

Supporting information

Solid state phosphorescence enhancement of Pt^{II}-based emitters via combination of π-Hole(Isocyano Group)… d_{z²}[Pt^{II}] and I…Cl Halogen-Bonding Interactions

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S1. X-ray diffraction studies

Table S1.1 Crystal data and structure refinement for 1·½(1,4-DITFB) adduct.

Identification code	1·½(1,4-DITFB)
CCDC code	2290328
Empirical formula	C ₂₉ H ₁₇ ClF ₂ IN ₂ Pt
Formula weight	788.89
Temperature/K	100.02(10)
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P2 ₁ /c
a/Å	15.9655(3)
b/Å	4.59870(10)
c/Å	34.1243(7)
α/°	90
β/°	91.549(2)
γ/°	90
Volume/Å³	2504.51(9)
Z	4
Q_{calc}g/cm³	2.092
μ/mm⁻¹	21.449
F(000)	1484.0
Crystal size/mm³	0.1 × 0.1 × 0.1
Radiation	CuKα ($\lambda = 1.54184$)
2Θ range for data collection/°	5.182 to 130
Index ranges	-17 ≤ h ≤ 18, -5 ≤ k ≤ 5, -37 ≤ l ≤ 40
Reflections collected	14691
Independent reflections	4281 [R _{int} = 0.0516, R _{sigma} = 0.0464]
Data/restraints/parameters	4281/0/319
Goodness-of-fit on F²	1.221
Final R indexes [I>=2σ (I)]	R ₁ = 0.0597, wR ₂ = 0.1445
Final R indexes [all data]	R ₁ = 0.0640, wR ₂ = 0.1464
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å⁻³	2.31/-1.46

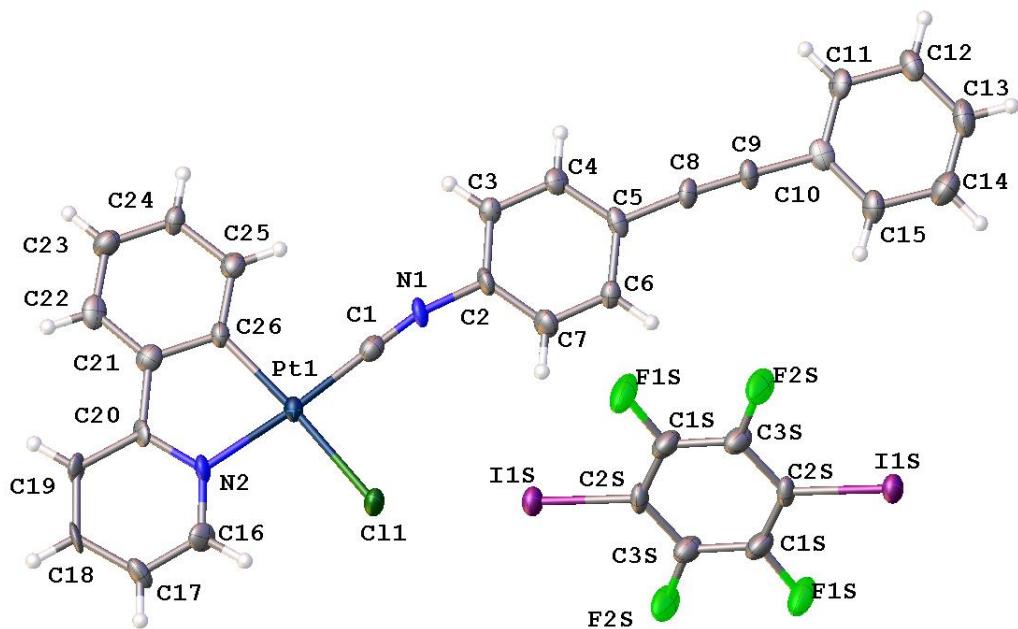


Figure S1.1. Molecular view of **1·½(1,4-DITFB)**. Thermal ellipsoids for are drawn at the 50% probability level.

Table S1.2. Selected bond lengths (\AA) and angles ($^\circ$) for **1·½(1,4-DITFB)**.

