

Table S1: Peak assignment to chemical bonds and relative intensities in Raman average spectra. Assignment of peaks was done for xylem G-layer comparatively with control BF or control wood average spectra. Intensity of the peak is evaluated as follows: vw= very weak, w: weak, m: medium, s: strong, vs: very strong, trace: usually a shoulder or broad band with small intensity. Presence +, Absence ø. XG: xyloglucan. GlcM: glucomannan. Dark grey colored-boxes highlight specificity.

Peak (cm ⁻¹)	Peak in literature (cm ⁻¹)	assignment	Putative polymers	G-layer Tension side	G-layer Opposite side	Bast Fibers	Control Wood	References
380	377–379–380–382	$\delta(\text{CCC})$, symmetric ring deformation	Cellulose	+(s)	+(s)	+(s)	+vw	[22]–[25]
405			Cellulose	+(vw)	+(vw)	+(vw)	+vw	[22]
435	434–435–437	$\delta(\text{COC})$, $\delta(\text{CCC})$, ring deformation	Cellulose	+(m)	+(m)	+(m)	+vw	[22]–[24]
462		$\delta(\text{COC})$, $\delta(\text{CCC})$, ring deformation, xylan	Xylan	+(m)	+(m)	+(m)	+vw	[24]
490	489–490–492–496	$\delta(\text{COC})$, glycosidic linkage, xylan	Xylan	+(m)	+(m)	+(m)	+vw	[23]–[24]
517	517–518–519–521	$\delta(\text{COC})$, glycosidic linkage/CCC ring deformation	Xylan, XG	+(s)	+(s)	+(s)	+vw	[22]–[25]
562	565–567–575	$\delta(\text{COC})$, ring pyranose	Cellulose Xylan	+w	+w	+w	+vw	[24]
607	602–607–609–611	$\delta(\text{CCH})$	Cellulose	+(vw)	+(vw)	ø	ø	[24]
650		$\delta\text{O-H}$ out of plane bending mode	Crystalline cellulose	+(vw)	+(vw)	ø	ø	[22]–[24]
900	893–900–914	$\delta(\text{HCC})$, $\delta(\text{HCO})$ cluster of peaks-methine bending	Cellulose	+(m)	+(m)	+(m)	+vw	[22]–[24]
969	966–968–971–974	$\rho(\text{CH}_2)$ skeletal	β -glucan	+(m)	+(m)	+(m)	+vw	[22]–[24]
990	993–995–997–999	$\rho(\text{CH}_2)$	Arabinose	+w	+w	+(vw)	+vw	[22]–[24]
1,094	1,091–1,092–1,095–1,096	xyloglucan β (1–4) linked glucose	Cellulose xylan, XG, GlcM	+(s)	+(s)	+(s)	+(m)	[17], [22]–[26]
1,126	1,118–1,121	v(COC) symmetric, glycosidic ring breathing	Xylan Cellulose	+(s)	+(s)	+(s)	+vw	[17],[23],[27]
1,150	1,147–1,150–1,152–1,154	v(CC), v(CO) asymmetric, ring breathing (glucopyranose)	Cellulose	+(s)	+(s)	+(s)	+(m)	[17],[23],[24]
1,203	1,200–1,202	Lignin methoxy vibrations	Lignin	+(vw)	+(vw)	+(vw)	+vw	[28]

1,270	1,272	Aryl-O stretching of aryl-OH and aryl-O-CH ₃ (G unit)	a1: G-unit lignin	+ (m)	+ (m)	ø	+ (m)	[22],[28]
1,295	1,292–1,293–1,294	δ(CH ₂) twisting long chain	Aromatics, Lignin	+ (w)	+ (w)	trace	+ (m)	[22],[24],[29]
1,334	1,331–1,332	OH in plane bending	Cellulose	+ (m)	+ (m)	+ (m)	+ (m)	[17],
1,376	1,378–1,379–1,380	δ(CH ₂)	Cellulose	+ (s)	+ (s)	+ (s)	+ (s)	
1,421		Lignin methoxy deformation	a2: aromatics	+ (vw)	+ (vw)	ø	+ (m)	[22]–[25]
1,452	1,453–1,455	δ(CH ₂) symmetric bending on pyranose ring	Hemicelluloses Amorphous cellulose, pectin	+ (w)	+ (w)	+ (w)	+ (m)	[22],[26],[27]
1,480	1,478	δ(CH ₂) scissors	Cellulose	+ (vw)	+ (vw)	+ (vw)	+ (m)	[22],[24]
1,599	1,593–1,601	v(C=C), aromatics	a3: coniferyl aldehyde Lignin	++(s)	++(s)	trace	+++(vs)	[23],[27]
1,658	1,657–1,660	δ(CC), C=O coniferyl aldehyde, C=C coniferyl alcohol	a4: coniferyl alcohol, conferyl aldehyde Lignin	++(s)	++(s)	trace	+++(vs)	[17]
1,729	1,725–1,732	C=O of acetyl or carboxylic acid group	Hemicelluloses	+ (w)	+ (w)	trace	+ (w)	[17],[27]