Table S1. Glossary of terms.

CMOs, CMO explana- tions or CMO configu- rations	a realist description of the contexts, mechanisms and outcomes used in Pawson and Tilley's [1] applied realism approach to review and evaluation that explain how and why programs and policies work
Context	the characteristics of both settings and individuals that can shape how individuals reason in response to programs or resources. Characteristics include - but are not limited to - existing policies, practices, social rules, norms, beliefs, attitudes, material and social structures, and interrelationships Social settings are open systems, and as such, contexts are not static and evolve over time. In addition to affecting the attitudes and reasoning of individuals, contexts can also affect whether the required resources are available to implement action towards the intervention's objective [2].
Initial program theory	the beginning theory about how a program or intervention is likely to work that forms the starting point for realist research
Mechanism	An underlying reasoning, belief system, process, or structure that operates in particular contexts to contribute to outcomes. Mechanisms are usually hidden, are sensitive to variations in context, and generate outcomes when they are activated [3]
Outcome	The result or effect of a program or policy such as violence prevention education. Outcomes can be intended or unintended, observable such as a behaviour, or less tangible such as increased confidence or knowledge. Outcomes close in time and space to the intervention may be referred to as "proximal" outcomes while longer-term objectives of the program can be described as distal and/or program outcomes [4].
Realism	philosophy regarding the nature of reality that posits that a real world exists but our experience of it is filtered through our senses, culture and language [5].
Realist evaluation	An evaluation of a policy or program using an applied realist approach to make transparent how, why, when and for whom an intervention is effective. A realist evaluation uses a similar process as a realist review but uses primary data as evidence.
Realist review or syn-	A literature review using a realist approach. A realist review follows a similar process as a realist evaluation
thesis	but uses secondary data as evidence.
Refined program the-	The theory expressed as CMO explanations about how, why and for whom a program or intervention
ory	works based on the evidence and analysis from a realist review or evaluation.
Substantive, formal or existing theory	"Existing theories within particular disciplinesused to help understand interventions. For example, in the social sciences theories may deal with topics such as 'cognitive development', 'deviance control', or any of the wider ambitions of interventions." [6]

References for Table S1: Glossary of terms

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- [2] T. Greenhalgh *et al.*, "Resource and training materials for realist evaluation." p. 44, 2017.
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- [6] G. Wong, G. Westhorp, R. Pawson, and T. Greenhalgh, "Realist Synthesis. RAMESES Training Materials," *The RAMESES Project*, no. July 2013. RAMESES PROJECT, London, p. 55, 2013.

Table S2. Initial program theory*.

When /if	Then participants/ health care (HC) workers will	Resulting in
On- line modules mirroring the classroom content are completed prior to the classroom sessions(s)	learn and assimilate information through repetition and reinforcement	Increased knowledge of how to think about, prevent and manage violence
Violence scenarios are generated by partici- pants from their own experience and used for discussion	learn information through envisioning how the content can be applied	Demonstration of the desired violence prevention, management and reporting actions
Information is given on the components and importance of risk assessment for violence	assume a belief that violence is not in- evitable and can be prepared for and prevent violence	Violence risk assessment becoming part of normal care of patients
Leaders follow up with HC workers after vio- lence to inform actions to prevent further vio- lence		Communication of risk of violence and formal and informal reporting
Peers support each other during and after violence	trust that "someone has their back" and they are not alone	Increased feelings of safety, less fear and more confidence to try new VP skills
HC workers have a heavy workload, multiple demands and lack of time	likely feel overwhelmed and fatigued	Inability to apply knowledge to assess for, prevent and de-escalate violence
Thoughtful, non-blaming debrief sessions are held with HC workers after violent incidents on a routine basis	have reinforcement of the curriculum content applied to practice	Increased likelihood of integrating violence prevention into practice routine
Education focuses on self -awareness and participant role in communication to prevent violence	self reflect on previous interactions and potential future situations	increased demonstration of reflexive behaviour and self-management in violent situations
Participants are given definitions and examples of what constitutes violence	conceptualize and reframe violence to included unintended violence	Identification of violence from a new perspec- tive and increased completion of risk assess- ment and reporting

^{*}Developed from scoping of the literature and consultations with content experts prior to review.

