
Supplementary Materials: Production of New Isoflavone Diglucosides from Glycosylation of 8-Hydroxydaidzein by *Deinococcus geothermalis* Amylosucrase

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Figure S1. Sodium dodecyl sulfate polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) analysis of purified DgAS.

Figure S2. High-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) analysis of the biotransformation products of 8-OHDe produced by heat-inactivated DgAS.

Figure S3. Mass analysis of compound (1).

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Figure S13. The ^1H -NMR (700 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) spectrum of compound (2).

Figure S14. The ^{13}C -NMR (176 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) spectrum of compound (2).

Figure S15. The DEPT-135 (176 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) spectrum of compound (2).

Figure S16. The H-H COSY (700 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) spectrum of compound (2).

Figure S17. The H-H NOESY (700 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) spectrum of compound (2).

Figure S18. The HSQC (700 MHz, DMSO- d_6) spectrum of compound (**2**).

Figure S19. The HMBC (700 MHz, DMSO- d_6) spectrum of compound (**2**).

Figure S20. The key HMBC and NOESY correlations of compound (**1**) and compound (**2**).

kDa Lane 1 Lane 2

100

75

63

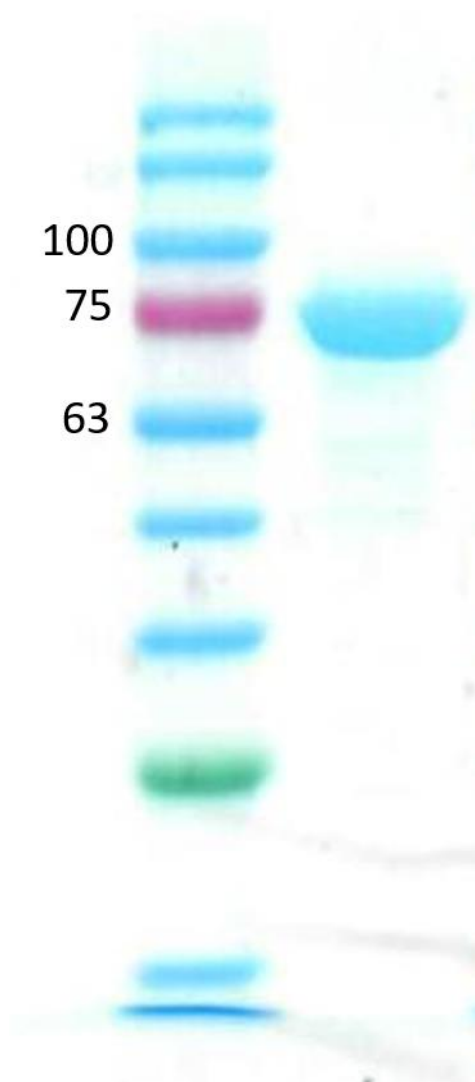


Figure S1. Sodium dodecyl sulfate polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) analysis of purified DgAS. Lane 1 is protein marker and lane 2 is the purified DgAS.

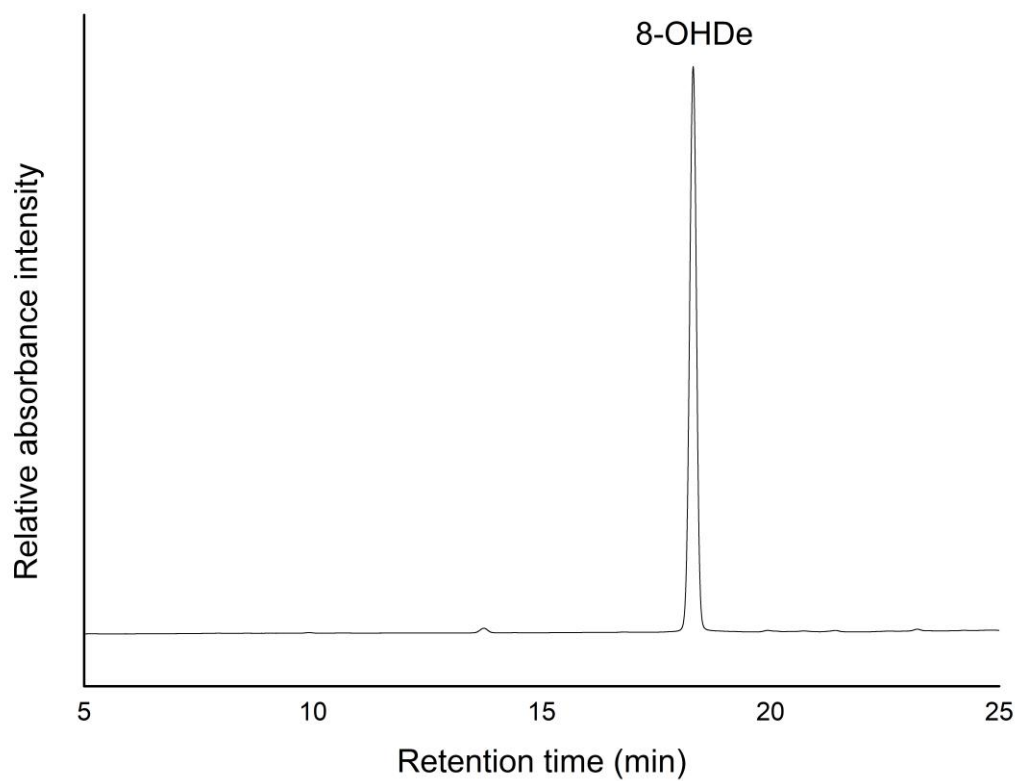


Figure S2. High-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) analysis of the biotransformation products of 8-OHDe produced by heat-inactivated DgAS. The reaction condition was the same as that in Figure 1 but the DgAS was heated at 95 °C for 30 min before used.

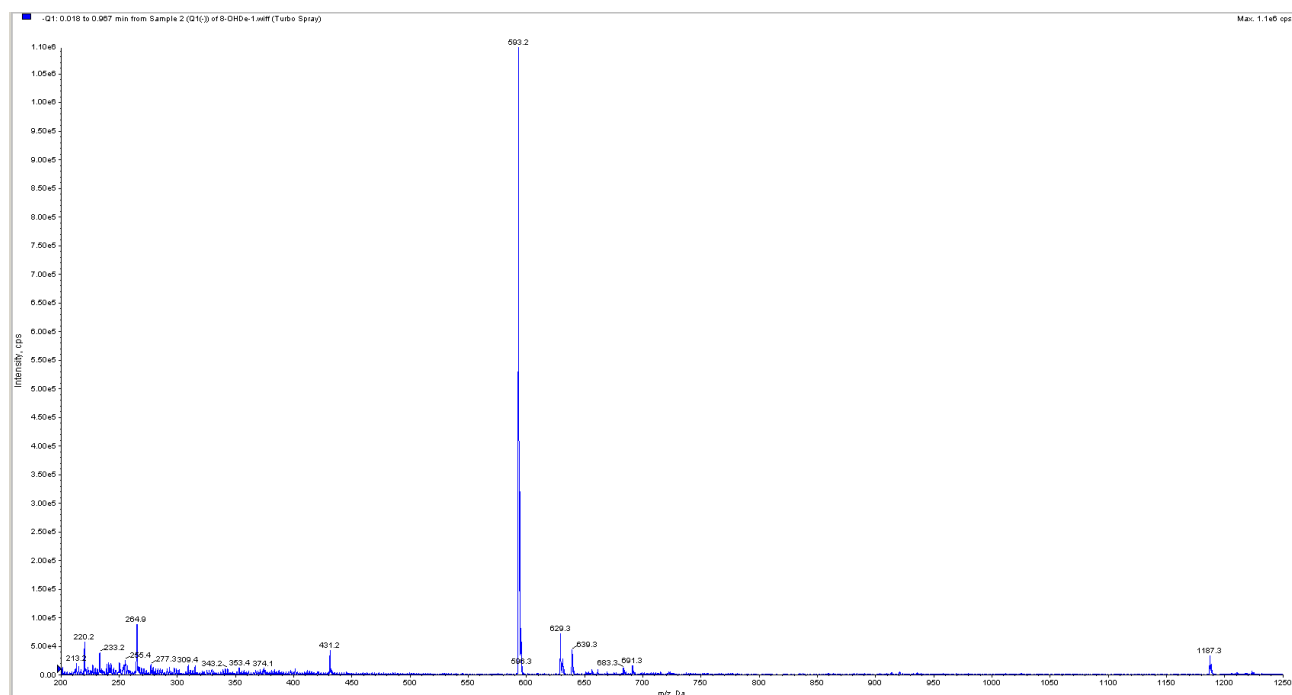


Figure S3. Mass analysis of compound (**1**) at the negative mode. A significant signal at m/z 593.2 showed the corresponding m/z signal of molecular weight 594 of 8-OHDe-diglucoside at the negative mode.

