

Supplementary Material



Figure S1. Experimental installation used for microalgal growth.

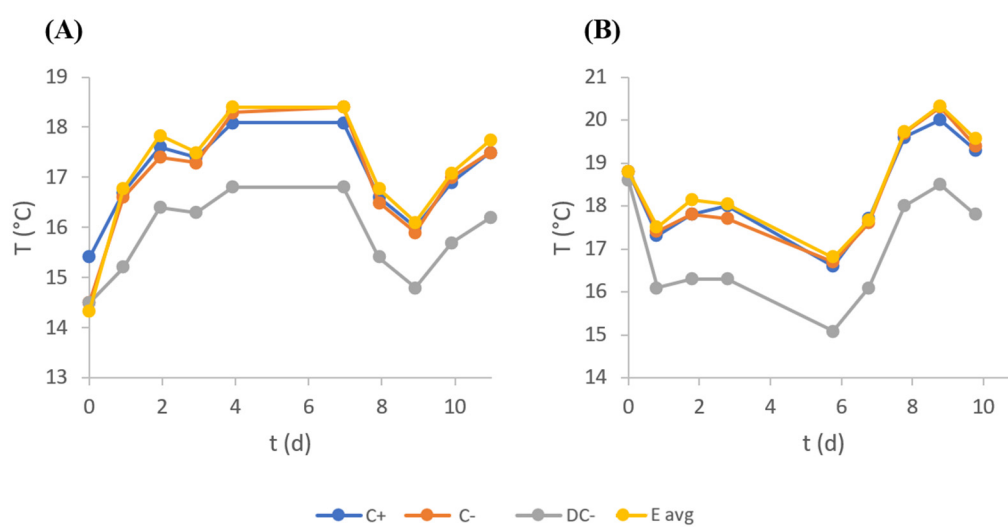


Figure S2. Time-course evolution of temperature inside each flask (A and B represent effluent 1 and 2, respectively).

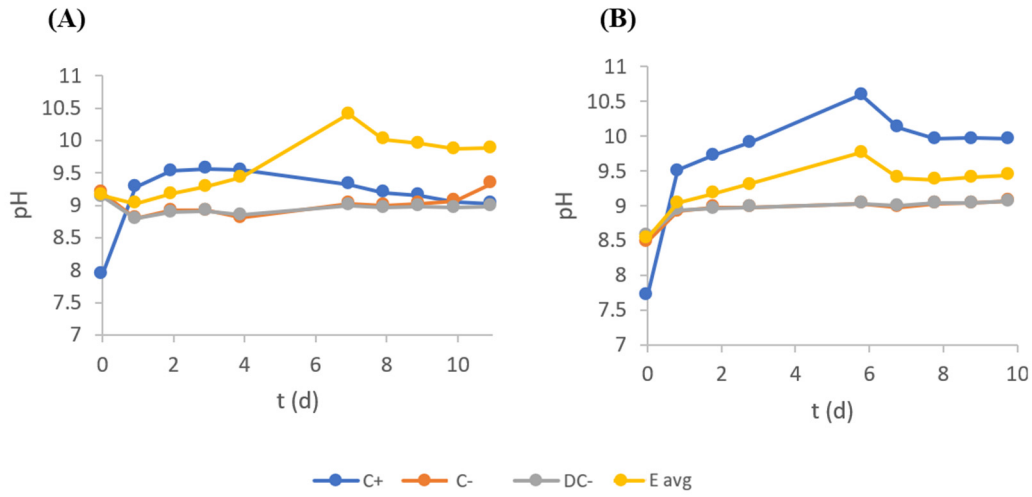


Figure S3. Time-course evolution of pH inside each flask (A and B represent effluent 1 and 2, respectively).

Table S1. All the calibration curves used throughout this study.