	Length, \AA		Angle, $^\circ$
Pt1–N2	2.077(3)	$\angle(\text{C26–Pt1–N2})$	81.2(5)
Pt1–C26	2.010(12)	$\angle(\text{N2–Pt1–Cl1})$	94.9(3)
Pt1–Cl1	2.396(3)	$\angle(\text{C1–Pt1–C26})$	94.2(5)
Pt1–C1	1.908(14)	$\angle(\text{N1–C1–Pt1})$	178.4(12)
N1–C1	1.147(17)	$\angle(\text{C1–N1–C2})$	168.4(13)
C8–C9	1.211(19)	$\angle(\text{C5–C8–C9})$	174.6(14)

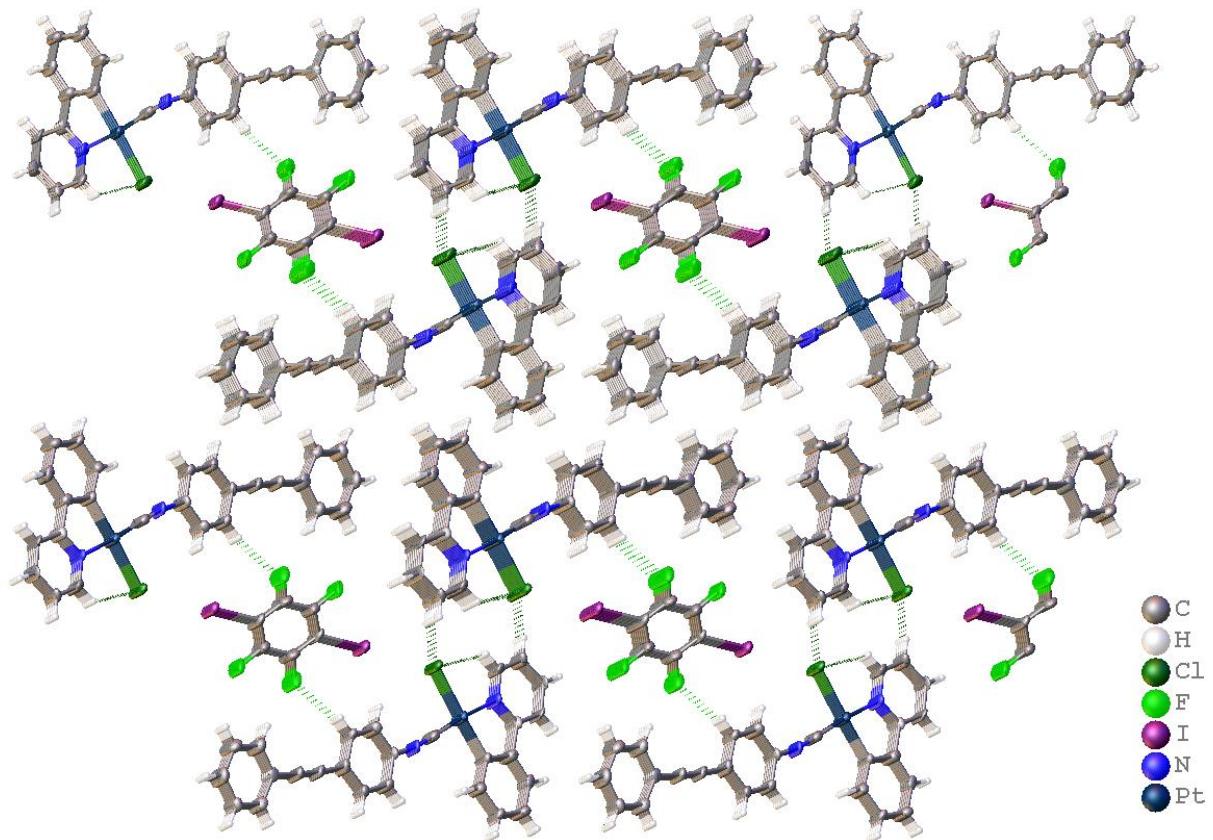


Figure S1.2. A fragment of the crystal packing of **1·½(1,4-DITFB)**.