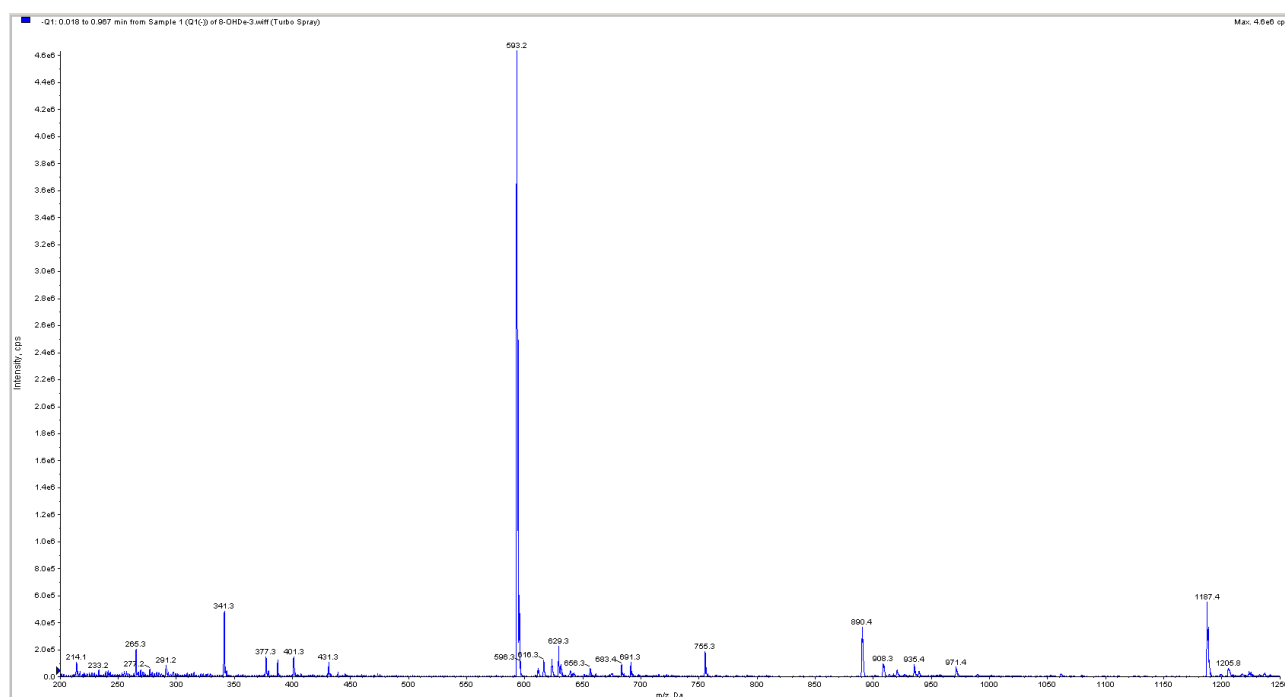


Figure S4. Mass analysis of compound (2) at the negative mode. A significant signal at m/z 593.2 showed the corresponding m/z signal of molecular weight 594 of 8-OHDe-diglucoside at the negative mode.

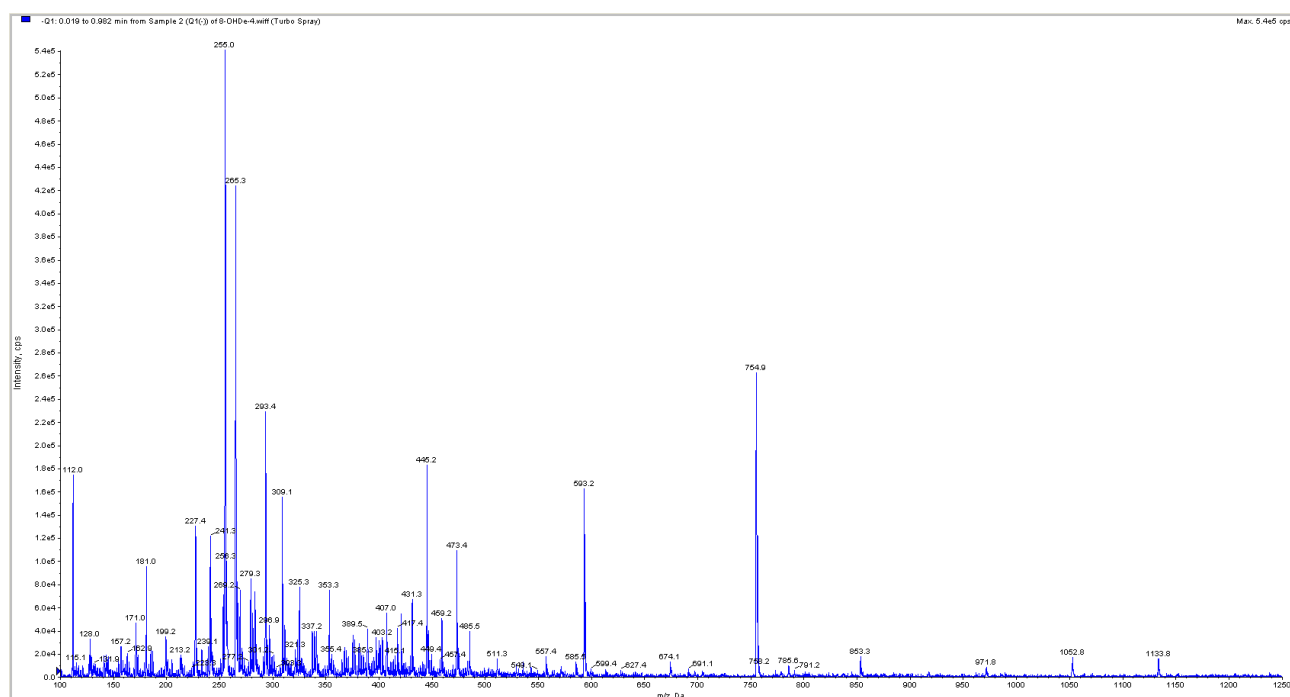


Figure S5. Mass analysis of compound (3) at the negative mode. A significant signal at m/z 755.2 showed the corresponding m/z signal of molecular weight 756 of 8-OHDe-triglucoside at the negative mode.

