

Supplementary Materials

Sn(IV)porphyrin-anchored TiO₂ Nanoparticles via Axial-Ligand Coordination for Enhancement of Visible Light-activated Photocatalytic Degradation

Nirmal Kumar Shee and Hee-Joon Kim*

*Department of Chemistry and Bioscience, Kumoh National Institute of Technology
61 Daehak-ro, Gumi 39177, Republic of Korea*

List of contents

Figure S1. Energy dispersive X-ray spectroscopy (EDS) elemental maps (C, N, O, Ti, and Sn) of SnP/AA@TiO₂.

Figure S2. TGA curves of TiO₂, SnP@TiO₂, and SnP/AA@TiO₂.

Figure S3. N₂ adsorption-desorption isotherms of SnP@TiO₂ and SnP/AA@TiO₂.

Figure S4. RhB adsorption ability of SnP, TiO₂, SnP@TiO₂, and SnP/AA@TiO₂.

Figure S5. Photocatalytic degradation of RhB dye in aqueous solution by SnP/AA@TiO₂ under visible-light irradiation.

Figure S6. Kinetics for the photocatalytic degradation of RhB dye by SnP, TiO₂, SnP@TiO₂, and SnP/AA@TiO₂ photocatalysts under visible-light irradiation.

Figure S7. Comparison of RhB dye degradation in presence of SnP, TiO₂, and SnP/AA@TiO₂ with various wt% of SnP with respect to TiO₂.

Figure S8. Recyclability of SnP/AA@TiO₂ composite photocatalyst in RhB degradation.

Figure S9. XRD of SnP/AA@TiO₂ composite photocatalyst before and after RhB degradation.

Figure S10. FE-SEM images of SnP/AA@TiO₂ composite photocatalyst before and after RhB degradation.

Figure S11. Effect of temperature on RhB degradation in the presence of SnP/AA@TiO₂ composite photocatalyst.

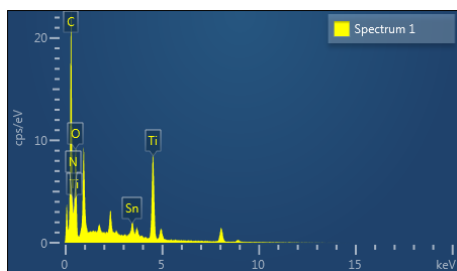
Figure S12. Effect of pH of the solution on RhB degradation in the presence of SnP/AA@TiO₂ composite photocatalyst.

Figure S13. Effect of initial concentration of RhB on dye degradation using 50 mg of SnP/AA@TiO₂ composite photocatalyst.

Figure S14. Photocatalytic degradation of RhB dye in aqueous solution by SnP/AA@TiO₂ composite photocatalyst with the addition of different scavengers under visible-light irradiation ([Na₂-EDTA]₀ = [*p*-BQ]₀ = [^tBuOH]₀ = 5 mM, pH 7.0, *T* = 298 K).

Figure S15. Photocatalytic activity of SnP/AA@TiO₂ at different wavelengths for the degradation of RhB dye.

Figure S16. ESI-MS spectrum (positive ion mode) of the reaction mixture of RhB dye with the SnP/AA@TiO₂ composite photocatalyst after 40 min of visible-light irradiation.



Element	Weight %	Atomic %
C	41.01	57.30
N	1.26	1.52
O	30.53	32.10
Ti	24.89	8.74
Sn	2.31	0.34
Total:	100.00	100.00

