



- 1 Supplementary Material
- 2 Synthesis and Characterization of Hybrid Particles
- **3 Obtained in a One Pot Process through Simultaneous**
- 4 Sol-Gel Reaction of (3-Mercaptopropyl)-
- 5 trimethoxysilane and Emulsion Polymerization of
- 6 Styrene
- 7 Margot Segers, Isabel Vermeer, Martin Möller, Marcel Verheijen and Pascal Buskens\*
- 8



- 10 Figure S1. (A-C) SEM images of hybrid particles obtained at a volume ratio of MPTMS:styrene of
- 11 1:99 in three independent synthesis experiments.
- 12

9



- 13
- Figure S2. (A-C) SEM images of hybrid particles obtained at a volume ratio of MPTMS:styrene of20:80 in three independent synthesis experiments.
- 16



- 17
- 18 Figure S3. (A-C) SEM images of hybrid particles obtained at a volume ratio of MPTMS:styrene of
- 19 50:50 in three independent synthesis experiments.

20



21

- 22 Figure S4. (A-C) SEM images of hybrid particles obtained at a volume ratio of MPTMS:styrene of
- 23 80:20 in three independent synthesis experiments.
- 24



- 25
- Figure S5. (A-C) SEM images of hybrid particles obtained at a volume ratio of MPTMS:styrene of
  100:0 in three independent synthesis experiments.
- 28
- 29



30

- 31 Figure S6. STEM-EDS mappings displaying the distribution of carbon in hybrid particles obtained at
- 32 a ratio of MPTMS:styrene of (A) 20:80, (B) 50:50 and (C) 80:20. The background substrate used for
- 33 these samples consist of 100% carbon.



34

Figure S7. STEM-EDS mappings displaying the distribution of oxygen in hybrid particles obtained at a ratio of MPTMS:styrene of (A) 20:80, (B) 50:50 and (C) 80:20.

37