 $\label{thm:conditional} \textbf{Table S3.} \ \text{Supporting formal theory} \ .$

Context	Mechanism	Formal Theory
1 Education annuitie to divided actions	↑ content valued as applicable to	
1. Education specific to clinical settings	practice	
2. Education focussed on communication & de-	↑ self-awareness of emotions &	
escalation	communication	
3. Unit level mentoring & modelling	↑ Confidence in VP skills	Self – efficacy theory (Bandura, 1982)
4. Team-based VP education & regular team	↑ team trust & shared under-	T1
discussions & decision making	standing	Team learning (A. Edmondson, 1999)
E Manual and an ability a manating a maticular and	time/capacity for patient interac-	Job demand/ Resource Model (Bakker &
5. Workload enabling meeting patient needs	tion	Demerouti, 2007)
6. Sufficient physical/emotional energy	↑ self-regulation of emotions	
7. Physical support from supervisors & peers	↓ fear for personal safety & ↑	Secondary psychological injury (Canadian
during violence	confidence to manage violence	Resource Centre for Victims of Crime, 2005)
8. Acknowledgement & non blaming support	↑ perception of psychological	Diel of learning (A. C. Edmandeer, 2000)
from manager peers post violence	safety	Risk of learning (A. C. Edmondson, 2008)
9. Clear supported policies with consequences	empowerment to set limits &	
for violence	manage aggression	
10 Manila sellene for a form in decomposit on blanca	√ fear of failure & being per-	Psychological safety (Samra, J, Gilbert, M. Shain,
10. Work culture free from judgement or blame	ceived incompetent	M., & Bilsker, 2012)
11. Consistent & timely violence follow-up;	↓ cynicism & normalization of vi-	
communication of VP actions after violence	olence	
References for supporting formal theory		

References for supporting formal theory

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Table S4. Included documents.

Author(s)	Year	Title	Publication
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Arnetz, J. E., & Arnetz, B. B.	2000	Implementation and evaluation of a practical intervention programme for dealing with violence towards health care workers	Journal of Advanced Nursing
Ashton, R. A., Morris, L., & Smith, I.	2018	A qualitative meta-synthesis of emergency department staff experiences of violence and aggression	International Emergency Nursing
Baig, L., Tanzil, S., Shaikh, S., Hashmi, I., Khan, M. A., & Polkow- ski, M.	2018	Effectiveness of training on de-escalation of violence and management of aggressive behavior faced by health care providers in a public sector hospital of Karachi	Pakistan Journal of Medi- cal Sciences
Banerjee, A., Daly, T., Armstrong, H., Armstrong, P., Lafrance, S., & Szebe- hely, M.	2008	Out of control: Violence against personal support workers in long-term care	Report (CIHR Funded Project)
Banerjee, A., Daly, T., Armstrong, P., Szebehely, M., Armstrong, H., & Lafrance, S.	2012	Structural violence in long-term, residential care for older people: Comparing Canada and Scandinavia	Social Science & Medi- cine
Beech, B., & Leather, P.	2006	Workplace violence in the health care sector: A review of staff training and integration of training evaluation models	Aggression & Violent Behaviour
Björkdahl, A., Hansebo, G., & Palm- stierna, T.	2013	The influence of staff training on the violence prevention and management climate in psychiatric inpatient units	Journal of Psychiatric & Mental Health Nursing
Blando, J. D., O'Hagan, E., Casteel, C., Nocera, M. A., & Peek-Asa, C.	2013	Impact of hospital security programmes and workplace aggression on nurse perceptions of safety	Journal of Nursing Management
Blando, J., Ridenour, M., Hartley, D., & Casteel, C.	2014	Barriers to effective implementation of programs for the prevention of workplace violence in hospitals	Online Journal Of Issues In Nursing
Blouin, S.	2017	Taking a stand against workplace violence	Health Care Executive
Bond, P., Paniagua, H., & Thompson, A.	2009	Zero tolerance of violent patients: Policy in action	Practice Nursing
Brophy, J. T., Keith, M. M., & Hurley, M.	2018	Assaulted and Unheard: Violence Against Healthcare Staff	New Solutions: A Journal of Environmental And Occupational Health