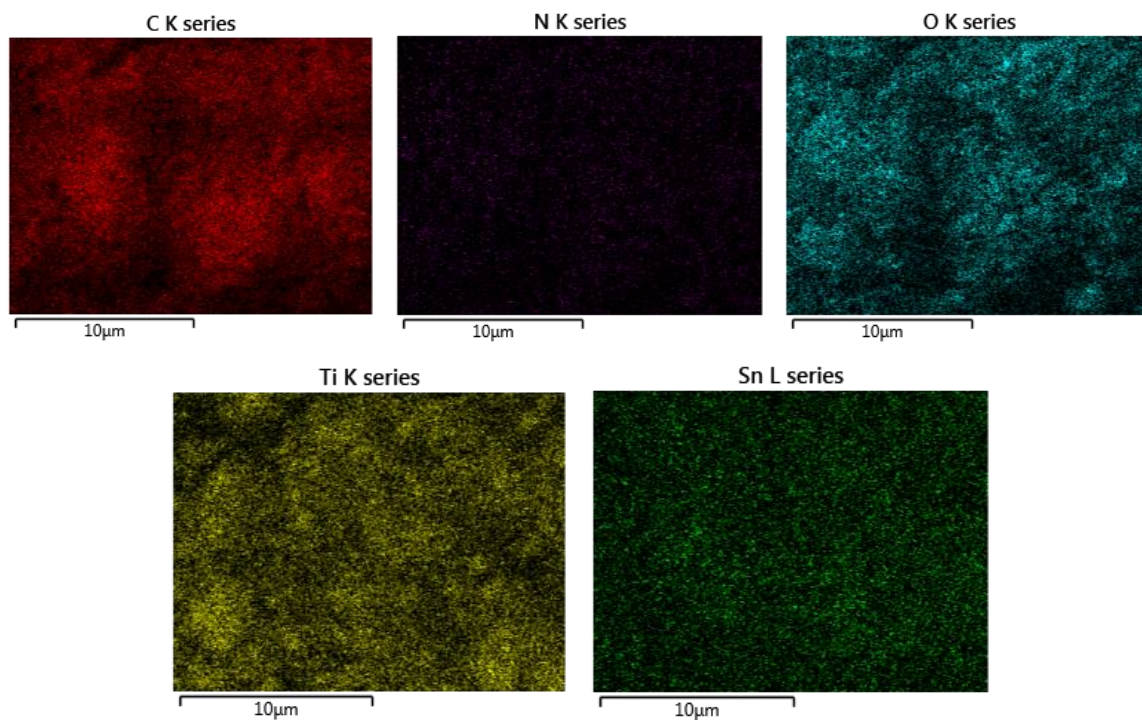
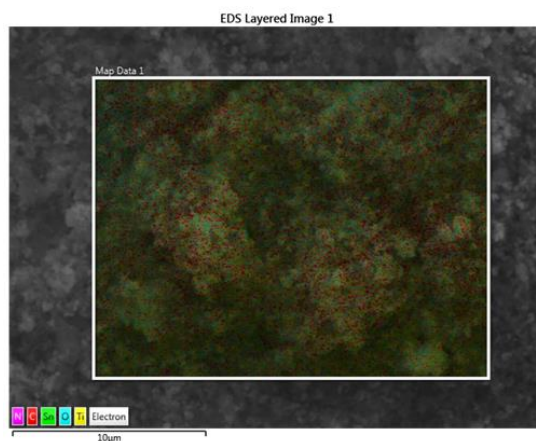


Figure S1. Energy dispersive X-ray spectroscopy (EDS) elemental maps (C, N, O, Ti, and Sn) of SnP/AA@TiO₂.

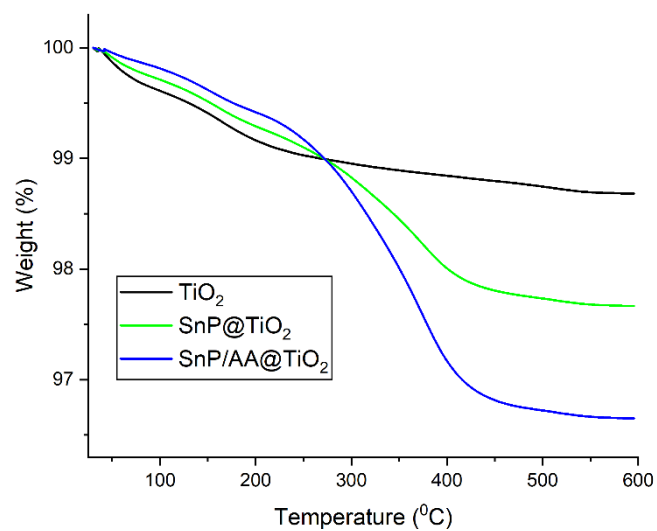


Figure S2. TGA curves of TiO₂, SnP@TiO₂, and SnP/AA@TiO₂.