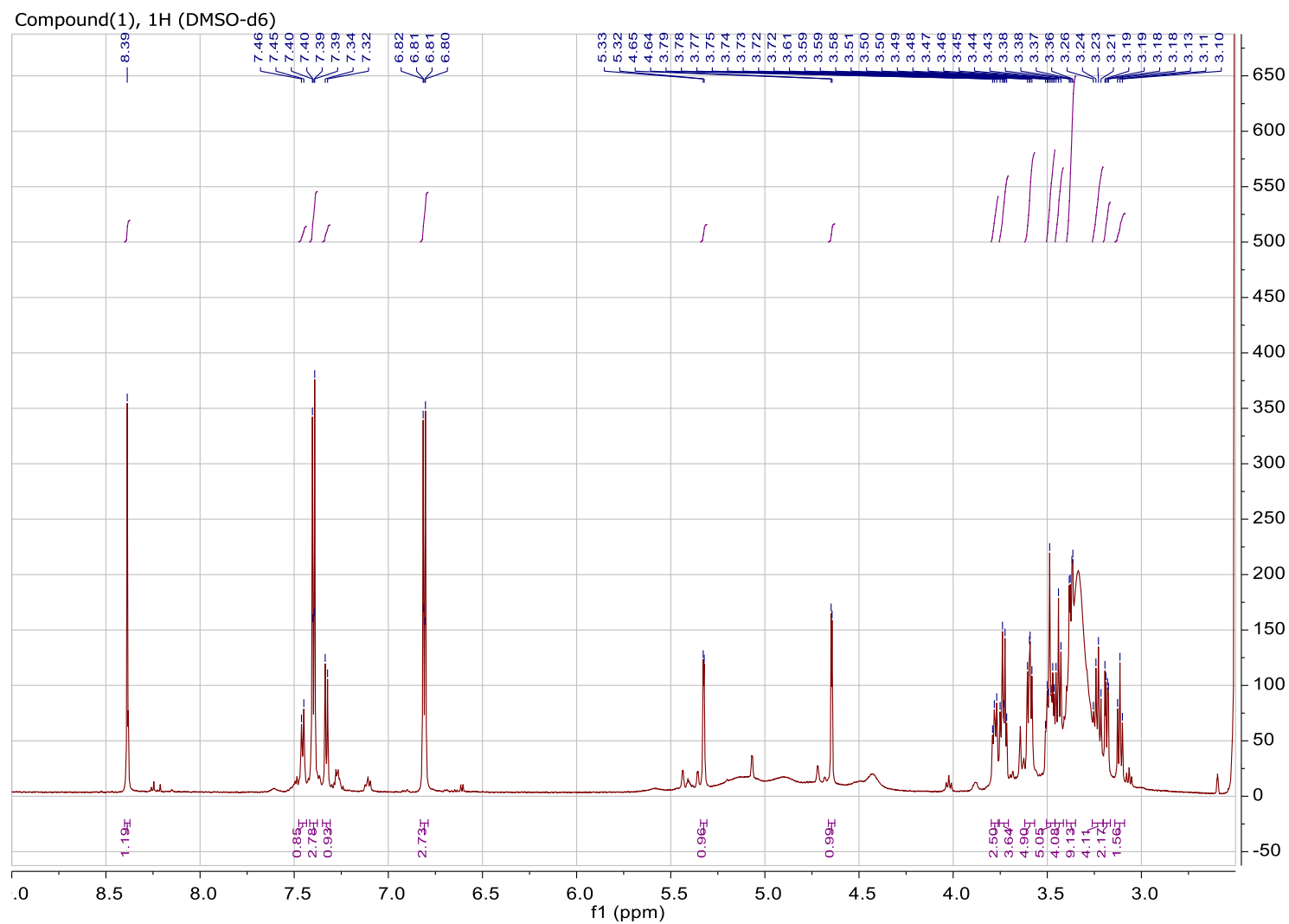


Figure S6. The ^1H -NMR (700 MHz, DMSO- d_6) spectrum of compound (1).

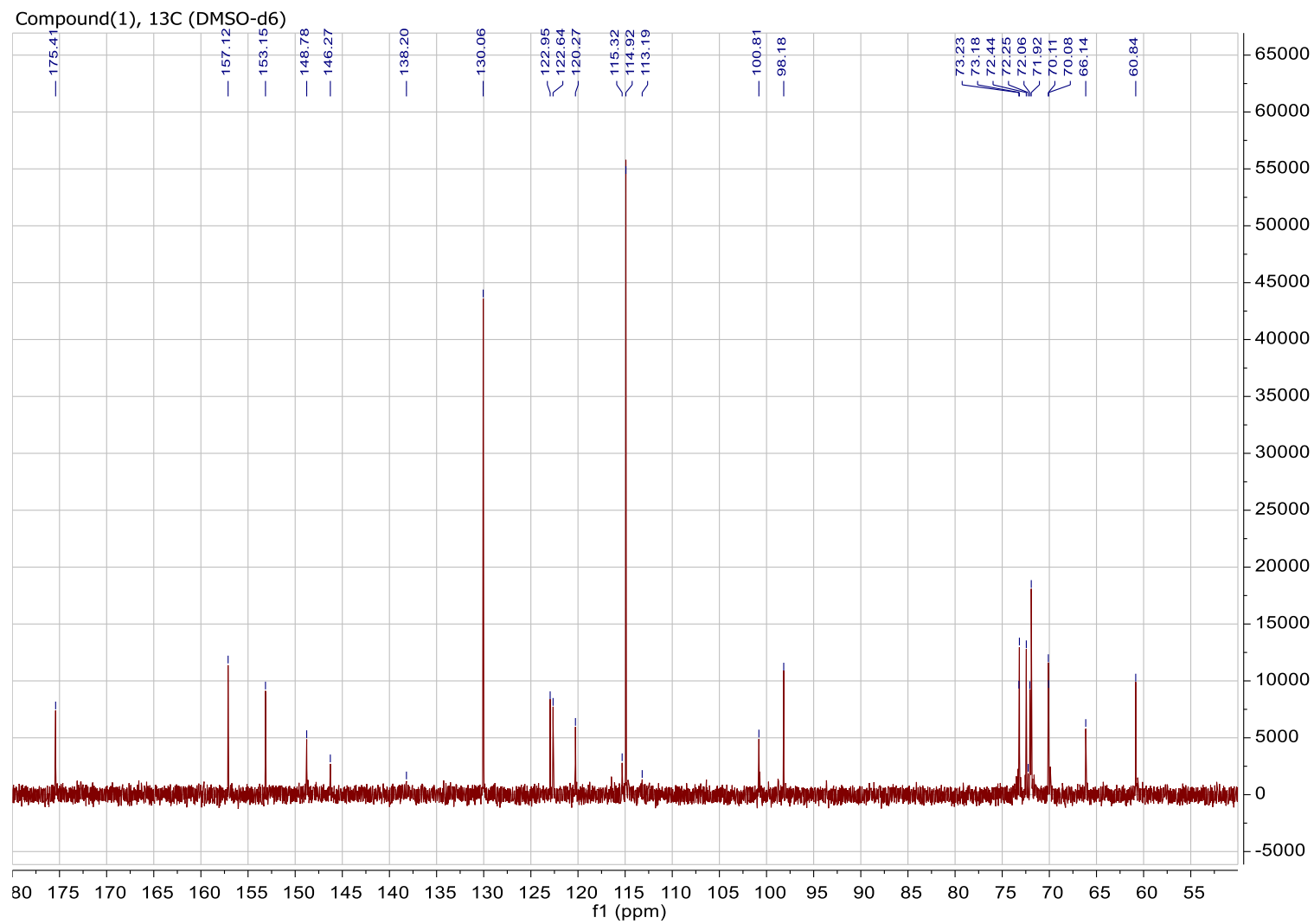


Figure S7. The ^{13}C -NMR (176 MHz, DMSO- d_6) spectrum of compound (**1**).

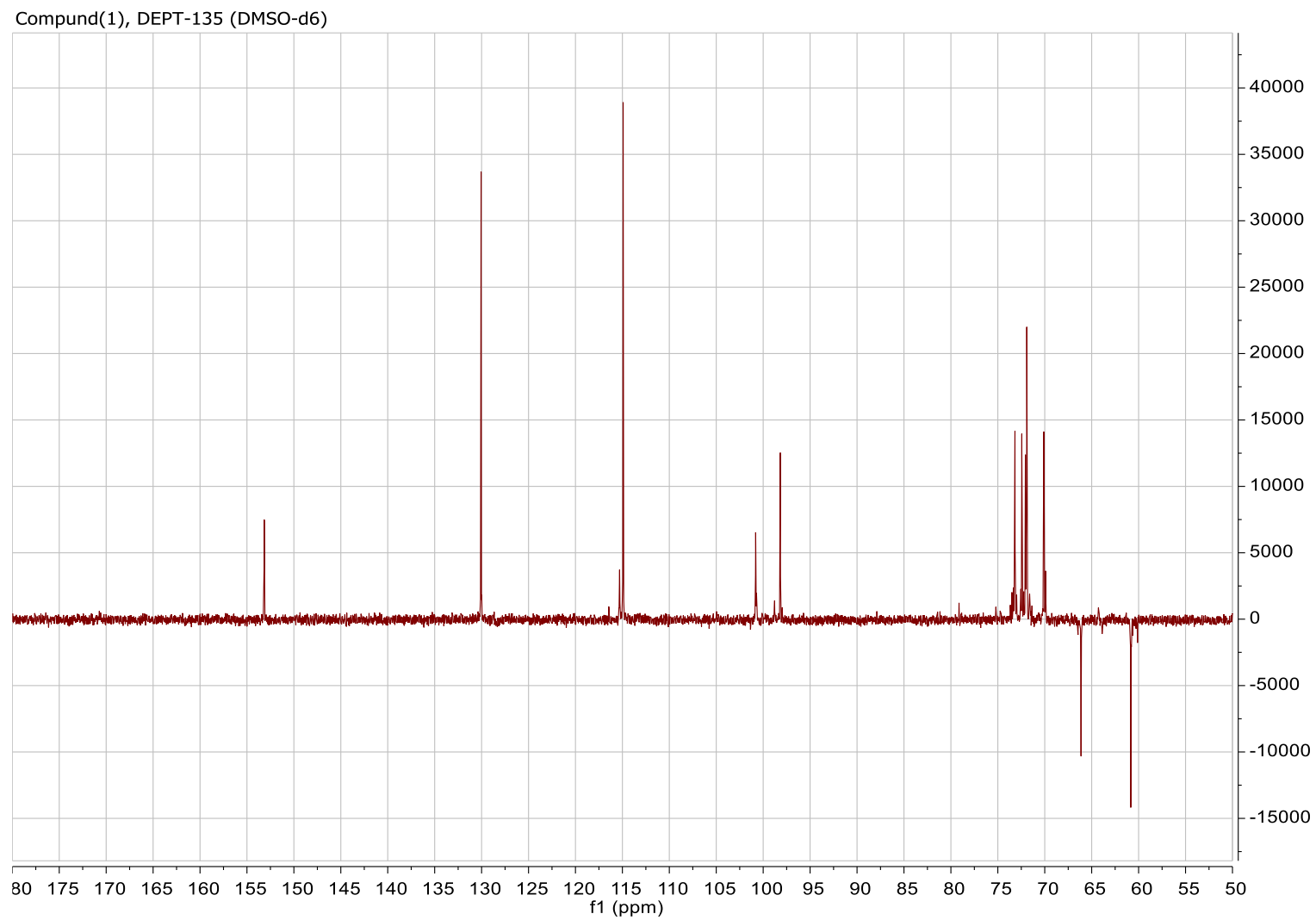


Figure S8. The DEPT-135 (176 MHz DMSO-*d*₆) spectrum of compound (**1**).