Calibration Curve	y	$a \pm s_a$	$b \pm s_b$	R^2	LOD	LOQ
Biomass concentration ($\text{mg}_{\text{DW}} \text{L}^{-1}$)	$\text{OD}_{680\text{nm}}$	$2.67 \times 10^{-3} \pm 4.4 \times 10^{-5}$	$-0.13064 \pm 8.83 \times 10^{-3}$	0.999	9.917	33.058
NO_3^- (mg L^{-1})	$\text{Abs}_{410\text{nm}}$	0.0510 ± 0.0008	0.0176 ± 0.0044	0.998	0.26	0.87
PO_4^{3-} (mg L^{-1})	$\text{Abs}_{820\text{nm}}$	0.184 ± 0.002	0.004 ± 0.003	1.000	0.03	0.19
Colour	$\text{Abs}_{400\text{nm}}$	$9.28 \times 10^{-4} \pm 7.66 \times 10^{-6}$	-0.00223 ± 0.001306	0.999	4.222	14.075
COD – Low Range ($\text{mg}_{\text{O}_2} \text{L}^{-1}$)	$\text{Abs}_{420\text{nm}}$	0.00273 ± 0.000113	-0.0160 ± 0.00587	0.993	6.441	21.470
COD – High Range ($\text{mg}_{\text{O}_2} \text{L}^{-1}$)	$\text{Abs}_{600\text{nm}}$	$0.000412 \pm 2.75 \times 10^{-6}$	-0.00187 ± 0.00148	0.998	10.803	36.011

a : slope of the calibration curve; Abs : Absorbance; b : Intercept; COD: Chemical oxygen demand; LOD: Limit of detection; LOQ: Limit of quantification; OD: Optical density; R^2 : Coefficient of determination; s_a : Standard deviation of the slope; s_b : Standard deviation of the intercept.

Table S2. Chemical characterization of each effluent. Values are presented as mean \pm standard deviation.

	Effluent 1	Effluent 2
[NO ₃ -N] (mg L ⁻¹)	0.79 \pm 0.03	1.34 \pm 0.07
[NH ₄ -N] (mg L ⁻¹)	1.30 \pm 0.04	6.8 \pm 0.2
[PO ₄ -P] (mg L ⁻¹)	7.2 \pm 0.2	3.25 \pm 0.06
COD (mg L ⁻¹)	60 \pm 1	583 \pm 14
Turbidity (NTU)	135 \pm 7	100 \pm 0
pH	9.13	8.57
TS (mg L ⁻¹)	4.19 \pm 0.04	5.5 \pm 0.2
TSS (mg L ⁻¹)	0.18 \pm 0.02	0.12 \pm 0.02
Colour (uH)	675 \pm 12	956 \pm 18
DOC (mg L ⁻¹)	135 \pm 7	126 \pm 8
TN (mg L ⁻¹)	11.4 \pm 0.2	14.6 \pm 0.7

COD: Chemical oxygen demand; DOC: Dissolved organic carbon; NH₄-N: Ammonium-nitrogen; NO₃-N: nitrate-nitrogen; PO₄-P: Phosphate-phosphorus; TN: Total nitrogen; TS: Total solids; TSS: Total suspended solids.

Table S3. Kinetic parameters correspondent to the obtained modified Gompertz models.

	Parameter	Effluent 1	Effluent 2
NO ₃ -N	S ₀ (mg L ⁻¹)	24.05	11.10
	k (d ⁻¹)	1.15	0.78
	λ (d)	0.68	2.30
	R ²	0.997	0.998
	RMSE (mg L ⁻¹)	0.631	0.292
NH ₄ -N	S ₀ (mg L ⁻¹)	1.12	6.99
	k (d ⁻¹)	8.35	2.83
	λ (d)	0.00005	0.00005
	R ²	1.000	1.000
	RMSE (mg L ⁻¹)	0.001	0.030
PO ₄ -P	S ₀ (mg L ⁻¹)	7.61	3.02
	k (d ⁻¹)	0.43	2.12
	λ (d)	0.82	0.27
	R ²	0.996	1.000
	RMSE (mg L ⁻¹)	0.338	0.008

k: Uptake rate; RE: Removal efficiency; RMSE: Root mean squared error; R²: Coefficient of determination; S₀: Initial nutrient concentration; λ : Lag time.

Table S4. Biomass specific yields obtained for C+ and E assays. Values are presented as mean \pm standard deviation. Within the same column and Y_{X/S}, average values sharing the same letter (a, b) are statistically different (p < 0.05).

		Effluent 1	Effluent 2
Y _{X/S} (N, g _{biomass} /g _{substrate})	C+	31 \pm 2 ^a	47 \pm 2 ^a
	E	49 \pm 11 ^b	45 \pm 4 ^a
Y _{X/S} (P, g _{biomass} /g _{substrate})	C+	81 \pm 2 ^a	140 \pm 4 ^a
	E	159 \pm 3 ^a	257 \pm 10 ^a

Y_{X/S}: Biomass specific yield.