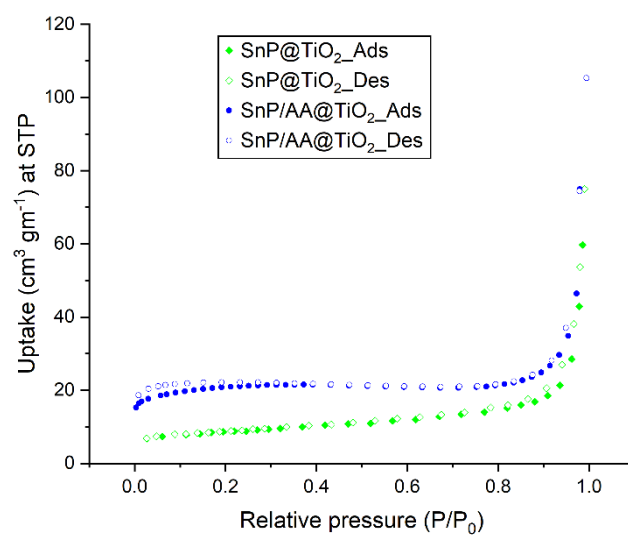


Figure S3. N₂ adsorption-desorption isotherms of SnP@TiO₂, and SnP/AA@TiO₂.

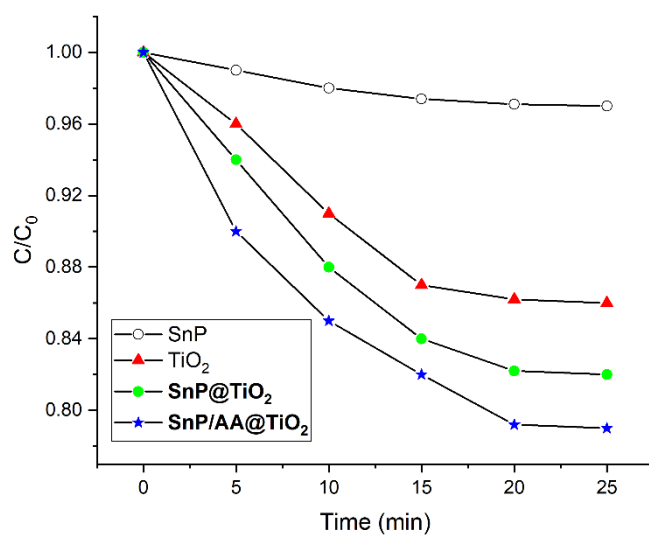


Figure S4. RhB adsorption ability of SnP, TiO_2 , $SnP@TiO_2$, and $SnP/AA@TiO_2$.

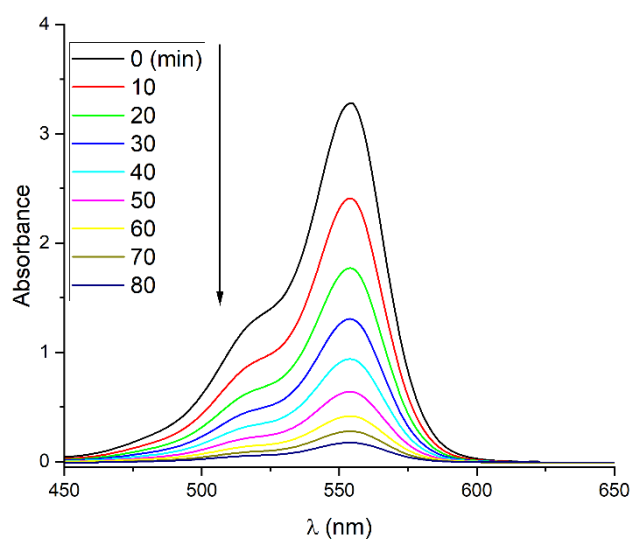


Figure S5. Photocatalytic degradation of RhB dye in aqueous solution by $SnP/AA@TiO_2$ under visible-light irradiation.