Compound(1), H-H COSY (DMSO-d₆)



Figure S9. The H-H COSY (700 MHz DMSO-*d*₆) spectrum of compound (1).

Compound(1), H-H NOESY (DMSO-d₆)

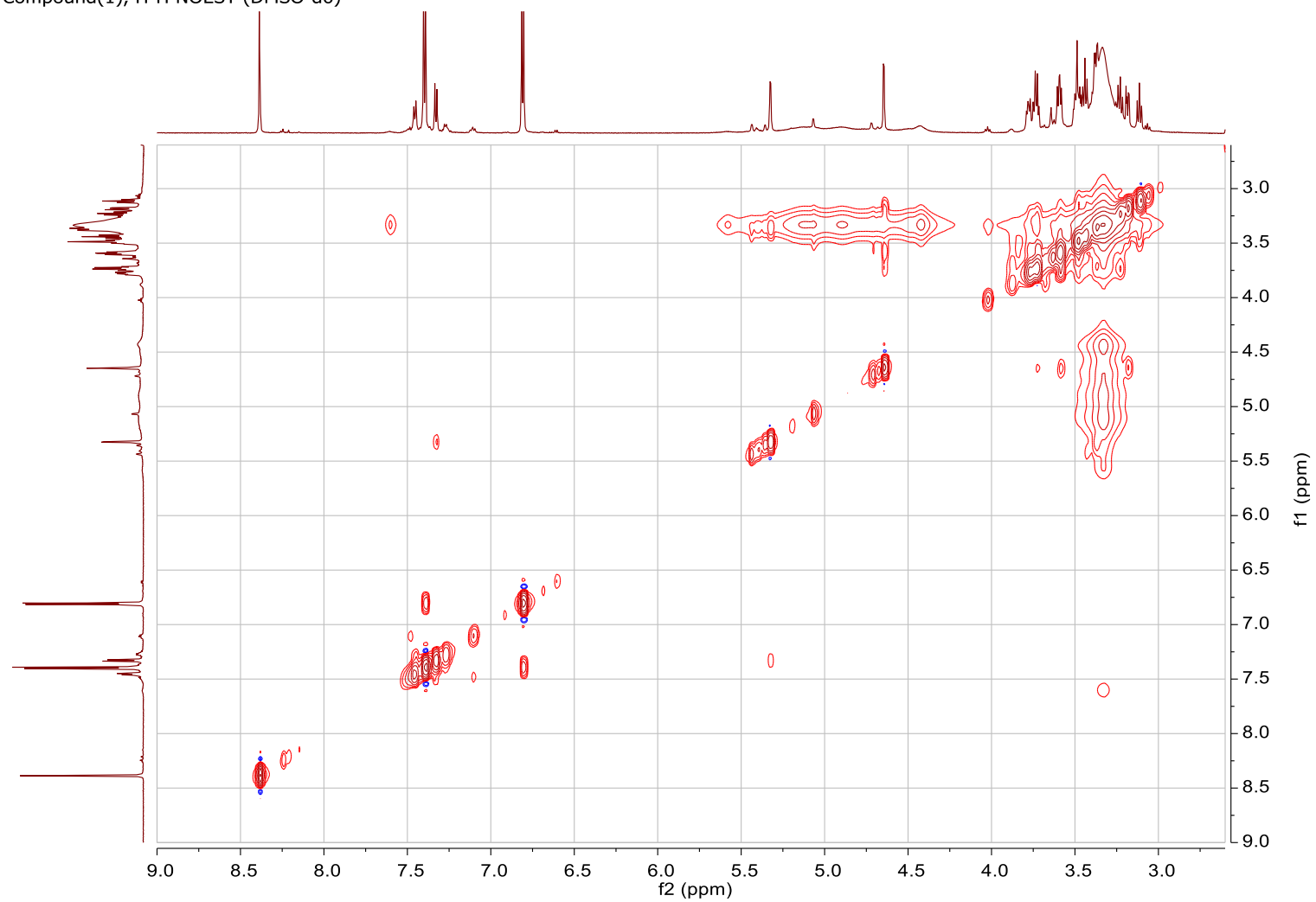


Figure S10. The H-H NOESY (700 MHz DMSO-*d*₆) spectrum of compound (**1**).

Compound(1), HSQC (DMSO- d_6)

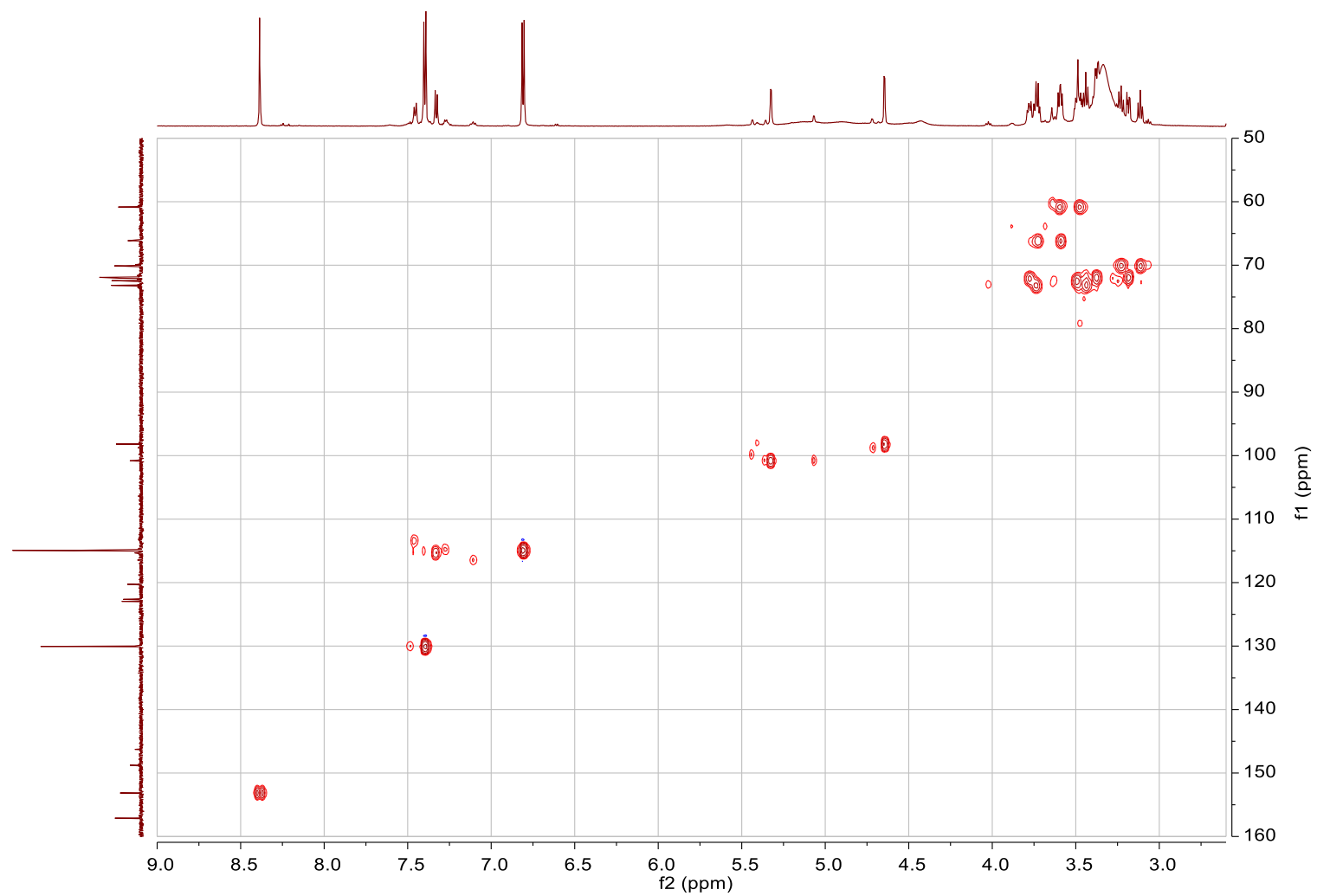


Figure S11. The HSQC (700 MHz DMSO- d_6) spectrum of compound (1).