Table S5. Initial and final COD values obtained for C+, E, C- and DC- assays. Values are presented as mean \pm standard deviation.

	Effluent 1		Effluent 2	
	t_0 (mg L ⁻¹)	t_f (mg L ⁻¹)	t_0 (mg L ⁻¹)	t_f (mg L ⁻¹)
C+	22 \pm 2	86.7 \pm 0.9	42 \pm 13	224 \pm 15
E	75 \pm 2	75 \pm 1	458 \pm 30	556 \pm 34
C-	71 \pm 3	79 \pm 3	456 \pm 18	220 \pm 17
DC-	72 \pm 2	78 \pm 2	497 \pm 6	218 \pm 17

t_x : value obtained on the day x.

Table S6. Initial and final turbidity values obtained for C+, E, C- and DC- assays. Values are presented as mean \pm standard deviation.

	Effluent 1		Effluent 2	
	t_0 (NTU)	t_f (NTU)	t_0 (NTU)	t_f (NTU)
C+	0.90 \pm 0.07	13 \pm 0	2.0 \pm 0.4	26 \pm 3
E	73 \pm 7	25 \pm 2	47 \pm 4	11 \pm 1
C-	60 \pm 0	19.5 \pm 0.7	50 \pm 0	11.5 \pm 0.7
DC-	65 \pm 0	19.5 \pm 0.7	45 \pm 0	13.5 \pm 0.7

t_x : value obtained on the day x.

Table S7. Initial and final colour values obtained for C+, E, C- and DC- assays.

	Effluent 1		Effluent 2	
	t_0 (uH)	t_{11} (uH)	t_0 (uH)	t_{10} (uH)
C+	19	115	23	160
E	480	280	600	440
C-	400	230	680	460
DC-	420	240	520	440

t_x : value obtained on the day x.

Table S8. Initial and final pigment content (in mass percentage) in the microalgal biomass for C+ and E assays. Values are presented as mean \pm standard deviation. Within the same column and for each pigment, average values sharing the same letter (a, b) are statistically different ($p < 0.05$).

			S_0 (% m m ⁻¹)	S_f (% m m ⁻¹)
Chl-a	Effluent 1	C+	1.49 \pm 0.02 ^a	0.346 \pm 0.001 ^a
		E	0.80 \pm 0.02 ^a	0.62 \pm 0.02 ^a
	Effluent 2	C+	2.29 \pm 0.03 ^a	0.87 \pm 0.03 ^a
		E	2.4 \pm 0.2 ^b	1.15 \pm 0.06 ^a
Chl-b	Effluent 1	C+	0.67 \pm 0.01 ^a	0.19 \pm 0.01 ^a
		E	0.41 \pm 0.02 ^a	0.34 \pm 0.02 ^a
	Effluent 2	C+	0.97 \pm 0.01 ^a	0.41 \pm 0.04 ^a
		E	1.04 \pm 0.06 ^b	0.50 \pm 0.01 ^a
Chl-a + Chl-b	Effluent 1	C+	2.17 \pm 0.03 ^a	0.53 \pm 0.01 ^a
		E	1.211 \pm 0.001 ^a	0.96 \pm 0.04 ^a
	Effluent 2	C+	3.25 \pm 0.03 ^a	1.28 \pm 0.07 ^a
		E	3.4 \pm 0.2 ^b	1.66 \pm 0.07 ^a
Carotenoids	Effluent 1	C+	0.41 \pm 0.01 ^a	0.18 \pm 0.01 ^a
		E	0.22 \pm 0.01 ^a	0.17 \pm 0.01 ^b
	Effluent 2	C+	0.48 \pm 0.01 ^a	0.25 \pm 0.01 ^a
		E	0.53 \pm 0.04 ^a	0.31 \pm 0.02 ^a

S_0 : Concentration obtained at day 0; S_f : Concentration obtained at the last day.

Table S9. Experimental results obtained in previous studies for textile wastewater treatment using microalgae.