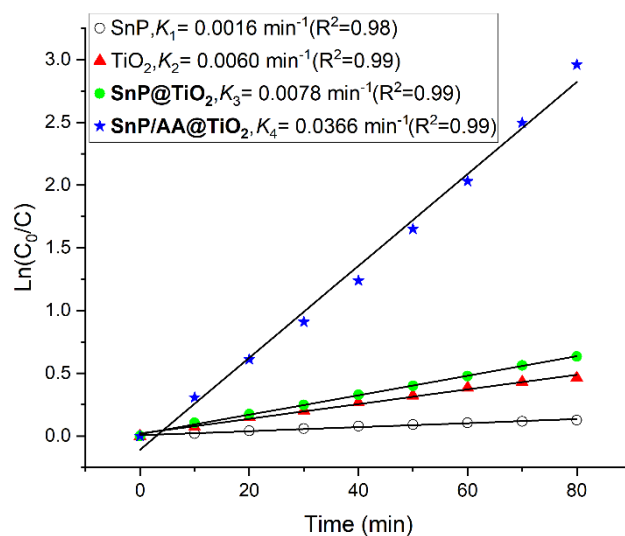


Figure S6. Kinetics for the photocatalytic degradation of RhB dye by SnP, TiO₂, SnP@TiO₂, and SnP/AA@TiO₂ photocatalysts under visible-light irradiation.

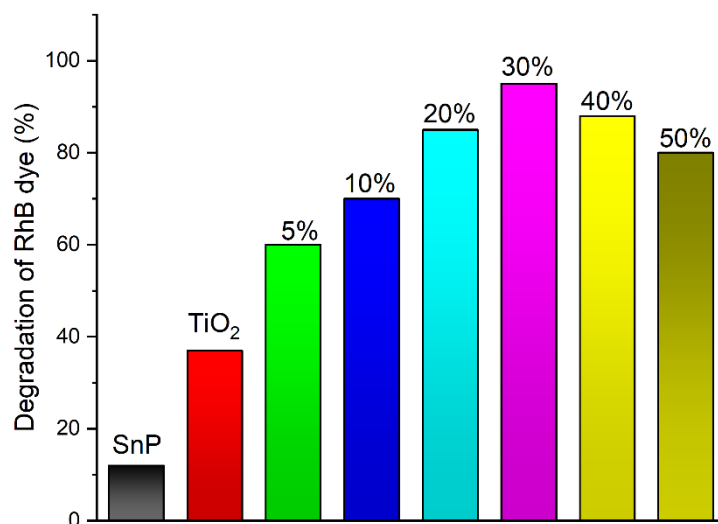


Figure S7. Comparison of RhB dye degradation in presence of SnP, TiO₂, and SnP/AA@TiO₂ with various wt% of SnP with respect to TiO₂.

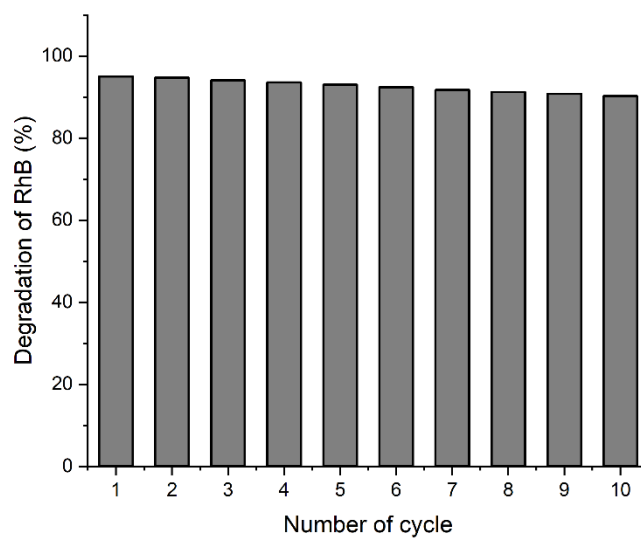


Figure S8. Recyclability of SnP/AA@TiO₂ composite photocatalyst in RhB degradation.