Compound(1), HMBC (DMSO- d_6)

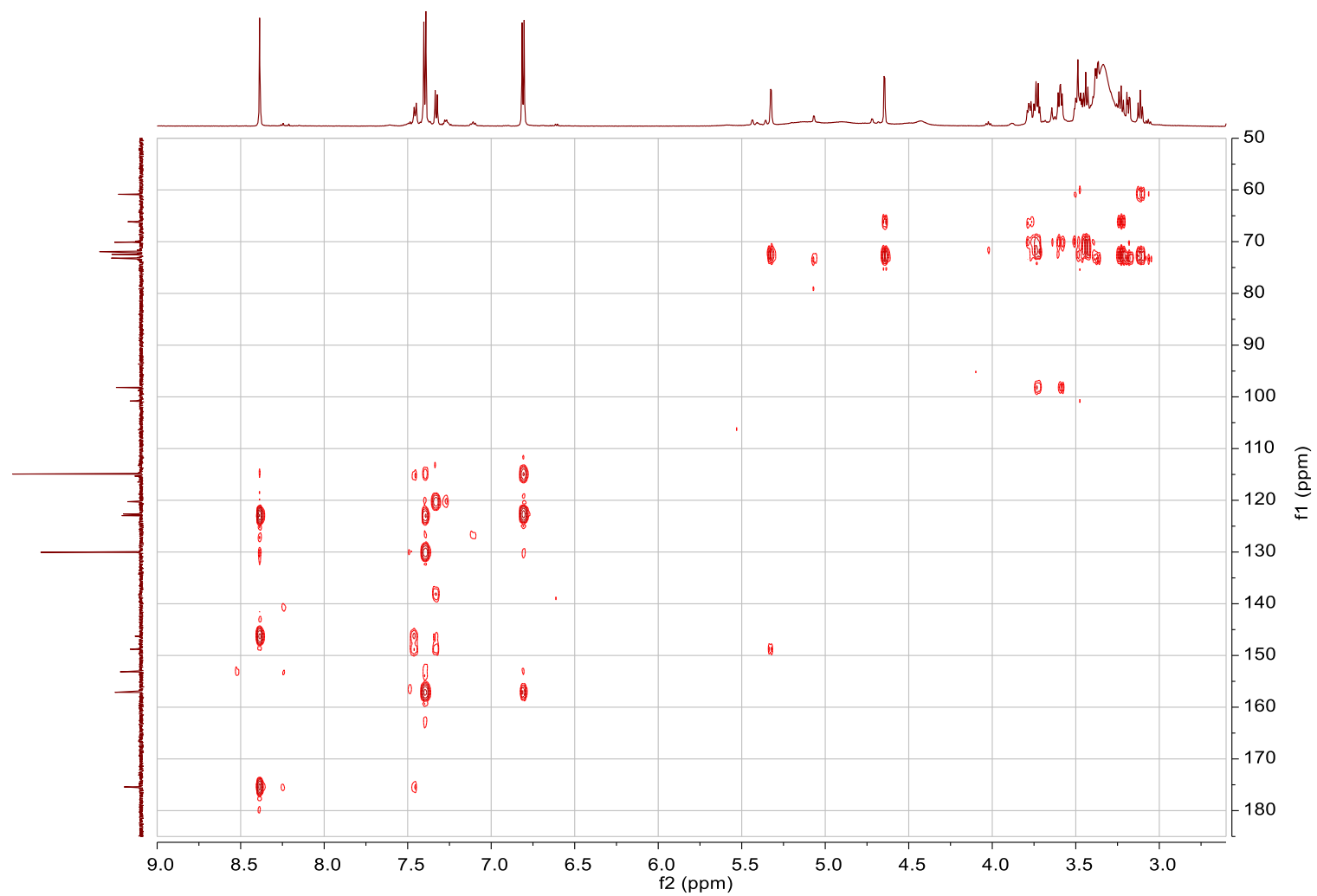


Figure S12. The HMBC (700 MHz DMSO- d_6) spectrum of compound (1).

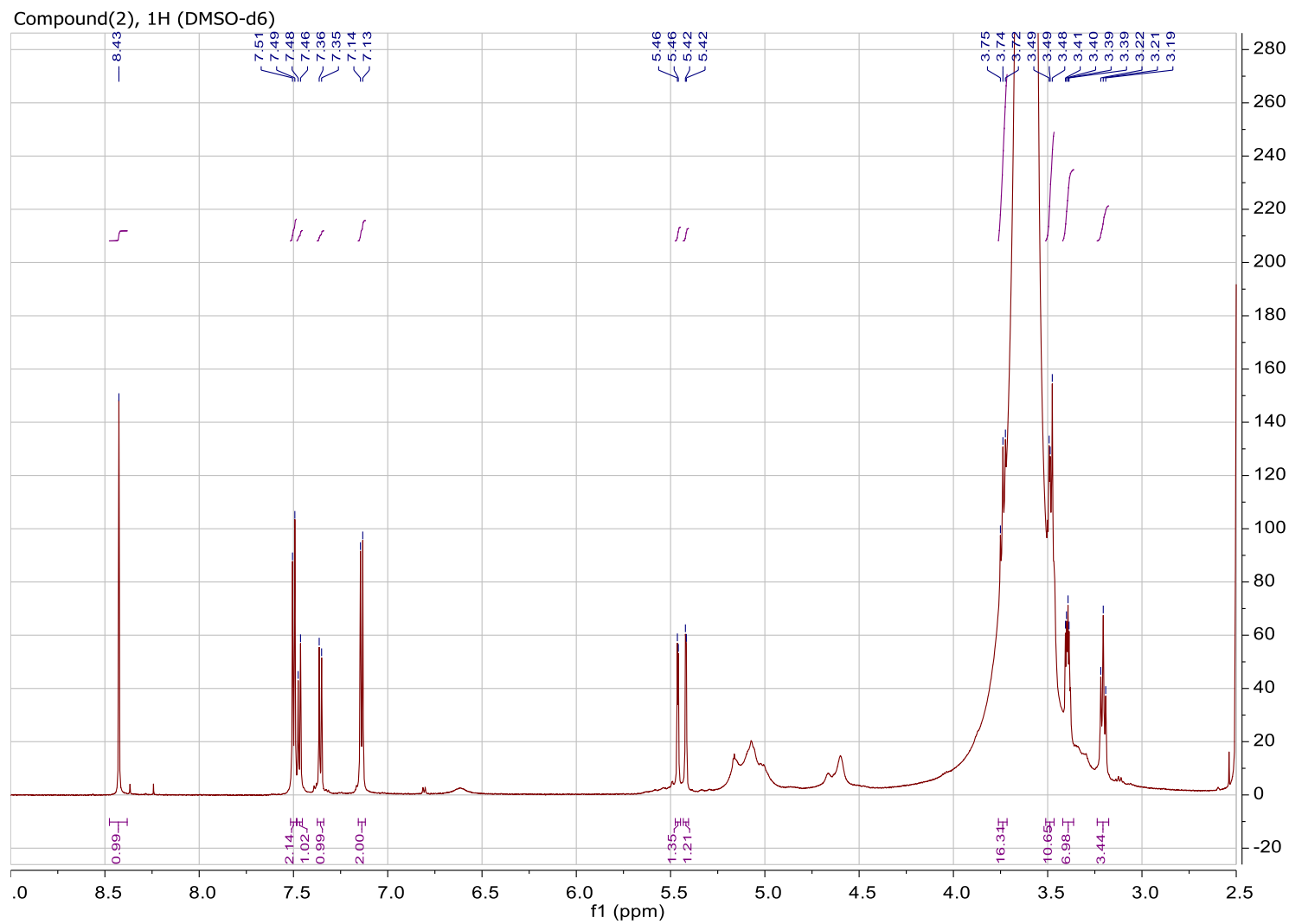


Figure S13. The ^1H -NMR (700 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$) spectrum of compound (2).