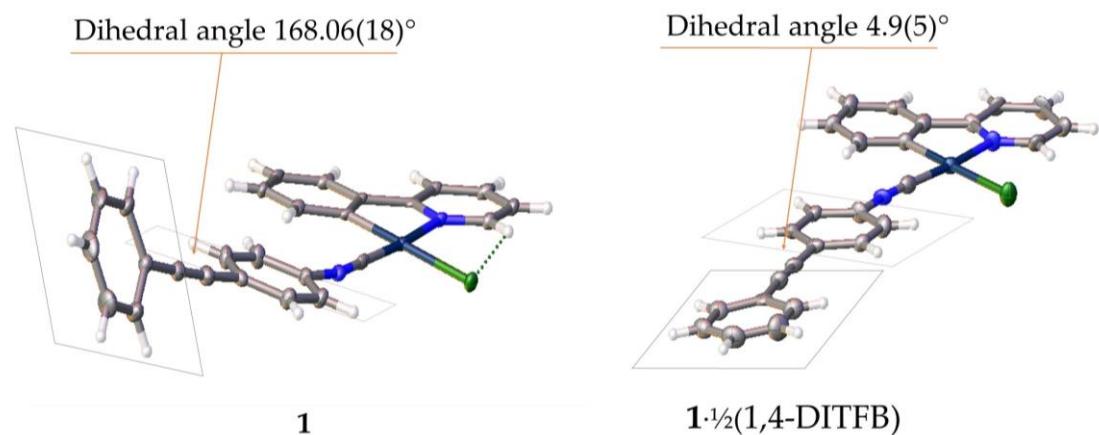


Figure S1.3. Molecule structures of complex **1** in the crystals of pure **1** [58] and adduct **1·½(1,4-DITFB)**.

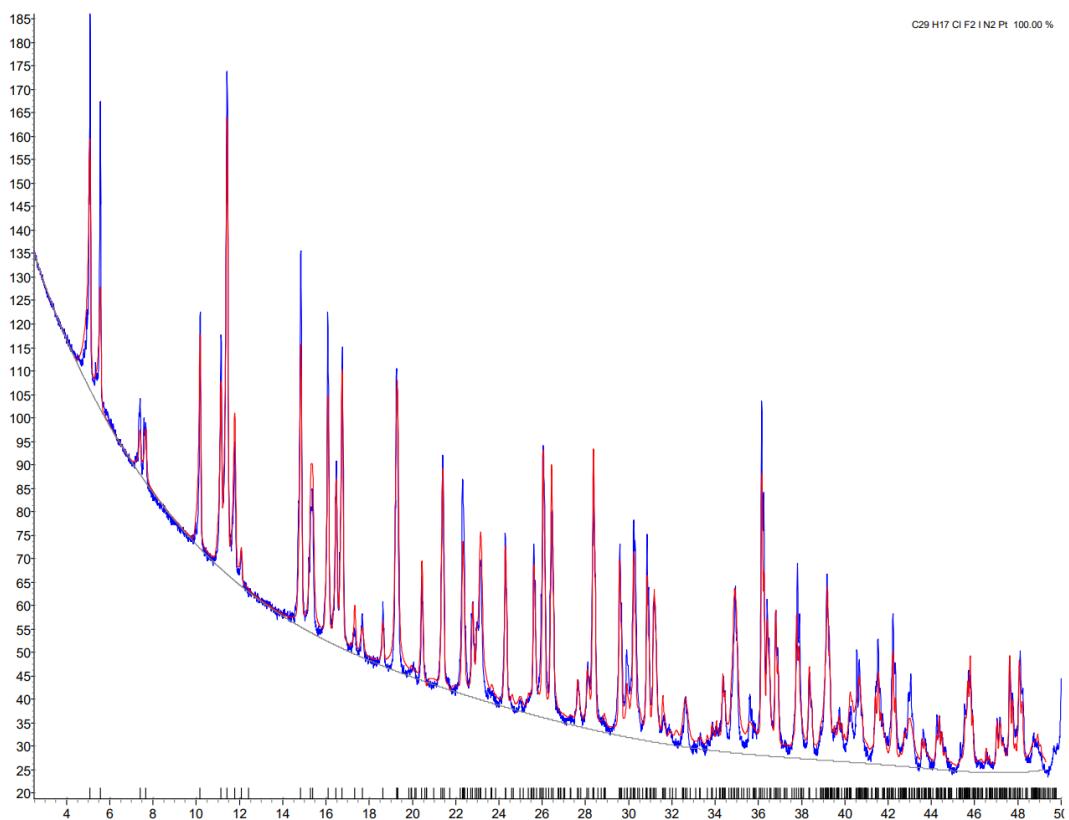


Figure S1.4. The measured powder X-ray diffraction patterns of crystalline **1·½(1,4-DITFB)**.