Cassidy, E. L., Rosen, C., Cook, J., Greenbaum, M. A., Chow, H., Solano, N., & Sheikh, J. I.	2005	Assessment to intervention: Utilizing a staff needs assessment to improve care for behaviorally challenging residents in long term care (Part I)	Clinical Gerontologist
Chapman, R., Ogle, K. R., Martin, C., Rahman, A., Mckenna, B., & Barn- field, J.	2016	Australian nurses' perceptions of the use of manual restraint in the Emergency Department: A qualitative perspective	Journal of Clinical Nursing
Chen, W. C., Huang, C. J., Chen, C. C., & Wang, J. D.	2011	The incidence and risk factors of workplace violence to- wards female nurses reported via internet in an acute psy- chiatric hospital	
Child, Rebekah J. Howerton, and Elizabeth J. Sussman.	2017	Occupational Disappointment: Why Did I Even Become a Nurse?	Journal of Emergency Nursing
Darling, F. E., Allen, D. E., de Nesnera, A., & Cummings, K.	2011	Transforming the culture of caring: Getting hurt is not part of the job	Journal of Psychosocial Nursing
Dickens, G., Rogers, G., Rooney, C., McGuinness, A., & Doyle, D.	2009	psychiatric hospital: A replication study	Journal of Psychiatric and Mental Health Nurs- ing
Duffin, C.	2010	Researchers question the effectiveness of training staff in breakaway techniques	Mental Health Practice
Duncan, S.M., Hyndamn, K., Estabrooks, C.A., Hesketh, K., Humphrey, C.K., Wong, J.S., Acorn, S. and Giovannetti, P.	2016	Nurses' experience of violence in Alberta and British Columbia hospitals	Canadian Journal of Nursing Research
Edmondson, A. C.	2008	Managing the risk of learning: Psychological safety in work teams	International Handbook of Organizational Team- work and Cooperative Working
Farrell, G. & Salmon, P.	2010	Challenging behaviour: An action plan for education and training	Contemporary Nurse
Farrell, G., & Cubit, K.	2005	Nurses under threat: a comparison of content of 28 aggression management programs	International Journal of Mental Health Nursing
Forster, J. A., Petty, M. T., Schleiger, C., & Walters, H. C.	2005	kNOw workplace violence: developing programs for managing the risk of aggression in the health care setting	The Medical Journal of Australia
Gerdtz, M. F., Daniel, C., Dearie, V., Prematunga, R., Bamert, M., & Duxbury, J.	2013	The outcome of a rapid training program on nurses' atti- tudes regarding the prevention of aggression in emer- gency departments: A multi-site evaluation	International Journal of Nursing Studies
Gillespie, G. L., Farra, S. L., & Gates, D. M.	2014	A workplace violence educational program: a repeated measures study	Nurse Education in Practice
Gillespie, G. L., Gates, D. M., Kowalenko, T., Bresler, S., & Succop, P.	2014	Implementation of a comprehensive intervention to reduce physical assaults and threats in the emergency department	Emergency Nursing: JEN
Gillespie, G. L., Gates, D. M., Mentzel, T., Al-Natour, A., & Kow- alenko, T.	2013	Evaluation of a comprehensive ED violence prevention program	Journal of Emergency Nursing
Gillespie, G. L., Gates, D. M., Miller, M., & Howard, P. K	2010	Workplace Violence in Healthcare Settings: Risk Factors and Protective Strategies	Rehabilitation Nursing
Halm, M.	2017	Aggression management education for acute care nurses- What's the evidence?	American Journal of Critical Care
Heckemann, B., Breimaier, H. E., Halfens, R. J. G., Schols, J. M. G. A., & Hahn, S.	2016	The participant's perspective: learning from an aggression management training course for nurses. Insights from a qualitative interview study	Scandinavian Journal of Caring Sciences
Henderson, L., Kamp, B., Niedbalski, K., Abraham, S. P., & Gillum, D. R.	2018	Nurses' Perspectives on Patient and Visitor Violence: A Qualitative Study	International Journal of Studies in Nursing
Hills, D.	2008	Relationships between aggression management training, perceived self-efficacy and rural general hospital nurses' experiences of patient aggression	Contemporary Nurse.

