Supplementary Materials

Saturation of Specific Absorption Rate for soft and hard spinel ferrites nanoparticles synthesized by polyol process

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1. Magnetic hysteresis loops at different temperatures for the three types of ferries MNPs

2. M_r / M_s ratio as a function of temperature for the three types of ferries MNPs



Figure S2. Mr / Ms ratio as a function of temperature for the three types of ferrites MNPs.

3. The coercive field as a function of temperature for the three types of ferries MNPs



Figure S3. Coercive field as a function of temperature for (**a**) NiFe₂O₄, (**b**) MnFe₂O₄, and (**c**) CoFe₂O₄ MNPs.

4. H_c versus T^{3/4} curves - for the three types of ferrites MNPs.



Figure S4. H_c versus $T^{3/4}$ curves for (**a**) NiFe₂O₄, (**b**) MnFe₂O₄, and (**c**) CoFe₂O₄ MNPs. Broken lines are a guide to the eye.



5. Heating curves - T = f (time) curves - for the three types of ferries MNPs dispersed in water

Figure S5. Heating curves fitted with Box-Lucas equation (blue curves) of (a-c) CoFe₂O₄, (d-e) MnFe₂O₄, and (f-g) NiFe₂O₄ dispersed in water at the indicated concentrations, recorded as a function of AC magnetic field amplitudes at a frequency of 355 kHz. Orange lines in each panel represent the heating curve recorded at the highest value of the AC magnetic field amplitude (H = 65 kA/m) on water.

6. ILP dependence on the AMF amplitude for all three types of MNPs



Figure S6. Calculated ILP values for all three types of MNPs as a function of H for each concentration