

Supplementary Materials: Influence of the Size and Shape of Halopyridines Guest Molecules G on the Crystal Structure and Conducting Properties of Molecular (Super)Conductors of (BEDT-TTF)₄A⁺[M³⁺(C₂O₄)₃]·G Family

Tatiana G. Prokhorova ^{1,*}, Eduard B. Yagubskii ^{1,*}, Andrey A. Bardin ^{2,*}, Vladimir N. Zverev ^{3,4}, Gennadiy V. Shilov ¹ and Lev I. Buravov ¹

¹ Institute of Problems of Chemical Physics, Russian Academy of Sciences, 142432 Chernogolovka, Russia; shilg@icp.ac.ru (G.V.S.); buravov@icp.ac.ru (L.I.B.)

² Institute of Microelectronics Technology and High Purity Materials, Russian Academy of Sciences, 142432 Chernogolovka, Russia

³ Institute of Solid State Physics, Russian Academy of Sciences, 142432 Chernogolovka, Russia; zverev@issp.ac.ru

⁴ Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology, 141700 Dolgoprudny, Russia

* Correspondence: prokh@icp.ac.ru (T.G.P.); yagubski@icp.ac.ru (E.B.Y.); dr.abardin@gmail.com (A.A.B.)

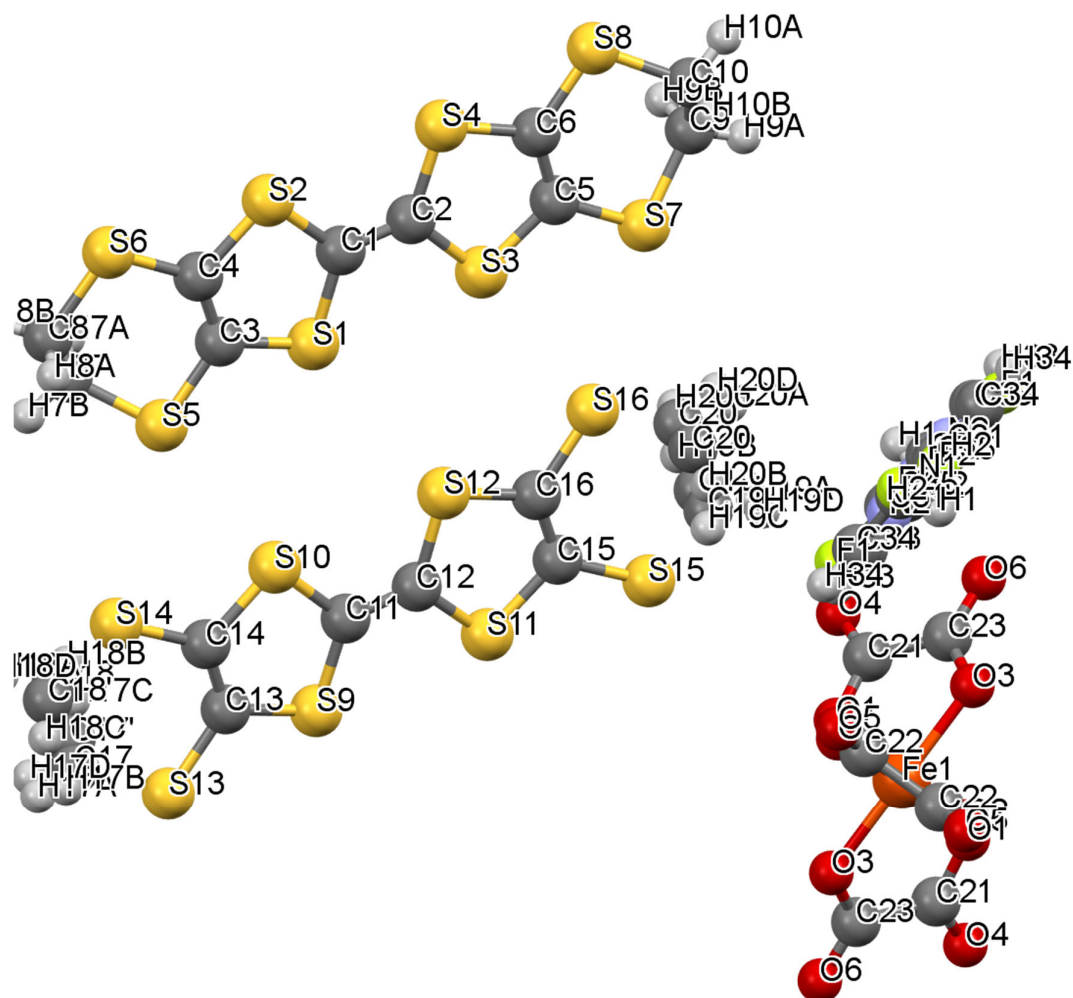


Figure S1. Molecular structure of crystals 5, β'' -(BEDT-TTF) $_4$ (NH $_4$)[Fe(C $_2$ O $_4$) $_3$](2,6-DFPy), with atom numbers.