Ilkiw-Lavalle, O., Grenyer, B. F., & Graham, L.	2012	Does prior training and staff occupation influence knowledge acquisition from an aggression management-training program?	International Journal of Mental Health Nursing
Jussab, F., & Murphy, H.	2015	"I just can't, I am frightened for my safety, I don't know how to work with her": Practitioners' experiences of client violence and recommendations for future practice	Professional Psychology: Research & Practice
Kansagra, S.M., Rao, S.R., Sullivan, A.F., Gordon, J.A., Magid, D.J., Kaushal, R., Camargo, Jr, C.A. and Blumenthal, D.	2008	A survey of workplace violence across 65 US emergency departments	Academic Emergency Medicine
Koller, L. H.	2016	It could never happen here: promoting violence prevention education for emergency department nurses	Journal of Continuing Education
Lanctôt, N., & Guay, S.	2014	The aftermath of workplace violence among healthcare workers: A systematic literature review of the consequences	Aggression and Violent Behavior
Lanza, M., Schmidt, S., & Mcmillan, F., Demaio, J., & Forester, L.	2011	Support Our Staff-A Unique Program to Help Deal With Patient Assault.	ric Care
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Marshall, B., Craig, A., & Meyer, A.	2017	Registered nurses' attitudes towards, and experiences of, aggression and violence in the acute hospital setting	Kai Tiaki Nursing Research
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Moylan, L.	2015	A Conceptual Model for Nurses Decision-making with the Aggressive Psychiatric Patient.	Issues in Mental Health Nursing
Needham, I., Abderhalden, C., Halfens, R. J., Fischer, J. E., & Dassen, T.	2005	Non-somatic effects of patient aggression on nurses: a systematic review	Journal of Advanced Nursing
O'Grady, E., Dempsey, L., & Fabby, C.	2012	Anger: a common form of psychological distress among patients at the end of life	International Journal of Palliative Nursing
Parish, C.	2013	Change ward culture to cut violence and aggression	Mental Health Practice
Paterson, B., Leadbetter, D., & Bowie, V.	1999	Supporting nursing staff exposed to violence at work	International Journal of Nursing Studies
Pich, J., Hazelton, M., Sundin, D., & Kable, A.	2010	Patient-related violence against emergency department nurses	Nursing & Health Sci- ences
Price, O., Baker, J., Bee, P., & Lovell, K.	2015	Learning and performance outcomes of mental health staff training in de-escalation techniques for the manage- ment of violence and aggression	British Journal of Psychi- atry
Renker, P., Scribner, S. A., & Huff, P.	2015	Staff perspectives of violence in the emergency department: Appeals for consequences, collaboration, and consistency	Work
Rosenau, B.	2017	Violence Prevention and Nurse Safety	Canadian Nurse
Sato, K., Wakabayashi, T., Kiyoshi- Teo, H., & Fukahori, H	2013	Factors associated with nurses' reporting of patients' ag- gressive behavior: A cross-sectional survey	
Stevenson, K. N., Jack, S. M., O'Mara, L., & LeGris, J.	2015	Registered nurses' experiences of patient violence on acute care psychiatric inpatient units: an interpretive descriptive study	BMC Nursing
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Zarola, A., & Leather, P.	2006	Violence and aggression management training for trainers and managers A national evaluation of the training provi- sion in healthcare settings	1 1 1

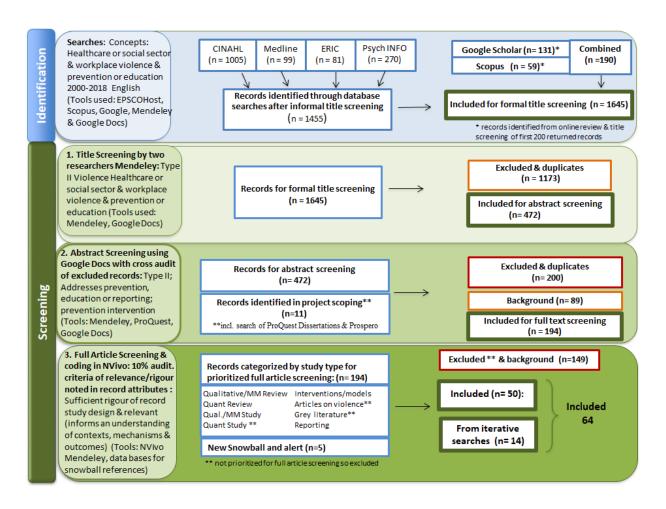


Figure S1: Search and screening strategy

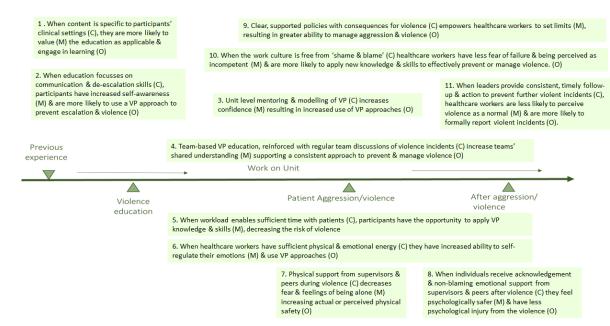


Figure S2 Review refined program theory