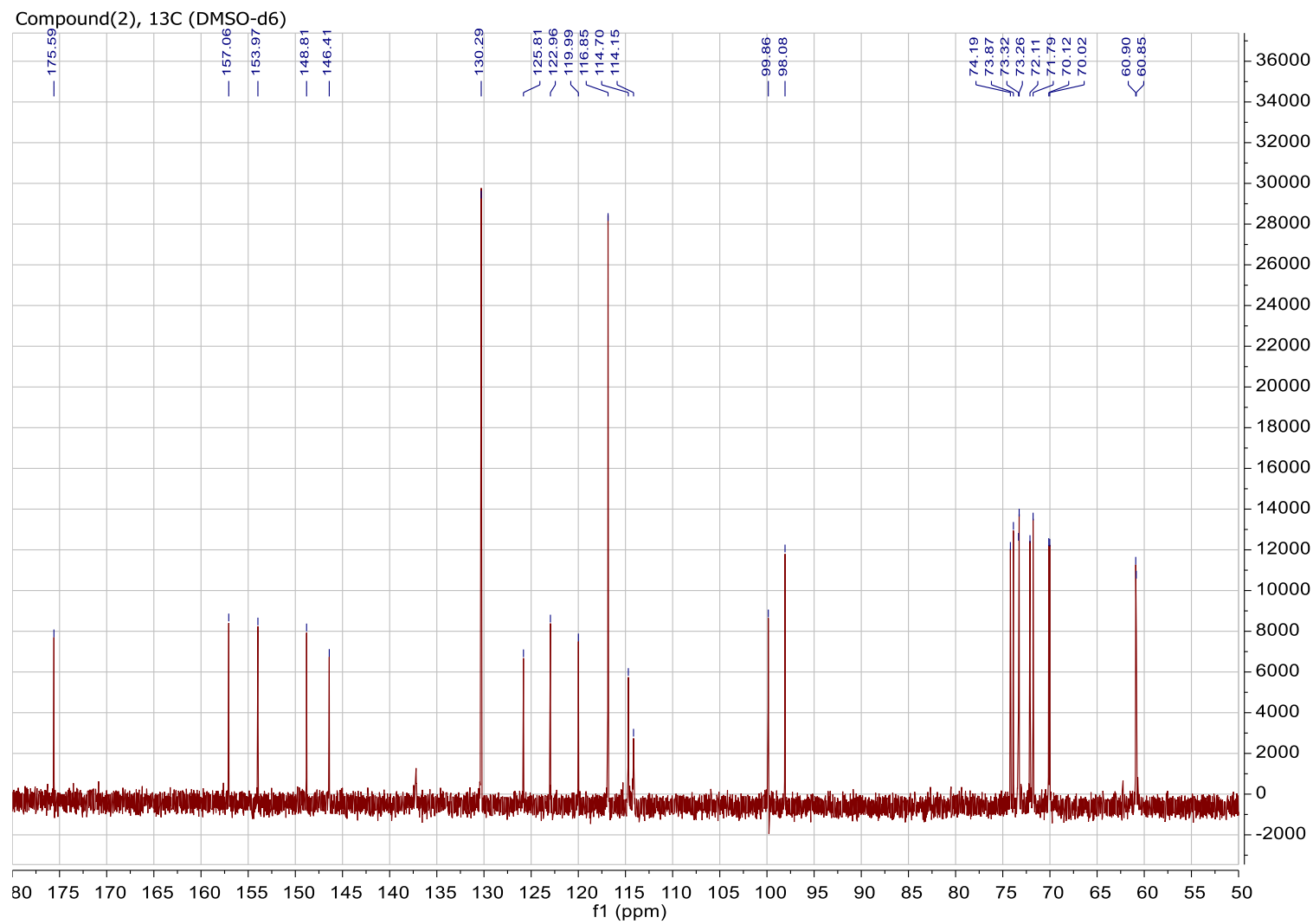


Figure S14. The ^{13}C -NMR (176 MHz, DMSO- d_6) spectrum of compound (2).

Compound(2), DEPT-135 (DMSO-d₆)

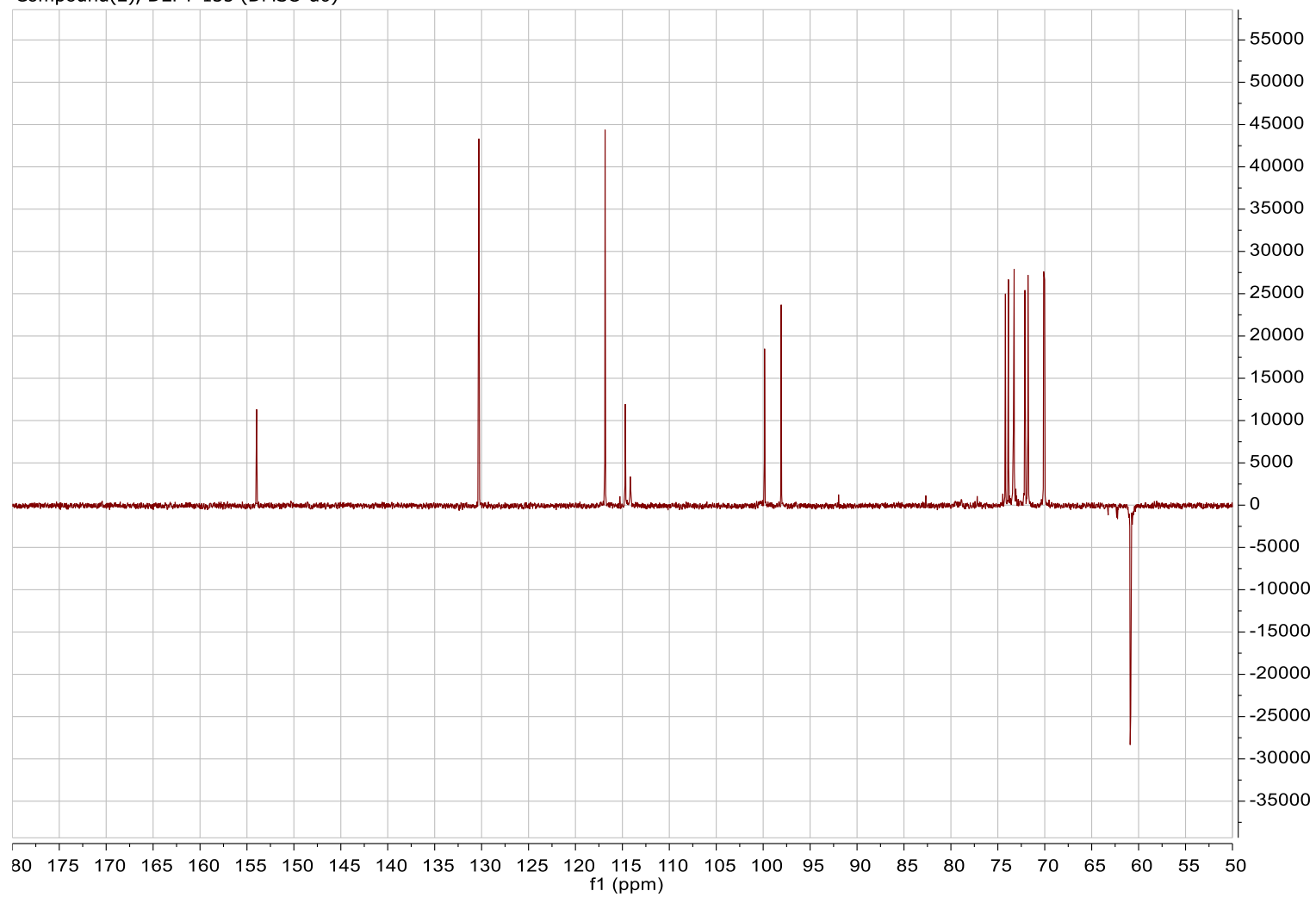


Figure S15. The DEPT-135 (176 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) spectrum of compound (**2**).