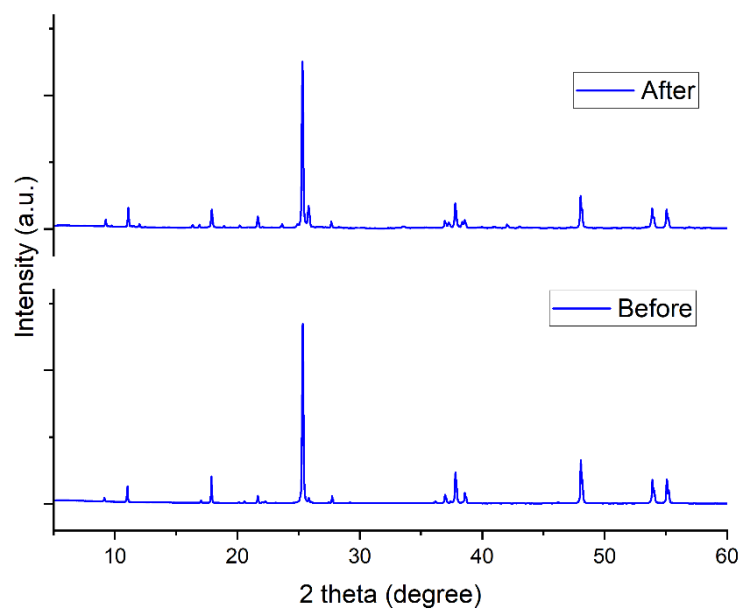


Figure S9. XRD of SnP/AA@TiO₂ composite photocatalyst before and after RhB degradation.

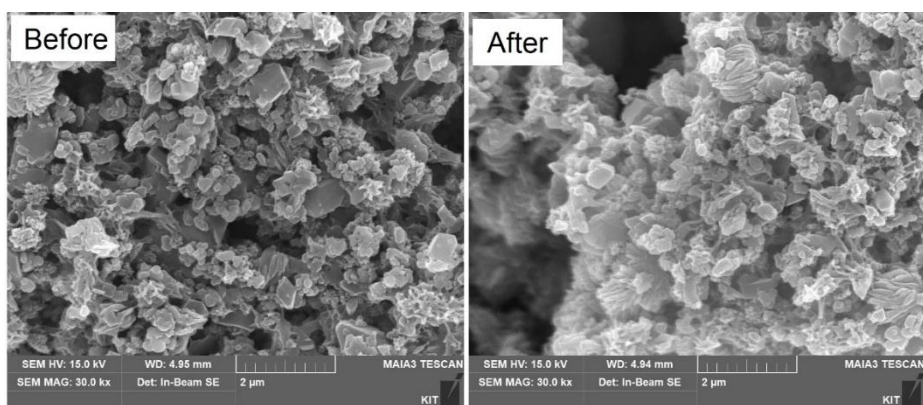


Figure S10. FE-SEM images of SnP/AA@TiO₂ composite photocatalyst before and after RhB degradation.

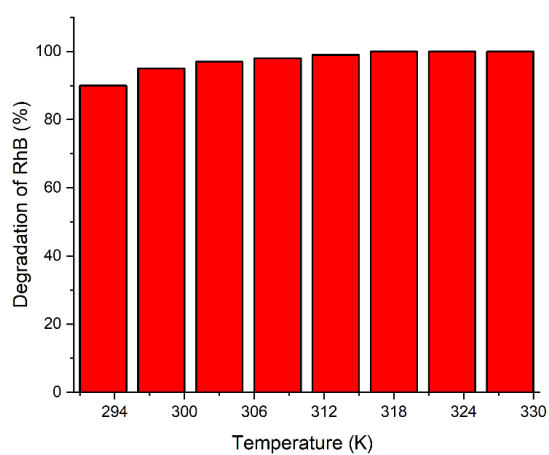


Figure S11. Effect of temperature on RhB degradation in the presence of SnP/AA@TiO₂ composite photocatalyst.

