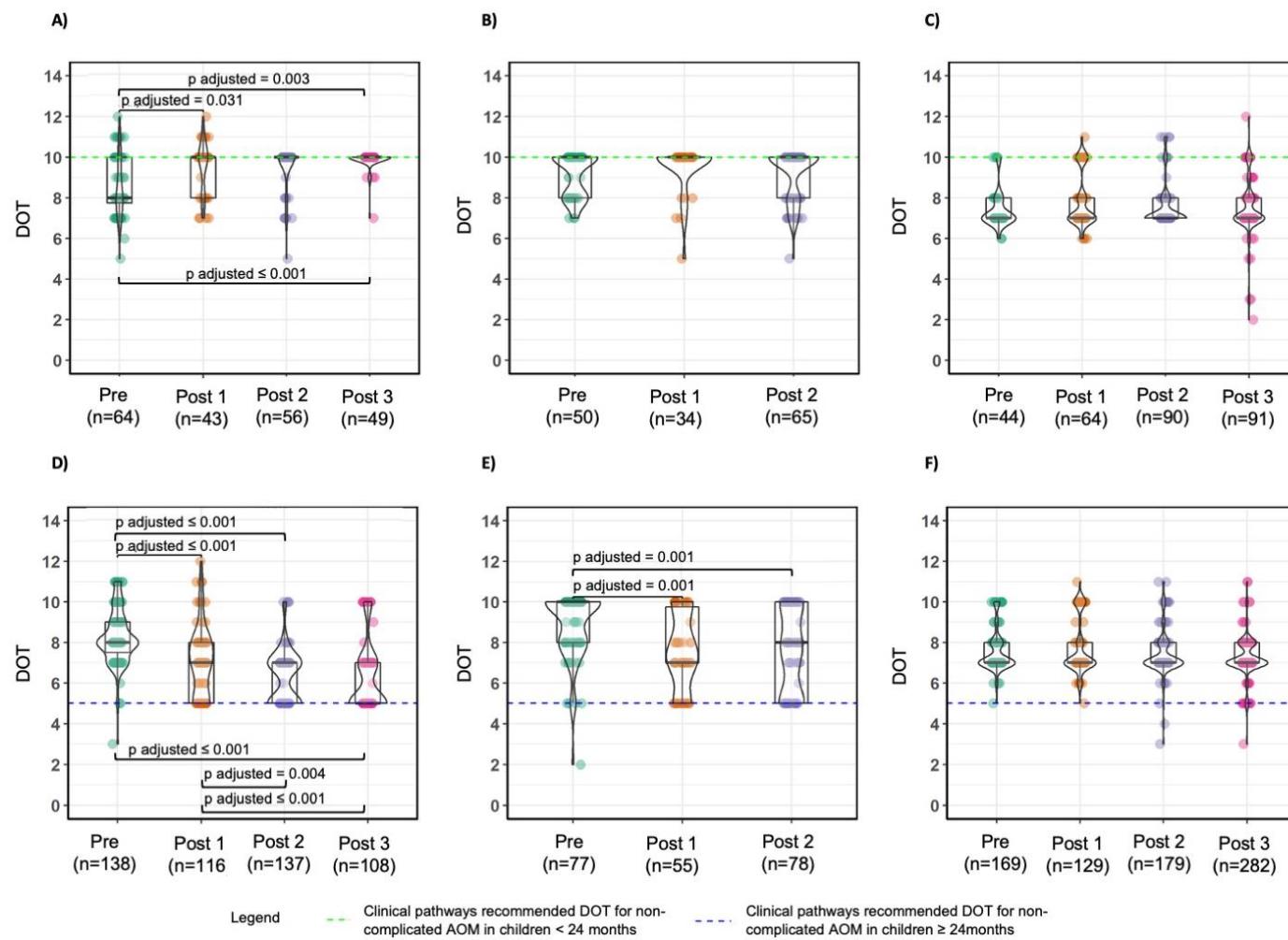


Figure S5 Distribution of days of therapy (DOT) for acute otitis media in the different periods in Centre A (A, D), Centre B (B, E) and Centre C (C, F) stratified by age class (< 24 months: A, B, C; ≥ 24 months: D, E, F) with pair wise comparison. The dots represent the granular data, horizontal lines are median and IQR; whiskers extend to the minimum and maximum within 1.5 times the IQR. Violin plots present quantifications. The dotted green line represents clinical pathways recommended DOT for AOM in children < 24 months while the dotted blue line represents clinical pathways recommended DOT for complicated and non-complicated AOM in children ≥ 24 months.