Compound(2), H-H COSY (DMSO-d₆)

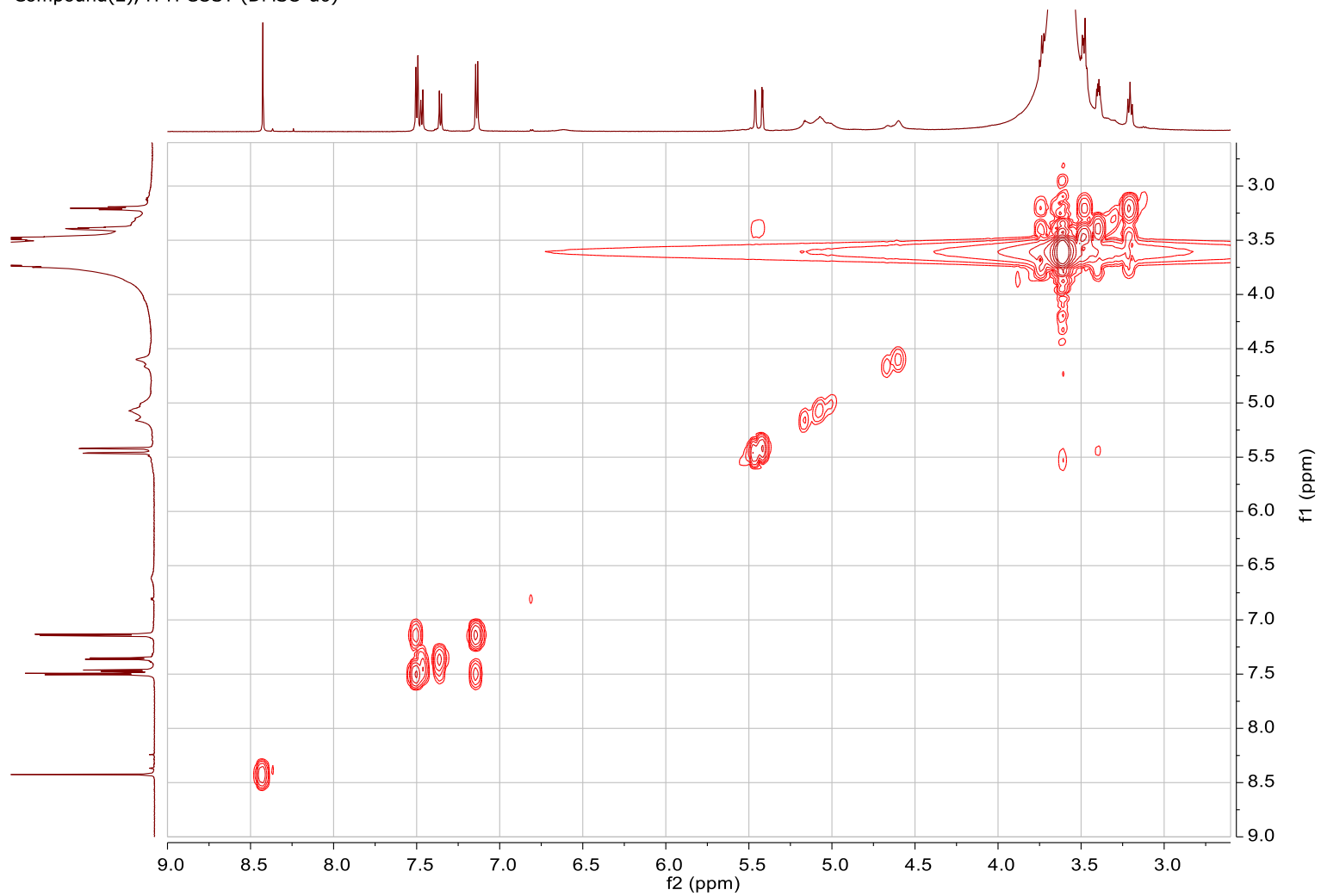


Figure S16. The H-H COSY (700 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) spectrum of compound (2).

Compound(2), H-H NOESY (DMSO- d_6)

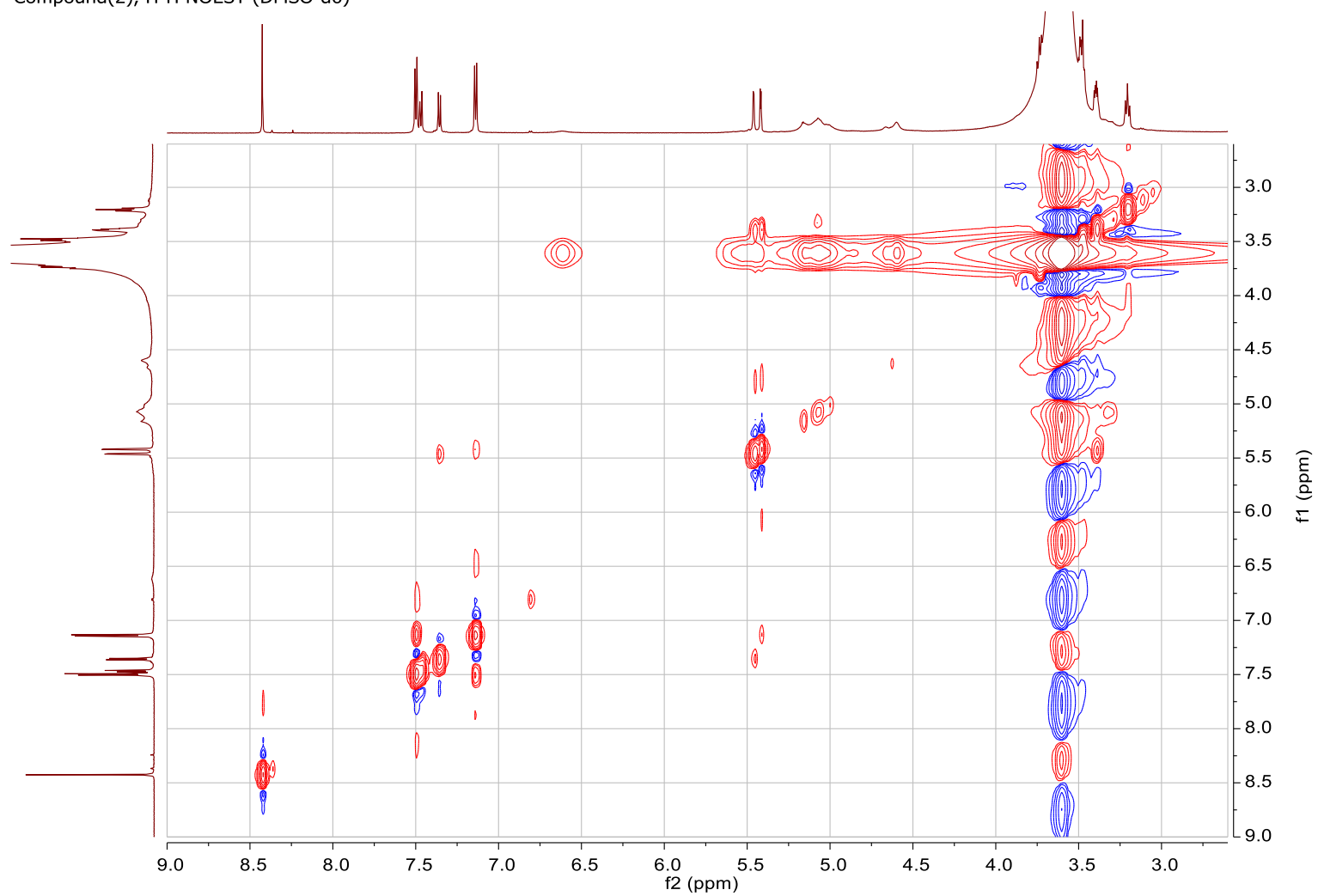


Figure S17. The H-H NOESY (700 MHz, DMSO- d_6) spectrum of compound (2).

Compound(2), HSQC (DMSO-d₆)

