### **Supplementary Materials**

# In situ monitoring of growth of vertically stacked h-

### BN/graphene heterostructures on Ni substrates and their

## interface interaction

### Wei Wei<sup>1,2</sup>, Guanhua Zhang<sup>3</sup>, Jiaqi Pan<sup>1</sup>, Yi Cui<sup>1,\*</sup>, Qiang Fu<sup>2,\*</sup>

- <sup>1</sup> Vacuum Interconnected Nanotech Workstation, Suzhou Institute of Nano–Tech and Nano-Bionics, the Chinese Academy of Sciences, Suzhou 215123, China; wwei2018@sinano.ac.cn (W. W.); jqpan2018@sinano.ac.cn (J. P.); ycui2015@sinano.ac.cn(Y. C.)
- <sup>2</sup> State Key Laboratory of Catalysis, iChEM, Dalian Institute of Chemical Physics, the Chinese Academy of Sciences, Dalian 116023, China; qfu@dicp.ac.cn (Q. F.)
- <sup>3</sup> State Key Laboratory of Molecular Reaction Dynamics, Dalian Institute of Chemical Physics, the Chinese Academy of Sciences, Dalian 116023, China; zhanggh@dicp.ac.cn (G. Z.)

\* Correspondence: ycui2015@sinano.ac.cn; qfu@dicp.ac.cn

More initial XPEEM results of vertical stacked h-BN/graphene heterostructures growth on Ni substrates



**Figure S1** Initial XPEEM images at C 1s and N 1s core levels with binding energies of 285.1, 399.0, and 398.6 eV (hv = 500 eV) at the surface segregation temperature of 650 °C. The distribution of

related elements with the certain chemical state displays bright contrast.



**Figure S2** Initial XPEEM images at C 1s core levels with binding energies of 285.1 and 284.5 eV, and N 1s core levels with binding energies of 398.6 and 397.9 eV at the surface segregation temperature of 600 °C. The distribution of related elements with the certain chemical state displays bright contrast.