Microalgae Species	Operating Conditions	Wastewater Characteristics	Results Obtained	Ref.
<i>C. vulgaris</i>	Location: Portugal; No dilution (100 % _{WW}); LI = 214 ± 5 µmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ ; LDR: 24:0; V: 1 L; Time: 11 d	NO₃-N* : 0.79 ± 0.03 mg L ⁻¹ ; NH₄-N: 1.30±0.04 mg L ⁻¹ ; PO₄-P: 3.25±0.06 mg L ⁻¹ ; COD: 60 ± 1 mg L ⁻¹ ; Color: 956 ± 18 uH; TS: 4.19 ± 0.04 mg L ⁻¹ ; Turbidity: 135 ± 7 NTU	µ_{max}: 0.290 ± 0.003 d ⁻¹ ; P_{max} = 176 ± 2 mg L ⁻¹ d ⁻¹ ; X_{max}: 1440 ± 47 mg L ⁻¹ ; NO₃-N RE: 100 ± 0 %; NH₄-N RE: 95.1 ± 0.4 %; PO₄-P RE: 99.062 ± 0.005 %; Color RE: 42 %; Valorization product: pigments	This study
<i>C. vulgaris</i>	Location: Egypt; Dilutions (5, 8.5, 17.5, 26.5, 30 % _{WW}); LI = 100 µmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ ; T = 25 ± 1 °C; LDR: 12:12; pH: 8.05; Time: 10 d	COD: 51.2 mg _{O2} L ⁻¹ ; TS: 735 mg L ⁻¹ ; TP: 1.51 mg L ⁻¹ ; Heavy Metals: (Cu, Zn, Cr, Mn, Fe) ranging from 6.33 to 380.4 mg L ⁻¹	µ_{max}: 0.89 d ⁻¹ (8.5 % _{WW}); COD RE_{max}: 69.90% (17.5 % _{WW}); Color RE_{max}: 76.32% (17.5 % _{WW}); Valorization product: not quantified	[28]
<i>C. vulgaris</i>	Reactor: Bubble Column; Volume: 1 L; T = 25 ± 2 °C; Dilutions (0, 25, 50, 75 % _{WW}); Time: 12 d; pH: 6.5	COD: 755 ± 20 mg _{O2} L ⁻¹ ; TS: 6267 ± 84 mg L ⁻¹	µ_{max}: 0.28 ± 0.07 d ⁻¹ (25 % _{WW}); P_{max} = 2.91 ± 0.01 g L ⁻¹ d ⁻¹ (25 % _{WW}); COD RE_{max}: 82 % (25 % _{WW}); Color RE_{max}: 99 ± 0.13 % (25 % _{WW}); Valorization product: biodiesel	[27]
<i>Chlorella</i> sp. KU211b	Dilutions: (0.5, 1, 2 % _{WW}); LI = 60 µmol m ⁻² s ⁻¹ ; Agitation: 110 rpm; V: 250 ml; Time: 2 weeks; pH: 13	COD: 42442 ± 453 mg _{O2} L ⁻¹ ; TN: 374 ± 12 mg L ⁻¹ ; TP: 79 ± 4 mg L ⁻¹ ; Turbidity: 2675 ± 89 NTU; Heavy metals: (Al, Cu, Pb, Se, among others)	X_{max}: 0.90 g L ⁻¹ (0.5 % _{WW}); Heavy metal RE: 100% (Pb, Se), 45 % (Al), 50% (Cu); Color RE_{max}: 71.16% (2 % _{WW}); Valorization product: not quantified	[17]
<i>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</i>	Location: India; Dilution: 75 % _{WW} ; V: 500 mL; T: 28 °C; LDR: 24:0; Time: 15 d	pH: 6.8; TS: 5400; BOD: 710 mg _{O2} L ⁻¹ ; TP: 4.7; TN: 360	TN RE: 81 ± 1 %; TP RE: 36 ± 2 %; BOD RE: 73 ± 1.6 %; Valorization product: not quantified	[29]

LDR: Light:dark ratio; LI: Light intensity; COD: Chemical oxygen demand; P: Biomass productivity; RE: Removal efficiency; T: Temperature; TS: Total solids; TP: Total phosphorus; TN: Total nitrogen; V: Volume; X: Biomass concentration; WW: Wastewater; µ: specific growth rate; * - nutrient was added before microalgal treatment.