Table S1.3 CSD data analysis.

CCDC code	Structure	Pt•••N _{iso} , Å	∠(C≡N…Pt)	Ref.
2044042		3.636(4), 3.832(4)	98.1(3), 93.4(3)	[1]
2075446		3.624(5), 3.938(6)	106.4(4), 95.1(5)	
2078554		3.475(4)	103.2(4)	
2042219		3.501(3)	86.1(3)	
732182		3.62536(5)	94.4034(14)	[2]
792590		3.654(12)	104.5(10)	[3]

893736		3.696(11)	86.0(9)	[4]
1987102		3.523(4)	86.3(3)	[5]
820799		3.62064(7)	82.2962(19)	[6]
Comparison, Å				
Bondi VdW radii	3.30			
Batsanov VdW radii	3.65			
Alvarez VdW radii	3.95			

S2. Theoretical calculations

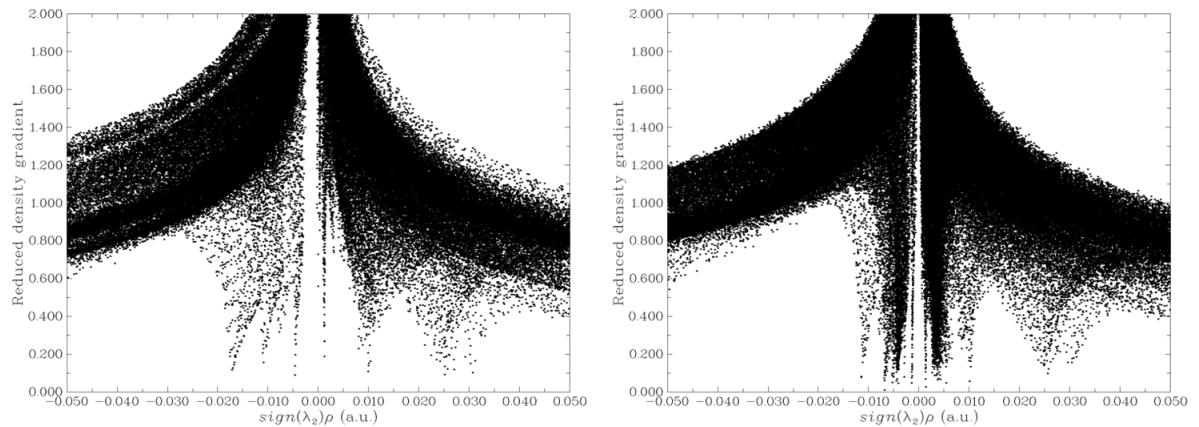


Figure 2.1. RDG(\mathbf{r}) – $\text{sign}[\lambda_2(\mathbf{r})]\rho(\mathbf{r})$ plot for the I···Cl HaB in (left) and NcN···Pt contact (right) in the crystal structure of $\mathbf{1}\frac{1}{2}(1,4\text{-DITFB})$.