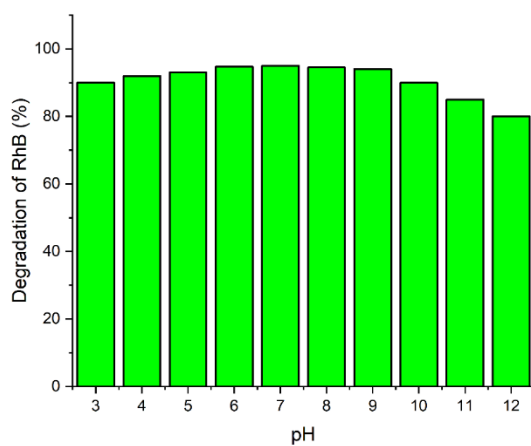


Figure S12. Effect of pH of the solution on RhB degradation in the presence of SnP/AA@TiO₂ composite photocatalyst.

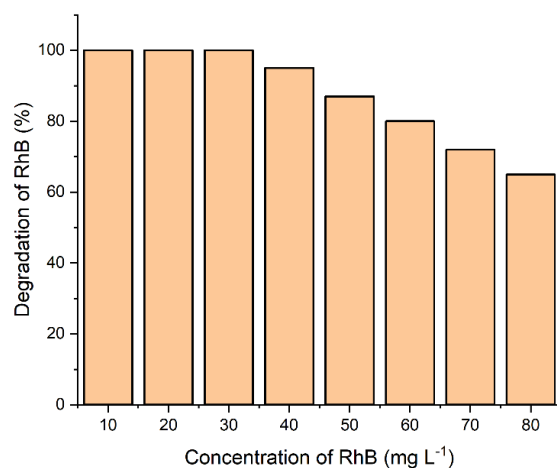


Figure S13. Effect of initial concentration of RhB on dye degradation using 50 mg of SnP/AA@TiO₂ composite photocatalyst.

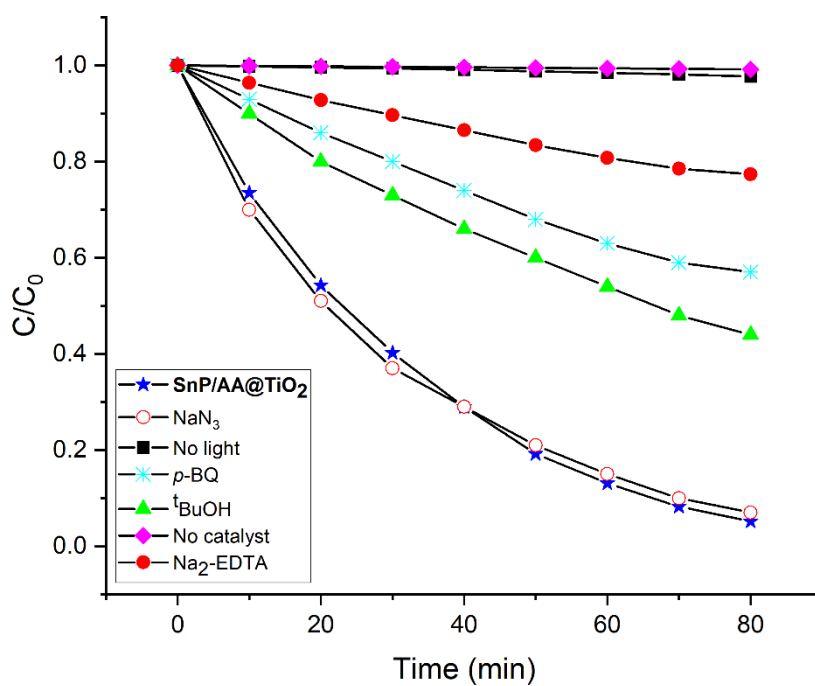


Figure S14. Photocatalytic degradation of RhB dye in aqueous solution by SnP/AA@TiO₂ composite photocatalyst with the addition of different scavengers under visible-light irradiation ($[\text{Na}_2\text{-EDTA}]_0 = [p\text{-BQ}]_0 = [t\text{BuOH}]_0 = 5 \text{ mM}$, pH 7.0, $T = 298 \text{ K}$).

