Supplemental Graphs for Implementing Statewide Newborn Screening for New Disorders: US Program Experiences

By

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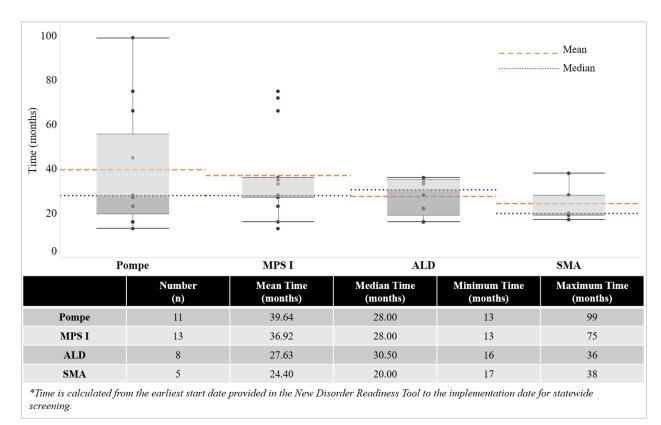
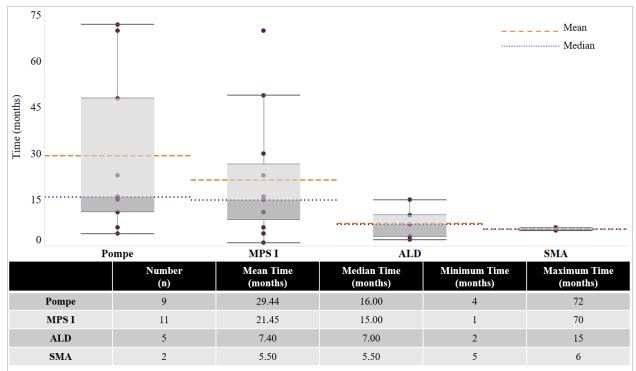
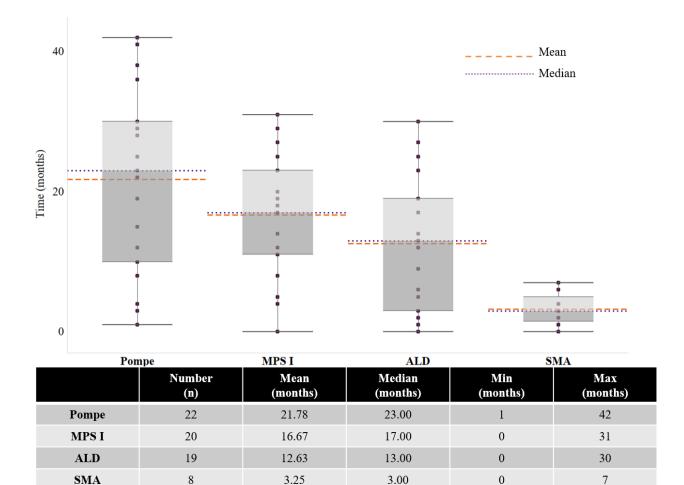


Figure S1: Time from Initiation of First Activity to Implementation of Statewide Newborn Screening for New Disorders



^{*}Figure includes programs who received approval/mandate to screen, implemented statewide screening, and provided completion dates. Programs that selected "NA" for approval/mandate to screen are excluded from analysis as this process is not necessary in every state/territory. Time is calculated from the approval to screen date to the implementation date of statewide screening for the new disorder.

Figure S2: Time from Approval/Mandate to Screen to Implementation of Statewide Newborn Screening for New Disorders



^{*}Time is calculated from the data disorder was added to the RUSP to the earliest start date entered in the New Disorder Readiness Tool. Figure excludes programs that started an activity prior to the disorder being added to the RUSP.

Figure S3: Time from Addition of New Disorder on the RUSP to Initiation of First Activity taken by State Newborn Screening Program to Move towards Implementation of Statewide Screening for the Disorder.

Table S1. Types of 2nd and 3rd Tier Testing Reported by States for each Disorder, Collected from the New

Disorder Readiness Tool, August 2019.

		MS/MS	LS-	Digital	Molecular	Other*	Missing
			MS/MS	Microfluidics	Methodology		
2 nd tier	Pompe (n=16)	3	0	0	9	1	3
	MPS 1 (n=16)	1	2	0	7	3	3
	ALD (n=17)	0	11	0	1	0	5
	SMA (n=4)	0	0	0	2	0	2
3rd tier	Pompe (n=3)	0	0	0	3	0	0
	MPS 1 (n=4)	0	0	0	3	0	1
	ALD (n=8)	0	0	0	7	0	1

^{*}Other 2nd tier testing for Pompe included FIA-MS/MS, Creatine, Creatinine, activity of acid-alpha glucosidase (GAA) and other LSD enzymes interpretation by CLIR tool. Other 2nd tier testing for MPS I included LC-MS/MS send out to Mayo Medical Laboratories (MML); biochemical test for heparan sulfate, dermatan sulfate, and keratan sulfate; GAG analysis on DBS; and Genetic sequencing of gene at reference lab.