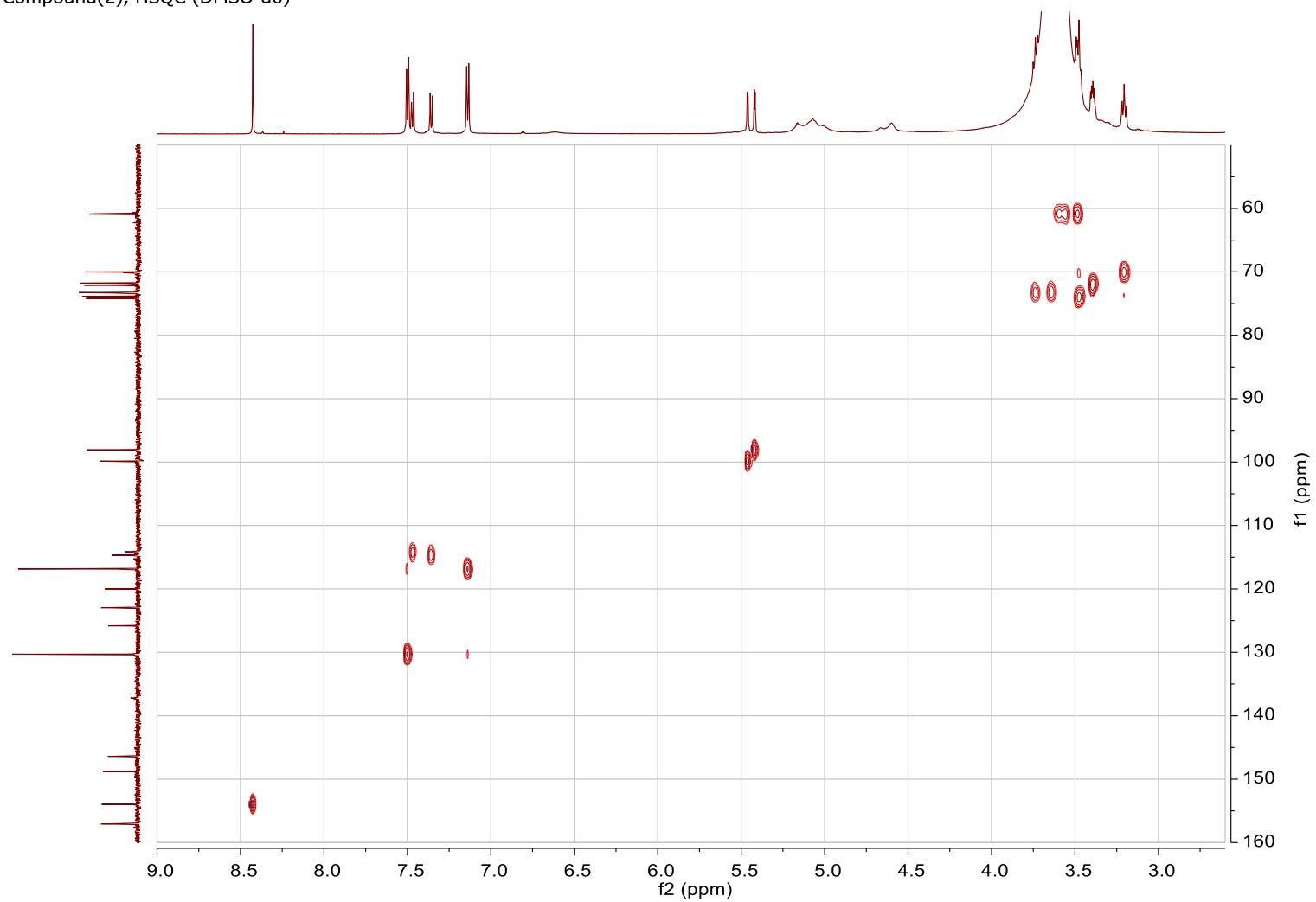


Figure S18. The HSQC (700 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) spectrum of compound (2).

Compound(2), HMBC (DMSO- d_6)

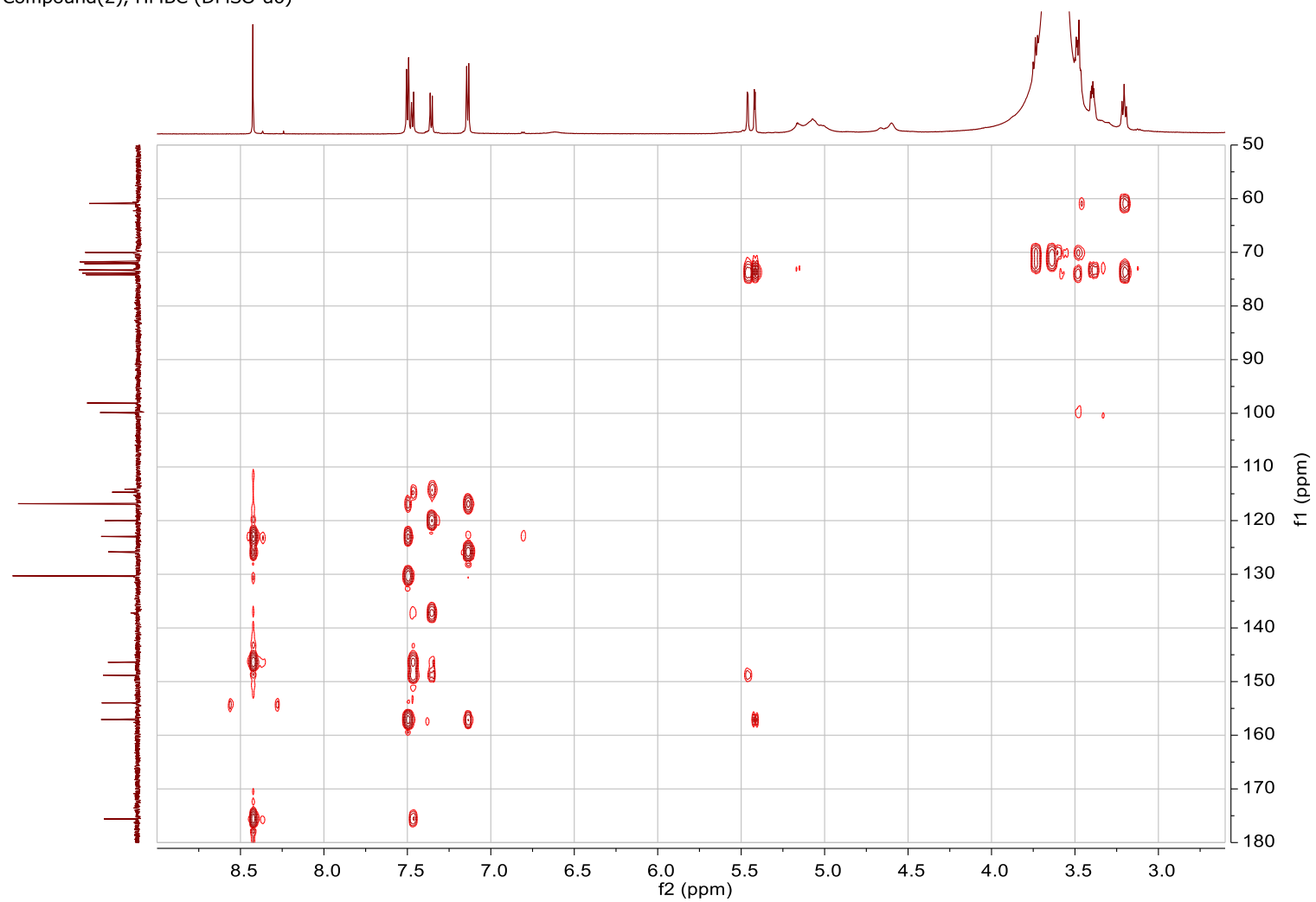
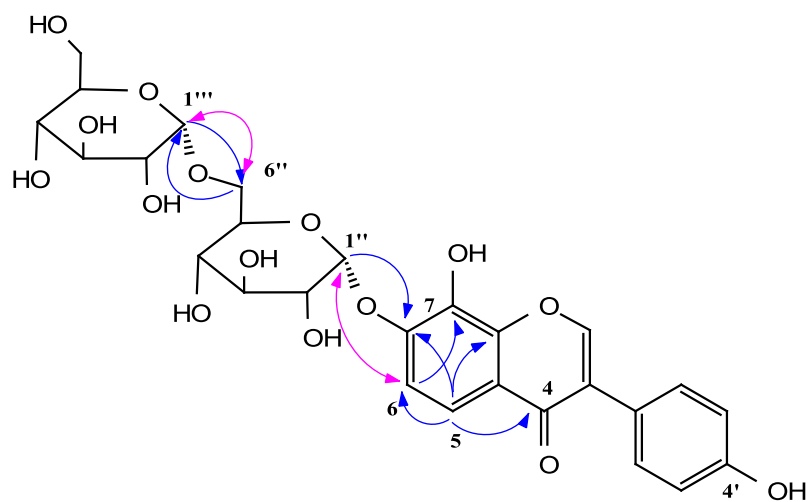
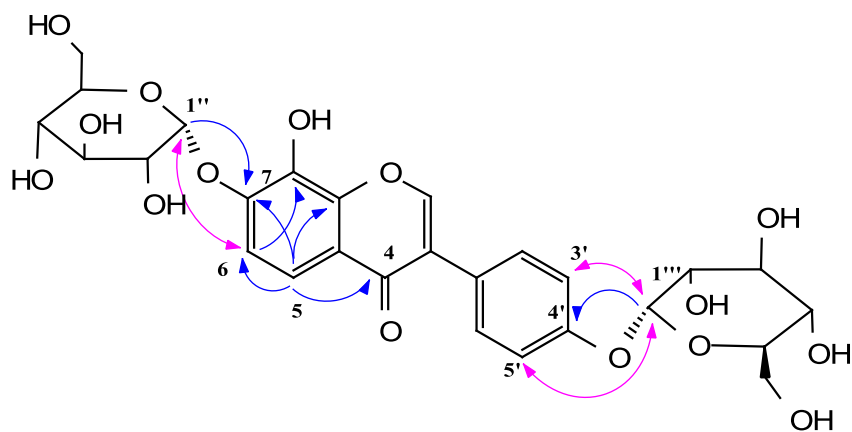


Figure S19. The HMBC (700 MHz, DMSO- d_6) spectrum of compound (2).



Compound (1)



Compound (2)

Figure S20. The key HMBC and NOESY correlations of compound (1) and compound (2).