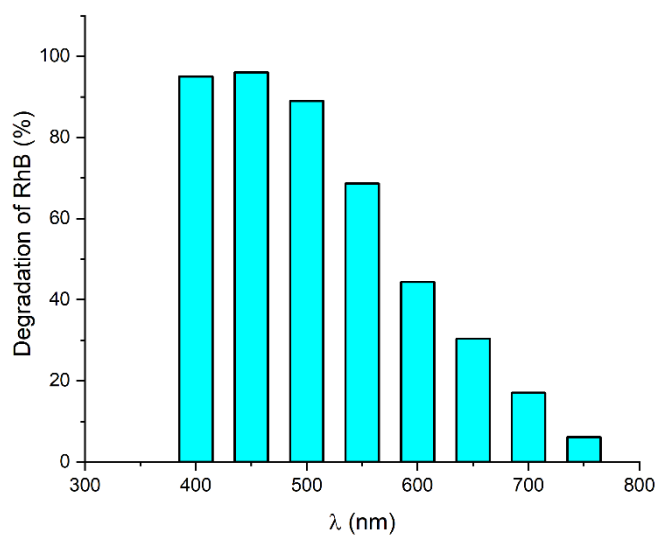


Figure S15. Photocatalytic activity of SnP/AA@TiO₂ at different wavelengths for the degradation of RhB dye.

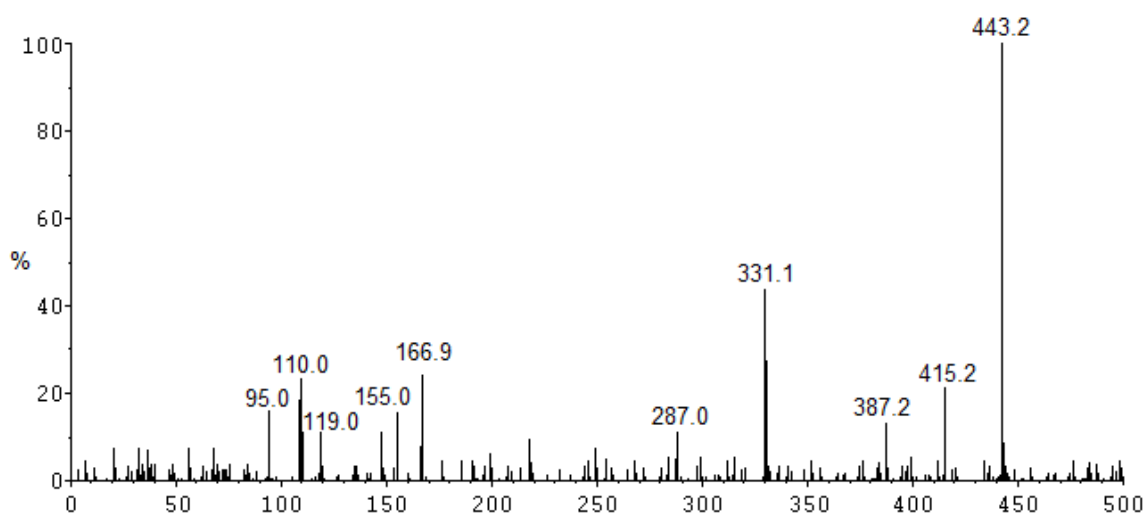


Figure S16. ESI-MS spectrum (positive ion mode) of the reaction mixture of RhB dye with the SnP/AA@TiO₂ composite photocatalyst after 40 min of visible-light irradiation.