ELF and ED/ESP Minima Analysis

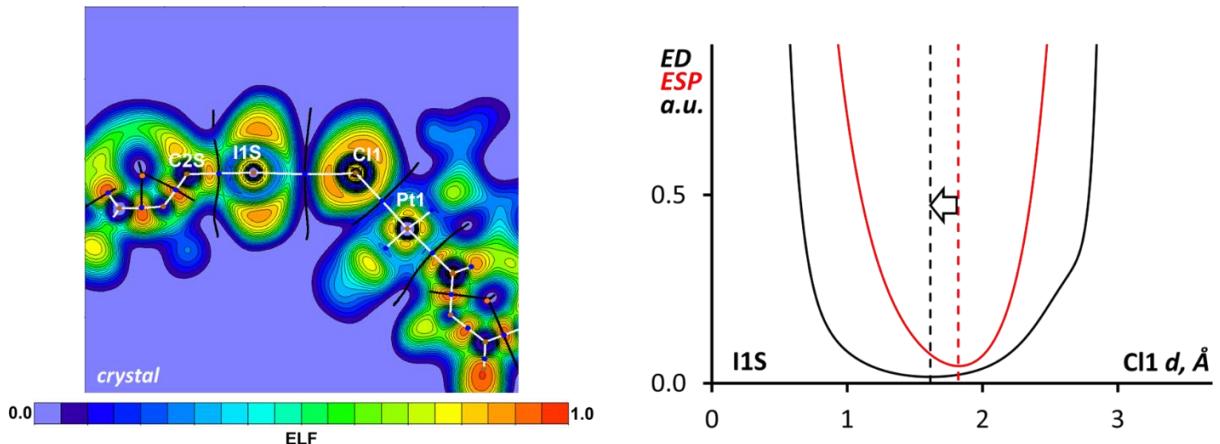


Figure 2.2. Left: ELF projections (contour lines with 0.05 step), bond paths (white lines), zero-flux surface projections (black lines), bond CPs (blue dots), nuclear CPs (brown dots), and ring CPs (orange dots). Right: The ED (black) vs. ESP (red) minima along the bond paths for the I···Cl HaB in the crystal structure of $\mathbf{1}\frac{1}{2}(1,4\text{-DITFB})$.

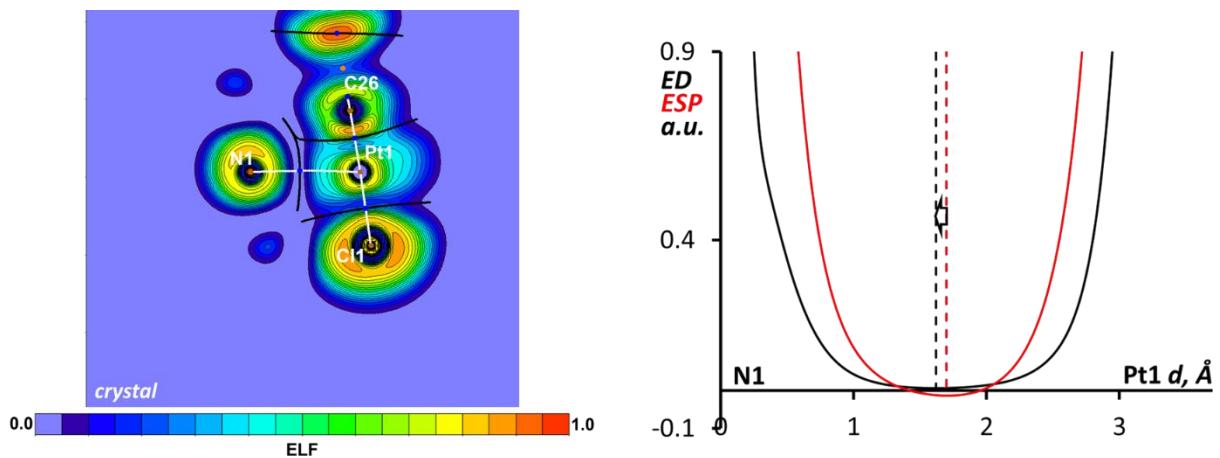


Figure 2.3. Left: ELF projections (contour lines with 0.05 step), bond paths (white lines), zero-flux surface projections (black lines), bond CPs (blue dots), nuclear CPs (brown dots), and ring CPs (orange dots). Right: The ED (black) vs. ESP (red) minima along the bond paths for the $\text{N}_{\text{CN}} \cdots \text{Pt}$ contact in the crystal structure of **1·½(1,4-DITFB)**.

Literature

1. Katkova, S.A., et al., *Intermolecular (Isocyanide group)…PtII interactions involving coordinated isocyanides in cyclometalated PtII complexes*. J. Mol. Struct., 2022. **1253**: p. 132230.
2. Fornies, J., et al., *Luminescent benzoquinolate-isocyanide platinum(II) complexes: effect of PtPt and pipi interactions on their photophysical properties*. Chem Asian J, 2012. **7**(12): p. 2813-23.
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